CURRENT ITEMS.

☞ A hand-organ grinder in Philadelphia was found to have $5,500 in bills on his person.

☞ A Pennsylvanian has just had to pay a fine of $20 for putting his arm around a lady's waist.

☞ A boot-black in Pittsburg tried to hang himself for the love of a chambermaid but the rope broke.

☞ A colored man has been arrested and fined $10 in Baltimore for eating peanuts during service in a colored church.

☞ Samuel Dunn is the only revolutionary pensioner now living, and a joker thinks it curious that "Done" should close the list.

☞ At a fashionable church in New York the contribution plates are carried round by the young ladies, to the great benefit of the treasury.

☞ Dr. Butler is president of the National Asylum for Disabled Soldiers. If the office goes by seniority, the Doctor is entitled to it, for he was "disabled" for a soldier at birth.

☞ A company of 800 ladies and gentlemen made an excursion from Indianapolis, Ind., to Cincinnati, to witness the "Black Crook." The Western mind enjoys the spectacle hugely.

☞ There is said to be a girl of ten years in a private gymnasium, at Roxbury, Mass., that lifts 360 pounds, one of thirteen that lifts 400 pounds, and one of fourteen that lifts 460 pounds.

☞ A Connecticut genius has written, without the aid of a glass, the Lord's Prayer in full, four times, inside a circle the size of a gold dollar. The writing includes 267 words, or 1,038 letters.

☞ To prepare Queen Victoria's meals requires the services of one chief cook at a salary of $3,500, three master cooks at one half that sum, two yeomen of the kitchen, two roasting cooks, and four apprentices.

☞ Ex-President Buchanan contributed two hundred dollars to the Southern relief fund recently raised in Philadelphia. The money was sent to Rev. Dr. Boardman, a member of the distributing committee.

☞ There is a hat manufacturing establishment in New York, which is capable of turning out 12,000 hats per day. It employs 1,500 operatives, and the sales amount to $3,000,000 annually.

☞ General Grant's income over and above that received from the Government is $4,800. Som years ago he was engaged in a tan yard at about $80 per month. The last *tan yard* in which he worked, however, paid better than the first.

☞ The repaired cable continues to work perfectly, and may be considered as reliable as though no damage had occured. It was found to have been absolutely crushed, notwithstanding its heavy iron armor, for a length of 120 feet.

☞ On Friday last, Thaddeus Stevens, Jr., nephew of the "old Commoner," was arrested at Wrightsville, by Constable Geo. W. Smith, of that borough, on suspicion of being one of the horse thieves which have been prowling around that county for some time past.

☞ Peter Ott agreed to give Joseph Platte $700, if Joseph would marry his daughter Mary. In consideration of this proposition, Joseph married the Mary aforesaid, and now brings suit before a Pittsburgh alderman to compel his father-in-law to stand to his agreement.

☞ Omaha, June 23.—The Union Pacific Railroad is now open to Julesburg, 376 miles west of this point, and two daily trains will commence running each way in a few days. Over 5,000,000 pounds of freight, which has been waiting this event, will be forwarded at once.

☞ The funeral of Hon. Isaac Newton, late Commissioner of the Agricultural Department, took place on Friday afternoon. His remains were accompanied by numerous friends to the Baltimore depot, and thence were conveyed to Philadelphia for interment. The clerks and employes attended the funeral in a body.

☞ An anti-Popery riot broke out in Birmingham, England. The rioters obtained possession of the town, sacked some of the stores, and attacked a Catholic chapel. Troops were dispatched from London to quiet the disturbance and restore order. Such an occurrence is a disgrace to the intelligence and progress of the nineteenth century.

☞ Startling intelligence has been received here from Rome. Despatches report that two hundred armed men had thrown themselves into the city, it was supposed, with the intention of proclaiming a republic. But the desperate attempt failed, and forty of the revolutionists are now in prison.

☞ At Frankfort, Ind., the other day, Frank Harvey caught a neighbor's horse in his wheat field. He chased the brute till he got mad, put it into his stable, cut off its ears and tail, and beat the poor creature almost senseless. Afterwards he paid the owner $25, and gave him another horse to compromise the affair; and was then arrested on a criminal charge.

