Bedford Inquirer.

BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1869

STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JOHN W. GEARY.
(Subject to the decision of the State Convention.)

DISTRICT TICKET,

SENATOR,
G. SHANNON MULLIN,
(Subject to the decision of the Dist. Conference.)

ASSEMBLY,
J. H. LONGENECKER, Esq.
(Subject to the decision of the Dist. Conference.)

COUNTY TICKET.

PROTHONOTARY,
J. W. LINGENFELTER, Esq., of Bedford Bor.

SHERIFF,
WILLIAM DIBERT, of Bedford Bor.

TREASURER,
WILLIAM PHILLIPS, of Bedford Twp.

COMMISSIONER,
JAMES FINK, of Hopewell Twp.

POOR DIRECTOR,
EMANUEL J. DIEHL, of Colerain Twp.

CORONER,
DR. A. S. SMITH, of St. Clairsville Bor.

AUDITOR,
JOHN P. WILLIAMS, of South Woodbery Twp.

THE "DADDY DID SO" ARGUMENT.

Our neighbors of the *Gazette* have been harping for several weeks on the fact that Messrs. Russell, Barndollar, and Cline voted for the insertion of the word white in the Constitution of Pennsylvania in the Convention of 1839. Thirty years have made great changes. Human civilization has made vast strides in that time in the way of progress. We have no doubt that if those three very worthy gentlemen were living to-day and privileged to reconsider their act of thirty years ago they would vote to-day just as Stutzman, Longenecker and Weiler voted. Why less than ten years ago these very scribblers for the *Gazette* were crying aloud in defence of slavery as a divine institution. They have since then defended and advocated the cause of one of the most iniquitous rebellions that ever disgraced the annals of christendom. They are already heartily ashamed of both, though but five years have elapsed. If they had but for a moment considered their own course they would not have been guilty of the folly of making an appeal to an intelligent community against human rights and human liberty, with no better argument than that because the fathers erred their sons should continue in the error. It is the argument of a class of people who know no reason for what they do and when asked are only to ejaculate "Daddy did so." Thirty years ago we travelled by coaches or on horseback from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh and the post was the most rapid means of communicating even the most important news. Thus did our fathers. Who starting in a hurry to Philadelphia would think of mounting his horse and spending a week on the road now, if business of importance required his presence there at the earliest possible moment? Would the *Gazette* scribblers do so? Verily they might and defend the wisdom of their conduct with their unanswered "Daddy did so." If Business required the instant transmission of intelligence to the remotest portions of the country would they hastily indite a letter, seal it with a wafer and send it by a messenger on horseback? Surely they might and quote the example of "Daddy did so." Do the Gentlemen of the *Gazette* expect to ignore railroads, steamboats, telegraphs, revolutions in science, art, and politics, all the progress of thirty years by the miserable argument that "Daddy did so"? Thirty years ago the slave power was dominant. To-day it is utterly destroyed, and Liberty is the watchword not only of the nation but of the world. A new and better era has dawned upon our nation. We are now living up to the full enjoyment of Jefferson's ideal when he penned the glorious sentiments of the great Declaration of Independence. This is a nation of FREEMEN. Awake ye sleepers! cease to dream of the dark, dead past. The sun of liberty has risen upon us, and a better day has dawned. Your Rip Van Winkle sleep has bewildered your senses. Rub your eyes and look around you. Daddy's old post chaise has become antiquated, his wooden mould-board plow has rotted in the furrow, you need not go to seek it now, the last vestage has long since disappeared and like it the brutality and inhumanity of slavery have disappeared from our statute books forever. "Daddy did so" did not save it nor will it save you. The men who voted for the Fifteenth Amendment will be held in grateful remembrance when the memory of the slave-driver and all his lackeys shall have rotted in oblivion.

THE AMERICAN YEAR-BOOK FOR 1869.

The AMERICAN YEAR BOOK and NATIONAL REGISTER, published by O. D. Case & Co., Hartford, condenses into 823 pages a large amount of important information respecting our own land and other countries.

