Farm, Garden & Household.

THE TREES DO NOT BEAR.

Several letters are at hand stating that the writers have trees of such and such varieties, planted so and so long, but which do not bear, and asking what is the matter. A tree goes on making a growth of wood for a greater or less number of years, according to the variety. At length the buds, which might have prolonged into branches, take on a new development, and bear flowers and fruit. In the natural course of things, the time when this change will take place is governed mainly by the character of the soil. In a very fertile soil, the tree will make wood, in preference to forming fruit, for a longer period than it will in a poorer one. In orchards, the tendency to form wood is checked when the trees have attained a sufficient size, by seeding down to grass. Whatever checks the growth of the tree, and threatens its life, has a tendency to throw it into fruiting. The time required for different varieties to come into bearing varies greatly, and this is a point on which our fruit books are very deficient in information. Some varieties of pears, for instance, will bear in two or three years from the bud, while with others one must wait for eight or ten years; and it is so with apples. With varieties which are naturally late in coming into bearing, our advices is to wait; but where a tree, which should bear, does not give fruit when at a reasonable age, we should root prune. The best time to do this is in the spring. Dig a trench around the tree, at a distance of one foot from it, for each inch of the diameter of the trunk, *i. e.*, a tree three inches through will have a trench forming a circle six feet in diameter. Dig down, and with a very sharp spade cut off every root that extends beyond the trench. There are modes of summer pruning to induce fruitfulness, but these can be applied to only a few trees, while root-pruning can be readily applied on the large scale.

ABOUT CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

After all the glories of the garden, the Chrysanthemum crowns the year. All through the summer it has a weedy and unattractive look, and most people let it have its own way. It is only storing up strength to withstand the frosts, and late in the season it will blaze with flowers. A neglected Chrysanthemum is good, but one properly cared for is a treasure. Suppose we start with one with a single stem, such as the florists send out. When it is fairly established and growing well, pinch off the top; this will cause several branches to start, and when they seem vigorous, pinch them again, and so keep on until the middle of August, or the first of September. Then if the branches are crowded, thin them out, and stop the suckers which will start up from below, as well as those branches which start too late to form flower buds. By a little care, supposing that the plants have not been put too near together, a handsome head may be formed. We have noticed that later in the season a hairy caterpillar is very destructive to the Chrysanthemum foliage, but it is easily shaken off and crushed. A dark colored aphis sometimes infests it; we have never had it sufficiently abundant to be beyond the control of thumb and finger, but if it should prove annoying we should try the effect of tobacco water.

How Good Farmers Save Money.—They take good papers and read them.

They keep account of farm operations.

They do not leave their implements scattered over the farm, exposed to the rain, snow and heat.

They repair tools and buildings at the proper time, and do not suffer a three-told expenditure of time and money.

They use their money judiciously and do not attend auction sales to purchase all kinds of trumpery because it is "cheap."

They do not refuse to make correct experiments, in a small way, of many new things.

They plant their fruit trees well, care for them, and of course they have good crops.

Successful farming is made up by attention to the little things. The farmer who does his best, earns his money with best appreciation, and uses it with best results. Such men are the "salt of the earth."

Early Bearing of Fruit Trees.—We have not the least doubt that allowing trees to bear heavily when young is injurious both to the health of the trees and its future bearing. We have noticed upon our own premises on several occasions that whenever we allowed young trees to bear unreasonably it effected its future bearing for two or three years. We have since reduced the early product of a tree to from one to three specimens, and have found the trees afterward to go on bearing regularly. It is the same case when a tree, of whatever age it may be, is permitted to mature three times as much fruit as it ought to do.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

A practical farmer writes: "In my observations for twenty years, in the practical application of manure, I am convinced that what is ordinarily termed 'mulching,' or the application of thoroughly decomposed barnyard manure to the surface, is the most economical use of this class of fertilizers. From this experience I am convinced that one cord of manure applied on wheat-ground at the time of sowing, or on the ground intended for corn in the late autumn, or applied to all varieties of large or small fruits, is worth three cords plowed or dug under to a depth of eight inches."

Hogs in Orchards.—If you are not particular about the looks, turn your hogs into the orchard. But keep the wire out of their snouts. Let them root to their heart's content; mellow the soil; they are equivalent to a cultivator—better in a sod; they are continual workers. They will meet three important things: they will work the soil, manure it, and destroy the infected fruit. This remedy, for at least two years, is advisable. Then grow sod, if you like, and your soil is rich enough. In olden times hogs were in orchards, and there was fruit.

The *Rural New Yorker* gives the following as the method of making the English patent harness blacking, which is commended for keeping leather soft, and giving it a good polish. Dissolve together over a slow fire, three ounces of turpentine, two ounces of white wax; then add one ounce of ivory black and one drachm of indigo, to be well pulverized and mixed together. When the wax and turpentine are dissolved, add the ivory black and indigo, and stir till cold. Apply very thin, and brush afterwards.

