Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 31, 1868.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

VOL. 2.....NO. 31.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY. STOVES AND TINWARE.

ACOB METZ, dealer in stoves & linware, Mair

CLOTHING, &C.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C. OUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock make

R CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market below Math, vi-ne BOOTS AND SHOES.

PROFESSIONAL.

J R. EVANS, M. D. surgeon and physician sout. DR. S. P. CHALFANT, Dentist, Main St. MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS. MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ramsey MISS M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy Mgoods Mainst, opposite Court House. vi-ne

THE MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street just below American house HOTELS AND SALOONS. EXCHANGE HOTEL, by Keens & Clark, Main A MERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main end of vi-nE CONS & CLARK, refreshment saloon, Ex-change hotel, vi-ni3 MERCHANTS AND GROCERS. E JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc Main vi-nu

H. HUNSBERGER, (agent.) groceries, tobac-co, and confectionary, Main st., opposite opiscopal Church.

W. SNYDER, hardware, cuttery, guns, etc.

CRAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions trown, south side, two doors above Brotst's ronmaker shop.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. SAMPLE & CO. Machinists, East Blooms-burg near railroad. Castings made at short tice—machinery made and repaired. v2-m25

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, v2-nis.

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

MRS. E. KLINE: millinery and fancy goods. JOHN A. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in J. J. LEISER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician v2-m

E Proprietor. Carried MILLS, C. S. Fowler, viznii

JERSEYTOWN DIRECTORY.

NDREW MADISON, dealer in dry goods, gro-ceries, grain, lumber etc., Jerseytown. vi-nie APT. SAMUEL RIMBY, Madison Hotel, 1) yers and Strangers entertained. v2

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL, BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

post location.

Omnibuses run at all times between the ithings Hotel and the various railroad depots,
which travellers will be pleasantly conveying
and from the respective stations in due time
most the car.

Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

FORK'S HOTEL, GEORGE W. MAUGER, Proprietor The above well-known hotel has recently under gone rad cal changes in its internal arrangements and its pre-prieter announces to his former custom and the travelling public that his accomedation and the travelling public that his accomodations for the commort of his guasistars second to mose in the country. His table will always be found supplied, not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacies of the season. His wines and liquors (except that popular beverage known as McHenry'), purchassed direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure and free from all poisonness drugs. He is thankful for a liberal patronage in the past, and will continue to deserve it in the future.

GEORGE W. MAUGER.

EXCHANGE SALOON, THE Proprietor of the Exchange Saloon has now a hand a large stock of

SUMMER REPRESHMENTS, consisting of spicked systems, bardines, there, bolognas irrp tongue, holled eggs, sweltzen chefsig LAGER BEER, ALE, &C. COME ONE, COME ALL AND SEE. "69

LAWSON CALMAN. Superintendent. Bloomsburg, May 3, 1867. THE ESPY HOTEL,

ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

HE WILL KEEP A GOOD TABLE, a Bar well stocked with the best of Liquors, and every effort will be made to render entire satis-faction. Espy, Pa., April 12, 1867.

BRICK HOTEL, EDWARD EVERETT, PROPRIETOR. Having taken possession of this well-known house, so long kept by samuel Eversti, the Proprietor has put in it permanent repair and furnished BAR AND IALICEE with the choicest liquors and newest delicacies. His stable is not excelled in the county; and no pains will be spared to accommodate guests

THE COLUMBIAN.



A Democratic Newspaper IS PUBLISHED EVERY PRIDAY MORNING AT

an School of politics. Those principles will never e compromised, yet courtesy and kindness shall ndividuals, or with contemporaries of the Press The unity, happiness, and prosperity of the counure that, we shall labor honestly and earnestly

f paid in advance. If not paid in advance two others and fifty cents will be invariably charged TERMS OF A DVERTISING !- One square (ten lines

... 15,00 18,00 20,00 10,00 60,00 ditor's Notice \$2,50. Other advertisements inser ted according to special contract.