Besides very full and complete calendar tables, it includes all the important celestial phenomena for 1869; tables of Latitude and Longitude, and difference of time for 375 of the most important places on the globe; a list of the presidents, vice presidents, members of the cabinet, judges, &c., since 1789; and of the Governors of the states and territories from their organization.

There is an account of each department of the General Government, with its bureaus, and chief officers and their duties. In the state department, under the head of Intercourse with Foreign Nations, there is a full list of ministers, diplomatic agents, and consular officers, with their official residences, embracing all the places at which our government is represented; and of the foreign legations in the United States with the consuls of foreign countries, and their places of business, including, in all, more than fourteen hundred names.

The full account of the Treasury Department, Coast Survey and Light House Districts; the Army and Navy, the military and naval academies, with lists of army and naval officers; the operations of the Post Office department; the Patent Office and the Land Bureau; the Departments of Agriculture and Education; the list of colleges, collegiate institutions, medical, law and normal schools, will be of interest to many who have not access to a large number of public documents, and who could gain the information only by long and laborious investigation.

There is a condensed account of the proceedings of Congress including the Impeachment Trial, Reconstruction in the Southern States, and other important matters; the national debt at different periods; receipts and expenditures of the government; sales of merchandise; National Banks, and Abstracts of the Public Laws.

A brief historical notice is given of each state and territory, with a list of the executive and judicial officers; the number and term of service of members of the legislatures; an account of the finances, state debt, educational, charitable and penal institutions; and the population, wealth and industry of each. There is also a summary of all the foreign governments, with the rulers, expenditures, revenue, army and navy, and other important facts regarding each country.

The statistics of the religions of the world give not only the general classification of different nations, but a detailed account of the number connected with each denomination in each state, and in other portions of the civilized world.

There are miscellaneous essays upon Agriculture; Currency and Finance; Mining; Literature and the Literary Influences of the day; and full tables of Presidential election returns with the vote in each county for Electors since 1836. More than 30 pages are occupied with the Record of Important Events in 1868, and the Obituaries include notices of 140 of the most eminent persons deceased in 1868.

SUMNER'S speech on the Alabama Treaty has created quite a sensation in England. Unqualified condemnation is heard on every side, but no attempt to refute Sumner's arguments has yet been made. Our British neighbors are heartily sick of the ugly question of the Alabama claims, for they know our claims are just and we have the power to enforce them, but they are loathe to acknowledge their wrong. After this bit of bluster is over we shall soon have them negotiating for a settlement; for while we can, they cannot, afford to leave it an open question. Johnny Bull evidently has a pretty large elephant on his hands just now.

THE latest newspaper sensation is the outrageous conduct of the New York Sun in publishing a garbled batch of private letters purporting to have been written by John R. Young of the New York *Tribune*. The act of the Sun was simply outrageous and seems to have been dictated by a spirit of pure malice. Very damaging charges are brought against Mr. Young for which he has brought suit for libel against the editor of the Sun, Mr. Dana, laying damages at $100,000. Mr. Young has also prosecuted the proprietor of the Philadelphia *Press* for the publication of the same letters taken from the *Sun*.

WE are indebted to our member of the Legislature J. H. Longenecker Esq, for copies of the Registry Act, and the Appropriation Bill, the latter of which will receive our attention as soon as we have time to examine it. We think there are a number of items in it that will bear discussion not only with advantage to the taxpayers but also to the Republican party. Republicanism is pledged to retrenchment and reform and though much good and praiseworthy work has already been done we think there is still room for more.

GENERAL ROSECRANS is intent on signalizing his Mexican mission by the purchase of a little more land and writes home for a little more time to complete his negotiations with the Juarez Government. When shall we cease to buy useless lands? Can we not have an act of Congress to prohibit wholesale purchases of real estate by the government at least until we get our present indebtedness into a manageable shape. Let us have no more purchases until we are out of debt. Perhaps ere that we may get plenty without buying.