☞ The last official act of the President before leaving for Boston, was to appoint Marcus Atterbourg, of Wisconsin, as Minister to Mexico. He is now the Consul of the United States in the City of Mexico. A public exigency demanded the presence of an American Minister in Mexico at once, hence the appointment of one who is already in that country

☞ An Ohio paper tells a novel love story. A young couple planned an elopement, the girl desending from her room upon the traditional ladder, but at the gate they were met by the father of the girl and a minister, by whom the young couple were escorted to the parlor, where to their surprise they found all their relatives collected for the marriage ceremony, which took place at once. It was a neat paternal freak.

☞ A most singular sight was presented on Penn street Pittsburgh, on Friday last. It was a funeral procession, consisting of five persons, a father, mother and three children. But the strange part of the affair was that the coffin, containing the corpse of her youngest child—was borne by the mother upon her head, who with solemn gait and mien preceded the procession, followed by the father and children. The family is a German one.

☞ WHERE THE IVORY COMES FROM.—About 24,000 oxen are killed each week to supply the City of New York with meat. The bone known as the "shinbone," and all the leg from the knee to the hoof falls into the hands of Mr. Peter Cooper. He contracts with the butchers and market-men to supply him, and in this way about 100,000 shinbones per week find their way into his establishment. All the muscles are taken from them, the gluten is extracted, and the clean, white bone is kept to be worked up into parasol handles. In this way Mr. Cooper has made an immense fortune, and many ladies who supposed they were admiring a beautiful carved ivory handle to their sunshades, riding-whips, etc., have only been gazing upon the shinbone of an ox,—the very animal, perhaps, which supplied them with their morning's beefstake

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 28, 1867.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

GEORGE SHARSWOOD,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Columbia County Democratic Convention.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Democratic electors in and for the several boroughs and election districts of Columbia County, will meet at their usual place of holding their general elections on SATURDAY THE TWENTY SEVENTH DAY OF JULY, 1867, between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock in the afternoon of said day for the purpose of choosing BY BALLOT two delegates from each Election District to meet in County Convention, at the COURT HOUSE, in Bloomsburg, on Monday the 29th, day of July, 1867, at 1 o'clock, P.M., for the purpose of making the usual annual nominations of the Democratic party of Columbia County.

C. G. BARKLEY,
Chairman Democratic Standing Com.

THE Radicals had better muzzle Greeley. He is like a mad bull in a china shop. He speaks "right out in meeting in regard to Thad Stevens' confiscation, Ben Wade's division of lands, and that military humbug yclepted "The Grand Army of the Republic." P. John has been kept busy in excusing Horace to his readers, and we mildly suggest the annexed extract as fine text for his next issue:

We shall have confiscation, perhaps, and land to the negro pressed by a small minority. We do not think it will be wise to make new issues, and we counsel moderation with justice, as we did during the last session. We dread to reopen this question, because with it comes uncertainty, and unrest, feverishness, endless and angry discussions. We find a sentiment in the West that has expression in a few miserable, jobbing newspapers—a kind of Thenardier feeling. A number of office-beggars and politicians, calling themselves the Grand Army of the Republic, and meeting in out-of-the-way places with grips and pass-words, are passing resolutions demanding confiscation and farms. This is either knavery or madness. People who want farms work for them. The only class we know that takes other people's property because they want it is largely reprsented in Sing Sing. The people of this country do not want Sing Sing and Mexican banditti principles introduced into their state smanship. We can never reconstruct America by the gallows, and the Deputy-Sheriff, and we trust that the spirit of kindness will prevail—especially because this contest is not made by the Southern people. They accepted the Military bill manfully, and have endeavored to act under its provisions. Instead of apathy, and wrath, and discontent, we have found them eager and painstaking in their effort to reorganize their political system under the Military bill. If the work is arrested, they are not to blame; and we have no right to increase the conditions imposed last March. If anything, we should recognize the temper of the South by limiting them.

THE GALAXY, for July, contains articles on "Ritualism," by the Rev. Morgan Dix D. D., the Rector of Trinity Church New York; on "The Fruits of the War," by Horace Greely; on "The Personal Representation Project," by D. G. Croly; on "An Interview with General Escobedo," by an ex-officer; on "The Opening of the Royal Academy," by Ion Perdicaris; a humorous sketch, entitled "Where Progress Left the Gods," by F. B. Perkins; a short story, entitled, "Miss Aubusson; "Children," by H. T. Tuckerman; "Words and their Uses," by Richard Grant White, and poetry, by Dr. T. W. Parsons and Miss Ina D. Coolbrith, beside continuations of "Steven Lawrence Yoeman," by Mrs. Edwards, and "Waiting for the Verdict," by Mrs. R. H. Davis.

