The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOV. 13, 1868.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation in Columbia and adjoining counties of any paper published here, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

Reconstructed Florida.

No State affords a more instructive example of reconstruction than "the land of flowers." In 1868 President Lincoln attempted its restoration under his one-tenth plan, any sent his private Secretary, Col. Hays, with a military expedition, in order to aid in establishing civil government. The defeat of the military under General Seymour foiled this plan.

It was subsequently determined to try the Congressional or "carpet-bag" plan. The mass of the white citizens were accordingly disfranchised, and the ballot given to the negro element which largely predominated. There were 16,-082 negroes registered, although the census of 1860, shows that at that time there were only 15,014 male negroes in the State over the age of 21 years. The Convention was carried by a large majority in favor of the carpet-baggers, under the manipulation of the Freedmen's Bureau. For instance, in Leon county, there are registered 2,700 negro voters, and during the week of election $3,000 rations were issued in that county alone.

The Constitution was concocted by a caucus of a minority of the Legislature in a back room, between the hours of 12 and 2 a. m., Feb. 10, 1868, and forced upon the people at the point of the bayonet. Reed, a postal agent, and a carpet-bagger from Wisconsin, was elected Governor, and to make things comfortable his term of office was fixed for six years. Hamilton a carpet-bagger from Clinton county, (which he left while under criminal charges) was chosen Member of Congress. The Convention divided into two factions, each claiming to be legal, but Meade and Congress recognized the minority. The Legislature elected two carpet-baggers as Senators, and Lieut. Gov. Gleason is also a carpet-bagger, an ex-lumberman from Wisconsin, and a man of very small calibre. On the 3rd of November the Legislature met to cast the electoral vote of the State for Grant, *when no quorum was present.* Not only did a body elected before candidates were nominated or platforms adopted, assume to take from the people the right of choice as to the next President, but a minority of the Legislature attempted to exercise this right. Gov. Reed resists this usurpation and forthwith the impeachment engine is brought out, and passed the Legislature, or that portion of it in session.

The following proclamation has been issued by the Lieutenant-Governor:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, TALLA

Whereas, The Assembly of Florida, as a body organized in extraordinary session, held by virtue of a proclamation issued by the Governor of Florida on the 3d day of November, A. D., 1868, have impeached Harrison Reed, Governor of Florida, for high crimes and misdemeanors in office, and,

Whereas, Under the provisions of the Constitution of the State of Florida, the said Harrison Reed, Governor of Florida, is debarred from exercising the functions of the Executive office of the State, and the administration thereof devolves upon the Lieutenant-Governor;

Now, therefore, I, William H. Gleason, Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Florida, do issue my proclamation, taking possession of the Executive Department of the Government in all its parts and I hereby call upon all citizens of the State to support the Government, obey the laws of the State, and preserve peace and quiet.

In testimony whereof I have here unto set my hand and caused the great seal of the State to be affixed, this sixth day of November, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

(Signed) WM. H. GLEASON,
Lieu't.-Governor and Acting Governor.

Attest: Geo. Alden, Sec'y. of State.

Gov. Reed has also issued a proclamation which is as follows:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
TALLAHASSEE, FLA. NOV. 7, 1868.

To the Sheriff of Leon County, State of Florida:

SIR: I am, under under the Constitution and laws of the State, the rightful Governor thereof, and sha'l continue to exercise the power and authority, and discharge the duties belonging to the office of the Executive Department, until the Judicial tribunals of the State shall determine otherwise. To the determination of the Judiciary I will, like every other good citizen, yield peaceful and immediate obedience.

(Signed) HARRISON REED, Gov.

The following are the articles of Impeachment:

First—He has been guilty of falsehood and lying while transacting business with the members of the Legislature and other officers of the State.

Second—I charge him with incompetency, inasmuch as he has filled commissions to officers in blank, and other irresponsible persons having issued them.

Third—He has issued a proclamation declaring many seats of the Legislature vacant before the members were duly elected and returned, had resigned or their legal term of service had expired.

Fourth—He has been guilty of embezzlement, having taken away from the State Treasury securities and money, and sold such securities, and then failed to return a portion or all of the proceeds of the sale of the Treasury.