A New Wrinkle.—A writer in the Ohio *Farmer* says that after a horse is nine years old, a wrinkle comes on the eye-lid, and every year thereafter he has an additional well-defined wrinkle on the same spot. If, for instance, a horse has three wrinkles he is twelve, if four, he is thirteen. Add the number of wrinkles to nine and you will always get the age. As a good many people have horses over nine, it is easily tried.

Ashes for Peas—The *Rural New Yorker* says, a woman sends us the following from her diary of her market garden: "In the spring of 1866, in sowing peas we ashed some in the row, leaving others unashed. The difference was very remarkable. Those that were ashed were more thrifty, of a darker, richer color, producing at the time of picking larger pods, and a superior quality of peas. The same is true of turnips."

Humorous.

JOSH BILLINGS ON COURTING.

Courting iz a luxury, it is ise water, it iz the pla spell of the sole. The man who has never courted has lived in vain; he has been a blind man amung landskapes, he has bin a deaf man in the land ov hand-organs, and by the side of murmuring canals. Courting is like 2 little springs uv water that start out from under a rock at the foot of a mountain, and runs down hill, side bi side, singing, dancing, and spattering each other, eddying and frothing and kaskading, now hiding under the bank, now full uv shadder, till bymeby they jine, and then they go slow. I am in favor uv long kourting; it gives the parties a chance to find out each uther's trump cards. It iz good exercise, and is jist as innocent az 2 merino lambs.

Courtin is like strawberries and cream—wants to be did slow, then you git the flavor. I have seen folks get acquainted, fall in luv, get married settle down and get to work in three weeks from date. This is jist the way some folks larn a trade—which akount for the great number of almighty meue mechanics and the poor jobs they turn out.

Perhaps it iz best I should state sum good advice to young men who are about to court with a view to matrimony, as it was.

In the fust place, yung men, yu want tu git yure system awl right, then find a yung woman who is willing to be courted on the square. Then next thing is to find out how old she is, which yu can do by askin her, and she will sa she is 19 years old, and this yu will find won't be more'n leven years out of the wa.

The next thing is tu begin moderate; sa once every nite in the week for the fust six months, inkreasin, the dose as the pashent seems tew require.

It is a fust rate way to kourt the girl's muther a little on the start, for there is 1 thing a woman never despises, and that is a little good courtin, if it is done on the square.

After the fust year yu will git acquainted, and will begin to like the biziness.

There is 1 thing I always advise, that is not to swop fotygraffs oftner than onst in every 16 dase unless yu forgit how the gal looks.

Ocksasionally yu want tu look sorry and draw in yure wind as tho yu had pane; this will set the girl to teezing yu tu find out what ails yu.

Evening meetings are a good thing 2 tend. It will keep yure religion in tune and if yure girl happens tu be there, bi accident, she can ask you to go home with her.

Az a general thing I wouldn't brag on other girls much when I was courtin. It might look as tho yu knew too much.

If you court three years in this wa, all the time on the square, if you don't say it is the sleekest time of your life, you can go to the cheapest store in town and git measured for plug hat at mi expense and pay for it.

Don't court for munny, nor buty, nor relashuns; those things are just about as the kersene ile refining bizness—liable to git out of repair and bust at any minit. Court a gal for fun, for the love you bear her, for the virtue and biziness there is in her; court her for a wife, court her as yu wood court a farm for the sale, and the perfection of the title; court her as tho she wasn't a fule and yu another. Court her in the kitchen, over the wash tub and at the pianner; court this wa, young man, and if yu don't git a wife the fault won't be in the courtin.

Yung man, yu can rely on Josiar Billings, and if yu kan't make these rules work jist send for him, and he will sho yu how the thing is did—and it shant cost you a cent.

Companions-in-arms—Twin-babies.

Somebody advertises real-estate dirt cheap.

Shifting the responsibility—Dressing the baby.

A senior wrangler—A wife older than yourself.

What soup would canibals prefer? The "broth of a boy."

The main-stay of lovely women is the corset—of men, the greenback.

Ladies wear corsets from instinct—a natural love for being squezed.

What part of a gun is fit for wearing apparel? The breech is.

If ladies were cast adrift on the sea, where would they steer to? The Isle of man.

The sauce manufactured between a pair of impudent lips is not the best.

Young America thinks marriage must be favorably to longevity; an old maid never lives to be more than thirty.

A disagreeable man down East says he believes in the woman's movement—on washing day.

Sidney Smith compares the whistle ot a locomotive to the squeal of an attorney, when Satan first gets a hold of him.