The illustrations of the number are by C. C. Griswold and Gaston Fay.

The price of the Galaxy is $3 50 a year; two copies for $6; single copies 30 cents.

On receipt of $4 The Galaxy will be sent for one year, together with a copy each of "Archie Lovell," by Mrs. Edwards, and "The Claverings," by Anthony Trollope, both books illustrated. Address W. B. & F. P. Church, No. 39 Park Row, N. Y.

LOYALTY ILLUSTRATED.—Some clerks and *attaches* of the present Geary administration have been proving their loyalty by stealing thousands of valuable books from the State libary, *and selling them for old paper.* This practice has been going for months, and it is presumed that $20,000 worth have been plundered by these honest, upright, loyal men! The people can now see that not only is the Legislature venal, but the hangers-on have caught infection from their superiors. How long is this thing to last? How long will the people harbor these plunderers, who, vandal-like, destroy or sell, even the books purchased at a heavy cost by the State? Tax payers, think of these things, and then determine to push these men from the places they have abused.

THE Radical Press all over the country are in ecstacies because General Longstreet has written a letter of Radical tinge. They at once transform him from "a traitor red-handed with the blood of our brothers on his hands" into a 'brave soldier and Christian gentleman.' Some even go so far as to recommend him as U. S. Senator from Louisiana. There is not a whimper about his "desertion of the flag," "Andersonville," etc. It is wonderful how soon a rebel can become a patriot after joining the Radical party. We almost believe that Horace Greeley and the Radicals are trying to convert Jeff. Davis, and if successful would call him the best Statesman and purest patriot of the age.

THE reception of President Johnson in Boston, is gratifying in the extreme, and plainly shows that however much the people of Massachusetts may differ with him in sentiment, they do not permit this difference to degenerate into discourtesy. His reception was not only warm, but enthusiastic, and the most prominent Radicals of the State vied with each other to do honor to the Chief Magistrate of the nation. This is a severe rebuke to shoddy and snobby Philadelphia, whose action causes the cheek of every true Pennsylvanian to tingle with shame.

GEORGE SHARSWOOD, L. L. D.,

PRESIDENT JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

(From "THE FORUM," by David Paul Brown.)

THE Honorable George Sharswood was born on the 7th of July, 1810, and graduated at the University of Pennsylvania, on the 31st of July, 1828, with the highest honors, delivering the Greek Salutatory, manifesting a scholarship of which his unceasing industry had given an early earnest. In the month of August of the same year, he became a student in the office of Mr. Joseph R. Ingersoll, and after severe application to his studies, was admitted to practice on the 5th of September, 1831.

Even after Mr. Sharswood's admission he still blended his classical with his professional duties, besides giving some attention to the modern languages, and it may be truly observed of him, that it has seldom happened that such young shoulders bore so wise a head.

He was not deficient in genius, but his great quality consisted in rigid and indefatigable labor. He was a model for a student. Always thoughtful yet always cheerful; modest and retiring in his manners, yet in a moment of exigency not deficient in just reliance upon himself. We do not think he could ever have been an effective advocate. The turn of his mind was too tranquil to enjoy or endure the tumult, agitation and excitement of jury trials. But in an argument to the Court in banc. upon a point of law few men of his years would have been his equal—cool, calm and collected, he had full control of that abundant stock of knowledge which untiring perseverance and industry had enabled him to accumulate.

After remaining at the bar some five years, with about the usual share of professional business, but with bright hopes clustering around him, he was elected to the Legislature on the 10th of October, 1837, where it is sufficient to say, that he justified the most sanguine hopes and expectations of his constituents. On the 9th of October, 1838, he became one of the select council, and on the 29th of June, 1841, was appointed Secretary of the Investigating Committee of the Stockholders of the Bank of the United States. On the 12th of October, 1841, he was elected again to the Legislature, and continued in that body by another election, on the 11th of October, 1842. Scarcely had his legislative services terminated, when, on the 8th of April, in the year 1845, he received the appointment of Judge of the District Court for the city and county of Philadelphia, and on the 1st of February, 1848, became its President. On the 14th of October, 1851, under the new Constitution, he was elected by a large majority to the same judicial position, which he had previously held from the Executive and Senate of the State. He was commissioned on the 1st of December, 1851.

