Farmer's Department.

Why it is that Potatoes Yield Less than Formerly.

A CORRESPONDENT wishes to be told why the yield of potatoes is less than formerly. The reason is not difficult of discovery. It exists as a law of nature, embracing animals as well as vegetable organisms. These all have excretory as well as secretory functions. All throw off effete matter, and this effete matter is hateful to the secretory vessels on which vegetables depend for their development. If many crops in succession, of the same vegetable, are grown, the effete matter increases in proportion to the nutritive, and finally overcomes all efforts at successful cultivation. The food decreases and the poison increases, with every crop. If manure, general or special, is added to the soil, it increases the food, but does not necessarily diminish the poisonous effete matter. One hundred years ago potatoes were but little cultivated, and most grounds were left fresh for their production. Then and long afterwards, 400 bushels was not an extraordinary yield. Now the increased taste for its use, and the great augmentation of our people, in number and ability to purchase, have made it necessary that great breadths of land should be used for its growth. In consequence of this, much of the land has become weakened to a degree that invites destructive enemies to feed on its substance—to take advantage of its weakened organization. Hence the rot, so called and other ailments. Mother earth is a good mother, but like her sex generally she has a taste for variety in outer adornments. She will change her dress, even the most durable of her fabrics—her forests. These are ever varying in composition, and finally thrown off altogether for grasses. These, again, have their round of varieties, and in a long course of years give place to other plants. Mother earth will have her way and those of us, her children, who best understand her requirements, will partake most largely of her bounties.

About the Door.

A NIT of shrubbery in the yard, a vine climbing by a trellis, a strip of refreshing green spread from the door, are sure to make a place of greater marketable value, which, with many, is a consideration to be thought of before any other. Such need no further appeal to their sense of neatness, then. But those who really love the suggestions of beauty for their own sake, will not omit the turf patch, the shrubbery and the hedge and vine, because they make almost any home more attractive and lovely, and cause the sentiments to sprout, like the very leaves and buds themselves. How few stop to consider what a powerful association lies lurking in every simple but familiar object that holds us almost as steady and strongly to home as wife and children; they are closely associated with these in fact, and can with difficulty be separated. Therefore, we say to all, brush up about the door, and plant near by, an object of simple beauty. It will bear fruit in the heart a hundred fold.—*Mass. Plowman.*

Apple-tree Suckers.

MANY otherwise good apple orchards are allowed to become defaced, as well as seriously injured, by allowing a profusion of suckers to grow at the base of the trunks. Attempts are sometimes made to get rid of them by cutting them down to the surface of the ground and leaving considerable portions below in the form of short stumps. These sprout again, and they soon become as bad as ever. A better way is to wait until they are in leaf at which time they are loosened more readily, and taking each separately in the hands, and placing a thick boot upon it near the tree, they are quickly separated. If done at this time of the year, they will not be likely to sprout again.

To make a Stack Settle True.

THERE are two thing to do this; keeping the center up; and pitching on from all sides. This last makes the stack settle evenly. Pitching on two sides will balance it; but it is not so good, as it does not make it evenly solid all round, but leaves some parts lower, where the water is apt to settle. By keeping the stack high in the centre, as it is built up and sloping outward, the rain will be unable to penetrate, as, like a roof, it will ward it off. Keep high in the middle from bottom to top, and pitch on all sides to make equally solid.

Line Fence.

THE man who has bought the farm adjoining yours has no right to demand that the division of the fence should be changed from what it was when the previous owner held it, if that division was equitable; and the last owner is bound to keep the same half in repair, that his predecessors did. No matter how much he neglected to keep such fence in good repair, the last owner steps into his shoes, and cannot get rid of the liability to make such fence, as the law directs between different owners.

Canning Sweet Corn.

THE "Oneida Community" preserves sweet corn by cutting the corn raw into the cans, then fill with cold water even with the top of the corn; solder up the can, pricking a small hole in the cover; solder that up also. Boil the cans and contents in boiling water two and a half hours, then with a hot iron open the small hole and let the gas blow out; after which solder up and boil again two and a half hours and set away for use.

Slobbering in Horses.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Boston *Cultivator* says that this is a disease in horses. Saltpetre—a tablespoonful for a dose—he has found to cure the worst case he ever had, and has not found it necessary to give another dose. He gives a tablespoonful in the morning, and in three days, if not free from it, he gives another dose.

THERE is profound wisdom in the saying of an English farmer, that he fed his land before it was hungry, rested it before it was weary, and weeded it before it was foul. Seldom has so much agricultural knowledge been condensed in a single sentence.