Fifth—He has been guilty of corruption and bribery, he having bartered and sold prominent offices in the State to sundry persons for money, to him in hand paid, and the nomination of such persons to the Senate for confirmation.

For and in consideration of these and many other crimes and misdemeanors which have come to my knowledge, I ask at the hands of the Assembly the impeachment, for high crimes and misdemeanors, of Harrison Reed, Governor of Florida.

HORATIO C. JENKS.

It is expected that these proceedings will culminate in a riot, as the negroes sustain the Legislature, and the whites endorse Gov. Reed. It should be understood that the Democrats have no part in this row; it is a war among the skunks, and it is immaterial to us which wins. We give the case as a sample of Reconstruction, which the Republican platform says "*is an assured success!*" But just think of it; the Senators from this bogus State have as much to say in the U. S. Senate on all questions of Finance, Tariff, Commerce, and all other subjects as the Senators from New York or Pennsylvania. In other words the 662,000 white voters of Pennsylvania, or the 800,000 white voters of New York have no more voice in the Senate, than the two carpet baggers from Florida, representing 16000 ignorant negroes, and chosen by a minority Legislature. Such a state of affairs cannot, should not, long exist.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

In the year which is now drawing to its end, the art, the skill and the labor of the people of the United States have been employed with greater diligence and vigor, and on broader fields, than ever before, and the fruits of the earth have been gathered into the granary and the storehouse in marvelous abundance. Our highways have been lengthened, and new and prolific regions have been occupied. We are permitted to hope that long and protracted political and sectional dissensions are, at no distant day, to give place to a returning harmony and fraternal affection through out the Republic. Many foreign states have entered into liberal agreements with us, while nations which are far off and which, therefore, have been unsocial and exclusive, have become our friends. The annual period of rest which we have reached in health and tranquility, and which is crowned with so many blessings, is, by universal consent, a convenient and suitable one for cultivating personal piety and practicing public devotion. I therefore recommend that Thursday, the twenty-sixth day of November next, be set apart and observed by all the people of the United States as a day for public praise, thanksgiving and prayer to the Almighty Creator and Divine Ruler of the universe, by whose ever watchful, merciful and gracious providence alone states and nations, no less than families and individuals, men do live and move and have their being. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this, twelfth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty eight, and of the United States the ninety-third.

ANDREW JOHNSON

By the President.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

The Future.

It is gratifying to see the earnest determination of the Democracy to continue the great fight until victory crowns their efforts. The Democratic party, though apparently defeated in the general issues, is stronger to-day than it has been for many years. The immense gains they made at the last election clearly show what they can do in the future. They have now Democratic Governors in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, California, Delawhare, Maryland, and Kentucky, and they have legally elected enough Congressmen to deprive the Radicals of their two-third majority in the House of Representatives. In every part of the country they are perfecting their organization, and a cheerful hope for their party's future an[illegible] every where they are standundismayed, with their [illegible] flag proudly floating over them, and [illegible] yielding to the foe one iota of their [illegible]nless principles. That's right—stand firm—keep up the organization—work on—fight on—"the hour that is darkest, is the hour before day!"—*Age.*

BETTING ON ELECTIONS.—There is nothing more stupid and not many things more demoralizing, than betting on an election. Those who are shrewd enough to engage in such work for the purpose of making money of course do not allow their own feelings and desires to control their judgment; but when an enthusiastic individual hears another express an opinion unfavorable to the success of his party, and offers to "buck his own views" with money, he furnishes to his opponent a strong inducement to strive for, and the pecuniary means to aid in accomplishing what he does not want. The idea that one who will not bet shows a lack of confidence in the strength of his party can only be entertained by ignorant minds, for those who have a high appreciation of the value of citizenship will use more intelligent arguments to sustain their views. It is when men have hot brains enough to give potent reasons why their party should triumph that they feel disposed to "bluff off" their opponents with bets.

THERE is a class of poor men who are employed generally to labor for farmers, merchants and other business men, who always vote with fear that they will displease those who employ them or that they will be discharged and lose their situations. It is only their cowardice that brings them into this sort of trouble. If they were independent enough to act the man freely and fearlessly, there would be but few bosses who would talk of discharging hands because they do not vote to please them. It is a great mistake in laboring men of any class to suppose that they are dependent upon their bosses for a living. If they will look at the matter aright they will find that these bosses are really much more dependent upon them for their labor than they are upon the bosses for their money.