In all these varied and highly honorable and responsible employments, it may be justly said that he manifested the most abundant capacity and fitness for the duties imposed upon him. But he more especially shone in his judicial qualifications.

Take him for all in all, at his time of life no bench in Pennsylvania has borne a more unblemished, more competent or more exemplary incumbent. He cannot be said to be a man of refined and fascinating manners; his close studies and constant occupation would forbid that, but he is a man of kind, liberal and honorable feelings, just such a man as you might suppose was born to be a judge; and if he holds out as he has begun and Heaven and his constituents continue him to his "three score and ten,', we are mistaken or he will furnish the best practical proof of the folly of Legislating judges out of office at the expiration of sixty years.

Since his presidency in the District, Judge Sharswood has been chosen Professor of Law in the Pennsylvania University, where he is an invaluable acquisition. Apart from this duty, he is engaged in delivering a course of elaborate lectures before the Commercial Institute, and when it is remembered that the Court in which he presides sits ten months in a year, and is continuously and laboriously occupied during all that time in every diversity of trials, certainly no better commentary can be required upon his exhaustless patience and energy of character.

But to glance from the mental to the personal—Judge Sharswood is about five feet ten inches high, with a slight stoop of the shoulder, attributable probably to his studious pursuits through life. He has a benevolent face, and even temper, great patience, and that—without which everything else is nothing—uncompromising honesty. The honesty of a Judge, however, is hardly necessary to be referred to, as without it, no man is to be considered a judge. He is only a pageant in the temple of justice.

All this we have said with entire frankness and sincerity, and are prepared to stand by. Nay, it is the voice of the entire bar, and we may be excused though it partakes of something bordering upon a rebuke, in saying that there is only one defect in Judge Sharswood's judicial manner, and that possibly arises from Judge Washington having departed from the bench before Judge Sharswood came to the bar. Judge Washington never used a mallet or a gavel or commanded "silence!" or directed the members of the bar or the bystanders to take their seats. In departing from this example, we think Judge Sharswood errs. These errors, however may be attributable to the nature of the business, or may have been inherited from some of his official predecessors. Be this as it may, they are rather formal than substantial matters of objection—mere motes in a sunbeam, offending the eye without diminishing the light.

Judge Sharswood may be cited in support of our theory, that Judges—all other qualifications being equal—taken from the bar before they have been extensively engaged in practice, generally discharge their duties more satisfactorily than those who are hackneyed in litigation and therefore take partial or prejudiced views of a case. Unless the opposite sides of the issue exhibit great unequality in merit and strength, we defy any man to perceive from the deportment of the Judge, to what result his mind inclines. This is a great virtue in a judicial officer—nothing is so unbecoming in authority, as to descend from its high calling into the arena of professional degladiation, and advance gratuitous opinions, and join in a conflict between out-posts, before the mind entirely grasps the merits of the controversy. Counsel may be less observant of what they say or do, but a Judge should permit no word to escape his lips during the progress of a trial that may tend to bias a jury, or throw reproach upon one party or the other. Words, as we have elsewhere said, are things, and judicial words are very operative, if not controling things upon the minds of the "sworn twelve" who, having for the most part, but little light in themselves, look anxiously for the least glimmering of it that may be shed from the bench and sometimes convert that light into darkness.

Judge Sharswood puts his cases of course, very fairly to a jury; he seldom entreaches upon their right to determine upon facts, and when he charges upon the law, he does it with great clearness, precision and cogency, and so as to be comprehended by any man of the most ordinary intelligence. His thoughts are not only perspicuous, but the language in which they are clothed is so plain and unaffected as to prevent all equivocation or misapprehension.

PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
Democratic County Convention of Montour County.

ACCORDING to adjournment the Democratic County Convention met at the Court House in Danville, on Saturday, June 22d, inst. The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That W. D. Weidenhamer and Dr. E. C. Kester, are hereby appointed Representative Conferees to meet similar conferees from Columbia County, at Danville, at such time as may be agreed upon to nominate a candidate for Representative in the State Legislature, and that in case of inability to attend, said Conferees are hereby istructed to use all honorable meons for the nomination of Hon. Thomas Chalfant for Representative.

The following candidates were nominated:

For County Commissioner, Andrew C. Russel.

For District Attorney, George D. Butler.

For Jury Commissioner, Daniel Billmeyer.

For County Auditor, Elias Haas.

The Committee on Resolutions reported the following:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Montour county express their continued confidence in and adherance to the principles of civil government, promulgated and established by the founders of the Union.