MR. CHARLES G. LELAND sails for Europe to-day in the Pereire from this port. He has retired we believe for awhile from the labors of journalism, and purposes remaining abroad one or two years at least. The progenitor of Hans Breitmann is sure of a cordial reception in England; and while we shall regret the absence of a gentleman who has reflected so much credit upon the literary profession, it will be pleasant to know that American humor and American scholarship will both be honored abroad in his person.—*Tribune.*

IT is still rumored that the our Government has determined to grant belligerent rights to the struggling Cubans, but the report is considered premature. No fears are entertained of any undue haste in the matter. Though our people everywhere heartily sympathize with the revolution there is no disposition to forget the rights of sister nations or to compromise the character and dignity of our own.

LATE reports from the Pacific Railroad reveal an amount of deception, mismanagement and bad faith generally, that will very much abate the joy with which our people would otherwise hail the completion of this gigantic enterprise. It renders pretty certain what has already been strongly hinted, that government should leave future roads to the management of individuals and private enterprise.

SECRETARY BOUTWELL still continues his work of reform and retrenchment in the Treasury Department. His work is already beginning to tell. The forthcoming monthly statement of the public debt will show a largely increased reduction.

THE official Treasury statement shows a decrease of the public debt, during April, of nearly six and a half millions. Of the $24,000,000 due for interest May 1st, upwards of $3,000,000 has been paid in advance.

THE *Shippingsburg News* recently burned out a few weeks ago is again upon our table perfectly restored. Its editor, D. K. Wagner Esq., deserves great credit for his energy in revivifying it in so short a time.

THE Mexican Government has determined to grant Cuba belligerent rights by the decisive vote of 100 to 12.

THE Pennsylvania State Fair will be held at Harrisburg this year, commencing on the last Tuesday of September.

GOLD closed in New York Saturday at 134¾@134¾.

THE cotton mills in the United States are 6,527 in number, running 7,585,082 spindles, and consuming 417,367,771 pounds of cotton per annum. This gives to each mill an average of 1,162 spindles, and a consumption of 63,945 pounds of cotton per annum. The statistics, arranged according to the great geographical divisions of the country, are as follows: Northern States, 6,441 mills, running 7,359,020 spindles, consuming 385,952,021 pounds of cotton annually. Southern States, 86 mills, running 226,062 spindles, consuming 31,418,750 pounds of cotton annually. This gives to each of the mills in the Northern States 1,142 spindles, and an annual consumption of 59,921 pounds of cotton, and each of the mills in the Southern States an average of 2,638 spindles, and an annual consumption of 365,290 pounds of cotton. The mills in the Southern States, it will be perceived, are large establishments.

THE Pennsylvania Central is stretching out its Briarian arms in all directions, and what it catches in its embrace it is likely to hold. The Cincinnati Commercial is authority for the statement that with a view to Southern business it has obtained control of the railroad from Covington, opposite Cincinnati, to Louisville. This road has not yet been open to travel, but will be in a week or two, as soon as some portions of it are ballasted. It reduces the distance between Cincinnati and Louisville to one hundred and four miles.

The Last Soldier of the Revolution.

A correspondent of the Warsaw *Democrat* announces the death of Daniel Frederick Beakman, the last survivor of the Revolution, which took place at Sandusky, Cattaraugus county, N. Y., on the morning of April 5th, 1869, at the green old age of 109 years, being born in New Jersey about 1760. When a child, his parents emigrated to the Mohawk Valley, where they lived during the revolutionary war. Previous to the skirmish or battle of Fort Plain, in 1778, young Beakman was enrolled in the militia, and took part in that battle—his first service. At that time, being Dutch, and not understanding our language, he could not tell whether he enlisted into the army or not. He only remembered that his captain's name was Vanarum. He was in the service several months as teamster. About 1828, he became a resident of what is now the town of Arcade, Wyoming county, N. Y. About 1845 he removed to the town of Freedom, Cataraugus county, where he has since resided. His wife, with whom he has lived over eighty five years, was two years his senior, and died six years ago, aged 105. In all applications for a pension, made by his friends in his behalf, there was a failure for want of proof, until in February, 1867, when a special act was passed by Congress, allowing him, and Gray, of Ohio, $500 per annum. In religion Mr. Beakman was a Lutheran; in politics a Democrat, voting first for Washington, and at all Presidential elections since, voting a Democratic ticket—except last fall, when he was converted, and voted for General Grant. His two eldest sons died a few months ago, over eighty years of age; several of his children are now living. His descendants of the fourth and fifth generations are numerous.