THE salary of the President is $25,000 a year. It was fixed at this sum in early days of the Government. At that time, it represented five times as much if not ten times as much, as it represents now. It is altogether too small to support the president in proper style, and to enable him to meet his necessary expenditures as Chief Executive of the nation. It ought to be, at the lowest, $100,000. We have no doubt that the next Congress will take some action in this matter. President Grant should not be compelled to live in a cheap boarding house style.—*New York Times.*

ELECTION RETURNS.—We give as near as possible the official vote for President in this State by counties. Seymour's majority in New York is 10,073, and Hoffmans's 29,983. The returns from other States are so incomplete, that we will not attempt to give results at present, the Democrats have gained about 35 members of Congress which will make a change of 70, and destroy the iniquitous two thirds rule which the Radicals have heretofore enjoyed.

THIS is the beginning of "cheap times" of which the Radicals orators foretold. While the prices of coal and the necessaries of life are going up, a leading Republican paper, Grant's organ in New York in fact comes out asking that Grant should be voted $100,000 a year; *four times as much as any other President ever received. Pay your taxes workingmen!*

THE VOTE OF 1868—OFFICIAL.

COUNTIES.	Boyle, Democrat.	Hartranft, Rep.	Seymour, Dem.	Grant, Rep.
Adams	3174	2892	3170	2917
Allegheny	14923	23880	14671	25487
Armstrong	3459	3987	3112	4082
Beaver	2675	3540	.....	1025
Bedford	3019	3625	3898	3687
Berks	13921	7413	13973	7917
Blair	3183	3841	3066	3986
Bradford	3863	7612	3538	7768
Bucks	7838	6081	7613	7085
Butler	3292	3721	3256	3063
Cambria	3587	2849	3558	2935
Cameron	141	537	394	508
Carbon	2772	2129	2748	2188
Centre	3765	3388	3646	3429
Chester	6658	8850	6490	9178
Clarion	2956	1908	2928	1998
Clearfield	3037	1895	3086	1974
Clinton	2765	1992	2582	2056
Columbia	4058	2075	4022	2143
Crawford	5390	7026	.....	1867
Cumberl'd	4433	3801	4594	4171
Dauphin	4538	6190	4397	6507
Delaware	2764	4016	2616	4166
Elk	1054	508	1119	568
Erie	4581	7702	4555	8007
Fayette	4773	3745	4608	3792
Forest	.....	4	294	355
Franklin	4278	4321	4171	4451
Fulton	1113	782	1107	812
Greene	3374	1722	3301	1809
Hunting'dn	2498	3473	2179	3417
Indiana	2301	4842	2223	4809
Jefferson	2094	2076	2008	2147
Juniata	1868	1467	1753	1473
Lancaster	8570	15313	8513	15792
Lawrence	1716	3691	1647	3789
Lebanon	2858	4267	2858	4345
Lehigh	6305	4733	6321	5004
Luzerne	13420	9092	14303	10723
Lycoming	5081	4680	4839	4713
M'Kean	809	985	.....	200
Mercer	4177	4703	4078	4979
Mifflin	1828	1858	1807	1846
Monroe	2789	735	2102	.....
Montgom'y	8905	7948	8803	8083
Montour	1683	1194	1697	1289
Northmp'n	4770	4452	4759	4788
Northum'd	4146	3694	4240	3825
Perry	2526	2570	2416	2664
Philadelp'a	60808	60633	55173	60985
Pike	1269	338	1313	370
Potter	811	1661	693	1763
Schuylkill	9538	8192	9428	8707
Snyder	1343	1865	1318	1925
Somerset	1809	3195	1778	3261
Sullivan	846	461	851	473
Susquehana	3377	4682	.....	1600
Tioga	2051	5410	1951	5549
Union	1340	2054	1277	2081
Venango	3761	4431	3774	4759
Warren	1882	2996	1757	3020
Washingt'n	4948	4946	4867	5051
Wayne	3397	2898	3539	2909
Westmor'd	6569	5335	6360	5285
Wyoming	1765	1549	200	.....
York	9006	6053	9094	6449
Totals	321391	331066		
		321391		
Majorities		9675		28842

Columbia County Returns.