To surround an orchard with hedges of evergreens, is to make a climate equal to one, two hundred miles South. When the country was new, peaches grew in Massachusetts.

THE late wet weather is said to have been destructive to the potato crop.

For the Young Folks.

Spitz and the Sparrow.

A SHEPHERD had a poor dog called Spitz, that had been a faithful servant. But Spitz grew old, and his master began to take no more care of him, but often let him suffer from hunger. At last he could bear it no longer, so he took to his heels and ran off. On the road he met a sparrow, that said to him, "Why are you so sad, my friend?" "Because," said Spitz, "I am very hungry, and have nothing to eat." "If that be all," said the sparrow, "come with me to the next town." So on they went together into the town, and as they passed a butcher's shop the sparrow said to the dog, "Stand there a little while, frend Spitz, till I peck you down a piece of meat." So the sparrow perched upon the shelf, and having first looked cunningly round and round about her, to see if any one was there watching her, she pecked and scratched at a beef-steak that was lying upon the edge of the shelf, till at last down it fell. Then Master Spitz snapped it up and scrambled away with it into a corner, where he soon ate it all up. "Well," said the sparrow, "you shall have some more if you will; so come on to the next shop, and I will get you a mutton-chop."

When the dog had eaten this, too, the sparrow said to him, "Well, my good friend, have you had enough now?" "I have had plenty of meat," said he, "but I should like to have a piece of bread to eat after it." "Come with me, then," said the sparrow, "and you shall soon have that too." So she took him to a baker's shop, and pecked at two rolls that lay in the window till they fell down.

When those were eaten, the sparrow asked Spitz whether he had enough now. "Yes," said he; "and now let us take a walk a little way out of the town." So they both went out upon the high road; but as the weather was warm, they had not gone far before the dog said, "I am very much tired,—I should like to take a nap." "Very well," said the sparrow, "do so, and in the meantime I will perch upon that bush." So Spitz lay down in the road, and fell fast asleep.

Whilst he slept, there came by a carter with a cart drawn by three horses, and loaded with two casks of wine. The sparrow, seeing that the carter did not turn out of the way, but would go on in the track in which Spitz lay, so as to daive over him,—called out, "Stop! stop! Mr. Carter, or it shall be the worse for you." But the carter grumbled to himself, "You make it the worse for me, indeed! what can you do?" and cracked his whip, and drove his cart over the poor dog, so that the wheels crushed him to death. "There," cried the sparrow, "thou cruel villain, thou hast killed my friend Spitz! Now mind what I say. This deed of thine shall cost thee all thou art worth." "Do your worst and welcome," said the brute.

But the sparrow crept under the tilt of the cart and pecked at the bung of one of the casks till she loosened it; and then all the wine ran out without the carter seeing it. At last he looked round, and saw that the cart was dripping, and the cask quite empty. "What an unlucky wretch I am!" cried he. "Not wretch enough yet!" said the sparrow, as she alighted upon the head of one of the horses, and pecked at him till he reared up and kicked. When the carter saw this he drew out his hatchet, and aimed a blow at the sparrow, meaning to kill her; but she flew away and the blow fell upon the poor horse's head with such force that he fell down dead. "Unlucky wretch that I am!" cried he. "Not wretch enough yet!" said the sparrow. And as the carter went on with the two horses, she again crept under the tilt of the cart and pecked out the bung of the second cask, so that all the wine ran out.

When the carter saw this, he again cried out, "Miserable wretch that I am!" But the sparrow answered, "Not wretch enough yet!" and perched on the head of the second horse and pecked at him too. The carter ran up and struck at her again with his hatchet; but away she flew, and the blow fell upon the second horse, and killed him on the spot. "Unlucky wretch that I am!" said he. "Not wretch enough yet!" said the sparrow; and perching upon the third horse, she began to peck him too. The carter was mad with fury; and without looking about him, or caring what he was about, struck again at the sparrow, but killed his third horse. "Alas! miserable wretch that I am!" cried he. "Not wretch enough yet!" answered the sparrow, as she flew away; "now will I plague and punish thee at thy own house." The carter was forced to leave his cart behind him, and to go home overflowing with rage and sorrow.

