The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, AUG. 16, 1867.

JUST as the *Republican* went to press its unusualy heavy load of nastiness broke the machine. Even a Campbell power pr ss could not stand it.

P. JOHN gives us the number of his subscribers in Catawissa and Berwick. We would respectfully ask for the list at the other offices in the County, *if he dare give them.*

IT is singular what a large number of Democratic correspondents P. John has. It is also strange that they all abuse the COLUMBIAN. Could'nt that gifted letter writer give their names?

WE are informed that the contract for the construction of the entire length of the new railroad from Sunbury to Wilkesbarre, a distance of fifty-eight miles, has been awarded to Messrs. Dewitt & Co., of Danville.

EVERY sensible, reasoning man should read the address of the Democratic State Central Committee, which we publish to-day. Its pregnant truths, and stirring words will find a response in thousands of hearts in the old Keystone State.

TO-MORROW there will be a Union Sunday School celebration in Mifflin, near Schweppenheiser's store. Addresses will be delivered by Messrs. Ikeler, Freeze, and Brockway. The Orangeville Brass Band, we are informed has been engaged for occasion. A large turn out and a pleasant time is anticipated.

WE see it stated that the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company has bought a controling interest in the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Rail Road. This vast monopoly having bought the Legislature, is now engaged in "gobbling" smaller "corporations," until finally it will have complete control of the State.

How the copperheads continue to prate about the Constitution.—*Republican.*

It is very well that some persons continue to prate about the Constitution, and endeavor to keep its provisions before the people; seeing that the Radicals are continuing their best endeavors to destroy it and render it obsolete.

A REPORT reaches us that a young girl about seven years of age was found in the huckleberry woods, near Lackawaxen, on Sunday last dead. She had gone out on Saturday before to get berries, and not returning at night search was instituted. When found the body was terribly bloated, and had marks of seventeen stings of rattlesnakes.

EXPLOSION.—It is reported here that five of the powder mills at Wapwallopen blew up last week, killing three men engaged at the works. The watchman on duty fell asleep, and during this time the explosion occurred. Richard Ashworth, one of the unfortunate men, had been engaged in the mills there seven years, and during that time no accident of a serious nature ever occurred.—*Record of the Times.*

THIS week has been quite a round of festivities among the young folks of this place. On Wednesday the Episcopal Sunday School held a celebration in Snyder's Grove, and on Thursday the Methodist School was to have held a similar celebration, and to-day the Baptists are to hold one at the same place. The scholars of the different schools look forward to these reunions with much interest, and they offer a strong inducement to attend the schools.

THE *Republican* does not deny our charge that the Radicals have abolished the Union and the Constitution but claims as a sett-off that they have the abolished "Slavery, the Rebellion, and the Democracy." We think the people are becoming convinced that in abolishing the Democracy, they destroyed the Union, for which even four millions of freedmen, millions upon millions of debt and the slaughter of thousands of our countrymen, is not sufficient recompence.

THE School Directors of Bloom Township have selected teachers for the ensuing term, which is to begin on the first Monday in September, and continue seven months.

The following are the names and locations of the teachers:

F. M. Bates, Grad. School at Academy.	
Jennie Breece,	Assistant.
Miss T. A. Vanatta,	Academy.
Joseph Garrison,	"
Miss C. Freeze,	Scott Town.
Miss Effie Vance,	Port Noble.
A. Monroe,	M'Kelvy's Furnace.
L. D. Kase,	East Bloomsburg.
C. Manhart,	Welsh Hill.
J. H. Vanderslice,	Irondale.

THE storm of wind, rain and hail on last Saturday, between Bloomsburg and Danville, was the severest ever known in this neighborhood. The oats remaining uncut was flattened as if a roller had been passed over it, and the corn, unless very large and thick, was almost in the same condition. Where it was at all small and light, it was beaten to the earth.

The little streams were flowing widely over their banks, cellars were filled with water, and in places where the rain could not readily run off, the water stood in the road leaving of the fence, only the top rail and part of the second visible. The hail also was large and destructive, and we heard many persons say the storm exceeded any thing they had ever witnessed.

On the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Railroad, at one point the immense volume of water rolling from the hill, had carried away the bridge over the public road, and the road itself, and precipitated the whole over the track of the railroad into the North Branch Canal, so that boats below that point were absolutely stranded. Still farther up, near the dry saw-mill, another bridge with the public road were washed away, and hundreds of tons of earth and stones deposited on the railroad track.