"Dos't care much about the bugs," said Mrs. Swinkle, "but the truth is, I've not got the blood to spare."

"Sam, why am de hogs de most intelligent folks in de world?" "Because dey nose everything."

"I won't pay for steaks as tough as these,' said an angry boarder; 'no law can compel me—they're not legal tender."

A Man in Rhode Island was sent to jail for ten days for sleeping in church. Nothing was done to the clergyman.

An editor in Maine is a great lover of geological pursuits, and a cotemporary says he is the richest man in the State, because he has always a pocket full of rocks.

Kisses are like creation, because they are made out of nothing, and are very good. They are also like sermons, requiring two heads and an application.

There is a man who labors under the delusion that "Hon." before a man's name stands for honest. He ought to be in the museum.

O'Leary, gazing with astonishment upon an elephant in a menagerie, asked the keeper, "what kind of a baste is that atin' hay with his tail?"

"Attention men!" said a corporal to a division of recruits. "When your names are called you say, here, and he who is not here, say absent."

False teeth are now sold by the thousand or by the bushel, as may be preferred—and the next thing will doubtless be the insertion of full sets by steam.

"Has the Thing Lit."—A gawky back woods boy was once at a depot of one of the Georgia railroads, and was, of course, deeply interested in gazing, for the first time, at the "fixins."

Finally he got inside of the car, and while indulging his unbounded curiosity the whistle screamed, the bell rang and the steam horse began to surge at the rate of 2 40.

"Oh Lordy," shouted the boy "stop it; I ain't gwine."

Bursting forward, he opened the door and jumped out upon the platform. Just then the train was crossing a deep and cadaverous looking gorge, on trestle work, and seeing the earth and tree tops beneath him he fainted and fell. Directly he came to and looking up to the conductor, who stood near, he exclaimed with a deep sigh:

"Oh Lordy, stranger, has the thing lit?"

ARCHITECTURE.

General and detailed plans and drawings, for churches and other public building, private residences &c., furnished short notice and at reasonable prices. C. N. HICKOK.
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Medicinal.

WHY ENDURE A LIVING DEATH?

The confirmed dyspeptic may almost say with St. Peter, "I die daily." The object of this article is not to remind him of his pangs, but to show him how to banish them forever. The means of immediate and permanent relief are proffered him in

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

And it is for him to say whether he will continue to endure a living death, or to put himself in a position to render life enjoyable.

LIVING ADVERTISEMENTS

Of the efficacy of this matchless vegetable stomachic are to be found in every city and town in the United States—healthy men and women rescued from torture by its use, and eager to bear testimony to its virtues. It differs from any other bitters in existence, in this especial particular—it is not alcoholic.

For such constitutions and systems as require for their invigoration a diffusive stimulant,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Has been provided—a preparation in which the solid extracts of the finest restoratives of the vegetable kingdom are held in solution by a spirituous agent, purged of all deleterious constituents. The patient, in choosing between these two great antidotes, should be guided by his own condition. If in a very low state, from debility, the Tonic should be his selection; but in cases where the emergency is not so pressing, the Bitters is the specific required. Thousands find infinite benefit from taking each in turn. There is no phase of indigestion, Biliousness, Nervous Disease, or Physical Prostration, to which they are not adapted, and in which, singly or combined, they will not effect a cure.

EXCHANGE PAIN FOR EASE,

And Weakness for Strength. Get rid of the ailments which interfere with enjoyment; cast gloom and despondency to the winds; take a stronger hold of life, and, in short,

BECOME A NEW MAN!

Through the instrumentality of the most powerful and popular of all vegetable invigorants and correctives.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Biliousness, Indigestion, General Debility, and all the complaints which proceed from a want of proper action in the Liver, the Stomach, and the Bowels, are eradicated by a course of this great

CONSTITUTIONAL SPECIFIC,

Which not only combats and conquers diseases that have intrenched themselves in the system, but is the best known safeguard against all unhealthy influences. Persons whose occupations and pursuits subject them to the depressing effects of a close, unwholesome atmosphere should take it regularly, as a protection against the low fevers and other disorders which malaria engenders. Invalids who are

WASTING AWAY,

Without any special complaint, except a gradual declination of bodily strength and nervous energy, will find in the Bitters a fountain of vitality and vigor as refreshing and exhilerating as a pool in the desert to the sand-scorched and fainting travelers.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, Extracts) of Roots, Herbs and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated and entirely *free from alcoholic admixtures of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach, such as

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking, or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, and Limbs, etc. etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great depression of spirits.

They are the Greatest and Best

BLOOD PURIFIERS EVER KNOWN,

And will cure all diseases resulting from bad blood. Keep your blood pure. Keep your Liver in order. Keep your digestive organs in a sound, healthy condition, by the use of these remedies, and no disease will ever assail.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN,

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

THE WHOLE SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA SPEAK FOR THESE REMEDIES.

