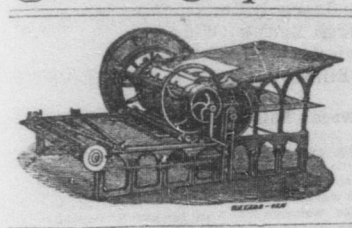


Bedford Inquirer.



BEDEVOR, PA., FRIDAY, NOV. 29, 1867.

DIRECTORY.—The following is a directory of the Officers of Bedford County and the Borough of Bedford, of the Ministers of Bedford, and the time of meeting of the different associations:

BEDEVOR COUNTY OFFICERS.
President Judge—Hon. Alex. King.
Associate Judges—Wm. G. Richards and Geo. W. Gump.
Prothonotary, Register and Recorder, &c.—O. E. Shannon.
District Attorney—E. F. Kerr.
Treasurer—George Macdoff.
Sheriff—Robert Stockman.
Deputy Sheriff—Philip Hutzard.
Deputy Sheriff—Samuel Ketterman.
Commissioners—Michael Wertz, Michael S. Richey and David Hovars.
Clerk—John G. Fisher.
Council—John W. Dickerson.
Directors of Poor—Samuel Beckley, D. R. Anderson and Michael Diehl.
Sewer—Samuel Debaugh.
Counsel—E. F. Kerr.
Physician—Dr. F. C. Remmer.
Auditors—David Evans, James Mattingly and John D. Lucas.

SCHOOL OFFICERS.
Borough—O. E. Shannon.
Assistant Borough—Philip Hutzard.
Council—Thomas H. Lyons, John Boor, A. W. Mower, J. M. Shoumer, Hiram Lantz and T. R. Getty.
Clerk—H. Nicodemus.
Treasurer—John H. Roth.
Constable—William Gephart.
High Constable—Samuel Waters.
School Directors—John Mann, S. L. Russell, T. R. Getty, Jacob Reed, John Cessa and H. Nicodemus.
Secretary—J. W. Lingenfelter.
Treasurer—T. R. Getty.

MINISTERS.
Presbyterian—Rev. Alfred J. Barrow.
Episcopal—Rev. A. V. Schenck.
Lutheran—Rev. J. O. McAttee.
Methodist—Rev. B. G. W. Reed.
German Reformed—Rev. H. Beckerman.
Roman Catholic—Rev. Thomas Heyden.

ASSOCIATIONS.
Bedford Lodge, No. 320, A. Y. M., meets on the first Wednesday on or before full moon, in the Bedford Hall, on the corner of Pitt and Richard streets.
Peace Branch Encampment, No. 114, I. O. O. F., meets on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, in the Bedford Hall.
Bedford Lodge, No. 202, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening, in the Bedford Hall.
Bedford Lodge, No. 148, I. O. O. F., meets in the Court House, on Monday evening of each week.

REMOVAL.—The office of Durborrow & Lutz has been removed from their former place of business to the "Inquirer Book Store" on the opposite side of the street.

BROKE JAIL.—William Gibson, awaiting trial on charge of rape, broke out of the jail on Tuesday morning, but after a lively race, was recaptured and again placed in confinement.

WILD TURKEYS.—Messrs. William McMullin and Simon Naus shot six very fine wild turkeys one day last week. Pretty good for one day but Bill and Simon are both good hunters, and no "pots" and deserve all they get.

SAVE POSTAGE AND RISKS.—Subscribers to the leading periodicals, such as Harper's Magazine, The Galaxy, The Atlantic Monthly, Harper's Weekly, & Bazar, Godey's Lady's Book, &c., will save the postage and the risk of sending money by mail, besides getting their magazines earlier, by leaving their subscriptions at the "Inquirer Book Store."

EVERY SATURDAY. for November 30th contains: Jack the Giant Killer, The Potentiometer of Mrs. Grundy, The Mail Guard's Story, The Wren of the Curragh, Planchette, My Aunt's Pearl Ring, Critics and Cant, Foreign Notes, and The Ball before Home by A. C. Swinburne. 10 cts. per number. Published by Ticknor & Fields, Boston.