When the six o'clock train (up) reached that point, we found Mr. Hale, the very efficient Track Master, at work with all available hands removing the obstruction. But the train could not pass for hours. A telegram had been sent from Danville, and when we reached the slide, an improvised train was waiting us above the point. We transferred ourselves, baggage and all, to the trucks and baggage cars provided for us, and with but little delay reached home.

THE KALEIDOSCOPE:

"——A ring of busy Hive—
Its fluctuations and its vast concourse."

NO. XXXIII.

THE ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.

THE Isthmus of Panama, or, as it is sometimes called, Darien, connects North and South America, and is the great thoroughfare of travel between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. Steamship lines center here from all parts of the world, and almost all the exports of California, the western coast of South America, the Sandwich Islands, and a large amount from the eastern coast of Asia, as well as supplies to those countries, cross at this point instead of taking the tedious and dangerous voyage around Cape Horn.

The Isthmus acquired historical importance soon after its discovery at the close of the fifteenth century, and though the Atlantic coast is now a solitary waste, when Columbus visited it there were thousands of people inhabiting that region. The discovery of the Pacific Ocean, the large quantities of gold found, as well as the inexhaustible wealth of Peru, early attracted attention to the place; and the immense travel over it may be imagined when I state that according to the best estimate from 30,000 to 40,000 people have perished in the transit.

The discovery of gold in California called fresh attention to the importance of the route, and proved the necessity of better means of transportation. Indeed, the subject of an inter-oceanic canal has been mooted since 1518; but although the feasibility of the project has been demonstrated by the numerous surveys, yet the immense cost of the scheme, as well as the danger of a rival route through Central America, has prevented the accomplishment of anything practical in the way of a ship canal. In 1847 the New Granadian Government granted a charter for a railway to some Frenchmen, but failing to execute their contract, it was transferred to a company of Americans, who after unparalleled difficulties, the sacrifice of thousands of lives and the expenditure of millions of money conducted the enterprise to a successful issue. It is stated that as many lives were lost in the undertaking as there are sills in the road. Although it is only forty-seven miles long, its construction and the erection of appropriate depots and machine shops cost at least twelve millions of dollars. Notwithstanding this immense outlay the stock of the road is so valuable, that none of it is in the market. The value of the road may be judged from the fact that annually its average of passengers is 31,000; of treasure $55,000,000; and of freight 66,000 tons. Each passenger pays $25.00 for a ride of forty-seven miles, and ten cents a pound on all baggage over fifty pounds. The road earns about $1,000,000 a year over and above all expenditures. According to treaty stipulations New Granada receives three per cent of the net revenue of the road, and $10,000 per annum as compensation for the free transit of foreign mails, and in return protects the road, and maintains order. After the lapse of a certain number of years she can take possession of it by paying a fixed sum of money. Of coerse France or England would gladly advance the amount in order to secure the control of the Isthmus, and besides there is a strong element in New Granada, opposed to granting Americans further privileges. The question promises to be one of the serious difficulty in the future, although the construction of the Pacific Railroad will lessen the importance of the Isthmus to us.

Aspinwall received its name from Wm. H. Aspinwall, a leading New York merchant, and one of the projectors of the Panama Railroad. The New Granadians, however, persist in calling it Colon, the Spanish name for Columbus. The place is built upon an Island called Manzanilla, which is entirely of coral formation, and rises only a few inches above the level of the sea. In fact, during the prevalence of a storm from the north I have seen the waves roll into the street, and feared that the frail tenements would be engulfed. It is the eastern terminus of the Panama Railroad and owes its origin to that enterprise. It consists of a few hundred buildings, the most of them being depots, warehouses, residences for the employees of the Company, and a few Hotels for the accomodation of travelers. The extreme unhealthiness of the place, caused by the surrounding swamps and the frequent rains, will ever prevent it from outgrowing its present limits. Besides, no fresh water can be found in the vicinity, and the people are obliged to use rain water altogether, which is caught in huge iron tanks during the rainy season. Their food is brought mainly from the United States, although tropical fruit and some fish are brought in by natives from the neighboring coasts and from the interior. Ordinarily the place is extremely dull, but upon the arrival of a steamer it is thronged with Indians and Negroes for it is then they reap their harvest. The excitement does not last long, however, for the train soon takes the passengers on across the Isthmus.