	Boyle.	Hartranft.	Seymour.	Grant.
Beaver	199	21	194	21
Benton	190	53	186	58
Berwick Bor.	72	124	68	131
Bloom	333	318	329	317
Briar Creek	172	65	167	70
Catawissa	146	213	138	219
Centralia Bor	138	93	138	96
Centre	193	97	194	100
Conyngham	247	57	249	59
Fishingcreek	266	62	269	61
Franklin	52	44	49	63
Greenwood	180	164	181	165
Hemlock	175	61	168	63
Jackson	114	5	113	7
Locust	268	126	260	141
Madison	209	47	208	55
Main	123	11	122	10
Mifflin	194	43	195	43
Montour	78	57	79	58
Mt. Pleasant	116	62	110	63
Orange	149	66	149	68
Pine	105	36	112	39
Roaring Creek	58	40	55	40
Scott	148	174	146	178
Sugar Loaf	133	19	143	18
Total,	4058	2075	4022	2143
Majorities,	1983		1879	

TEACHERS AND INSTITUTES.—In many counties the custom of allowing teachers the time to attend the annual County Institute has become so common, that little is ever said concerning the matter. Whereever it is a mooted question, however, the best plan is to settle it by contract at the beginning of the term. The following among other reasons, it is thought, should induce directors to grant the five days named in the law to teachers in their employ:

1. The law concerning Institutes provides as follows: "That all Board of Directors may allow the Teachers in their employ the privilege of attending such Institutes without making any deduction from their salaries." If this provision of law is not considered imperative as to the duty of directors, it should be considered as having the moral force. No one can read the law without seeing that the Legislature wishes that teachers should have accorded to them the privilege named in the act.

2. No teacher can attend a well conducted Institute without being benefited, and in turn benefiting his pupels. The amount of this benefit is in a large majority of cases more than equivalent for the loss of time. If teachers were better paid, the argument would not be so strong, but the expense they are necessarily at in attending the Institute is a sufficient burden upon them without compelling them to lose the time they are absent from school.

3. A Teacher's Institue is not intended to benefit teachers alone; it is intended to confer its benefits upon the whole community. Citizens of all professions take part in its proceedings, and derive profit from its deliberations. It seems proper, therefore, that teachers ought not to be expected to bear all the losses attending the meetings of such bodies. —*School Journal.*

TEMPERANCE JOURNAL.—We have neglected to notice the attempt to start a Temperance paper in Scranton to be called the "Valley Templar." The editors will be Messrs Yarrington & Weidman; whom we know to be men of education and ability. We trust their enterprise will meet with success. The terms are one dollar per year, payable in advance.

TO SPORTSMEN.—Gunners should remember that a law was passed last winter by the Legislature inflicting a fine of $5 for shooting or killing insecteverous birds at any season of the year. This law should be enforced. Immense damage has been caused in Columbia county this season by the ravages of caterpillars and worms, which can only be prevented hereafter by encouraging birds to build and breed in our fields and woods.

News Items.

COUNT COLONNA WALEWSKI, a natural son of Napoleon Bonsparte and a celebrated Polish Beauty, who afterwards became the wife of General D'Ornano, a Marshal of France, died at Strasburg a few days since, at the age of 58. He was one of the present Emperor's, most intimate friends and most zealous supporters.

THE Right Reverend Charles Thos. Longley, D. D., Archbishop Canterbury Primate of all England, died in London Oct. 28, at the age of 74 years. The revenue of his grace is of the annual value of about $75,000, and the patronage consists of 177 livings.

A Roman Catholic Cathedral, the first since the days of Queen Mary, is about to be erected near Buckingham Palace, England.

AT Erie it took a justice of the peace, two lawyers, six jurors and about twenty witnesses the whole afternoon to try a case in which a little girl, about nine years old, had slapped the face of a playmate.

THE popular vote in the State of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, at the recent elections, as compared with that of 1864, shows a Democratic gain of over seventy thousand. This is pretty well for a "dead" party.