CHARACTERISTIC.—"Why don't you trade with me?" said a close-listed tradesman to a friend the other day. The reply was characteristic. "You have never asked me, sir. I have looked all through the papers for an invitation in the shape of an advertisement, and found none. I never go where I am not invited."

JOHN A. BLODGET, Esq. for many years a citizen of this place, now located in Hollidaysburg, Blair county, paid our town a visit last week during court and gave his old friends the extreme pleasure of once more paying their respects to him. Mr. Blodget for many years occupied a leading position at our Bar, but some ten or fifteen years since he located in the West where he remained until a year or two ago when he located in Hollidaysburg and again resumed the practice of the law. We learn that he is doing a paying portion of the business of our neighboring county and we are happy to hear it. He purposes visiting our Court regularly.

THE BANKRUPT ACT.—All who contemplate availing themselves of the benefits of the Bankruptcy Law must do so previous to March 2, 1868, as the fifty per cent. clause takes effect on that day. There are only about one hundred and fifteen days left. All claims against a bankrupt who applies after next March, will, as a matter of course, be proven. Section 36 of the law, in relation to the fifty per cent. is as follows: "And in all proceedings in bankruptcy, commenced after one year from the time this act shall go into operation, no discharge shall be granted to a debtor whose assets do not pay fifty per cent. of the claims against his estate, unless the assent, in writing, of a majority in number and value of his creditors, who have proved their claims, is filed in the case, at or before the time of application for discharge."

A WANT SUPPLIED.—The want of a good book and Stationery store, where all sorts of stationery, books, papers, blanks can be had at all times, has long been felt by the people of our town and neighborhood. Having often heard the want expressed, by both our own people and strangers and believing we found superior facilities for the business, we have been induced to undertake to supply it. We begin with a small but well assorted stock intending to increase it gradually as we gain a better knowledge of the wants of the community. Having begun the business we intend to make it a permanent thing. We will keep a well assorted stock of stationery, books, periodicals and newspapers always on hand, and will furnish to order anything not found in our present stock, at the lowest retail prices. Buying and selling for cash only, as we intend to do, we will be enabled to sell as cheap as the cheapest.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—The following cases were disposed of in the Quarter Sessions last week:

Commonwealth vs. Espey A. Lehman.—Indictment for Fornication and Bastardy on oath of Henrietta Thomas, returned by Justice Lingenfelter. Leave granted to District Attorney to enter nolle prosequi on payment of costs.

Same vs. M. A. R. Carr et al. Indictment for Conspiracy on oath of John McKinney, returned by Justice Lingenfelter. Continued as to Carr. Nolle prosequi to others.

Same vs. John Devore.—Indictment for Cruelty to animals on oath of Jacob Evans, returned by Justice Lingenfelter. True Bill. Continued.

Same vs. Frank Holsinger.—Indictment for Assault and Battery on oath of Alfred Hawn, returned by Justice M. F. Stock. Leave granted to District Attorney to enter nolle prosequi on payment of costs.

Same vs. John Davidson.—Indictment for Fornication and Bastardy on oath of Maria Fetter, returned by Justice Adams. Leave granted to District Attorney to enter nolle prosequi on payment of costs.

Same vs. Edmund Trimball, Daniel Richey and Elizabeth Trimball.—Indictment for Libel. True Bill. Tried. Verdict: Edmund Trimball guilty in manner and form as he stands indicted and not guilty as to Daniel Richey and Elizabeth Trimball.

Same vs. Mary Jane Holsinger.—Surety of the Peace on oath of Jonathan Sutton, returned by Justice Stock. Continued on motion of District Attorney.

Same vs. Same.—Indictment for Assault and Battery on oath of Jonathan Sutton, returned by Justice Stock. Continued *supra*.

Same vs. Jacob Price.—Indictment for Fornication and Bastardy on oath of Amanda Zimmers, returned by Justice Lingenfelter. Continued.

Same vs. Josiah Holsinger.—Indictment for Neglect of the support and maintenance of Defendants wife, Mary Jane Holsinger. Continued.