2. That the Union of the States is perpetual, and the Federal Government, though one of the limited powers, is supreme within its constitutional limits.

3. That each State is entitled to its proper representation in Congress, and in the Electoral College; and that the denial of this right, or the refusal by the Republican majority in Congress to admit the legally elected representatives of any State or States to seats in Congress, or in the Senate of United States, is destructive of the first principles of the Government itself.

4. That each State has the exclusive right to determine the qualifications of voters within his own limits, and that any attempt by Congress to interfere with the exercise of this exclusive State right is a usurpation of power, and an outrage upon the rights of the people of the States.

5. That we are opposed to any amendment to the Constitution of this State which shall confer upon negroes the right to vote or hold office.

6. That we are opposed to the confiscation policy avowed by the leaders of the Republican party as a violation of the Declaration of Rights contained in our Constiution, and destructive of all protection to private propetry.

7. That the Republican party, by its reckless disregard of the the rights and interest of the people, by its unconscionable squandering of the public moneys upon political favorites and partisans, its unwarrented increase of the number of public officers at high salaries, and the consequent alarming increase of our national debt, as well as of the current yearly expenditures of the Government, both national and State.

8. That we are opposed to the subjugation of the civil to the military power in any of the States, and to the usurpation by Congress of the powers of the Executive and Judiciary Departments of the Government.

9. That the Republican party, by its action in the administration of the Government, has shown itself unfit to direct and control the government of a FREE constitution-loving and law-abiding people, and that a proper regard for our own interest, prosperity and happiness as a nation and for the perpetuity of our Government imperatively demands the speedy removal of that party from power.

10. That the success of the Democratic party is the only hope left to the people of a system of retrenchment which shall relieve the people from the present heavy burdens of taxation, and of a reform which shall secure our unity and perpetuity as a nation, and that in order to ensure this success the most efficient instrumentality is the newspaper press. We, therefore, urge upon every Democrat the importance of using every effort to increase the circulation of the Democratic papers, especially of his own county, by giving to it their individual patronage and by making vigorous effort to place it in the hands of every voter in the county.

11. That we have the fullest confidence in the integrity, uprightness and ability of the Hon. George Sharswood, the Democratic nominee for Judge of the Supreme Court, and pledge him our hearty and undivided support at the coming election.

12. That we approve of the action of our worthy and talented U. S. Senator, Hon. C. R. Buckalew, his firm adherence to Democratic measures, and his unyielding opposition to the destructive and disunion policy of the last Radical Congress, deserve the highest commendation of the Democracy of the State.

13. That the Hon. Geo. D. Jackson, our Democratic State Senator, has shown himself a Democrat worthy to be the Representative of the Democracy of the District.

14 That we heartily approve of the course of our late member of the State Legislature, Hon. Thomas Chalfant. That his prompt and watchful care over the local interests of his constituents, as well as his firm and manly opposition to the Radical measures of the Republican majority in the House of which he was a member, entities him to the thanks of the Democracy of the District as well as of the State.

15. That we will support the ticket this day nominated, and use all honorable endeavors to secure its success by a largely increased majority.

J. H. Campbell, Esq., was appointed Chairman of the Standing Committee.

The Convention was addressed by Mr. Campbell and Hon. Thos. Chalfant.

IT appears that while the Legislatures of the New England States are moving in the matter of encouraging the restocking of their rivers and streams with shad and salmon, the Canadian papers are complaining of the over-stocking of their streams with fish. The laws prohibiting netting in the streams have so increased the quantities of fish that the quality has deteriorated. This fact shows the legislative interposition effective in preventing the destruction of fish.

THE Radicals met in Williamsport on Wednesday to nominate a candidate for Supreme Bench, and after considerable pow-wow-ing selected the Hon. Henry W. Williams, at present a journeyman Judge of a little court in the county of Allegheny. He won't be required to resign.

Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$2 40
Rye "	1 25
Corn "	1 10
Flour per barrel	16 00
Cloverseed	7 00
Flaxseed	2 20
Butter	20
Eggs	18
Tallow	14
Potatoes	75
Dried Apples	2 50
Pork	12
Hams	15
Sides and Shoulders	12
Lard per pound	15
Hay per ton	25 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$16 00
Pine " " " (one inch)	18@20
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	8 00
" " 2 " "	7 00
Siding " " ft.	18 00

Philadelphia Markets.