Transfert advertisements payable in advance

Fr It is, in all cases, more likely to be satisfi tory, both to subscribers and to the Publishers, office of publication. All letters, whether relating to the editorial or business concerns of the paper, or jobbling, are to be made to and addressed BROCKWAY & FREEZE,

BLOOMSBURG, PA. Printed at Robison's Buildings, near the Court

C. M. VANDERSLICE.

BUSINESS CARDS

PRINTING

M. M. L'VELLE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

M. TRAUGH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Berwick, Columbia County, Penn'a.

WILLIAM H. ABBOTT, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW CATAWISSA, PA.

W. MILLER. ATTORNEY AT LAW the with E. H. Little, in brick building adding Post Office.

49-Bounties, Back-Pay and stons collected.

TOHN G. FREEZE. Office in Register and Recorder's office, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW e corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE, A TTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office on Main street, in brick building below the
Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,

** OFFICE—Court House Alley, below the Ombian Office, |Jan F67, OUIS BERNHARD

AUCTIONEER.

MOSES COFFMAN

DR. W. H. BRADLEY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office at the bouse opposite sorve's block,
Bloomsburg, 7a.

Bloomsburg Jan. 18, 1867.

J. B. PURSEL, HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK

MANUFACTURER, CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS Nov. 15, 1867.

C. COLLINS, PASSIONABLE: SHAVING, HAIR COTTING

SHAMPOOING SALCON, Over Widmayer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Salos, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hair Dyeing and Whiskers colored black brown. Hair Tonle to destroy thandruff and bea iffying the hair; will restore hair to its origin color without soiling the finest fabric, constant on hand.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to
the ladies and goutlemen of Bioomeding and vicinity. He is preserved to attend to sail the virous operations in the line of his profession, anto-provided with the latest improved Poiceman.

Therm which will be inserted on gold plating
silver and rubber base to leak as well as the natmain teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new anmost approved methods, and all operations of
the leaf carefully and properly attended to.

Residence and office a lew doors above th
court fluids, same side.

Bloomsburg, Jan.ii. sett

DOWDER KEGS AND LUMBER. W. M. MONROE & CO. Rupert, Pa.,

give notice that they are prepared to accom-

G ALES COPPER STRIP FEED For land or horse-power, acknowledged the instead, each cased, and in every way best in use, for sale by J. R. Dic ATLA & Co. Dealers in Arricultural implements, etc., Send for illustrated

Choice Poetry.

NORA O'NEAL.

Oh! I'm lonely to-night love, without you, And I sigh for one glasse of your eye; For sure there's a charm, love, about you. Whenever I knew you are nigh.
Like the beam of the star when 'tis smilling, Is the glance which your eye can't conceat, And your voice is so sweet and beguiting. That I love you, sweet Nora O'Neal.
Oh! don't think that ever I'll doubt you, My love I will never conceat;
Oh! I'm lonely to-night, love, without you, My darling sweet Nora O'Neal.

Oh! the nightingale sings in the wildwood, As if every note that he knew,
As if every note that he knew,
Was learned from yoursweet voice in chi
To remind me, sweet Nora, of you.
But I think, love, so often about you,
And you don't know how happy I feet;
But I'm learner to the control of but I'm lonely to-night, love, without you,

Oh! don't think that ever I'll doubt you, My love I will never con On! why should I weep tears of sorrow : Or why to let hope lose your place? Won't I meet you, my darling to-morrow

My darling sweet Nora O'Neal,

Will you meet me? Oh, say will you meet With a kiss at the foot of the lane? th! don't think that ever I'll doubt you My love I will never con Oh, I'm lonely to-night, love, without you, My darling sweet Nora O'Neal.

Miscellaneous.

RAILROAD FLIRTATION. "KATONAH!" shouted the brakes.

man, opening the car door as the train paused before a pleasant little station on the Harlem Railroad I do not know as I should have par

ticularly noticed that we stopped at all, for I had been napping it for some miles: but just as I was easting an enquiring, sleepy look out of the window, and settling myself for another siesta, my attention was attracted by the entrance

served the car door open, I mentally resolved not to budge an inch; but a glance at the new comer changed my mind.