It was about two o'clock in the afternoon when we left for Panama. At first our route led through low swamps, from which arises the dreadful malaria, which causes the well known Isthmus fever. The water has a deep black color, and is covered with a green scum, which hides from sight many a hideous reptile. This part of the road was the most difficult to build, because piles had first to be driven deep into the morass, and then the bed or superstructure built upon that. It was a singular sensation for one just from the woods of Pennsylvania, to ride at the rate of thirty miles an hour though a jungle otherwise impenetrable, composed of trees of tropical undergrowth such as the mangrove, mahogany, and palm, while screaming parrots and chattering monkeys, and birds of magnificent plumage, gave diversity to the scene.

Soon after leaving Aspinwall a heavy rain set in, and from that cause sprang "a brood of troubles," because soon the tender wis thrown off the track by a "land slide." After half an hour's delay we again got in motion, but after proceeding several miles were again stopped by another slide much more formidable than the other, and in which the engine almost buried itself. Upon inspection we found that the road was covered for fifty yards, and in some places ten feet deep. We were certainly in a "fix" and it became a serious question as to our getting any supper or breakfast. Soon, however, the cars wer surrounded by the natives, and though the food and water they gave us was of rather a questionable quality, in our hungry condition we could do no better than shut our eyes and eat. We had bananas, oranges, cocoa-nuts lemonade, coffee, chocolate, etc., in abundance, though the prices were somewhat steep to a person just from the United States. The standard price for a cracker was five cents; a cup of rain water was a dime, and one lucky individual purchased a chicken for two dollars. These articles were sold us by half naked Indians to whom the accident was a harvest. The males were armed with knives, much to the terror of the, ladies who remembered the riots and outrages committed but a short time before at Panama. The natives called the place Matachin, and it consisted of a few huts built of bamboo canes stuck into the earth, and withed together, while the roof was thatched with plantain leaves. There was but one room in each hut, in the center of which the fire was built, the smoke making egress through the interstices at the sides—Mud and filth were prevailing features in the scene.

THE NEW CRISIS.

WE print below a letter to the New York *Herald*, written by Ira E. Harris. It is a forcible exposition of Radical plans and dangers, and it is a singular thing that Mr. Harris could not, see the course events were taking, when Democrats were insisting that negro political rule and equality were the object of Stevens, Sumner & Co. We trust Mr. Harris' warning voice has not been raised too late, and that he may yet be able to open the eyes of honest, but deluded Republicans to the dangers of their course.

NEW YORK, August 7, 1867.

TO THE EDITORS OF THE HERALD.

I thank you for your manly announcement in this morning's *Herald*, in the article headed "The New Crisis." Your views in that article are so wholesome that I cannot leave the city this morning, being transiently here, without expressing my gratitude. I assure you, sir, that the present attempt of party leaders to secure political power by making the Southern States negro States is most alarming, and the people of the North must not allow its success, if they value their own freedom and prosperity. If the people stop to think, they will spurn such an attempt with indignation; nothing but false issues can possibly allow such a ruinous project to succeed. To cheat the people, the advocates of this nefarious scheme will keep before them the idea of martyrdom and all that sort of thing; but the true issue should be ever present to our minds, and martyrs rewarded at a less expense than the overthrow of our institutions. Now, sir, I have done my humble part in the late war for the Union. Two of my sons have fallen under the Union flag, and my part has been in contributions, and not in the reception of a penny's profit during the strife. But never have I wished anything but a restored Union. For this, and this alone, I have sacrificed, and not for the elevation of the negro nor the disfranchisement of the people of the Southern States. If the people of the South are not to be restored to the Union, then the old copperhead cry that the Union could not be restored by arms is verified. The idea that the South must be Africanized before its States are allowed to return is an admission that the war has been a wicked failure, and has been waged for the destruction of the republic. It is not a debatable question. We did not send our sons to die for the erection of negro States in the South. I appeal to the great masses in the North, who so generously poured out their blood and treasure in the conflict, if this was their object. Mr. Editor, you have hit a tender chord in your remarks this morning, and will, I know, awaken the sleeping sense of the people on this crisis. I have purchased a plantation in Alabama and contemplate removal there, and am encouraging others in the North to follow me; but if that State is to be a negro State, farewell to my purchase. The reasons are obvious. Fanatics may not see them, but men of common sense can. I thank you, again, from my heart. IRA E. HARRIS.