THURSDAY, June 27, 1867.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$7.50@8.00
Northwestern extra	8.50@9.50
Northwestern family	10.00@11.25
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	8.00@8.50
Pennsylvania and Western extra	9.00@9.50
Pennsylvania and Western family	11.00@12.00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	13.00@14.00
Rye flour	6.75@6.00
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ⅌ bus	$2.40@2.50
Southern " "	$3.00@3.15
California " "	$2.90
" white "	$3.15@3.20
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, ⅌ bus	$1.00@1.15
CORN—Yellow, "	$1.04@1.06
White, "	$1.20@1.21
OATS—⅌ bus	75@80
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ⅌ bbl	$21.50
Mess Beef, "	$21.25
Dressed Hogs, ⅌ lb	8½@8⅝c
Smoked Hams "	13@15½c
" Shoulders ⅌ lb	13@13½c
Lard, ⅌ lb	13@13½c
SEEDS—Cloverseed ⅌ bus	$8.00@8.50
Timothyseed ⅌ bus	$3.50
Flaxseed "	$3.01@3.05
PIG IRON—No. 1 Scotch	$43.00
No. 1 American	$41.00
CATTLE—Beef Cattle ⅌ lb	18@19c
Cows, ⅌ head	$40@50
SHEEP—⅌ lb	6@6½c
HOGS—⅌ 100 lbs	$8.00@9.00

MARRIED.

ALE—BARTON—On the 19th inst., at the house of the bride's father, by the Rev. Thomas H. Cullen, Mr. ALFRED ALE to Miss KATE, daughter of Caleb Barton, of Bloomsburg.

WALTER—STRICKER—On the 9th instant, by Rev. T. M. Morris, Mr. DANIEL W. WALTER to Miss TILLIE STRICKER, both of Catawissa.

BENNETT—LAWTON—On the 19th inst., in Hughesville, Pa., by the Rev. H. W. Buck, Mr. ABRAHAM BENNETT, of Greenwood, Columbia county, to Miss ELMIRA LAWTON, of the same place.

M'AFEE—MICHAEL—On the 15th inst., in Beaver township, by G. P. Dreisbach, J. P., Mr. URIAH M'AFEE to Miss PHOEBE MICHAEL, of Mifflin, Columbia county.

HENRY—HESS—At the residence of Mr. M'Anall, in Berwick, on the 23rd inst., by Rev. Geo. J. Brensinger, Mr. WILLIAM HENRY to Miss KATE HESS, all of Columbia county.

PRYOR—PAINTER—On the 11th inst., by Rev. L. Coleman, Rector of St. Mark's Church, Mr. J. K. PRYOR to Miss SUE I. PAINTER, all of Mauch Chunk, Pa.

DIED.

MOORE—In Greenwood, on the 15th inst., SARAH E. MOORE, aged 11 years and 9 months.

LEMMONS—In Greenwood township, ELLA LEMMONS, aged 6 months and 6 days.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.—This remedy has long been cherished by the community for its remarkable efficacy in relieving, healing and curing the most obstinate, painful and long-stending cases of *Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup Asthma, Inflamation of the Lungs:* while even *Consumption* itself has yielded to its magic influence when all other means have failed. Its whole history proves that the past has produced no remedy of equal value, as a cure for the numerous and dangerous pulmonary affections which prevail all over the land.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.—*From Andrew Archer, Esq., of Fairfield, Me.*—"About eight years since my son, Henry A. Archer, now Postmaster at Fairfield, Somerset county, Me., was attacked with spitting of blood, cough, weakness of Lungs, and general debility, so much so that our family physician declared him to have a "Seated Consumption." He was under medical treatment for a number of months, but received no benefit from it. At length, from the solicitation of himself and others, I was induced to purchase one bottle of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which benefited him so much I obtained another bottle, which in a short time restored him to his usual state of health. I think I can safely recommend this remedy to others in like condition, for it is, I think, all it purports to be—The great Lung Remedy for the Times! The above statement, gentlemen, is my voluntary offering to you in favor of your Balsam, and is at your disposal."

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont St., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally. [jo'67.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE.—AMESBURY MASS., Oct. 13th 1865.—*Mr. Grace—Dear Sir:*—Having been afflicted grievously for several weeks with a severe abscess upon my side, I used several remedies for its eradication without receiving any relief, until I applied your salve, which effected a speedy and permanent cure. I therefore feel happy to certify my confidence in its virtues. Yours with respect,

JAMES BEAN.