She was a young lady of exceeding beauty, dressed in the rich and tasty style of the present fashion. Whether the was her continuously as you have ceased to respect me. The convention which sat in New York was an august assemblage. It was the true council of our party. It embraced our best and purest and wisest men. The roll of the States was called, and not one was without a representative. The roll of the districts was called, and not one was without a representative. The roll of the districts was called, and not one of them was missing. The docit was her gentle aspect, or the soft melancholy of her dark impressive eyes, I cannot say, but when she ventured almost timidly, to enquire if the half seat at my side "was engaged," I gallantly arose and proffered it to her at once. I must acknowledge I felt somewhat flattered by he r preference, for though a young man and tolerably good-looking, I had the sense to perceive there were far better men around, who like use ever be friends, give me your name and address?" she respondent into one of them was missing. The doctrine of State suicide was not acknowledged. Every State was feel frightened to think how far I have invited to be present and every State permitted myself to venture with a stranger. Forgive and forget me."

"A flirt, a coquette!"

"No, no," she returned hurriedly, pressing my hand, "I am not a flirt, but I dare not,—as much as I think of vania and New Jersey, and that Hamp-

and went through his customary routine | ried and fearful glances behind. of examining the tickets. I perceived hers was marked for New York, and after some hesitation, I said:

"You go to the city ?" "Yes," she replied with a smile of

"I shall keep you company then," l observed pleasantly. "Thank you, sir."

in her tone, which repelled further horse power, but my wonder and surfamiliarity, so, as I am a very modfurther. On rushed the steam horse upon its iron pathway. One more station had been passed and I was fast relapsing eyes inquisitively scanning the face of into my former apathy, when my lady friend, to my surprise, leaned towards

me and whispered. "I am so very timid on the cars." "Indeed," said I quite charmed with her abruptness. "You surely are well

accustomed to travelling ?" "Perfectly," she replied with some and grey travelling cloak," nonchalance, "but that is not it exactly. gentleman interrogatively. There are so many dreadful accidents on the railroad."

"Dreadful indeed!" echoed 1. "And," added my companion with naivete, "It is so unpleasant to travel unattended. I usually have my brother Charlie with me; he is a splendid es-

"If you will allow me," said I, gallantly, "I will gladly occupy that po-

the young lady was reposing in me. "That you leave me the instant the cars reach New York,"

I was so bewitehed by the beauty and charming onsousiance of my quindam friend, that I readily gave the required pledge; apparently quite relieved the young lady threw aside all reserve, and talked and chatted with me in the most pleasant manner possible. It is need-less to say that in an hour"s time I had

present opportunity."
"Are you aware?" she observed, half mischievously, "that there is another

tunnel beyond, a great deal darker too than the one we have left ?" "I know it," said I, with a tender glance at my fair enslaver. "We are

Once more 1 placed my arm around the waist of the young lady, and wrapped in the gloom of the tunnel, took granted are reserved. It has been the drawing near to it very fast." attention was attracted by the entrance of a young lady, a way passenger, who perceiving the car well filled, paused before me in evident embarrassment.

I scarcely wish the reader to inferfrom this that there were no vacant seats; on the contrary, the chair I occupied, was selfishly monopolized by my shawl and valise which had excluded many an applicant, and so the moment I observed the car door open, I mentally reserved the car to budge an inch; but a

Already I was beginning to share the uncomfortable feelings of my compan-

ion, as visions of angry papa flourishing a cane over my head rose vividly before my mind's eye, when suddenly Miss Darwinning candor; "that, I presume, you have already found out." reluttered an exclamation, rose from her seat, and unceremoniously darted from the car.

I wonder at the case and dexterity with which she descended though the There was a slight dignity, I thought car was propelled quite rapidly by prise was destined to be considerably est man, I drew back and said nothing increased, when a few minutes afterwards a thick set, stern looking gentle-

each lady passenger.
"Helio!" said he rather gruffly, pausing before me, "has a young lady been occupying this seat?"

his breeches pocket with much empha-"Given you the slip," I repeated; a

sudden and awful light breaking upon Yes, the jade is as sharp as a needle." "Pray sir," said I, with a slight sen-

Speech of George H. Pendleton.