Can Women Keep a Secret?

George Francis Train readers judgment as follows: Men say women can't keep a secret. It is just the reverse—women can, men can't. Women carry with them to their graves secrets that would kill any man. Woman never tells; man always does. Woman suffers and dies; man blabs and lives. Man cannot keep a secret; woman cannot make it known. What is sport to the man is death to the woman. Adam was a sneak. Eve would have kept the apple secret. Be ye fruitful. Whoever heard a woman talk about her love fiascos? Everybody has heard a man gossip. Man delights in telling of his illicit conquests; woman would cut out her tongue first. Men are coarse in their club room talk; women refined in their parlor conversation. Who ever heard of a woman telling of her lovers? Who has not listened to the dissipation of the men? Men boast; women don't. Women never tell tales out of school; men are always babbling. So down with another old adage. Woman cant keep a secret.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS.—John Stuart Mill, the celebrated English author of works on political economy, has recently written a letter on the subject of Competitive Examinations, as applied to the civil service in the United States. He says: "I have long thought that the appointments to office, without regard to qualifications, are the worst side of American institutions; the main cause of what is justly complained of in their practical operation, and the principal hindrance to the correction of what is amiss, as well as a cause of ill repute to democratic institutions all over the world. If appointments were given, not by political influence, but by open competition, the practice of turning out the holders of office at every change in politics, in order to reward partisans, would necessarily cease, and with it nearly all the corruption and the larger half of the virulance of mere party conflict."

DISTRESSING CASE.—Some months ago the daughter of a Mr. Bollins, who lives near Lansing, Mich., was suddenly afflicted with toothache, and despite all efforts to effect a remedy, the evil increased, until one night the little one awoke with a piercing scream, holding the bad tooth in her hand. The pain continued, however, and, looking for the cavity in the gum, a swelling, looking like a large boil, appeared there, the thing having grown until it had pushed the tooth out of its socket. From that time the swelling gradually but surely increased in size. Medical examination showed it to be a cancer, and every effort by lance and otherwise, to prevent its growth had been unavailing. Some time since the little one's mouth was so nearly filled with it, that she had to push her food to her throat with her fingers, and a few days since, the air-pipes being closed by the abominable excrescence, she smothered to death.

Why Will You Suffer.

When the remedy is so easily procured.
If you are Debilitated,
If you are Nervous,
If you have the Dyspepsia,
If you have no Appetite,
If you have no Energy,
If you never feel well,
If you have any ailment proceeding from weakness of the digestive organs, use a few bottles of Hoofland's German Bitters, and you will soon feel like a different person.

"Hoofland's German Bitters" is entirely free from all Alcoholic admixture.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC will cure the same Diseases as Hoofland's Bitters, and is a compound of all the ingredients of Bitters with *pure* Santa Cruz Rum, orange juice, &c., making one of the most agreeable and pleasant remedies extant. Principal Office, 631 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists.

THE Supreme Court of the United States has rendered the following decision in the case of Ellen Kelley vs. Edward Owens, on appeal from the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, to wit: That any alien white woman married to a citizen of the United States is a citizen under the act of 10th February, 1855, which is in the following language: "Any woman who might lawfully be naturalized under existing laws, married, or who shall be married to a citizen of the United States, shall be deemed and taken to be a citizen of the United States." There has hitherto been a great diversity of opinion as to the construction of the above act by the lawyers of the country, but the above decision settles the matter beyond controversy.

JOHN P. HALE, in compliance with the evident, if not plainly expressed wish of the State Department, has resigned the Spanish mission. Mr. Sanford, at present minister to Belgium, was nominated by the President as Hale's successor, but the Senate tabled the nomination, which is almost equivalent to a rejection. It is rumored that the President will give the appointment to General Sickles, who will be commissioned in accordance with the provisions of the amended civil tenure act. Mr. Hale denies the charge of smuggling which has been made against him, and for the honor of the country as well as his own, we hope he may be able to successfully vindicate himself. There is at present an almost universal belief that he is guilty.

LEBANON COUNTY ITEMS.—*A Flash of Light from a Cloudless Sky.*—A few weeks ago, as several gentlemen were engaged in conversation, at the residence of a friend in the eastern part of Lebanon county, they were startled, about ten o'clock at night, by a sudden flash of light, which brilliantly illuminated the house and surrounding objects. Supposing that a storm was coming on, one of the gentlemen stepped to the door, but not a cloud could be seen nor any object from which the light could have proceeded. The only solution of the phenomenon which they could arrive at, was that a very large and brilliant meteor had passed athwart the heavens, and caused the sudden and startling phenomenon.

THE Coolies introduced into the British West India Colonies during 1868, according to a Parliamentary return just published in England, amounted in number to 3,001 persons, of whom 1,367 went to Trinidad, and 1,534 into British Guiana. Since 1843 there have been 207,022 immigrants introduced into the British West Indies, and 341,265 into the island of Mauritius. During the same period, over 100,000 have returned from the colonies mentioned to their native countries.

A SHREWD but unenlightened school director, away out West, used to say, on examining a candidate for the post of teacher, "We all know that a, b, c is vowels, but we want to know why they is vowels."

ITEMS.

HON. HORACE GREELEY has accepted an appointment as commissioner to examine the Pacific Railroads, which was tendered to him by the President.

MR. THORNTON, the British minister in Washington, has intimated that any further consideration of the Alabama claims must be commenced on the part of the Government of the United States.

REV. J. C. LOVEJOY has been removed from the Boston custom-house, and his place given to Charles L. Mitchell, a colored man, who lost a leg in the war, and who has been a member of the Massachusetts legisture.

THE Prussian minister, Baron Gerolt, is going to Europe on a three months' leave of absence. He is the oldest of the European ministers in Washington. M. Barthemy, the French minister, goes to Paris on leave of absence; but it is understood that he is not likely to return.

THE British minister at Pekin has sent advices to his government strongly contradicting the statement of Abassador Burlingame in relation to the progressive tendency of Chinese imperial ideas. At least, so say the Cable dispatches from London.

THE most important piece of news of the week in relation to Cuban affairs is that of the Mexican Congress having authorized President Juarez to recognize the Cuban insurgents as belligerents whenever he thinks proper. Vessels bearing the Cuban flag are admitted into the ports of Mexico.

THE Bostonians have got up a petition to the president in favor of the appointment of Frederick Douglas as minister to Brazil. If he should be sent to the Court of Don Pedro II. he will find a good many officials about the emperor much darker in complexion than himself.

SECRETARY BOUTWELL has issued an order requiring the collection of custom-house duty on all goods purchased in Canada and brought into the United States. This is intended to prevent the extensive smuggling which has long been practiced by people living near the Suspension Bridge, who step over the river to buy their clothing and cutlery.

DECREASE OF IRISH EMIGRATION.—The number of emigrants who left the Irish ports in 1868, was 62,100, being a decrease of 19,534 compared with 1867. The number of males who emigrated in 1868 was 36,181, being 9,680 less than in the previous year; the females amounted to 16,000, being a decrease of 9,854 compared with 1867.

REV. DR. SCHAFF left New York port for Europe in the steamer Maine on Thursday the 29th ult. last. He is deputed to represent the American Bible Society and the Evangelical Alliance at the May anniversaries in London. He will also confer with the various branches of the Evangelical Alliance abroad, in regard to the proposed General Conference in America

THE LUNAR MOUNTAINS.—A German astronomer has measured the height of one thousand and ninety three mountains in the moon. Twenty-two of these are higher than Mount Blanc, which reaches an altitude of nearly three miles, and six are above nineteen thousand feet. The highest observed mountain in the moon is twenty-nine thousand nine hundred and forty-four feet high.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Methodist Home Journal* of this city has written a letter to that paper condemning the practice of wearing moustaches by men professing to be Christians, and says that, "in his judgment, it is a gross violation of the rules of propriety and good taste for a Christian man to partake of the sacrament of the Lord's Supper with the long hair on his upper lip floating on the wine in the cup from which others have to drink."

PASSENGERS arrived at San Francisco, on the 21st inst., via. the Pacific Railroad, in seven and a half days from Chicago—six and a half days actual traveling time. The gap between the two roads—the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific—was at that time 65 miles, making eight hours staging; but this space is diminishing every day, and the roads will connect in the course of the month of May, making a steady line of cars from New York to San Francisco.

MR. S. WATERHOUSE, in the *N. Y. Tribune*, gives all the facts concerning the cost of making iron in this country, and shows that the total cost of one ton of pig iron is $20. This iron sells for forty dollars a ton, thus yielding a net profit of one hundred per cent. on the total cost; or, supposing the investment made to be turned out only once in sixty days, which is a very low supposition, a profit of six hundred per cent. per annum on the entire capital.

A COPENHAGEN, Denmark, despatch of the 24th inst., says: The *Dagbladet* has an article upon the attempted sales of the Danish West India Islands to the United States. It says that the question of the acquisition of the Antilles to the United States ripens, and accuses America, by the recent action of its Congress, of a want of respect to the government of Denmark. It also states that if the measure finally miscarries, Count Raaslaeff will resign.

FRANKLIN SMITH, a well-known Boston undertaker, died recently in New Hampshire. He began his business in 1839, and up to April 1 of this year, had made 14,500 interments, besides his burials of the city poor. He officiated at the funerals of ex President John Quincy Adams, Daniel Webster, Edward Everett, and many other prominent men; he also had charge of the funeral of the soldiers killed in the streets of Baltimore.

THE Detroit Post contains an account of a woman who, to "give the world assurance of a man," went out West, bought 40 acres of land, grubbed out fourteen acres of heavy oak, chopped and split rails, built a house, sowed eight acres of wheat, dug ditches, supplied her neighbors with ax-helves and split-baskets, besides attending to her domestic "chores," all with her own hands, in a year and a half. She lives alone, "keeps her own secrets," and is regarded as the "coming woman." Let her vote.

BEGGARS.—The fact that there are no Hebrew, as there are no Quaker beggars, is owing to the peculiar and systematic arrangements made by these sects for taking care of their poor. Each Jewish Synagogue has a committee of the most respectable members, whose business it is to become acquainted with the condition of every Hebrew in their district, and if necessary, to afford assistance. The aged are pensioned, and the disabled placed in hospitals or furnished with regular relief.

THE NEW NICKEL COINS.—The denominations of the new coins are to be one, three and five cents, and they are to be composed of one-fourth nickel and three-fourths copper. The one cent coin is to weigh a grain and a-half, and will be about the size of a five cent silver coin. The three and five cent pieces are to be about the size of the one and two cent coppers now in use, and will weigh respectively three and five grains. The new coin is to be a legal tender for a dollar, except for duties on imports, and all the existing nickel and copper coins withdrawn.

THE Spanish Cortes, by a large majority, have carried the articles of the new Constitution which provide for liberty of the press, freedom of meeting and association, and the right of petition. All the liberal movements which took place in Europe in 1848 proclaimed these liberties, and, whenever they had the power, established them. But the reaction which has since swept over Europe has destroyed again in most States the fruit of the revolution of 1848, and, out-side of England, Switzerland, Belgium and Holland, there are now few countries in Europe which really enjoy them. Spain will therefore rank in this respect among the freest nations of Europe, if the Constitution should ever be carried out.

S. M'CAMANT. ....JOHN ELLIOTT.....D. T. CALDWELL
J. M. HARPER.....WILLIAM STOKE.

TYRONE PLANING MILLS.

McCAMANT, ELLIOTT & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Flooring, Brackets, Mouldings, Stair Railing, Plastering Lath, Shingles, Common and Fancy Pickets, Frame Stuff,
AND ALL KINDS OF LUMBER.
Tyrone, Pa., March 19, 1869:m6

New Advertisements.

LIST OF RETAILERS.

A list of venders of Foreign and domestic merchandise in the county of Bedford for the year 1869, as appraised and classified by the Appraiser of Mercantile taxes.

Class.			
	Bedford Borough.		
7	G R Oster & Co.	store	$49 00
8	A B Cramer & Co.	do	30 00
14	T H & N J Lyons	do	7 00
13	Robt Fyan	do	10 00
10	Miller & Bowser	do	20 00
10	Hartley & Metzger	do	20 00
10	J M Shoemaker	do	20 00
13	A L Deffibaugh	do	10 00
14	W W Shuck	do	7 00
13	Miss M Border	do	10 00
14	George Reimond	do	7 00
13	Mrs. E V Mowry	do	10 00
14	Isaac Lippel	do	7 00
12	T M Lynch	do	12 50
12	B Mc. Blymyre & Co	do	12 50
14	Dr. B F Harry	do	7 00
14	H Heckerman & son	do	7 00
14	R S. Mapes	do	7 00
14	Jacob Bollinger	confec't	7 00
14	John O Smith	do	7 00
14	George Mardoff	do	7 00
14	Mrs. M Shaffer	store	7 00
14	Daniel Border	jewelry	7 00
14	John Lutz	store	7 00
13	E M Fisher	do	10 00
11	Reed & Schell	banker	15 00
11	O E Shannon	do	15 00
14	D W Crouse	store	7 00
12	H F Irvine	do	12 50
14	Wm Kiser	do	7 00
14	Simon Ling	whips & saddles	7 00
12	John F Blymyer	hardware	7 00
14	Nycum & Lindsay	drugs	7 00
14	Margaret Fetterly	store	7 00
14	David Brode	confec't	7 00
14	J L Minnich	do	7 00
14	John Harris	do	7 00
14	A B Carn	do	7 00
14	Jacob Barnhart	do	7 00
	Bedford Township.		
14	Bedford Mineral Springs	ten-pins	7 00
14	A B Cramer	do	7 50
14	A G Allen Bedford Springs	segars	7 00
14	do do do	billiards	7 00
14	Godfrey Yeager	store	7 00
14	E Y Imler	do	7 00
	Bloody Run Borough.		
13	J M Barndollar & son	store	12 50
7	J B Williams & Co	do	40 00
14	F Masters	drugs	7 00
13	States & Mongart	store	10 00
14	James Sheeder	confec't	7 00
14	Thomas Ritchey	store	7 00
14	A J Nycum	do	7 00
14	John C Black	confec't	7 00
14	J Ramsey	store	7 00
14	Eliza Grove	millenery	7 00
12	B Gump & Co	hardware	12 50
14	J D Lucas	confec't	7 00
14	J B Tobias & Co	stoves etc.,	7 00
	Broad Top Township.		
14	Daniel Roland	store	7 00
14	R B Wigton	do	7 00
12	Lowry, Eichelberger & Co	do	12 50
14	Eichelberger brothers	do	7 00
14	Mrs. C Eichelberger	confec't	7 00
14	Hedding & Jenkins	store	7 00
	Cumberland Valley Tp.,		
14	D R Anderson	store	7 00
14	William Laney	do	7 00
14	E Dicken	do	7 00
	Colerain Township.		
14	Mrs. Kate Corle	store	7 00
14	A C James	do	7 00
14	Evans & Hetrick	do	7 00
14	Benjamin Kegg	do	7 00
14	Samuel Hunt	do	7 00
	Hopewell Township.		
14	McCamant & Byers	store	7 00
	Harrison Township.		
14	B B Wertz	store	7 00
14	James Shoemaker	do	7 00
14	Nycum Brothers	do	7 00
	Juniata Township.		
14	Hillegass & Co	store	7 00
14	William Keyser	do	7 00
14	L N Fyan & Co	do	7 00
14	George Gardill	do	7 00
14	Leonard Markel	do	7 00
14	Joseph Foller	do	7 00
	Napier Township.		
14	E Richard & Co	store	7 00
14	Charles Crissman & Co	do	7 00
14	William J Statler	do	7 00
	Middle Woodberry Township.		
14	D F Keagy	store	7 00
14	D. Stover	confec't	7 00
14	A. G. Longenecker	do	7 00
14	George Kauffman	store	7 00
14	Jacob Brenneman	do	7 00
14	John Lessong	do	7 00
14	William R Smith	drugs	7 00
14	H Wilkinson	store	7 00
	South Woodberry Township.		
14	J Bayer & Brothers	store	7 00
14	C L Buck	do	7 00
14	L B Replogle	do	7 00
14	J Openheimer	do	7 00
14	do do	confec't	7 00
14	Robert Ralston	store	7 00
14	Jonathan Davis	do	7 00
	East Providence Tp.		
14	Simon Nycum	store	7 00
14	Jacob Felton	do	7 00
	West Providence Tp.		
14	John Gilbaugh	store	7 00
14	John M Barndollar	do	7 00
14	W H Allen	do	7 00
	Londenderry Township.		
14	Thomas Porter	store	7 00
14	Jacob Beales	do	7 00
14	Jacob Evans	do	7 00
	Southampton Township.		
14	John Mors	store	7 00
14	H C Lashey	do	7 00
14	George Lashley	do	7 00
14	James Elder	do	7 00
14	J M Percell	do	7 00
14	Jeremiah Bennett	do	7 00
14	Daniel Tewell	do	7 00
	Monroe Township.		
14	J R O'Neil	store	7 00
14	Daniel Fletcher	do	7 00
	Saxton Township		
12	J A & E Eichelberger	store	12 50
12	Little & Stoler	do	12 50
14	David M Jones	confec't	7 00
	Liberty Township.		
14	John V Besser	store	7 00
	Coaldale Borough.		
14	Mrs. Annie Prince	store	7 00
14	Richard Langdon	do	7 00
	Schellsburg Borough.		
13	Conley & Hull	store	10 00
13	Egolf & son	do	10 00
13	Black & Marbourg	do	10 00
14	J S Schell	do	7 00
13	J E Colvin	do	10 00
13	J A Songster	hardware	10 00
14	A Haymaker	store	7 00
15	J T Long	confec't	500
14	Henry Sellers	do	7 00
	St. Clairsville.		
14	G B Amick	store	7 00
14	F D Beegle	do	7 00
14	Isaac Hahn	do	7 00
14	S Oster	do	7 00
	St. Clair Township.		
14	M Walker	store	7 00
14	N H Wright	do	7 00
14	Simon Hershman	do	7 00
14	E Blackburn & Co	do	7 00
14	G D Trout	do	7 00
14	B F Horn	do	7 00
14	Thomas Beckley	do	7 00
14	Ickes & son	do	7 00
14	Mary Blackburn & Co	do	7 00
	Union Township.		
14	J M Walters	store	7 00
14	John Lamburn	do	7 00

Notice is hereby given that an appeal will be held at the Commissioner's office at the Court House in Bedford, on Tuesday the 18th day of May, 1869.

JOHN A. CESSNA, mercantile appraiser.

N. B. Persons whose names are not contained in the above list who have commenced business since the 1st of April 1869, will please inform the undersigned of the same, also any that have discontinued.

apr23:4t JOHN A. CESSNA.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the Estate of Cadwalader Evans, late of Cumberland Valley township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate, will please make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

2apl6t RHODA EVANS, Adm'x.

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Hon. Robert J. Fisher, " "
Hon. Edward McPherson, " "
Hon. Joel B. Danner, " "
Hon. Wm. McSherry, " " and others.

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STATEMENT

OF THE

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEW HAVEN, CONN.
JANUARY 1, 1869.

CAPITAL STOCK.....$1,000,000,00
SURPLUS..... 622,974,30

ASSETS.

	Market Value.
Real Estate owned by the Company...	$ 435,025.00
Loans on Mortgages.....	46,100.00
United States Bonds, 5-20.....	159,239.37
Missouri State Bonds.....	22,562.50
Virginia State Bonds.....	26,035.68
Tennessee State Bonds.....	18,005 00
Alabama State Bonds.....	9,000.00
Wisconsin State Bon