I certify to the truthfulness of the above statement.

H. S. DEARBORN, M. D.

SETH W. FOWLE, & SON, Boston, Proprietors. Sold by all druggists, at 25 cents a box. By mail 35 cents.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
my31'67-1y.] Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y.

To Hotel and Saloon keepers of Bloomsburg and Columbia County.—I have appointed Mr. B. Stobner agent for the sale of my ale, porter, brown stout, and lager beer, who will supply you at the same price (and with the same article), as I would furnish you from the brewery. Knowing that he will be punctual and attentive to all who may favor him with their trade, I solicit for him your support. Very respectfully,

FRED LAUER,
Steam Brewery, Reading, Pa.

Candidates for Nomination.

The following gentlemen have been mentioned for nomination to the several County Offices to be filled by election the present year, and their names will be presented for the consideration of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR SHERIFF:

WILLIAM APPLEMAN,
BENTON TOWNSHIP.

MORDECAI MILLARD,
CENTRE TOWNSHIP.

ANDREW J. ALBERTSON,
GREENWOOD TOWNSHIP.

LEWIS ENKE,
BERWICK.

JOSIAH H. FURMAN,
BLOOM TOWNSHIP.

JAMES LAKE,
SCOTT TOWNSHIP.

SAMUEL KLINE,
BENTON TOWNSHIP.

FOR TREASURER:

JOHN H. HETLER,
MIFFLIN TOWNSHIP.

FRANKLIN L. SHUMAN,
CATAWISSA TOWNSHIP.

ROBERT STOUT,
MADISON TOWNSHIP.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

DAVID YEAGER,
LOCUST TOWNSHIP.

COUNTY TREASURER.—Having served the Democracy of Columbia county faithfully for a number of years in the capacity of editor and publisher of the BERWICK GAZETTE, and believing that long-continued service is entitled to consideration at the hands of the party, I have been induced to allow my name to go before the people as a candidate for COUNTY TREASURER. Should I be nominated and elected I promise to perform the duties of the office with fidelity and to the best of my ability. J. S. SANDERS.
Berwick, June 28, 1867.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Stockholders of the Centralia Water Company, that an election will be held on Saturday, the 27th day of July, 1867, at 2 o'clock P. M., in the School House, for the purpose of electing five Directors for the ensuing year. By order of the Board.

Attest S. E. VAN BEUREN, Sect'y.
Centralia, June 28, 1867-3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF JOHN STINER, DECEASED.—Letters of administration to the estate of John Stiner, late of Orange township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of Columbia county, to John Grow, who resides in Scott township, said county. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known to the administrator without delay, and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.

JOHN GROW, Adm'r.
June 28, 1867-6t.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT IN and for the County of Columbia: In the matter of the estate of Peter Eveland, deceased. And now to wit: May 6th, 1867, the Court appoint Elijah R. Ikeler, Esq., auditor, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Peter Eveland and John Eveland, administrators, to and amongst the heirs and legal representatives. By the Court. From the record. JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.

The auditor above named will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, July 27th at 10 o'clock a. m.

E. R. IKELER, Auditor.
Bloomsburg, June 28, 1867.

S. C. SHIVE,

CABINET MAKER,

AND MANUFACTURER BY STEAM OF

SASH, BLINDS, DOORS,

SHUTTERS, MOULDINGS,

WINDOW FRAMES, &C.

MAIN STREET,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

June 28, 1867.

PRIVATE SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

THE undersigned would announce to the public that he wishes to dispose at private sale of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACRES OF

TIMBER LAND,

situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia co., bounded by lands of Deancer M'Henry, Joseph Coleman, Samuel Coleman and others. The timber is principally white pine, yellow pine, rock oak and chestnut. Two hundred acres are nearly level, and all could be easily farmed. Ample time given, but good security is asked.

MICHAEL LEMON,
FORKS P. O.,
June 28, 1867. Columbia county, Pa.

LOCUST TWP. BOUNTY FUND.

WE, the undersigned Auditors of Locust township, hereby certify that we have settled with J. J. Campbell, Collector of Bounty Tax for 1864.