THE greatest depth of water in the Mississippi River, in front of Plaquemine, Lousiana, is one hundred feet. The measurements were made at a distance of three hundred feet from shore, at different points.

A LODGER in a Portland (Me.) hotel, a few evenings since, came down stairs and told the clerk the gaslight would not burn, and he thought it wanted a new wick.

THE English papers report the murder of a poor man, sixty years old, for the sake of twelve dollars and a half, which he had in his possession.

DAN CORBETT bet he could jump from the bridge over the Susquehanna, at Towanda, Pa., forty feet to the water below. He made the leap, but struck the water on his stomach, sank, and was seen no more.

MEDICINE Wolf, a Cheyenne chief, who was killed a few weeks ago, in Western Kansas, had forty scalps, which he wore for a necklace. All wore those of white people—some taken from gray-headed men and women, and some from very small children. A piece of the chiefs own scalp is to be made into a vest chain, for one of the party who killed him.

Two men entered a saloon in Kansas City recently, and after drinking a glass of beer each, tendered a $50 bill in payment. The woman tending the bar put the bill in her pocket, drew a revolver and drove the men out of doors.

THE shortest letter in history is supposed to have been Summer's to Secretary Stanton, telling him to "stick." The Boston *Advertiser* says that in Maine a person once sent to another a sheet of paper, on which was "?," and nothing else. By return of mail he received another sheet having on "0." The correspondence meant: "What's the news?"—Answer, "Nothing."

ONE of Kentucky's wonders is a cornstalk 20 feet high, and bearing an ear of corn 15 feet from the ground.

A YOUNG gambler at Hamburg staked 250,000 francs and his blonde hair turned gray while the deal was made. But he won.

AN old lady announced in court at Atlanta that she "had no counsel," that "God was her lawyer." "My dear madame," replied the judge, "he does not practice in this court."

IT is calculated that there are now about 62,000 Chinamen settled in California, nearly all being natives of the province of Canton.

GEO. FRANCIS TRAIN says he is restrained from writing his life because he is "naturally sensitive, constitutionally diffident, with a shrinking from the public gaze since his earliest infancy." Which is good!

A CONSUMPTIVE printer in Prairie du Chien, Wis., did his last type setting in a notice of his own death.

SAMUEL A. TOWNSEND, of Kent, Connecticut, raised on his farm the last season a mammoth pumpkin, which measured in circumference seven feet, and weighed one hundred and thirty-two and a half pounds. From the time it budded till it ripened and was picked, by actual calculation, it must have grown two and a half pounds per day, or one ounce and three qharters per hour. It is estimated that it would require ten cans of milk to make it into pies.

In an eight-cornered, catty-cornered room, a cat sits in each corner; seven cats are before each cat, and a cat sits on every cat's tail. How many cats are there in the room?

THE Indiana farmers are selling their corn in the field at 50 cents a bushel, to be fed to hogs, which sell for 8 cents a pound.

THE people of Weedsport, N. Y., have invented a new church entertainment—a "mush and milk sociable."

A MAN on Cape Cod having advertised his wife as having left his bed and board, she retorts that she went away for a couple of weeks to earn her board and that the bed belonged to her mother.

THE Bangor Democrat says, out of the whole number of men furnished by the State of Maine for the war, 1,171 bore the name of Smith, 777 rejoiced in the name of Brown, and 365 were Joneses.

BRIGHAM YOUNG has thirty-five marriageable daughters. An enterprising young Mormon will marry the lot some day.

IN the suits lately brought in Baltimore against Gen. Butler, in which he plead the privilege of a member of Congress to secure him from the service of a summons; Judge Dobbin declared the protection to be personal, purely, exempting from arrest, but not from service in a civil suit. So Butler must answer.

REV. JOHN MCVICKAR, D. D., a clergyman of the Episcopal church, died at Bloomingdale, N. Y., October 30th, in his 82nd year. He was a man of fine ability and considerable literary attainments.

REGISTERED LETTERS.—Postmaster General Randall has issued an order that from and after the first day of January next, the registration fee on all letters registered in, and addressed to any part of the United States, shall be *fifteen cents*, (instead of twenty-five cents as at present,) the same to be in all cases fully prepaid in postage stamps affixed to the letter and cancelled. The present rates will continue until new year's day.