THE election in Tennessee is a stunner to the copperheads.—*Republican.*

Why yes, rather! When the people see a party in times of peace, carry an election at the point of the bayonet, disfranchising white men and driving them from the polls, and voting ignorant darkies under the same process, it is a stunner. On this subject the New York *Times* (Republican) says:

"If the mission of the Republican party were to invest the future of the South with danger and difficulty, this rejoicing would be intelligible and just. If the aim were to build up a black party in the Southern States as the only proper ally of the Northern Republicans—to alienate the great majority of resident whites and force them into a position of permanent hostility—nothing could be more satisfactory than the verdict of Tennessee. Or if incurable rebellion were assumed to be the lot of four-fifths of the whites, and proscription and insult the only treatment they are entitled to, we could understand the wisdom of holding up Tennessee tactics for imitation in the ten excluded States."

THE *pure* (!) and *decent* (!!) editors of the COLUMBIAN call us a "blackguard." As their saying so didn't make us so.—*Republican.*

Nor would our saying he was a decent and respectable man make him so. The notorious character he sustains in this community, *he has earned for himself.*

LOCAL NOTICES.

TARING medicine to cure diseases occasioned by a deficiency of *Iron in the Blood*, without restoring it to the system, is like trying to repair a building when the foundation is gone. The Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of iron) supplies this deficiency and builds up an iron constitution.

"To be *well dressed* or not, *that* is the question." Whether it is better to run through the streets exposed to the gaze of the people with ill-fitting and ill-made clothing, is a serious question; especially when David Lowenberg's Clothing Store is in full blast, and his counters and shelves filled with the best and most fashionable goods. Now, ye farmers, having gotten in your harvest, call upon Mr. L. and get measured for a good suit of clothing.

DIED.

FRY—At his residence in this place, on Friday last, after a protracted illness, CYRUS FRY, aged 47 years, 1 month and 20 days.

CYRUS FRY was a young man, well known to all our citizens; and no man ever spoke of him except in terms of respect and praise. He was a christian and a gentleman. His long illness was borne with meekness and resignation, and he has passed to his rest. May we all go with an equal certainty, mourned by as many friends with as sincere, a sorrow.

HULL—In Orange on the 30th inst., Mrs. SUSANNAH HULL, aged 77 years, 11 months and 8 days.

STERNER—On Saturday, the 10th inst., near Alexandria, Virginia, Steward Sterner, formerly of this place, aged about 22 years.

Mr. Sterner was a young man of moral worth, and his death will be lamented by his many friends. His remains reached this place on Wednesday evening, and the funeral ceremony will take place to-day.

KAHNS—In Fishingcreek on the 1st inst. Jacob Kahns, aged 68 years.

SAGE—In Wedgetown on the 5th inst., Mary wife of Charles Sage, aged 53.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF BENJAMIN NUSS, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Benjamin Nuss, late of Maine township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Wm. T. Shuman. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

WM. T. SHUMAN,
July 26, 1867. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF JOHN STINER, DECEASED.—Letters of administration to the estate of John Stiner, late of Orange township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of Columbia county, to John Grow, who resides in said township, said county. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known to the administrator without delay, and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.

JOHN GROW, Admr.
June 28, 1867-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF JOHN DIETERICH, DEC'D.—Letters of administration on the estate of John Dieterich, late of Montour township, Columbia county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of said county; all persons indebted to said estate, will please make payment thereof to them, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay, to

ISAIAH DIETERICH,
Montour tp., July 5, 1867. Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF DANIEL KUSS, DECEASED.—Letters of administration to the estate of Daniel Kuss, late of Maine township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said County to Nathan Miller. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent, are requested to present them to the administrator without delay, and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.

NATHAN MILLER,
July 12, 1867. Administrator.

NOTICE.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE—ESTATE OF SOLOMON ECKROTH, DECEASED.

Columbia County, ss:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Peter Eckroth, Ellen Eckroth, Daniel Eckroth, John Eckroth, Lucy Nungesser, Josiah Eckroth, and to the heirs of Hiram Eckroth (names unknown).