"Alas," said he to his wife, "what ill luck has befallen me! My wine is all spilt, and my horses are all three dead." "Alas, husband!" replied she, "and a wicked bird has come into the house and has brought with her all the birds in the world, I am sure; and they have fallen upon our corn in the loft, and are eating it up at such a rate!" Away ran the husband up stairs, and saw thousands of birds sitting upon the floor eating up his corn, with the sparrow in the midst. "Unlucky wretch that I am!" cried the carter; for he saw that his corn was almost all gone. "Not wretch enough yet!" said the sparrow: "thy cruelty shall cost thee thy life yet!" And away she flew.

The carter seeing that he had thus lost all that he had, went down into the kitchen, and was still not sorry for what he had done, but sat himself angrily and sulkily in the chimney-corner. But the sparrow sat on the outside of the window, and cried, "Carter! thy cruelty shall cost thee thy life! With that he jumped up in a rage, seized his hatchet and threw it at the sparrow; but it missed her, and only broke the window. The sparrow now hopped in, perched upon the window-seat, and cried, "Carter! it will cost thee thy life!" Then he became mad and blind with rage, and struck the window-seat with such force that he cleft it in two: and as the sparrow flew from place to place, the carter and his wife were so furious that they broke all their goods, glasses, chairs benches, the table, and at last the walls, without touching the bird at all. In the end, however, they caught her; and the wife said, "Shall I kill her at once?" "No," cried he, "that is letting her off too easily; she shall die a much more cruel death. I will eat her." But the sparrow began to flutter, about, and stretched out her neck and cried, "Carter! it will cost thee thy life yet!" With that he could wait no longer; so he gave his wife the hatchet, and cried, "Wife, strike at her and kill her in my hand!" And the wife struck; but she missed her aim and hit her husband on the head, so that he fell down dead, when the sparrow flew quietly home to her nest.

DRY GOODS, &c.

GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING
GRAND OPENING

OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of
consisting of
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DRY GOODS,
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DRY GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,
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HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,
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BOOTS AND SHOES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,
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LOOKING-GLASSES,
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PAINTS AND OILS,
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QUEENSWARE,
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HARDWARE,
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GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,
GRAIN AND SEEDS,

&c., &c. &c.,

AT

McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,

Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
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Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
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IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,

In large quantities and at reduced rates, always on hand.

BENJAMIN GREEN,
Dealer in
CARPETINGS, WINDOW SHADES,
OIL CLOTHS, MATS, &c.,
No. 33 North Second Street,
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DRUGS & MEDICINES.

L. N. MOYER'S

OLD ESTABLISHED DRUG STORE.

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!

THE most complete and carefully selected stock to be found in the county, consisting in part of

Drugs, Chemicals,
Paints, Oils,
Glass, Varnishes,
Putty, Brushes,
Dye Stuffs, Mixed Paints,
SYRUPS, ESSENCES, EXTRACTS, SPICES,
ESSENTIAL OILS,
Perfumery, Hair Dyes,
Fancy Soaps, Brushes,
Combs, Cosmetics,
Stationery, Pocket Books,
PEN KNIVES, PIPES, CIGARS, TOBACCO,
LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, SHADES, BURNERS,
Sponges, Chamois Skins,
Catheters, Speculums
Syringes, Breast Pumps,
Trusses of approved make,

A large assortment of choice Liquors for Medicinal purposes, together with the various
WELL KNOWN STOMACH BITTERS.

These with many other articles too numerous to specify form a stock which defies competition both as regards price and the quality of the goods.
PHYSICIANS PRESCRIPTIONS COMPOUNDED WITH THE UTMOST CARE AND DESPATCH.

Country dealers are invited to inspect the stock before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find it greatly to their advantage. Fresh goods are constantly being received from the city, and *can be obtained either by wholesale or retail.*

Remember the place—EXCHANGE BLOCK—above Exchange Hotel, Main street, Bloomsburg.

August 9, 1867.

J. R. MOYER,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DRUGGIST,
CORNER OF MAIN AND MARKET STREETS,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

where will be found a large and select stock of Drugs,

MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS.

Also all the
PATENT MEDICINES OF THE DAY,

I am also prepared to furnish Country Stores with Castor Oil, Godfrey's Cordial,
TURLINGSTON'S BALSAM,
and all other medicines kept in their line at City prices.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

In medicines, quality is of the first importance.

Bloomsburg, June 7, 1867

E. EVERETT & DR. J. B. CASE'S
NEW DRUG STORE,
IN ORANGEVILLE,
JUST OPENED
WITH A SPLENDID AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF GOODS APPERTAINING TO THE DRUG BUSINESS.
PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ETC.,
ALWAYS ON HAND.