The Democrats of West Virginia held their State Convention at Grafton on the 16th. Hon, G. H. Pendleton was

and delivered the following MR. CHADRMAN AND GENTLEMENT The Chairman of your State Executive Committee, when he invited me to at-tend your meeting to day told me that I had no truer friends in the Union than I pleasant manner possible. It is needless to say that in an hour"s time I had
so far advanced in her good graces, as to
venture to press her hand, and the
sweet, half-coquettish smile that played
around the cerners of her cherry lips,
did not seem to disapprove of the liberty I had taken.

"Do you know," said she as we sat
chatting confidently together, "that I
liked your face the first moment I saw
it,"

"It was sympathetic on both sides
then." I whispered, drawing so near to
her that I could feel her hot breath fan
my cheek.

"Yes," she murmured, gently withdrawing herself from my glowing embrace, for we had passed through the
tunnel and I had taken, a lover? ad-

brace, for we had passed through the tunnel, and I had taken a lover's advantage and snatched a hasty kiss.

"You are a naughty man, the naughti-"You are a naughty man, the naughtiest man I ever see," she said, in a low and tremulous tone. "If pa should be on the train what would he say?"

"Never fear, sweet creature," I rejoined earnestly, "your cross old father is miles away, and let us improve the present opportunity."

"Are you were "," leading to have said to have a subject to the principles of the Demoratic party; I have studied its history from the foundation of the government. It would be impossible for me to make myself heard in this immense andience unless you keep quiet, and I shall ask that while I am speaking you will al-

low me to proceed without interrup-tion. I thank you, gentlemen, for the very cordial reception you have just given me. In the States I have found it to be the party of liberty and pro-gress. In the Federal Government I

the defusion that in whatever storm or faction or passion or revolutionary fer-vor, liberty at least was safe. They had awakened from the dream, and as they sent representatives—to the Convention

er over the State governments of the South, and had in fact destroyed them. Adverting to the military government Mr. Pendleton continued: It is reprodu cing in our country the lessons of all history. The despotism of the legisla-tive assembly is the worst despotism in the world. It is the most selfish, most galiantly, "I will galuly occupy that position."

I am much obliged to you sir," replied the young lady, with a great of gaine from her dark orbs, "yet I am half-frightened to think I am neceptible deceived in the stronger, not that I for you are the father of that young lady."

"A jealous father." I repeated, some what puzzled and surprised. "The date of the father of the proper of the stronger, and the property of the common sentence of the property of the common sentence of the father of the property of the common sentence of the father of the property of the common sentence of the father of the property of the common sentence of the father of the property of the common sentence of the father of the fath

ted States of the South. Gentlemen ted States of the South. Gentlemen, do you see no danger here? When years ago, we predicted this result and warn-ed against the first step in revolution-ary progress the Republicans laughed at our fears and called us copperheads and traitors. Applause. When Na-poleon was cauted on young mknown

and fraitors. Applause. When Napoleon was catted on, young, unknown to his countrymen, never having had command even of a regiment, to quell the revolt of the sections, he did it effectually. In four years he was first Consul and master of the French people. How grand the theory which the Democratic party opposes to this whole system of the Republicans. I read from the declaration of principles:

First. Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union and under the Constitution and of civil government to the American people.

Second. Amnesty for all past political offenses and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

citizens.