Same vs. John Brown.—Indictment for Assault and Battery with intent to commit a Rape, returned by Justice Nicodemus. True Bill. Plead guilty. Sentenced to four years and ten calendar months in Western Penitentiary.

Same vs. John Griffith.—Indictment for Assault and Battery with intent to commit a Rape on oath of Mary Hughes, returned by Justice Gayer. True Bill. Verdict, Guilty of Assault and Battery. Sentenced to two months in County Jail.

Same vs. William James.—Indictment for Larceny on oath of Joseph F. Long, returned by Justice Gayer. Leave granted District Attorney to enter nolle prosequi.

Same vs. Wm. Gibson.—Indictment for Rape on oath of Hannah Gibson. Returned by Justice Nicodemus. True Bill. Verdict, Guilty. Motion for new trial.

Same vs. Jacob Dean.—Indictment for Larceny on oath of Jno. A. Mowry. Returned by Justice Nicodemus. Leave granted Dist. Attorney to enter nolle prosequi.

Same vs. Albert Miller and Margaret Miller.—Indictment for Larceny, on oath of Jno. K. Diehl, returned by Justice Gump. True Bill. Plead guilty. Sentenced to four months in county jail.

Same vs. Hannah Gibson.—Commitment for attempting to abscond as a witness in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Wm. Gibson and shielding a criminal, on oath of Robert Stockman. Returned by Justice Nicodemus. Discharged.

Same vs. Nimrod Wawms.—Indictment for Rape, on oath of Anna Strother, returned by Justice Zemberow. True bill. Verdict, not guilty.

Same vs. Jehu Bosen.—Indictment for shooting with intent to kill, on oath of Levi Smith, returned by Justice Nicodemus. Leave granted to Dist. Attorney to enter nolle prosequi.

Same vs. Josiah Haley.—Indictment for assault and battery, on oath of Rebecca Barges, returned by Justice Nicodemus. Leave granted to Dist. Attorney to enter nolle prosequi on payment of costs.

Same vs. Peter Morgart.—Indictment for fornication and bastardy on oath of Mary Catharine Barber. Returned by Justice Nicodemus. Leave granted to Dist. Attorney to enter nolle prosequi.

Same vs. Nelson Miller.—Indictment for Fornication and Bastardy, on oath of Margaret Mayer, returned by Justice Devore. Continued.

Same vs. Henry Bridenthal, Henry Bridenthal, Jr. and Robert Bridenthal. Indictment malicious mischief, on oath of Richard Hazlett. Returned by Justice Bowen. Nolle prosequi on payment of costs.

Same vs. Ann E. Boosten. Indictment, Surety of the Peace on oath of Sarah Byerly returned by Justice Nicodemus. Settled.

Same vs. Samuel Booser. Indictment, Surety of the Peace on oath of William Booser, returned by Justice Nicodemus. Settled.

Same vs. Elizabeth Cramer. Indictment for Perjury on oath of Peter Morningstar, returned by Justice Nicodemus. Continued to April term, 1868.

Same vs. David Madara and Henry Hale. Indictment for Assault and Battery on oath of John B. Furrey, returned by Justice Nicodemus. Continued.

Same vs. Abm. Kootz and William Harclerod. Indictment for neglecting to repair roads, on oath of Adam Little, returned by Justice Lingenfelter. Settled.

Same vs. Eliza Suters. Indictment, Larceny on oath of George Stuckey, returned by Justice Lingenfelter. True Bill. Jury disagreed. Leave granted to enter nolle prosequi.

Same vs. John Charleston, Ridgely Smith, Henry Bagley and Seth Smith. Indictment for Assault and Battery on oath of Henry Crawley. True Bill. Plead guilty and submits to the Court. Nolle prosequi as to Ridgely Smith. The others sentenced to pay a fine of two dollars each and costs of prosecution, and remain in custody until the sentence is complied with.

Same vs. Lewis Sapp. Indictment for violating liquor law, on oath of Sarah Bagley, returned by Justice Lingenfelter. Ignored, county to pay costs.