In short any article that can be named in the Drug line can be had at their store. Dr. J. B. Case is a Practioner, and also understands Pharmacy; E. Everett is a Medical Student, has attended one term at the Jefferson Medical College, and understands the compounding of Drugs.

They respectfully invite the patronage of their friends, and the public generally, assuring them "SAFE," and whatever will be purchased of them will be fresh and pure. [apr26'67

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!
THE FIRST PREMIUM
Of a Silver Medal
WAS AWARDED TO
BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE
By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair holden in Nashua, Sept. 28, 1866.
BARRETT'S
Vegetable Hair Restorative
Restores Gray Hair to its natural color. Promotes the growth of the Hair. Changes the roots to their original organic action. Eradicates Dandruff and Humors. Prevents Hair falling out. Is a Superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North and South.
J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,
MANCHESTER, N. H.
☞ Sold by L. N. MOYER, Bloomsburg, Pa. and Druggists generally. [apr26'67-6m

THE GREAT
ZINGARI BITTERS

The component parts of this remarkable preparation were first discovered, compounded and distributed, some twenty years ago, by Dr. CURONUS, the celebrated Egyptian Physician. Thousands of his suffering countrymen were restored to health, as well as great numbers of the inhabitants of Nubia and Abyssinia, and of the countries bordering upon the Southern coast of the Mediterranean Sea. Indeed, the fame of the ZINGARI BITTERS soon spread over Europe, and was adopted by the principal Physicians in charge of the hospitals of the old world, in which it is still used with preminent success. The Viceroy of Egypt placed the name of DR. CURONUS upon the "Roll of Nobles," and presented to him a Medal bearing the following inscription:—"DR. CURONUS, the Public Benefactor." This Bitters is now offered to the public of America with the full assurance that it will be found, upon a fair trial, to act as a specific for the cure of

Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Cholera Morbus, Fever and Ague, Yellow Fever, Rheumatism, Typhoid Fever, Dyspepsia, Colic, Bronchitis, Consumption, Flatulency, Diseases of the Kidneys, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints.

Remarkable cures of the above diseases have been effected by its use, as numerous certificates, many from regular physicians, fully attest, and it is destined to supersede any preparation extant. As an agreeable Tonic, and an
INVIGORATING BEVERAGE,
IT HAS
NO EQUAL.

THUS THE ZINGARI BITTERS HAS SOUL AS WELL AS BODY, AND AS A PREVENTIVE OF DISEASE, HAS NO SUPERIOR.

A FEW WORDS TO LADIES.—The use of the ZINGARI BITTERS will give to you that soft, semi-transparent complexion which the God of nature designing woman to be the loveliest of his works! fully intended that you should have—for it is nature's own powder and paint combined. By purifying the blood, stimulating the pigmentary cells of the dermis, and imparting health and life throughout the entire system, it especially gives that smooth clearness and beauty to the complexion so much to be desired—removing all roughness, blotches, freckles, pimples, and that yellow, sickly look so common in our day; and what is even better than this, it cures every species of female irregularities and disease

Principal Depot, Harrisburg, Pa.

RAHTER & HAUSE,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

☞ For sale by L. N. MOYER, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Bloomsburg, Pa. [(13)'67-6m.

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STATIONERS,
STEAM POWER PRINTERS
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They make a speciality of furnishing National Banks, County Officers, Insurance Companies, Banking Houses, etc., with
EVERY ARTICLE OF BLANK BOOKS AND PRINTING,
having machinery specially adapted for all work they may require. [(6)'67-1y.

JOHN C. YEAGER & CO.,
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HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, AND
LADIES' FURS,
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Late Walter & Kaub,
Importer and Dealer in
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between Race and Vine
Philadelphia.

DRY GOODS.

HURRAH FOR CATAWISSA
THIS WAY FOR BARGAINS.

Goods to compare with stringency of the market. Look and compare prices before chasing elsewhere. Just call at the favorite business stand of

McNINCH & SHUMAN,

and you will be met by the obliging proprietors their clerks, and shown through their great store free of charge, of course. They will give a fair chance to spend your loose change trust much more profitably than it can be elsewhere. Their

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

this Spring is much larger in all its varieties usual. Their

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

are of the nicest styles in market. They have fine assortment of

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

SUMMER CLOTHS, CASSINETS,

CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS

and numerous articles common to such establishments, besides a general assortment of

HARDWARE, TINWARE, QUEENSWARE
AND GROCERIES,

all at greatly reduced prices. They wish to conduct their business on the system of

"PAY AS YOU GO,

and they think they can afford to sell very low. They return their thanks for many past favors and ask the future patronage of their former customers and the public generally.