GREETING: You and each of you are hereby cited and commanded to be and appear in your proper person at an Orphans' Court to be holden at Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on the first Monday of September next, then and there to answer the petition of Abraham Schweppenheiser, setting forth that the said Solomon Eckroth, late of Mifflin township, Columbia county, died seized of certain real estate in Mifflin township, said county, and agreed with your petitioner by article of agreement in writing, to sell and convey the same to the said Jacob Schweppenheiser, his heirs or assigns. And therefore your petitioner prays the said Court shall not decree the specific performance of the said contract to the true intent and meaning thereof, and that a conveyance be made under said decree to the aforesaid George Spade, of the said premises in fee simple.

SAMUEL SNYDER, Sheriff.
Bloomsburg, August 9, 1867.

NOTICE.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE—ESTATE OF SOLOMON ECKROTH, DECEASED.

Columbia County, ss:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Peter Eckroth, Ellen Eckroth, David Eckroth, John Eckroth, Lucy Nungesser, Josiah Eckroth, and to the heirs of Hiram Eckroth (names unknown).

GREETING: You and each of you are hereby cited and commanded to be and appear in your proper person at an Orphans' Court to be holden at Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on the first Monday of September next, then and there to answer the petition of Abraham Schweppenheiser, setting forth that the said Solomon Eckroth, late of Mifflin township, Columbia county, died seized of certain real estate in Mifflin township, said county, and agreed with your petitioner by article of agreement in writing, dated the 31st December, 1866, to sell and convey the same to the said George Spade, his heirs or assigns. And therefore your petitioner prays the said Court shall not decree the specific performance of the said contract to the true intent and meaning thereof, and that a conveyance be made under said decree to the aforesaid George Spade, of the said premises in fee simple.

SAMUEL SNYDER, Sheriff.
Bloomsburg, August 9, 1867.

NOTICE.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE—ESTATE OF SOLOMON ECKROTH, DECEASED.

Columbia County, ss:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Peter Eckroth, Ellen Eckroth, David Eckroth, John Eckroth, Lucy Nungesser, Josiah Eckroth, and to the heirs of Hiram Eckroth (names unknown).

GREETING: You and each of you are hereby cited and commanded to be and appear in your proper person at an Orphans' Court to be holden at Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on the first Monday of September, next, then and there to answer the petition of Abraham Schweppenheiser, setting forth that the said Solomon Eckroth, late of Mifflin township, Columbia county, died seized of certain real estate in Mifflin township, said county, and agreed with your petitioner by article of agreement in writing, dated the 31st December, 1866, to sell and convey the same to the said George Spade, his heirs or assigns. And therefore your petitioner prays the said Court shall not decree the specific performance of the said contract according to the true intent and meaning thereof, and that a conveyance be made under said decree to the aforesaid George Spade, of the said premises in fee simple.

SAMUEL SNYDER, Sheriff.
Bloomsburg, August 9, 1867.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all heirs, creditors, and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, in said county aforesaid, on WEDNESDAY THE FOURTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1867, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