FROM official records in the State Department we find the number of treaties and conventions conducted by the different administrations of the Government is 205—namely, prior to Washington's administration, 12; during Washington's administration, 4; John Adam's administration, 3; Jefferson's 6; Madison's 6; Monroe's 7; J. Q. Adams's, 12; Jackson's, 16; Van Buren's, 9; Harrison's, 1; Tyler's, 9; Polk's, 14; Taylor's, 5; Fillmore's, 9; Pierce's, 10; Buchanan's, 18; Lincoln's, 26; Johnson's, 23.

WE are pleased to learn that Mr. J. D. Werkheiser, has opened a large and select assortment of Ladie's, Gents, and Children's gaiters, boots and shoes, in Espy, opposite the steam mill. See card in Directory.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE WORLD,

SPLENDID OFFERS FOR 1869.

This popular monthly Magazine gives more for the money than any in the world. For 1869 it will be greatly improved. It will contain one thousand pages, fourteen splendid steel plates, twelve mammoth fashion plates, twelve colored Berlin patterns, nine hundred wood cuts, twenty-four pages of music.

All this will be given for only $2 00 a year, or a dollar less than magazines of the class of "Peterson." Its thrilling tales and novelest are the best published anywhere. All the most popular writers are employed to write originally for Peterson. In 1869 a million to its usual quantity of short stories, four original copyright novelets will be given, viz: Mary Antoinnette's Talisman," by Mrs. Ann S. Stephens; "The mystery of Black Swamp Grange, by the author of "Sir Noel's Heir;" "Katie's Winter in Washington," by Frank Lee Benedict; and "The Story of Maggie," by the author of "Jane Eyre's Diary."

Mammoth colored fashion plates ahead of all others. These plates are engraved on steel, twice the usual size, and contain six figures. They will be superbly colored. Also a pattern, from which a dress, mantilla, or child's dress can be cut out, without the aid of a mantua-maker. Also several pages of household and other receipts in short everything interesting to ladies.

SUPERB PREMIUM ENGRAVING.

To every person getting up a club for 1869 will be sent gratis, a copy of our new and splendid Mezzotint for framing, (size 24 in. by 30) "The Star of Bethlehem," after the celebrated painter Dore. This is the most desirable premium ever offered For large clubs, as will be seen below, an extra copy will be sent in addition.

TERMS—Always in Advance

One copy, for one year	$ 2 00
Three copies for one year	5 00
Four " "	6 00
Five " " (and one to the getter up of a club)	8 00
Eight copies, for one year, (and one to the getter up of a club	12 00
Fourteen copies, for one year, (and one to the getter up of a club	20 00

Address, post paid, Charles J. Peterson, No. 306 Chestnut st., Phila., Pa.

☞ Specimens sent to those wishing to get up clubs.

J. J. BROWER,

Is now offering to the public his Stock of

SPRING GOODS

consisting in part of a full line of

INGRAIN, WOOL AND RAG CARPETS,

Fine cloths and cassimere for Ladies' coats,

HANDSOME DRESS GOODS,

of all patterns and qualities, Inlaids and Prints of various qualities and prices,

BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS,

LADIE'S FRENCH CORSETS, AND BALMORAL SKIRTS.

Good assortment of

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S GAITERS & BOOTS.

Fresh Groceries and Spices. New assortment

GLASS AND QUEENS-WARE,

FX—NO. 1 MACKEREL

in one-half and one-fourth barrels.

Now is the time to make your selections, as I am offering goods at very low prices, and our motto is fair dealing to all, and not to be undersold by any.

J. J. BROWER.

Bloomsburg, April 12, 1867.

M. ARTMAN. C. H. DILLINGER. E. E. HATMAN.

ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,

NO. 226 NORTH THIRD STREET,

(*Nearly opposite James, Kent, Santee & Co.*)

Wholesale Dealers in

YARNS, BATTING, WADDING, CARPETS OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, FLY NETS,

GRAIN BAGS, CORDAGE, &C. ALSO, WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE,

BRUSHES, TRUNKS, LOOKING GLASSES, ETC.