Amount on Duplicate DR.	$8,888 84
By exonerations CR.	349 64
By percentage	166 70
By cash paid P. K. Herbein, Treasurer	8,335 23
	$8,851 57
Balance in hands of Collector	37 27
Henry Helwig, on Duplicate for 1865. DR.	$3,414,33
CR. by exonerations	112 67
" by percentage	64 41
Paid P. K. Herbein, Treasurer,	3,237 35
	3,314 43
Peter K. Herbein, Treasurer of Bounty Fund, DR.	
By cash rec'd of J. J. Campbell, Collector	$8,335 23
By cash of Wm. Goodman, one of the committee for procuring volunteers	87 50
By cash of Henry Helwig, collector	3,244 18
	$11,667 18
Peter K. Herbein, claims an allowance for the following payments made:	
Paid to National Bank of Bloomsburg,	$10,469 32
" Albert Herbein a veteran soldier,	300 00
" Interest on sundry bonds,	331 52
" for stamps, duplicates and money on broken banks,	31 00
Percentage	55 61
Paid Henry Helwig	12 69
" Auditors for three days,	9 00
" W H Reinbold for procuring volunteers	17 42
" Committee	1 50
" Robert F Clark for collecting money from Henry Helwig,	40 67
	$11,268 65
Balance in hands of Treasurer	$398 33

REUBEN FAHRINGER,
ISAAC DYER,
DAVID YEAGER,
June 24, 1867. Auditors.

ESTRAY HEIFER.—CAME TO THE premises of the subscriber in Bloom township, a BRINDLE HEIFER, about three years old, formerly owned by Frederick Fiedler. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of as the law directs. MOSES COFFMAN.
Bloomsburg, June 14, 1867-3t.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

ESTATE OF I. W. HAUS, DEC'D.

Letters of administration with the will annexed to the estate of I. W. Haus, late of Centralia Borough, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Mary A. Haus. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent are requested to make them known to M. M. L'Velle, Esq., at Ashland, Pa., attorney for the estate; and all persons indebted are requested to make payment.

MARY A. HAUS, Administratrix
June 14, 1867. *cum testamento annexo.*

MERCHANDISE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To my friends and the public generally, that all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE,

NOTIONS, &C.,

are constantly on hand and for sale

AT BARTON'S OLD STAND,

BLOOMSBURG, BY

JAMES K. EYER.

☞ *Also*, Sole Agent for ELLIS' PHOSPHATE OF LIME. Large lot constantly on hand. [feb8'67.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at THE COLUMBIAN Steam Printing Office.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

NEW FURNITURE WAREROOMS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

ROOMS OVER MILLER'S STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

WHERE may be found the finest assortment of

FURNITURE

ever offered to the people of this section, consisting of

PARLOR, KITCHEN AND BED-ROOM FURNITURE,

of all kinds, sizes, styles, description and prices.

CHAIRS OF ALL STYLES,

Kitchen, Dining, Parlor and Sitting Room chairs,

EXTENSION TABLES,

Breakfast Tables, Dining Tables, Kitchen Tables, Library and Centre Tables.

SIDE BOARDS.

Chestnut, Walnut, and Chestnut-walnut Trimmed, Etageres—a large assortment on hand, well made and nicely finished.

DRESSING CASES,

Hall Stands, Hattrees and Brackets, every variety and finish.

SPRING BEDS.

The best ever offered to the public.

PICTURE FRAMES,

And in fact every thing to be found in a City Ware Room can be had in our rooms, and at the very lowest prices. I have established the

READY PAY AND ONE PRICE SYSTEM,

And warrant our goods as represented.

J. H. BATES.
Bloomsburg, May 31, 1867.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT PETER ENT'S STORE,

IN LIGHT STREET,

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received and has on hand at his old stand in Light Street, a large and select

ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE

purchased at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured elsewhere in Light Street,

FOR CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

choicest styles and latest fashions,

Calicoes, Muslins,
Ginghams, Flannels,
Hosiery, Carpets,
Silks, Shawls,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Satinetts, Cassimers,
Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans.
&C., &C., &C.

GROCERIES, MACKERAL,

Queensware, Cedarware, Hardware, Medicines, Drugs, Oils, Paints, &c.

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

In short everything usually kept in a country store. The patronage of his old friends and the public generally, is respectfully solicited.

The highest market price paid for country produce. PETER ENT.
Light Street, May 3, 1867.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT D. K. SLOAN'S STORE,

IN ORANGEVILLE, PA.,

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

The subscriber has just received and has on hand at his store in Orangeville, a large and select

ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE

purchased at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured elsewhere in Orangeville,

FOR CASH OR COUNTR