1. Second and final account of John Sharpless, Executor of Stacy Mangerum, of Catawissa, dec'd.
2. Account of James M'Alarney and Wm Longshore, executors of George Longshore, late of Main township, deceased.
3. Final account of Samuel Snyder and Michael Brosius, Administrators of Matthew Brown, late of Mifflin township, dec'd.
4. Final account of Samuel Snyder and John Snyder, Administrators of John Snyder, sr., late of Mifflin, deceased.
5. Account of Alfred J. Creveling, administrator of Elijah Ross, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.
6. Account of Ist Parker, administrator of David Beltime, late of Jackson township, dec'd.
7. First and final account of Abram Young, administrator of Wm. E. Roberts, late of Jackson township, dec'd.
8. Account of Mary W. Holmes, administratrix of Edwin Himes, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.
9. Account of David Miller, administrator of Christopher P. Kenelly, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
10. Account of David Miller, administrator of Caroline Rawlly, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
11. Third and final account of George Hughes, John Stubbs and Lloyd Paxton, administrators of Joseph Paxton, late of Catawissa, dec'd.
12. Account of R. L. F. Colley, administrator of Josiah Shoemate of Benton township, dec'd.
13. Account of Joseph Hartman, administrator of Margaret Hartman, late of Franklin township, deceased.
14. Second and final account of George and John F. Conner, executors of Thomas Conner, late of Centre township, deceased.
15. Final account of Samuel Kressler, guardian of Henry F. Nice, of Maine township.
16. First and final account of Samuel Kressler, guardian of Charles J. Nuss, late of Maine township, deceased.
17. First and final account of James Van Horn, administrator of Samuel Van Horn, late of Greenwood township, deceased.
18. First and final account of George A. Bowman, executor of John Reynolds, late of Mifflin township, deceased.
19. Account of Amos Craig and Charles Mensch, administrators of Abraham Mensch, late of Roaringcreek township, deceased.
20. Account of James Masters, administrator of John Bender, late of Pine township, deceased.
21. Account of B. F. Hartman, administrator of William Hughes, late of Bloom township, dec'd.
22. Final account of Daniel Davis and Samuel Boardman, executors of James P. Boardman, late of Liberty Township, dec'd.
23. Account of Nathan Christman, administrator of Nathan Case, of south Township, dec'd.
24. Account of Solomon Russ, administrator of John Pealer, late of Fishingcreek Township dec'd.

C. G. FREEZE, Register.
Bloomsburg, Aug. 2, 1867.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. William Elwell, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and orphan's Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. Ivam Derr and Peter K. Hortsog, Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 20th day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-seven, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Common Pleas and orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 23 day of September next, to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace and the constables of the said county of Columbia that they be then and there in their proper person at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual to their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 20th day of July, A. D. 1867, and the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven and the ninety-first year of the Independence of the United States of America.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.
WILLIAM ELWELL, SAMUEL SNYDER, *Sheriff.*
Bloomsburg, August 2, 1867.

GRAND JURORS,

FOR SEPTEMBER TERM, 1867.

BLOOM—Wm. Sharpless, J. J. Brower, Wm. M'Hride.
BRIAR CREEK—Adam Dieterich.
BERWICK—Henry Hess, Isaac Hagenbuch.
CENTRE—Wm Shuman.
CONYNGHAM—Peter Hower.
FISHING CREEK—Henry Reisdilne.
FRANKLIN—Jacob Reichenbach.
GREENWOOD—Reuben Rich, Wilson M. Fyre.
HEMLOCK—Isaac Farrell.
MAINE—Francis Fleming, John F. Shuman.
MADISON—Charles Eyerman.
MIFFLIN—Henry Hiller, C. H. Hess.
ORANGE—Samuel Achenbach.
ROARING CREEK—Frank Jo Yocum.
SCOTT—G. W. Creveling, Wm. Hower, John Seyhart.
SUGARLOAF—Benj. Cole, Sheadrick Hess.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TRAVERSE JURORS,
FOR SEPTEMBER TERM, 1867.

BLOOM—Michael Walter, Wm Bendleman.
BEAVER—Wm Michael, John Longenberger, sr., John Shuman.
BRIAR CREEK—J C Smith.
BENTON—John J M'Henry.
CENTRALIA BOR.—Joseph M Frech.
CONYNGHAM—Philip Brensil.
FRANKLIN—Elias Weaver, Joel Zerr.
FISHING CREEK—Ellis S Sutherlee.
GREENWOOD—Wm R Ikeler, Charles Heavenrich, David Bennett.
HEMLOCK—Zebulon Robbins.
LUZERNE—James Fetterman, Charles Bulig, John Snyder, Benj. Wagner.
MIFFLIN—Jas O. Winterstein, Phineas Smith, Samuel Nyes, Philip Cressy, Samuel Cressy, John R Yohe.
Mt. PLEASANT—John Wanich, Godfrey Mellick.
MADISON—Peter Wolf, Jacob S Girton.
MONTOUR—Jackson Leiby.
MAINE—W Longenberger.
PINE—Richard W. Lyons.
ROARING CREEK—Daniel Barig, Daniel Gearhart Azuri Craig.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL
AT SEPTEMBER TERM, 1867.