McNINCH & SHUMAN.

ARMBRUSTER & BROTHER,
Importers and Jobbers of
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
BUTTONS, SUSPENDERS,
HOOP SKIRTS, HANDKERCHIEFS,
THREADS, SEWING SILKS,
TRIMMINGS, FORTE MONNAIES,
SOAPS, PERFUMERY, FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS GENERALLY,
Also Manufacturers of
BRUSHES AND LOOKING GLASSES
and Dealers in
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE
BROOMS, ROPES, TWINES,
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STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
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Manufacturer of and Wholesale Dealer in
CLOTHING, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
No. 43 North Third Street,
Philadelphia.

GROCERIES

REMOVAL. O
C. C. HARB
NEW ST
TO SHIVES
ON THE CORNER OF MARKET
The undersigned having
a full and complete stock
SPRING AN
DRY GOODS AN
NOTI
TIN-WARE AND
CEDAR AND
CONFECTIONERY,
TOBA
HATS A
FLOUR, SALT FIS
all of which I propose
for cash or produce.
☞ Call and see.
April 12, 1867.

BERNARD S
Would respectfully
patrons, that he
FRUIT & CONFE
where they may
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FRUIT, CONFE
as well as
FIS
which may be obt
stock is always fr
No pains will
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solicited before
as it is believed
given.
M
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SCHELL, BRO
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Dealers in
FISH, SALT, OIL, PROVISIONS, &c.,
Nos. 122 and 124 Pratt Street, Wharves, above Arch St.
Baltimore, Md.
Sole agents for Phillips's Wheel Grease, in barrels, kegs, and cans.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, FOGS, CARB SODA, &c., &c.
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.
May 10, 1867.

ESTABLISHED 1793.
GORDON & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
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SALTPETRE AND BRIMSTONE,
No. 230 North Third Street,
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H. V. PETERMAN,
with LIPPINCOTT & TROTTER,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 21 North Water Street,
and No. 20 North Delaware Avenue,
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JOHN STROUP & CO.,
Successors to Stroup & Brother,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH,
No. 24 North Wharves, and 25 North Water St.,
Philadelphia.

G. V. BIDDON & CO.,
Manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,
Warehouse No. 136 North Third Street,
Philadelphia.

Cushings
This establishment
wanna and Bloomsburg Railroad
PETT

STOVES AND TINWARE.
A. M. RUPERT
announces to his friends and customers that continues the above business at his old place on
MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG.
Customers can be accommodated with
FANCY STOVES
of all kinds, Stovepipes, Tinware, and every variety of article found in a Stove and Tinware Establishment in the cities, and on the most reasonable terms. Repairing done at the shortest notice.
25 DOZEN MILK-PANS
on hand for sale.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ON MAIN STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE MILLER' STORE,
BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.
THE undersigned has just fitted up and opened his new
STOVE AND TIN SHOP,
in this place, where he is prepared to make up new TIN WARE of all kinds in his line, and do repairing with neatness and dispatch, upon the most reasonable terms. He also keeps on hand STOVES OF VARIOUS PATTERNS & STYLES, which he will sell upon terms to suit purchasers.
Give him a call. He is a good mechanic, and deserving of the public patronage.
JACOB METZ.
Bloomsburg, April 26, 1867.

ROWE, EUSTON & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
COTTON YARNS, CARPET CHAINS,
BATTS, WICKS, TIE YARNS, CORDAGE,
BROOMS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
LOOKING GLASSES, CLOCKS, FANCY BASKETS,
TABLE, FLOOR, AND CARRIAGE
OIL CLOTHS, &c.,
No. 530 Market Street, south side,
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G MACHINES.
& BAKER'S