WHO WOULD ASK FOR MORE DIGNIFIED OR STRONGER TESTIMONY?

HON. GEORGE WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system.

"Yours truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. GEORGE SHARSWOOD,

Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, writes:

Philadelphia, June 1, 1868.

I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost directly.

GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.

"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,

"JAMES THOMPSON."

HON. JAMES ROSS SNOWDEN,

Prothonotary of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, writes:

Philadelphia, Sept. 14, 1867.

"Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very useful article as a tonic and an appetizer. It is not an intoxicating drink, and may be used beneficially by persons of all ages.

Respectfully yours,
JAMES ROSS SNOWDEN.

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" " " half dozen..... 5 00
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☞ Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

☞ For sale by druggists and dealers in medicine everywhere.

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Medicinal.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

Middleton's Wonderful Pain Cure.

A sure remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Growing Pains, Sprains, Bruises, Stiffness of the Joints and similar diseases.

This wonderful remedy is composed entirely of vegetable ingredients. There are no injurious substances used in its manufacture.

For assurance of its excellent properties, read the following certificates:

Bedford, May 8, 1869. I take great pleasure in giving my testimony to the value of "Middleton's Wonderful Pain Cure." I have been a martyr to Rheumatism. For two months previous to Feb. 25th, last, I was suffering intensely with pain so severe, that during all that time I had not one night of comfortable sleep. I could not put my hands to my face, could not comb my own hair, nor feed myself; but after having the Pain Cure applied once, I found relief enough to give me comfortable sleep, and with its steady use, I continued to get better, and now at the end of ten weeks from its first application, I have comparatively free use of my hands, sleep well and can attend to business. It has done me more good than all other medicines I have ever used put together, and I cheerfully give this certificate of its value. ELI M. FISHER.

Bedford, April 14, 1869. Mr. W. W. Middleton: This is to certify that I was taken with Rheumatism, in my right shoulder, on the evening of the 8th inst., so that I was unable to raise my hand to my face. I got some of your Pain Cure and applied it twice, and was entirely relieved. I would recommend to every one who suffers with Rheumatism to give it a trial and be cured.

Yours &c, A. F. MILLER.

Bedford, May 17, 1869. Mr. Middleton: Dear Sir—I have used several bottles of your medicine in my family, and find it to be all you claim for it. Yours, truly, JOHN HAFER.

Bedford, May 13, 1869. This is to certify that I have used "Middleion's Pain Cure," for Rheumatism, and was very much benefitted by it.

JOHN HARRIS.

Bedford, May 18, 1869. This is to certify that I have used Middleton's Liniment for the Rheumatism, which I had in my right shoulder so bad that I could not get my hand to my head without great pain, and after a few applications was entirely relieved. L. F. DART.

Bedford, May 1, 1869. Mr. Middleton: Dear Sir:—Mrs. Bowser was in much suffering for some four weeks with Rheumatism, and got some of your Pain Cure, and the first night I applied it it eased the pain; and after keeping on using it for two weeks she was restored to health. I feel it to be my duty, as it is a pleasure, to write this recommendation for the benefit of others.

JACOB BOWSER.

Bedford, May 16, 1869. Mr. W. W. Middleton: Sir—I procured a bottle of your Liniment for Rheumatism, and it gives me great pleasure in saying that after using it for two days, my rheumatism was completely relieved. My sister was suffering, at the same time, with Inflamatory Rheumatism in her right hand and wrist—after using it for several days she was relieved. Iconsider it the best remedy I ever heard of.

JOHN KEEFE.

Bedford, May 24, 1869. This is to certify that I have used one bottle of Middleton's Liniment, for Rheumatism, and think it a good cure, and would recommend it to all persons that are afflicted with the above disease.

AUGUSTUS GARVER.

Bedford, May 26, 1869. Mr. Middleton: Sir—I procured one bottle of your medicine and used one-half of it for Rheumatism, which effected a permanent cure up to this time. I cannot hesitate in saying that it is the best remedy I ever used. A. B. CARN.

This excellent PAIN CURE is prepared only by W. W. MIDDLETON, Bedford, Pa., to whom all orders for the medicine should be addressed.
4june'69:1y

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A LAXATIVE MEDICINE.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have used it, know that it cured them: those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœ*, but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitaion of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins*, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change these complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppressions* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effects on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO.,
Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.
2ocly Dr. B. F. HARRY, Agent, Bedford, Pa

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BUCKETS, TUBS, CHURNS,
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ROPE OF ALL KINDS.

T. M. LYNCH.

Bedford, June 4.

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