Same vs. Joseph Bowser. Indictment for Fornication and Bastardy, on oath of Emma Smith, returned by Justice Lingenfelter. Plead guilty.

For Desertion of wife, on oath of Mary Jane Holsinger, returned by Justice Lingenfelter. Continued.

Same vs. Levi Smith. Indictment for malicious mischief, on oath of John Boston, returned by Justice Lingenfelter. Leave granted to Dist. Attorney to enter nolle prosequi.

Same vs. Jonathan Feichtner. Indictment for Larceny, on oath of Charles Bush, returned by Justice Devore. Not a true bill.

Same vs. Mary C. Poor. Indictment for Assault and Battery with intent to kill, on oath of John C. Poor, returned by Justice Mann. Settled.

Same vs. Andrew Hamler and Christopher Osborne. Indictment for not opening road. True Bill. Process awarded.

Same vs. John Brown. Indictment for assault with intent to murder. True Bill. Leave granted to enter nolle prosequi.

Same vs. William Gibson. Indictment for Incestuous Fornication. True Bill. Continued by consent.

Same vs. Henry Bagley, Seth Smith and John Charleston. Indictment for Assault and Battery on oath of Thomas Booser. True Bill. Leave granted to Dist. Attorney to enter nolle prosequi on payment of costs.

Same vs. George Brown. Indictment for seduction. True Bill. Process awarded.

Same vs. George Stuckey. Indictment for Larceny. True Bill. Leave granted Dist. Attorney to enter nolle prosequi.

PROPOSED CHANGE OF THE ROAD LAW.—As a matter of the first importance to our people, we publish the following petition to the Legislature, which is now being circulated for the purpose of obtaining signatures:

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the General Assembly met in Session at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania: We, the undersigned citizens of Bedford County, respectfully represent that some change in the method of making and keeping in good condition the public roads, of this County, is very much needed, and the undersigned know of no better plan than that of letting out the roads to public sale in sections of half a mile, as has been adopted in many of the townships of Franklin, Chester, Washington and other counties. We therefore pray that said system may be extended to Bedford County, or better yet, that said system may be made general for the State, so as to avoid special Legislation.

For copy of Act see page 336 Pamphlet Laws of 1865.

It is unnecessary to call attention to the fact, that our present road system is so admirably adapted to the purpose of securing bad roads, that one can hardly persuade himself that it was not enacted for that purpose rather than with any design of securing good roads. The law above referred to has been in operation in several counties or parts of counties in the state and has, we believe, given general satisfaction. With the exception of the election of supervisors and the method of letting the work in sections to the lowest bidder, the law makes no material changes in the now existing general road law. It provides for the election, at first, of three supervisors for each township, for the terms of one, two and three years respectively, and thereafter for the election of one each year to serve for three years. Security is required from contractors for the faithful performance of their duties and the taxes are collected in money instead of being worked out as formerly. This in reality removes one of the most formidable obstacles to the securing of good roads under the old law. Under the system of working out taxes, every one who has any property in the county, and who, as a rule, expended the greatest possible amount of time on the least possible amount of work, and consequently it was almost impossible to obtain faithful and industrious workmen or to get work properly done. Every one knows that a more costly and less efficient system could scarcely be devised. The proposed change, on the other hand, aims at securing the best work at the lowest price, by letting it in sections to the lowest bidder, so that bidders can secure those sections nearest to them and for keeping which in repair they have the greatest facilities. We believe that a fair and impartial trial of the proposed system will fully satisfy the people most interested, that it will secure for them much better roads than we now have at a much less cost. We are in favor of a trial, as nothing can be worse than the existing law as at present administered. Persons favoring the proposed change can cut out the above petition and attach it to such lists of signers as they are able to secure in their respective townships, and forward them to us at any time before the meeting of the Legislature in January, when we will forward them to our members and see that they secure early attention. In the meantime we will be pleased to receive and publish any communication on the subject whether for or against it.