1. Eli Jones vs. Miles C. Abbott, et. al.
2. Wright Hughes vs. Peter Miller.
3. Jonathan Knittle vs. Wright Hughes.
4. Boyd E. Green vs. Robert S. Boyd, et. al.
5. David Yenger vs. Clinton Dewitt, et. al.
6. David Fry vs. David Shuman.
7. George Brum vs. Isaac Yetter.
8. Elias Krum use vs. Daniel Krum's admr's.
9. William A. Marr vs. James Dyke.
10. Thomas J. Vandesloten vs. Amos Dresher.
11. Sylvester J. Faux vs. William C. Green's administrators.
12. Jacob S. Evans vs. Wm. C. Green's admr's.
13. Joseph Lilley vs. Peter Mellick.
14. Jacob A. Swisher vs. Richard W. Lyons.
15. James Garman vs. Michael Crouse, et. al.
16. George Brown vs. Leonard Shuman.
17. Chas. W. Campbell et. al., vs. Hugh D. Mc Reynolds, et. al.
18. Sylvester J. Faux vs. John Robinson.
19. Pullman Faux vs. Sylvester J. Faux.
20. John Twomley et. al., vs. Mary E. Green et. al.
21. Clark Stewart et. al., vs. Edmund C. Cleaver.
22. Deborah Heath vs. Orson L. Dean.
23. Franklin Yeatts vs. Wm. T. Shuman.
24. Edward M'Call et. al., vs. John Sweeney.
25. West Branch Insurance Co. vs. S. Cushing.
26. John Schuner vs. Jeremiah K. Hess admr.
27. Milton Traugh use vs. Philip S. Moyer et. al.
28. Jesse Robbins and wife vs. Wm. Eves & wife.
29. Robert J. Lyons admr. vs. Wesley Lyons.
30. James M'Vicker's vs. S. L. Campbell.
31. Chas. M. Miller vs. the township of Bloom.

JESSE COLEMAN, Prothonotary.
Bloomsburg, Aug. 2, 1867.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas* and *Fi. Vendition Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and directed to the, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the second day of September, 1867, at one o'clock in the afternoon, the following real estate to wit:

A certain tract of land situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, containing one hundred acres, more or less, bounded on the south by lands of Jacob Lanbach, on the west by lands of John Bright, on the north by lands of J. Karns, and on the east by lands of John Pealer, on which is erected a frame dwelling house and a barn, with the appurtenances. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Sylvester Pealer.

ALSO:

At the same time and place, a certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, being two hundred feet deep and forty feet in width, bounded on the west by Iron Street, on the north by lot of E. H. Little, on the east by an alley, and on the south by lot of Mrs. Harris, whereon is erected a two story frame dwelling house with the appurtenances.

ALSO:

Two lots, the one being fifty feet in width and four hundred feet deep, the other fifty feet wide and seventy-five feet deep, adjoining, bounded on the north and east by lands of Jacob Eyer, on the west by lands of Michael Casey and an alley, and on the south by Third Street, whereon is erected two frame dwelling houses, with the appurtenances. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Howell, Wm. E. Jones, John Williams and Mary Williams.

ALSO:

At the same time and place, a certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, being two hundred feet deep, and forty feet wide, bounded on the west by Iron Street, on the north by lot of E. H. Little, on the east by an alley, and on the south by a lot of Mrs. Harris, whereon is erected a two story frame dwelling house, with the appurtenances.

ALSO:

Two other lots, the one being fifty feet in width and four hundred feet deep, the other fifty feet wide and seventy-five feet deep, adjoining, bounded on the north and east by lands of Jacob Eyer, on the west by lands of Michael Casey and an alley, and on the south by First street, whereon are erected two frame dwelling houses with the appurtenances. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Howell.

ALSO:

At the same time and place, a lot of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, Columbia county, being fifty feet front and one hundred and forty feet deep, being two borough lots, bounded on the north by lot of ——— Fenstemacher, on the west by an alley, on the south by lot of William Zeigler, and on the east by Trentwine street, whereon is erected a two story frame dwelling house with the appurtenances. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of E. L. Betterly.

SAMUEL SNYDER, Sheriff.
Bloomsburg, August 9, 1867.

FINANCES.

CENTRE TWP. BOUNTY FUND.
AUDITOR'S STATEMENT.

SAMUEL NEYHARD, Collector of Bounty Tax,

DR.