The Republican party is the party of usurpation. It is also the party of corruption. Read the report of the Commissioner of Revenue. Count the Commissioner of Revenue. Count the number of clerks who are seeking in vain to discover the amount of peculation in the Treasury Department. Go to the War Department and see the mutilated archives, and ask why they were destroyed. Visit the penitentiaries and count the public plunderers who are confined there. [Hear, hear.] He reviewed the expenditures of the Federal government from July 1, 1865 to July 1, 1865, showing that the Democratic administrations had been much more economical. Moreover, he would ask why was it that the amount realizations in this, and perhaps every other American state, an owner of cattle is liable to an action for their browsing on this neighbor's uninclosed woodland. But it follows not that because such browsing is excusable as a trespass, it is matter of right. It is an immunity, not a privilege; or at most, a license revocable at the will of the tenant, who may turn his neighbor's cattle away from his grounds at pleasure. Their entry is in strictness, a trespass, which for its insignificance, is not noticed by ask why was it that the amount realized from taxes for 1869 would be less than the amount realized in 1866, considering that the rate of taxation was substantially the same. It is time that this Republican Congress had diminished in part or in whole the tax on the manufactures in New England or on whisky, but they would not materially change the aggregate. Payment was more difficult than previously. Labor found no occupation, energy and enterprise were paralyzed, and all because a Republican administration curtailed the currency, disturbing all values, checkisk why was it that the amount realiz- for its insignificance, is not noticed by currency, disturbing all values, checking all enterprises, throwing out of employment all labor. In the meantime
the work of contraction is steadily pushed. Look at every monthly report of

the work of contraction is steadily pushed. Look at every monthly report of the Secretary of the Treasury. You will find that every month the debt that bears interest in gold is increased You will find that every dollar that bears no interest at all, or that bears interest in carrency, is converted as rapidly as possible into the bonds which pay interest in gold; and why is this? Is there too much currency in the country? Is there too much currency in the country? Is there a plethora of money? Is speculation rife? No man will dare not so, a proprietor could not sink a well or a saw pit, dig a ditte or a mill-affirm it, and yet this work of contractions. affirm it, and yet this work of contrac-tion still goes on and value is coined for the bondholder out of the sweat and tears, the blood and bones and muscles of the laboring man; and when we ask the reason we are answered by the de-claration of the Republican Convention of Chicago, that the bonds must be paid in gold, according to the spirit and let-ter of the contract. I deny that it is acancholy of her dark impressive eyes, I cannot say, but when she ventured almost timidly, to enquire if the half-seat at my side "was engaged," I gallantly arose and proffered it to her at once. I must acknowledge I felt somewhat flattered by he r preference, for though a young man and tolerably good-looking. I had the sense to perceive there were far better men around, who like me, might have shared their chair with the handsome lady stranger. I fancied they envied me too, as the fair girl sat plump down, and her dainty form nestled close to my side.

"I fear I have disturbed you," said of the sense to perceive the soft and address?" sheresponds and address?" sheresponds cd, "you must never know; I already and address?" sheresponds at my side "was engaged," I gallantly at my side "was engaged," I say that neither the spirit nor the letter of the law under the spirit on the light acceptance of the Revolution, at the obsolution of the Union was the disknowledged. Every State was say the contract was enclose "I fear I have disturbed you," said my companion, in a low sweet voice, that thrilled me with its soft cadence.
"Not at all, Miss," I rejoined with stereotyped politeness, "I am too happy stereotyped politeness, "I am too happy to be offended with her. At last she rejuctantly consented to give her name and handing me a prettily embosed card, I read "KATE DARREL, No.— University Place."

The train had reached Thirty-second such sudden acquaintanceship. In the meanth and the condition of the fields and woods, now decked in the lively tints of Spring. The conductor came in and went through his customary routine of examining the fielders. At least she rejuctantly described in the lively tints of Spring. The conductor came in and went through his customary routine of examining the fielders. I necessary of the world were upon its proceedings. Greater than the holyaltimace which subjugated people of the country, durities, Greater than the holyaltimace which subjugated people and divided empires, its mission was to enfranchise apeople of our race, to restore to restore of carry out the degrma of the lively into the people and divided empires, its mission was to enfranchise apeople of our race, to restore in carry out the degrma of the lively of carry out the degrma of the lively into the people and divided empires, its mission was to enfranchise apeople of our race, to restore in carry out the degrma of the lively of carry out the degrma of the lively into the people and divided empires, its mission was to enfranchise apeople of our race, to restore in carry out the degrma of the lively be adventised and the proceedings. Greater than the holyaltimace which subjugated people of our race, to restore the Union of our States and to main tain the institution of civil liberty. For the first time in their history the American people realized that free government was in danger and that the fate of the country of the fields and the lives of the country of the fields and the lives of the train had the people of the country, duri

It declares there shall be one currency for the government and the people, for the laborer and the office-holder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder. [Cheers.] And how is it practicable to pay the debt—three hundred and thirty millions—if bonds are held in the Treasury Departiment of the mational bank circulation. Redeem them the very moment you have the option to do so with legal tender notes, and let them supply the place of the bank paper. This measure alone, with very little inflation of the currency, and without sent representatives to the Convention they charged them, as the dictator of old was charged, to see to it that no detriment happened to the Republic. By a manimons vote they adopted a declaration of principles, fidelity to the Constitution, fidelity to the rights of the States, fidelity to the rights of the citizen, fidelity to the principles of civil liberty, fidelity to the principles of civil liberty, fidelity to that policy in matters of finance and taxation, which, by paying the public debt in legal tender notes, will lift from the shoulders of labor the burthens which oppress it, and by lightening the measure of taxation will seeme to it the just rewards of a cheerful and contented industry, it cheers. The speaker then referred in many calogistic terms to the nominees of the bennecratic Convention, and said if anything more were needed to fire the heart with enthusiasm let it be drawn from the contrasts the country to-day presented. occupying this seat?"

"Yes sir," I replied somewhat disconcerted, and quite abashed.

"Light lockey, maroon colored silk and grey travelling cloak," pursued the gentleman interrogatively.

"I believe that was her costume," I replied somewhat sulkily.

"By Gad! she's given me the slip again!" cried the gentleman slapping his breeches pocket with much emphalive-iwenties as they mature, and then to diminish still further the amount of interest, consequently the faxes. If then the currency were found redundant gradual contraction could be effec-ted, and as it would come when the debt had been paid, when the necessity or large sums of money on the part of the government had ceased, when taxes were low, it could be accomplished without the oppression and disaster which now attend it. I have been rep-resented as inimical to the bondholder.

der act, but since it was accomplished—since the debt was contracted in legal tender—since it may be lawfully and honestly paid in legal tender—I am in favor of continuing it until we can secure the people, who have already suffered all the evils, whatever good may be expected from the system. But, gentlemen, I detain you too lonh. I have sought to bring in sharp contrast the two parties and their respective principles. Choose between them. | Cheers,

Cattle on Uninclosed Land.

In regard to the trespassing of cattle on uninclosed land, and injuries received by them while wandering thereon. the supreme court of Pennsylvania have decided that there is no liability on the part of the owner either of th cattle or the land; and that when the latter due a pit into which cattle fell.

race, or open a stone quarry or a coalpit, on his own land, except at the risk of being made liable for consequential damage from it, which would be a most unreasonable restriction of its enjoyment. He might as well be required to level a precipice, put a fence round a swamp, or cut down reclining trees. It is enough, in all reason, that his neighbor's cattle have the rauge of his forest, without imposing on him the duty of looking to their safety. If the owner of them do not choose to enjoy his license on that footing, let him keep them at home or send a herdsman along with them. The law imposes no such

New York Tribune on Gen. Grant.

duty on the tenant. (6 Barr, 472.)

Ir our principles do not sustain us,

tins of Union victories, and exharting the people to "rally round the flag," And those pushing Gen, Grant for with Scott in '52, if they are allowed to have their own way. They utterly mis-

take the time of day. Some of the generals now on police duty in the South are endeavoring to make it appear that military rule there is drawing to a close. If so, how comes it that the Pay-master-General has just submitted the following estimate of the amounts required for the execution of

Virginia) to June 30, 1869, \$100,000.

In the Second Military District (States of North Carelina and South Carolina) to June 30, 1869, \$24,000. In the Third Military District (States

of Georgia, Alabama, and Florida) to June 30, 1869, \$150,000.