The citizens of our town were somewhat startled last week by the announcement that some individual was tearing down the bridge across the river on Richard street. A warrant was issued for his arrest and he was brought before our court on last Friday or Saturday, and related the following circumstances: The bridge was built under the direction of the Bedford and Hollidaysburg turnpike company by James Clark and Josiah Penrose. The company failed and these gentlemen were never paid. Mr. Clark was bankrupted thereby. This occurred some eighteen years ago. A few weeks since Mr. Clark arrived here and advertised the bridge for sale and on the day of sale it was knocked off to him for \$3000. He immediately proceeded to barricade it so that the public could not use it; or pass over it, believing that this action of his would bring about an investigation which might result in his getting his money. Such a proceeding has been commenced. These men should be paid whether they can recover it by law or not.

ANCIENT FINE ARTS.—To the Editor of the New York Herald. Respecting the relics of porcelain were found in the late excavations at Herculaneum, which have been forwarded to the Society of Antiquities in London, whereof your correspondent says the bottle resembling Drake's Plantation Bitters was undoubtedly placed among the ruins by the agent of Dr. Drake, we desire to state he is incorrect in every respect. If a bottle was found there, bearing on its lettering, the language of the Ancient Romans was different from the accepted literature of that day. Our Agent has other business than this in Europe and has not been in Italy at all. No doubt Americans carry Plantation Bitters to Rome; but trying to impose upon a society of Antiquarians in this way, seems quite useless, and we do not appreciate the joke. It is unnecessary for us to spend money in Europe while we are unable to supply the demand for these celebrated Bitters here. Respectfully,

P. H. DRAKE & CO.

THE MORRISON'S COVE RAILWAY.—This project has been revived again as we learn from citizens along the route and from the Hollidaysburg Register. That paper says: "the engineers are now at work surveying the route for the proposed railroad from Hollidaysburg to Pattonville, in Bedford county. There are two routes talked of—one by way of Newry, the other directly from Hollidaysburg via the Reservoir to Martha Furnace and the Gap Works. The enterprise is in the hands of men who will push it to completion. The iron manufacturers of that vicinity are all deeply interested in its success, and from the manner in which they are going into the work we believe it will succeed. The citizens all along, and at the other terminus of the road will, as a matter of course, give the enterprise all the assistance they can. The road, when built, will open up one of the richest grain growing districts in the State, besides bringing to market the inexhaustible quantities of iron ore with which this part of the country abounds."

This is very encouraging, and we hope that the project will be pushed right along. There is an abundance of capital to complete the road along the line; all that will be necessary for the farmers to do will be to subscribe half as much stock as such an improvement will enhance the value of their lands and the road will be made.

AFFIXING STAMPS.—From the following notice which we copy, persons mailing letters will see what their duty is in regard to that matter:

Many inquiries have from time to time reached us from postmasters as to their duty in regard to affixing stamps on letters, &c., handed to them at the postoffice, accompanied by the necessary amount of postage in money. The "duty" of a postmaster in regard to this matter is very clear. It is to see that all matter sent from his office, on which pre-payment is required, is *pre paid by stamps*. It is *not* his duty to pre-pay such matter himself; that is the business of the person who deposits the matter in the post-office, and he should affix the necessary stamps, and not call upon the postmaster or clerks to do so. There are circumstances under which it is proper for a postmaster or clerk to affix them, as a matter of common courtesy or charity—as in the case of a woman, a child, a cripple, an aged or very ignorant person; but he is not only not required to do it in ordinary cases, but it is, for various reasons, very desirable that he should not make a practice of it. Where it involves a neglect of his regular prescribed duties, it should never be done. Without enlarging further on the subject, we will mention that this practice not long since led to the arrest of two clerks in a postoffice for a very serious violation of a law relating to the postoffice.