To amount on Duplicate	$6,179 74
CR.	
By cash paid John Hill, Treasurer	$5,852 32
" 5 per cent. commissions	227 67
" percentage	123 75
	$6,179 74

CHAS. H. DIETERICH, Collector of Bounty Tax.

DR.

To amount on Duplicate	$7,417 62
CR.	
By cash paid John Hill, Treasurer	$4,676 42
" reduction on Poll Tax	1,265 00
	$5,941 42
Balance on Duplicate	590 00
JOHN HILL, Treasurer,	
DR.	
To amount from First National Bank of Danville, (note in Bank)	$10,000 00
CR.	
By discount and stamps on first discount	$161 67
" am't pd 32 volunteers at $300 each	9600 00
" expenses taking volunteers to Troy and their subsistance	317 00
" percentage on $10,000	50 00
	$10,128 67
Balance in favor of Treasurer	$128 67
DR.	
To amount on local subscription	$4,150 00
CR.	
By am't pd 32 volunteers over $300 as per receipt	$373 00
Balance due John Hill, Treasurer	$220 00
DR.	
To cash from S. Neyhard, Collector	$5,852 32
" " " C. H. Dieterich, Collector,	4,676 42
" " " L. Aikman bill on hand	1 11
for one year	
	$10,530 85
CR.	
By cash paid on bonds as per receipt	$1,117 61
" " " G. W. Edgar, exp. to Troy	6 10
By discount on $6000, note in Danville National Bank	70 08
" cash paid Cyrus Creveling, expenses to Harrisburg	27 75
" cash paid L. L. Tate, printing	9 00
" " " C. G. Barkley, att'y fees	20 00
" " " sundry persons as per receipts	51 47
" percentage on $11,975	59 86
	$1,359 09
Balance in favor of Treasurer	589 09
CENTRE TOWNSHIP, *DR.*	
To Margaret Aikman on bond	$250 00
" J. P. Cressy " "	150 00
" J. W. Hagenbuch " " and int.	106 00
" H. C. Barton " "	400 00
" Sarah Creveling " "	200 00
	$1,106 00

May 20, 1867.

We the undersigned Auditors of Centre township, Columbia County, Pa., do hereby certify that we have carefully examined the foregoing accounts, and find them to be correct.

LEVI A. HUTCHISON,
LAFAYETTE CREASY,
Aug. 2, 1867. Auditors.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.—This great line traverses the northern and northwest counties of Pennsylvania to the city of Erie, on Lake Erie. It has been leased and is operated by the

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Time of Passenger Trains at Northumberland:

EAST WARD.—Erie Mail Train, 1.30 P.M.; Erie Express Train, 8.05 A.M.; Elmira Mail Train, 10.15 A.M.; Lock Haven Accommodation 5.10.

LEAVE WESTWARD.—Erie Mail Train, 2.30 P.M.; Erie Express Train, 8.40 A.M.; Elmira Mail Train 4.45 P.M.; Buffalo Express, 8.00 A.M.

Passenger cars run through on the Erie Mail and Express Trains without change both ways between Philadelphia and Erie.

NEW YORK CONNECTIONS.—Leave New York at 8.30, M'ORNING Express for Erie at 10.00 A.M.; Leave New York at 5.00 P.M. and Leave Erie at 5.00 P.M., arrives at New York at 3.15 P.M.; Leave Erie at 10.25 A.M., arrives at New York at 10.10 A.M.

Elegant sleeping cars on all night trains.

For information respecting passenger business apply at the corner of Thirtieth and Market streets, Philadelphia; and for freight business at the Company's agencies.

S. B. Kingston, jr., corner of Twelfth and Market streets, Philadelphia; J. W. Reynolds, Erie; William Brown, Agent N.C.R.R., Baltimore.

H. H. HOUSTON,
General Freight Agent, Philadelphia.
H. W. GWINNER,
General Ticket Agent, Philadelphia.
A. L. TYLER,
General Superintendent, Williamsport.
May 10, 1867.

CLOTHING.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,

at his store on

Main Street, two doors above the American House, Bloomsburg, Pa.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BOX, SACK, FROCK, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,

of all sorts, sizes, and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of

CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG.

NEW CLOTHING AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE.

The undersigned respectfully announces to his many friends that he has opened a new Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, in the lower room of the Hartman Building, southwest corner of Main and Market Streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Having just returned from Philadelphia with a Large Stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING