at five cents each.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest, are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for jubilication, but as a guaranty against imposition. All letters pertaining to business of the office hould be addressed to

JOHN LUTZ, BEDFORD, PA.

NEWSPAPER LAWS.—We would call the special attention of Post Masters and subscribers to the NQUIRER to the following synopsis of the Newsla Postmaster is required to give notice by later, returning a paper does not answer the law) when a subscriber does not take his paper out of the office, and state the reasons for its not being taken; and a neglect to do so makes the Postmaster reprossible to the ; ublishers for the payment. 2, Any person who takes a paper from the Post office, whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not is responsible for the pay.

whether he has subscribed or not is responsible for the pay.

3. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it antil payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether it be taken from the office or not. There can be no legal discontinuence until the payment is made.

4. If the subscriber orders his paper to be stopped at a certain time, and the publisher continues to send, the subscriber is bound to pay for it, if he takes it out of the Post Office. The law proceeds upon the ground that a man must pay for what, he uses.

or what, he uses.

The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the Post office, or removing and having them uncalled for, is grima facta evidence of intentional fraud.

## Professional & Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office opposite Reed & Schell's Bank. Couqsel given in English and German. [apl26]

KIMMELL AND LINGENFELTER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law, in new brick building near the Luthera [April 1, 1864-tf | SOUTH-WESTERN PENNSYL VANIA.

M. A. POINTS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Respectfully tenders his professional service to the public. Office with J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., on Public Square near Lutheran Church. Collections promptly made. [Dec. 9, '84-tf.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Will faithfully and promptly attend to all busi ness intrusted to his care. Office with G. H. Spang Esq., on Juliana street, three doors south of the Mengel House. May 24:1y

ESPY M. ALSIP, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Will faithfully and promptly attend to all bus ness entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoin a counties. Military claims, Pensions, back pay, Bounty, &c. speedily collected. Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, 2 doors south of the Mengel House. apl 1, 1864.—tf.

MEYERS & DICKERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PANN'A.,
Office nearly opposite the Mengel House, will practice in the several Courts of Bedford county

J. R. DURBORROW,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BEBFORD, PA.
all business intrasted by Will attend promptly to all business intrusted this care. Collections made on the shortest no

tice.

He is, also, a regularly licensed Claim Agent and will give special attention to the prosecution of claims against the Government for Pensions, Back Pay, Bounty, Bounty Lands, &c.

Office on Juliana street, one door South of the Imquirer office, and nearly opposite the 'Mengel House' April 28, 1865:t

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, and REAL ESTATE AGENT, and REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office on Main Street, between Fourth and Fifth,
Opposite the Court House,
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI.
Will practice in the adjoining Counties of Missouri and Kansas.
July 12:tf

RUSSELL & LONGENECKER,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLO

R USSELL & LONGENECKER,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Bedford, Pa,
Will attend promptly and faithfully to all business entrusted to their care. Special attention
given to collections and, the prosecution of claims
for Back Pay, Bounty, Pensions, &c.
28-Office on Juliana street, south of the Court
House.
April5:1yr.

SHARPE & KERR,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Will practice in the Courts of Bedford and adjoining counties. All business entrusted to their office on Juliana street, opposite the banking use of Reed & Schell, Bedford, Pa. mar2:tf

PHYSICIANS. WM. W. JAMISON, M. D.,

BLOODY RUN, PA., Respectfully tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. [dec8:lyr DR. B. F. HARRY,

Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hoffus. [Ap'l 1,64.]

DR. S. G. STATLER, near Schellsburg, and Dr. J. J. CLARKE, formerly of Cumberland to be. J. J. Charker, formerly of cumeerism county, having associated themselves in the practice of Medicine, respectfully offer their professional services to the citizens of Schellsburg anvicinity. Dr. Clarke's office and residence same as formerly occupied by J. White, Esq., dec'd. S. G. STATLER, Schellsburg, Aprill2:ly. J. J. CLARKE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

O. E. SHANNON, BANKER,
BEDFORD, PA. BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT. Collections made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected and Remittances promptlymade. REAL ESTATE tought and sold.

DANIEL BORDER,
PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BET ANIEL BORDER,
PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL, ERBFORD, PA.
WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &C.
He keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Refined Glasses, also Scotch Pebble Glasses. Gold
Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best
quality of Gold Pens. He will supply to order
any thing in his line not on hand. [apr.23, 65.

S P. HARBAUGH & SON, Travelling Dealers in N O T I O N S .

SELL GOODS AT CITY PRICES. Agents for the Chambersburg Woolen Manufac uring Company.

D. W. CROUSE, DEALER IN CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, &C. On Pitt street one door east of Geo. R. Oster & Co.'s Store, Bedford, Pa., is now prepared to sell by wholesale all kinds of CIGARS. All orders promptly filled. Persons desiring anything in his line will do well to give him a call.

Bedford Oct 20. '65.

## The Bedford Inquirer.

A Local and General Dewspaper, Deboted to Politics, Education, Literature and Morals.

JOHN LUTZ, Proprietor.

BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, SEPT. 18, 1868. Inquirer Column. Poctry.

From the West Branch Bulletin

"The Democratic party has always been friend-to the soldier."—Democratic Paner.

Lisp it not, ye mengrel traitors, You have been the soldiers friend. Ye the aiders and abettors, All that treason doth portend.

Trampled on our glorious flag,

Then you gave your bright new shillin'
To the war Democracy.

When we placed them hors de combat

"Says poor ald Mrs. Smith, says she,

hen your names the wheel had paddled For the draft the records say,

They in turn were forced to flee; You were long faces, what a sin that,

To see your friends in Canada.

How ye wriggled, how dissembled, The country's confidence to gain.

With Grant, Sherman and Sheridan

Killing off our (your) noble friends;

Copperheads in glowing bumpers Toasted the Palmetto rag. When the news of Bull Run battle Filled each loyal breast with woe, Whose was the prophetic prattle?
"The South will win, I told you so." When the "hero," George McClellan, Played "cat's paw" to Bobby Lee,

TO ADVERTISERS:

THE BEDFORD INQUIRER.

EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

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OFFICE ON JULIANA STREET.

BEDFORD, PA.

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BALL TICKETS,

SEGAR LABELS.

PROGRAMMES.

LETTER HEADS,

PAMPHLETS.

letters should be addressed to

PAPER BOOKS,

ETC. ETC. ETC. ETC. ETC.

CONCERT TICKETS.

Starving us in slaughter pens. When they killed our noble Lincoln Then your foul-mouthed traitor press Fell in love with Andy Johnson, Did they know him-answer yes.

Made concessions, grunts and whines; The rebel allied coalition,

Lisp it not ye mongrel traitors, Ye have been the soldier's friend; Ye the aiders and abettors. All that treason doth portend. Go repent in cloth and ashes, Wipe away the bloody stains; Give us back our fallen comrades,

Then we'll call you friends again. Miscellaneous.

LETTER FROM PETER COOPER TO HORATIO SEYMOUR.

A FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER, New York, August 13th, 1868. TO THE HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR: My Dear Sir,—In the last letter I had the honor to address to you, I had the pleasure to thank you for the prompt answer to a former letter, and for the assurance I received that "we agreed in the end to be realized, namely, the restoration of the Union and the preservation of the Constituthat I was so deeply impressed with the absolute necessity of maintaining the Union and the Constitution that I desire to see all the powers that God and nature had given to us brought into requisition to save our

I feared then, as I fear now, the danger self-evident, namely: "That all men are

JOHN LUTZ, child, who may have had seven-eights of It is difficult for one to imagine how any

great principles of our Declaration of Inde- forms of repudiation as a national crime.' pendence that declares "that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness," must be vindicated in our own country. Allow me to repeat what I said in my last letter, namely: that I, who served my country in person and by substitute from the commencement of the war with England to its close, feel that I have a right to plead with my countrymen. of every shade of political opinion, and to beseech them by every consideration that can move our manhood to consider carefully

kinds of excuses for men who have done all tion. ed to call "a White Man's Government," to see how a mind so elevated as yours a slave. for the white man and another for the black animating spirit.

tion." You will recollect that I then stated priety that "There is no true democracy West, has said, with great propriety, that where large classes of a community are denied equality of political rights."

of our being drawn into error by men much concern for the preservation of the Con-would ever consent to be a slave. It is abof our being drawn into error by men who have no faith in a real democratic form stitution, are now most earnestly laboring to horrent to his nature. No one can allege post of City Surveyor of St. Louis, U of government. In that letter I stated that make proselytes for a white man's govern- any right to reduce a human being to that I was then, and I have still continued, to the 78th year of my age, to be a firm befor a class, thereby adopting a principle that and heart. And moreover he who reliever in a truly democratic republican form of government—I mean a government to Constitution which they profess so cated by the Catholic Church. Slavery was founded on those eternal principles of truth much to revere. Such a course is as incon- the cause of our national troubles. It was and justice which our fathers declared were sistent as the profession and the practice of for Slavery that the war was commenced, LATEST & MOST APPROVED STYLE, their Creator with certain inalienable rights; their Creator with certain inalienable rights and the certain certai

white blood in his veins, to a brutal master, honest, intelligent man can join with Presiwho had the power to confine him on a dent Johnson, and charge the majority of

GRANT BEFORE HIS NOMI
COPPERHEAD OPINIONS OF GEN. most skillful and accomplished General on the other side; over a General who foiled him

senger: "Run Away—My man, Fountaine, has holes in his ears, a sear on the right side of his forehead, had been shot in the hind parts of his legs, is marked on his back with the whip. Apply to Robert Beasley, Macon."

Suppose that, contrary to the wish of some of the leading Radical Black Republicans, who want the office themselves, Gen. Grant should be nominated for the Presidency by the Republican party, which course ought the Democratic party to pursue? We might well have said, in view of a system that allowed such cruelty, as God is

just that the time must come when those that the Republican party "denounces all pendence that declares "that all men are You then try to throw on that party the

our Southern States-a course of reasoning have a right to plead with my countrymen that has already won for you the enthusiastic support of those who were most prominent in the Rebellion, and of all who are in sympathy with them throughout our country.

friends, taking prot with and forming all ducing a system of unjust and unequal taxa-

that was possible to destroy our Union of States; and now I regret to find those very friends calling themselves Democrats; and, at the same time, uniting with those who before the Rebellion; laws that made it a EST THING FOR OUR COUNTRY THAT the same time, uniting with those who real earliest occurs in the Rebellion, and striving aid them to build up what they are pleast to call "a White Man's Government," a crime to teach a poor helpless slave to read the Rebellion; laws that made it a Possibly occurs. The future good effects of this course are almost incalculable. We earnestly ask our Democratic friends everywhere to consider this subject carefully. to aid them to build up what they are pleas- the captive go free," laws that made it a by which they mean to hold 5,000,000 of and write, fearing that a knowledge of the happiness as the slavery from which they life, his liberty, and the pursuit of happines, 1865. have been delivered. I have been at a loss | would make him unwilling longer to remain

could for a moment consider it possible for To talk of such a system and such laws as a democratic government to enact a course | bave prevailed at the South being demoof class legislation that would make one law cratic, is to talk of a living body without an

The Cincinnati Catholic Telegraph, the offi-John Stuart Mill has said with great pro- cial organ of the Catholic Church in the "the interest of humanity and the welfare of white labor, in particular, are involved in He further declares that "Every Govern- the question of Slavery more than in any ment which permanently divides the people other, and it is the duty of men to prepare into a governing part, and a governed part their minds conscientiously that they may, Pensions, bounties and back pay obtained and the purchase of Real Estate attended to. [may 11,768-1y]

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK DONE

To us brought into requisition to save our country from being dissevered and made the sport of foreign and domestic Saracens.

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK DONE the neople. Every one acknowledges that I find that the very men who profess so Slavery is an evil. No man who is free pathy. President Johnson. He declared at one and the blood of the brave men who have

be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

They then describe the mode and manner by which the people's representatives shall be chosen, who are to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers of Congress, and all other powers event by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department thereof.

Among the organizing the Government, who be vested in a Congress of the United States, and all our best of the Among the search of the States? If this misery on the States? If this demonstration on the Occurrence on the Mount of Sta

men;" also, "The day for protecting the | Electors." You then say that "the first

been so long connected, was lending its power and influence to sustain men and measures that had so far perverted the Constitution of our country as to deny the rights of manhood to 4,000,000 of human beings—and when I saw that I was acting with a party which was lending its influence to manhood to 4,000,000 of human beings—and when I saw that I was acting with a party which was lending its influence to sustain men and measures that was acting with a party which was lending its influence to sustain men and measures that the Republican party intends the was to have that the greatest difficult the cold." He went on and said that "traitors can get lucrative employment while loyal men are and measures that were raising up or country the vilest form of an aristocracy that claimed it as a right them in the "property should own labor," and claimed the right to mix their blood with them into it." But as soon as he became country. Orders by mail promptly filled. All country. Orders by mail promptly filled. All the black race, and then sell their children President, we find him hurrying Reconstructo secure peace and prosperity to a country

What better thing can we do in case of General Grant's nomination by the Repub-ican party than to VOTE FOR HIM FOR can move our manhood to consider carefully the dangers that threaten us as a nation.

It has been to me, for years, a source of profound regret to find so many of those, whom I have esteemed and honored as fixed the transfer of the statement that the Government is introducing a system of unjust and unequal taxage which the better of the laboring population with the statement that the Government is introducing a system of unjust and unequal taxage which the better.

nuch the better.
We solmnly believe that if the peo-

The New York World, the leading and

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL GRANT.

From The World, April 11, 1865. pouters may lind a wholesome corrective in the study of such a character as his. The qualities by which great things are accom-plished are here seen to have no necessary connection with showy and superficial ac-complishments. When the mass of men ok upon such a character, they may learn ble exquisites as well as upon the swagger of our plausible, glib-tongued demagogues. Not by any means that great qualities are inconsistent with cultivated manners and a fluent elocution; but that such superficial accomplishments are no measure of worth

pursuit of happiness; that to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed."

There are multitudes of men who would love to see it in the said, "must be made odious, and traitors ascendant as it was before." Never were must be punished and impoverished."

The are multitudes of men who would love to see it in the sacendant as it was before." Never were must be punished and impoverished."

The are multitudes of men who would love to see it in the sacendant as it was before. Never were truer words said than that "Slavery was the sacendant as it was before."

The are multitudes of men who would love to see it in the sacendant as it was before. The final seal upon his reputation. It is not abandoned. There are multitudes of men who would love to see it in the sacendant as it was before. The sacendant as it was before. The final seal upon his reputation. It is not abandoned. There are multitudes of men who would love to see it in the sacendant as it was before. The final seal upon his reputation. It is not abandoned. There are multitudes of men who would love to see it in the sacendant as it was before. The final seal upon his reputation. It is not abandoned. There are multitudes of men who would love to see it in the sacendant as it was before. The sacendant as it was before as a sacendant as it was before as a sace suffer all its penalties." "Treason," he made odious, and traitors must be punished and impoverished."

In the very first words of the Constitution, formed by our fathers, it is declared that "We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and search that she was a summary of the states of America."

Our fathers, it is declared that "We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and a state of the common defence, promote the general welfare, and a state of the state of America."

Our fathers, it is declared that "We, the people of the United States, of the common defence, promote the general welfare, and save been beasten beak or conting." He said, "After making treason of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and stablish this Constitution for the Chief of the common defence, promote the general welfare, and a state of America."

Our fathers, it is declared that "We, the people of the United States, when the general welfare, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice," and "to promote the general welfare, in the restrict out of the people to do this in the Theorem of the general welfare, and the intelligence of a twole poople."

He went so far as to say, "They must not say, "they must not say, they must not be smothered by inches," Notwithstanding all the misery that Slavery and the war has brought on our country, the two stablish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, in surface and the provided for the common defence, promote the general welfare, in surface and the war has brought on our country, the war has brought on our country, the two wars and the war has brought on our country, the war has brought on our country, the war has brought on our countr

To enable the people to do this in the most convenient manner, they declared, in the first article of the Constitution, that "Allegislative power herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, when the states, be asked: "Who shall restore them? Shall the men who gave all their influence and means to destroy the Government? Are thoy to participate in the great work of re-organizing the Government, who be vested in a Congress of the United States, when the states? If this work of the Congress are that only a very small part of brought this misery on the States? If this work of re-organizing the Government, who be vested in a Congress of the United States, as shown by Mr. Blaine in Congress, are that only a very small part of the amount you name was expended in last, to Grant's matchless persistence and unequaled strategy. And, in both cases, all other powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department thereof.

Among these powers there is nothing plainer than the intention of the framers of the Constitution to vest in the people's representatives the right to suspend the writed habeas corpus whenever in their judgment "the public safety may require it," to suppress rebellion or repel invasion.

The said "the traitor has down and traitors punished." He said "traitors should take a back seat in the work in the first of it in the Government of the United States, or in the said "traitors should take a back seat in the work of restoration." He said "the traitor has become a public enemy, and has lost his right to vote with loyal men."

The CAPTURE of Humana, the intention of the Government of it in existence except as prisoners of war subject to his disposal. If any body is so obtuse or so wrong-beaded as to see nothing great in Gen. So strongly befriend man's physical well-bead as to see nothing great in Gen. The capture of it in existence except as prisoners of war subject to his disposal. If any body is so obtuse or so wrong-beaded as to see nothing great in Gen. The capture of with men's object to his disposal. If any body is so obtuse or so wrong-beaded as to see nothing great in Gen. The capture of with men's physical well-beaded as to see nothing great in Gen. The said that the great plantations of the first to worthwork the Government by force.

The CAPTURE of Humana, the proposing force; the left in their sovereign capacity and devent with men who were then in active rebellion, putting forth all their efforts to will, let that doubter explain, if he can, how it has happened that, since Grant rose to his fave shown that a vastly greater amount of with a proposing to deprive the people of the said that the proposing of writing the pro The public safety may require it, to suppress rebellion or repel invasion.

I have been led to address this letter to you, as standing at the head of the Democratic party—a party with which I conting to promote the greatest good of our common country; but when I became convinced that the Democratic party, with which I had been so long so long connected, was lending its power and influence to sustain men and meas—the protecting the pression of the fact that the Battery of the public and a very clear-sighted and a very clear-sighted in previous running them—"Thou nor thy in pressly mentioning them—"Thou nor thy in pressly mentioning them—"Thou nor thy in previous running them—"The passible the first many into previous running them—"Thou nor the previous running them—"The passible the first

white blood in his veins, to a brutal master, who had the power to confine him on a plantation, under a more brutal overseer; perhaps a Northern man, with his conseience callous to every human feelings, and whose principal recommendation might be that he could whip out of the unprotected slave the greatest amount of labor!

Thomas Jefferson might well say, in view of such a state of things, "I tremble for my country when I remember that God is just."

John Wosley has well declared that such a system contains within itself the sum of all who were in a system contains within itself the sum of all villiany. The enormity of human slavery will appear from the following advertisement, copied from The Georgia Messenger: "Run Away—My man, Fountaine; has holes in his ears, a sear on the right is about the high parts of his leave; in water of his leave; water of water and the completed to prevailed upon to become their candidate for the Presidency over a defeat is a testimony to Grant's could not have for the Presidency over an activation, water and the complete of whose defeat is a testimony to Grant's could not have for the Presidency over a defeat is a testimony to Grant's could not have for the Presidency over a defeat is a destinance of the prevailed upon to become their candidate for the Presidency over a defeat is a destinance of the pre

On the 21st of May 1868, the very day Gen. Grant was nominated the same paper begins to disparage his merits in the face of its next consists of the paying our debts is the regular thing; not paying, the exception. Being honest is no

From The World, May 21, 1868. Meade at Gettysburg.

the people as the true measure of merit, family or a vast nation. while the partisan abuse that follows will be Be honest—pay your debts—steal not ed, unscrupulous and despairing party leadwere unable to control and use because of his sterling integrity and devoted patriotism.

"A WHITE MAN'S GOVERNMENT."

For an example of the mode in which the ccupation in shooting "Radical niggers," by trying to coax them to become "colored by which they mean to hold 5,000,000 of human beings under a ban or disqualification of Independence, that declares the unalienable right of every man to his country, spoke as follows of Gen. Grant in the unique of the unique Gen. Grant's history should teach us to discriminate better than we Americans are apt to do between glitter and solid work.

Our proneness to run after demagogues and spouters may find a wholesome corrective in the study of such a character as his. The whise asks:

> gave this privilege to negroes Martin Van The Stars and Stripes are greeted with Buren, a Democrat.

> Who married a negro and by her had greetings. This feeling is scarcely less manifest in New Brunswick. For instance Democratic party. manifest in New Brunswick. For instance on the 6th instant there was a pic-nie of

ood Democrat,
Who elected Richard M. Johnson Vice
It is Government land, and contains a light-President of the United States? The Demo-

ratic party. If President Van Buren had died, and battery garrisoned by British soldiers. Two If President Van Buren had died, and Richard M. Johnson had become President or three thousand people were present. From either corner of the hospital building who would have become the Democratic mistress of the White House? This negro a large American flag was floating, and under the streaming bunting, beneath the long

who made the negroes citizens of the Who made the negroes citizens of the Regiment was playing occasional American State of Maine? The Democratic party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massa airs; but no British flag was to be seen chusetts? The Democratic party.

anywhere. The impropriety of the thing Who gave the negro a right to vote in was pointed out by Americans present, and New Hampshere? The Democratic party. rivals, but its unfolding scarcely elicited a Who permitted every colored person own-

General Assembly purely Democratic. before settling in that State? The Democrat- last twenty-five years, all the principal feat-

Ruben Wood was Chief Justice.

f1797? Gen. Jackson. Was General Jackson a good Democrat?

He Generally passed as such.

VALUE OF THE SABBATH.

wearied bodily powers may be restored makes this institution beyond estimate valuable. Week-day efforts run the machine the Chadda to the frontiers of Barnon; down; the Sabbath winds it up.
2. The reaction upon the body of the res-

the black race, and then sell their children to be enslaved with all their posterity, then Iconsidered it my duty tomy country to abandone the great principles of truth and justice.

What tongue can describe the horrors of asystem that allowed a father to sell his child, who may have had seven-eights of

All advertisements for Isss than 3 months 10 cents per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional. All resolutions of Associations, communications of a limited or individual interest and notices of marriages and deaths, exceeding five lines, 10 etc., per line. All legal notices of every kind, and all Orphans Court and other Judicial sales, are required by law to be published in both papers. Editorial Notices 15 cents per line. All Advertising due after first insertion. A liberal discount made to vearly advertisers.

of its past opinions as expressed in the great thing; but being dishonest is a fearful shame. When a nation contracts a debt, it is no historic glory if it fulfils its engagements ainceredy and loyally. The lender From The World, May 21, 1868.

\* \* It was possible for Grant, after his failure "to fight it out on one line" in his advance of 1864 upon Richmond, to law-ish the lives of thousands of American soldiers and to expend hundreds of thousands of dollars of the nation's treasure upon a new campaign, and so finally wear and worry down the strength of the rebellion which had already been mortally wounded by Meade at Gettysburg.

ments aincredy and loyally. The leader expected thus much. Would he have given a nation does not pay her debts up to her capacity of paying, and does that for which a merchant is ignominiously thrust from the exchange and cast out, it is a most tremendous thing, and will stand forever as a disgrace on the record of history and the consciences of the citizens. People talk so sciences of the citizens. People talk so Such is copperhead patriotism! Such, much of our prosperous country and future copperhead consistency! But the successful wealth. Let them never forget the far General, the gallant soldier, the true patri- more important moral prosperity, and the ot cannot be hurt by such mendacity. The desirable wealth of unspotted Lonor of the honest expression of their sentiments be country. No greater treasure can be handfore being tainted with partisan hatred, ed down to future generations than an un bitterness and falsehood, will be taken by spotted reputation, be it of an individual

justly ignored as the ravings of disappoint. It is not much if you observe this; but it is overwhelmingly much if you become dishoners trying, but in vain, to tarnish the bright-ness of the fame of the man whom they

on Political Economy. ANNEXATION FEELING IN NOVA SCOTIA -A correspondent of the New York Post. Southern Democracy oceaisonally vary their Nova Scotia that there is a strong and nearly who claims to be well informed, writes from universal feeling in that provincels in favor of of the Virginia freedmen by the Richmond in attempting to force them into it has Whig, one of the leading Democratic rebel journals of the South. It covers the whole-Who gave the negrees the right of suf-United States: Will your Government Who gave the degrees and the convention party.

Who presided over the Convention which
Who presided over the Convention which
at the risk of inevitable war with England? Who afterwards elected Martin Van Buren President of the United States? The Democratic party.

house station, a marine hospital, and a

Modern Discoveries .- Bayard Taylor, Who repealed the laws of Ohio which the celebrated traveler, thus sums up the required negroes to give bonds and security results of modern discoveries; Within the who made mulattoes legal voters in Ohio? ures of the geography of our own vast inter ior regions have been accurately determine A Democratic Supreme Court, of which ed; the great fields of Centrala Asia have What became of Reuben Wood? The Democratic party elected him Governor Bokhara and Oxus to the Chinese wall; the half-known river systems of South America. Who helped to give free negroes the right have been explored and surveyed; the icy to vote in Tennessee under the Constitution discovered; the Northwest Passage—the ignis fatuus of nearly two centurie last found; the Dead Sea is stripped of its fabulous terrors; the source of the Niger is no longer a myth, the sublime secret of the Nile is almost wrested for his keeping; the 1. The simple rest from labor by which Mountains of the Moon, sought for 2000 Leichardt and Stuart have penetrated the

6. The same has been verified in refer-Humatia, with all its guns and ammunition.