May 10, 1867-1y.

ROWE, [illegible] & CO.,

[illegible] Wholesale Dealers in

COTTON YARNS, CARPET CHAINS,

BATTS, WICKS, TIE YARNS, CORDAGE,

BROOMS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

LOOKING [illegible] CLOCKS, FANCY BASKETS

[illegible] OR, AND CARRIAGE OIL CLOTHS, &c.,

No. 599 Market Street, south side.

Philadelphia.

JOHN C. YEAGER & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, AND LADIES' FURS,

No. 297 North Third Street,

Philadelphia.

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,

TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAR MANUFACTORY,

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Second Door below Wood,

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CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,

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M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

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continue the business of making

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every style of

FANCY WAGONS,

which they have constantly on hand to suit customers. Never using any material but the best and employing the most experienced workmen they hope to continue as heretofore to give entire satisfaction to every customer. An inspection of their work, and of the reasonable price asked for he same, is sure to insure a sale.

FOR SALE

A large and well assorted lot of

PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARRATUS

consisting in part of the following articles: one large instrument for taking photographs, two head rests, one background and side cloth, one pair small scales, one instrument to weigh liquids, one small stand, one large piece oil cloth, one lot of square dishes, two gum dishes, one lot likeness cases and frames, three show frames, 80 card mounts, 8 printing boards, glass funnels, bottles, &c., being a complete list of all articles required to start business.

Price $150. For full particulars apply at Joseph H. Snuman's Hotel, Ringtown, Schuylkill co. Pa.

Sept. 11, '68. JONAS BITTENBENDER.

NOTICE TO TRESSPASSERS.

The undersigned would hereby warn sportsmen, thieves, and all other persons against trespassing, hunting, or stealing fruit on his grounds, as he is determined to punish offenders to the full extent of the law. JOHN S. SHUMAN

Sept. 18 1868. Maine Twp. Pa.

GET THE BEST.

Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod is the best protection against disaster by lightning ever invented. The subscriber is agent for the above invention, and all orders by mail or in person will be promptly attended to.

May 15'68 E. B. BIDLEMAN.

Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$2 25
Rye "	1 35
Corn "	1 25
Oats, "	70
Flour per barrel	14 00
Cloverseed	7 00
Flaxseed	2 00
Butter	30
Eggs	25
Tallow	15
Potatoes	1 00
Dried Apples	2 50
Pork	10
Hams	25
Sides and Shoulders	20
Lard per pound	20
Hay per ton	10 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$16 00
Pine " " (one inch)	18 00
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	5 00
" " "	7 00
Siding " " ft.	18 00

Iron—

No. 1 Scotch pig	$43
No. 2 "	$39
Bloom	$59

Philadelphia Markets.

THURSDAY, NOV. 5, 1868.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$6 25@ 6 50
Northwestern extra	7 00@ 8 00
Northwestern family	8 50@ 9 00
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	7 00@7 50
Pennsylvania and Western extra	7 75@ 8 75
Pennsylvania and Western family	9 00@11 00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	11 50@13 00
Rye flour	@5 50
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, $ bus	$1 80@1 90
Southern " "	2 00@2 20
California " "	@3 10
White "	$1 75@1 77
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, $ bus	$1 00@1 05
CORN—Yellow, "	$1 21@1 23
White, "	$1 17@1 17
OATS— "	72@73c
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, $ bbl	@29 50
Mess Beef, "	@21 00
Dressed Hogs, $ lb	@10c
Smoked Hams "	15@16c
" Shoulders $ lb	@c
Lard, $ lb	17@17½
SEEDS—Cloverseed $ bus	$7 00@7 25
Timothyseed $ bus	$2 75
Flaxseed "	$2 75
CATTLE—Beef Cattle $ lb	9@9 50
Cows, $ head	$45@60
SHEEP—$ lb	5@6c
HOGS—$ 100 lbs	$14@15 50

Marriages.

TOWNSEND—PRICE—On the 29th of October, at the residence of Frank Stewart in Berwick, by the Rev. James Dixon, Mr. J. H. Townsend of Bloomsburg, and Miss M. A. Price of Berwick.