MACHINES,
Highest Premiums at the State
Fairs of
tucky, Vermont,
Jersey Missouri,
bama, Ohio,
iana, Virginia,
rth Carolina, Wisconsin,
va, Oregon.
E FAIRS OF THE
e, Franklin Institute, Maryland, Mass. Mechanics' Association, Mechanics' Institute, 80, gricultural and Mechanics' Association,
Institutes and County Fairs, Fairs at which they were exhibited years. First Prizes have also e Machines at the exhibitions of
ARIS, DUBLIN, LINZ,
ne, St. Didier, Chalons, and they lished, by special command, to the nce, Empress of Austria, Empress press of Brazil, Queen of Spain, and ria.
R GROVER & BAKER
ELASTIC-STITCH
NG MACHINES
all others for the following rea-
with two threads direct from the quiring no rewinding.
more easily understood and used, le to derangement than other ma-
capable of executing perfectly, with- of adjustment, a much greater variety other machines.
ch made by these machines is much lastic, and durable, especially upon ch require to be washed and ironed, ver stitch.
ich, owing to the manner in which the d is fin ished, is much the most l beautiful in use, and retains this and beauty even upon articles washed and ironed until they are worn
ucture of the seam is such that, though broken at intervals of only a few will neither open, run, nor ravel, but n and durable.
other machines, these fasten both e seam by their own operation.
these machines, while silk is used upon r face side of the seam, cotton may be the other side without lessening the r durability of the seam. This can be o other machine, and is a great saving rticles stitched or made up with silk.
machines, in addition to their superior nstruments for sewing, by a change of , easily learned and practised, execute eautiful and permanent embroidery ental work.
on to their family machines they have
PROVED DOUBLE LOCK
STITCH MACHINES,
stitch alike on both sides. This Combines both the Lock and Double stitch Machines; that persons having a preference can use they like best, and if not suited can r the other, thus giving the public the of this arrangement. They also make invented
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1.15 P. M. LEAVE NORTHUMBERLAND daily except Sundays, stopping at all stations, arriving at Williamsport 4.15 p. m., Elmira 7.00 p. m.

TRAINS SOUTHWARD.

6.03 A. M. LEAVE NORTHUMBERLAND daily, stopping at principal stations, arriving at Harrisburg 9.30 a. m., Baltimore 12.00 p. m., Washington 1.00 p. m., and Philadelphia 7.00 p. m.

10.10 A. M. LEAVE NORTHUMBERLAND daily except Sundays, arriving at Harrisburg 1.15 p. m., Baltimore 6.00 p. m., Washington 7.00 p. m., and Philadelphia 4.30 p. m.

5.1 P. M. LEAVE NORTHUMBERLAND daily except Sundays, stopping only at principal stations, arriving at Harrisburg 8.0 p. m., Philadelphia 1.00 a. m., and Baltimore 2.20 a. m.

11.50 P. M. LEAVE NORTHUMBERLAND, stopping at principal stations; arriving at Harrisburg 2.50 a. m., Baltimore 7.00 a. m., Philadelphia 7.00 a. m., and Washington 7.50 a. m.

ED. S. YOUNG,
Gen'l. Passenger Agent.

May 3, 1867.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.—This great line traverses the north central and northwest counties of Pennsylvania to the city of Erie, on Lake Erie. It has been leased and is operated by the
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Time of Passenger Trains at Northumberland:
LEAVE EASTWARD.—Erie Mail Train, 8.35 A.M.; Erie Express Train, 8.5 A.M.; Elmira Mail Train 10.18 A.M.; Lock Haven Accommodation 4.00 P.M.
LEAVE WESTWARD.—Erie Mail Train, 2.55 A.M.; Erie Express Train, 12.55 P.M.; Elmira Mail Train 3.45 P.M.; Buffalo Express, 10.40 A.M.
Passenger cars run through on the Erie Mail and Express Trains without change both ways between Philadelphia and Erie.
NEW YORK CONNECTION.—Leave New York at 9 A.M., arrive at Erie at 10.00 A.M.; Leave New York at 5.00 P.M. Leave Erie at 3.00 P.M., arrive at New York at 10.15 A.M.
Elegant sleeping cars on all night trains.
For information respecting passenger business apply at the corner of Twelfth and Market streets, Philadelphia; and for freight business at the Company's agents.
S. B. Ruggles, Jr., corner of Twelfth and Market streets, Philadelphia; A. W. Roberts, Erie; William Brown, Ascot N.C.R.R., Baltimore.
H. H. HOUSTON,
General Freight Agent, Philadelphia.
H. W. GWINNER,
General Ticket Agent, Philadelphia.
A. L. TYLER,
General Superintendent, Williamsport.
May 10, 1867.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD.
From and after October 2, 1865, the trains will pass Rupert as follows:
GOING NORTH.—Elmira Mail at 1 P.M.; Erie Express at 2.48 A.M.
GOING SOUTH.—Philadelphia Mail at 11 A.M.; New York Express at 1 P.M.
GEORGE WEBB, Supt.

PUBLICATIONS,

1867. Get Up Your Clubs. 1868.

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