HAGENBUCH—WHITE.—On Tuesday evening Nov. 10th at the residence of the brides father in Light Street, by the Rev. A. R. Sherts, Mr. Joseph W. Hagenbuch of Briarcreek to Miss Emma White of Light Street, Columbia co.

HARRISON—BOGART—At Town Hill on the 9th inst. by Rev. L. Wallworth, Mr. Truman T. Harrison to Miss Anna Bogart, all of Huntington, Luz. Co. Pa.

FRY—SHULTZ—On the 29th ult., by Rev. H. W. Ruch, at the residence of Mr. Joan Houghton, Hughesville, Henry J. Fry, of Northumberland county, Pa. to Miss Annie I. Shultz, of Columbia county, Pa.

Deaths.

WOODWARD—On Thursday, the 5th inst. at the residence of her brother, James Lyons, near Plymouth, Luzerne Co., Mrs. Sarah J. Woodward, wife of M. C. Woodward, aged 45 years, 8 months and 22 days.

Mrs. Woodward was well known to our community, and her death excited a great deal of sympathy. For a long time she suffered from a complication of diseases, which she bore with Christian fortitude. She was followed to the cemetery on Sunday last by a large concourse of friends.

NEYHART—In Hemlock township, October, 31, 1868, Lilly Bell, child of Hiram and Hattie E. Neyhart.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. William Elwell, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and orphans Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. Ivan Derr and Peter K. Herbein, Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 24th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-eight, and to me directed for holding a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and Orphan's Court, and Court of Common Pleas in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 7th day of December next to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the county of Columbia, be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeable to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 5th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and in the ninety-second year of the Independence of the United States of America. MORDECAI MILLARD, Sheriff.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 7, 1868.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the seventh day of Dec. 1868, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

1. First and final account of Reuben Knittle administrator of Daniel Knittle, late of Franklin twp., dec'd.

2. Account of Lewis Yetter admr. of Frederick Schlee late of Franklin twp, dec'd.

3. Account of Lewis Yetter admr. of Andrew Lehrman late of Franklin twp, dec'd.

4. Account of Geo. M. Hartman, admr. of Mrs Mary Hartman late of Benton twp., dec'd.

5. Account of David Lowenberg, ex'r. of Jacob Diehl late of Bloom twp. dec'd.

6. Account of John Kelchner, guardian of Alfred Steiner, minor child of Peter Stiner late of Orange twp. dec'd.

7. Account of John Kelchner guardian of Susanna Steiner, minor child of Peter Steiner late of Orange twp. dec'd.

8. Account of Levi Aikman guardian of William M. Rohr, minor child of Franklin McBride late of Hemlock twp. dec'd.

9. First and final account of John Smith administrator of Oliver P. Runyan, late of Mainton twp. dec'd.

10. First and final account of Johnson H. Heler executor of George McMichael of Greenwood twp. dec'd.

11. Account of Ira Sanders administrator of George W. Sanders, late of Pine twp. dec'd.

12. Account of H. F. Hartman, guardian of Anna E. Diehl, late of Bloom twp. dec'd.

13. Account of John S. Mether executor of Samuel Mather of Greenwood twp. dec'd.

14. First and final account of John Ashleman, admr. of Wilson W. Roberts, of Jackson twp. deceased.

15. First account of John F. Fowler, Adm'r of Robert J. Jackson late of Pine twp deceased.

16. Account of Leonard Adams admr. of Daniel Gearhart, late of Locust twp., dec'd.

17. First and final account of Nathan Miller, Adm'r. of Daniel Miller, late of Main twp., dec'd.

JOHN G. FREEZE, Register.

Bloomsburg Nov. 6, 1868.

GRAND JURORS,

FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1868.

Briarcreek—Wm. Lamon, Levi Shaffer, Emmor Dietterich.

Benton—Samuel Rhone, John C. Wenner.

Bloom—John B. Fursell, John Sterner, Stephen Knorr, Casper Hummel.

Beaver—Tillman Rittenhouse.

Greenwood—Benjamin Eves.

Hemlock—Sylvester Pursel, John Hartman, Isaac Leidy.

Locust—Silas H. Johnson.

M