DICKENS AMERICAN NOTES.—We have just received from the publishers, (Ticknor & Fields; Boston) a copy of these much abused papers of the great novelist. The enterprising publishers improved the very moment of Mr. Dickens arrival on our shores by issuing this timely edition of his criticisms of our American life of twenty years ago. It was called forth by the following editorial in the "New York Tribune" of Oct. 23:

We regret to observe that one or two journals are spiteful enough to print some very unkind remarks about Charles Dickens in anticipation of his forthcoming visit to America. Mr. Dickens said some pretty hard things of us many years ago, but it is by no means certain that we did not deserve them; and even if we did not, any man of sense ought to know that whatever little injury he ever did us has been twenty times outweighed by the substantial good he has conferred upon the world. The fact is, we doubt whether those who are now rude in their censure of the great novelist know how much truth and good sense are embodied in the writings with which they principally find fault, and how groundless is the assertion that he "abused the hospitality" which we forced upon him. It would be a wise thing—good for Mr. Dickens and good for ourselves—if our publishers would take the present opportunity to put upon the market a new edition of the "American Notes"; that would help us to know how little we had to complain of from the hands of our guest, how much we have mended our manners, and how much there is still to be mended.

THE GALAXY. For December, contains "Democracy," by Walt Whitman; "Our Golden Wedding," by T. W. Parsons; "The Drunken Drama," by Olive Logan, "Boating," by D. M.; "Words and Their Uses," by Richard Grant White; "A Note or Two on Music," by M. A. Cary; "Small Planters in the South," by James O. Noyes; "How the Spirits Tormented Me," by Richard Frothingham; "Steven Lawrence, Yeoman," by Mrs. Edwards; "Waiting for the Verdict," by Mrs. R. H. Davis; and "Nebulae," by the Editor.

This number completes the fourth volume of The Galaxy. The price of The Galaxy is \$3.50 a year; two copies for \$6.

Address W. C. & F. P. CHURCH, No. 39 Park Row, New York.

A SOLEMN PARCE.—On Thursday the 21st three young men were arraigned in court for a wanton attack upon a colored barber several weeks ago while quietly at work in his own shop. They had been arrested and released upon giving bail for their appearance at the recent session of court and their good behavior during the interval. The same parties before they had been arraigned in court on this first charge, were again engaged in a drunken quarrel and sent to prison. Under these circumstances they came before the court as above stated, pleaded guilty, without any extenuating circumstances, and were fined by the court two dollars each and costs of prosecution. We believe in tempering justice with mercy but we also believe in tempering justice with such justice as will secure peace and good order in the community. Such trifling penalties for flagrant outrages are scarcely better than encouragement of crime, and only make a solemn mockery of the supposed power of the law to protect quiet, unoffending and peaceable citizens.

SUDDEN DEATHS.—This season of the year seems to be peculiarly unhealthy—for hogs. Each morn of the past week there might have been heard, in all directions, the "shrill shriek and guttural groan" of some dying porker, and visions of sausage, "fresh and by the yard," disturb the dreams of less fortunate neighbors who have no such luxury in prospect. Some very fine, fat fellows have been killed this fall already. One by Mr. Wm. Cook, (blacksmith) weighing four hundred and thirty-three pounds. This is ahead as far as reported.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS for sale at the Inquirer office. A full supply of Deeds, Leases, Articles of Agreement, &c.

THE ELECTIC MAGAZINE for December comes to us with a finely engraved likeness of Edmund About one of the most popular and distinguished of the living writers of France.

The contents are: Recent Researches in Palestine, The Marriage Law of the Three Kingdoms, Old Stories Retold, The Mance of the Mamelukes, The Romance of Medicine, The Last Supper of Leonardo da Vinci, translated from the German, The Philosophy of Goethe, first paper; Social Aspects of German Protestantism, Why the Leaves Fall, The Symbolism of the Sublime, The Village on the Cliff, The Morality of Literary Art, The Akkadian Insurrection of August 8, 1866, Franz Listz—The Second Mozart, Physics of the Brain, Foolish Virgins, Poetry, Notes on Books and Varieties.

The Electric constitutes an epitome of all the best foreign periodical literature. Its selections are made with great taste and good judgment from the whole range of foreign periodicals. To all who wish to keep up their acquaintance with current foreign literature without the expense of the English Quarterlies and leading periodicals, the Electric is indispensable. Its publishers pledge themselves for the year 1868 to keep it fully up to its past high standard. Price of single copy \$5.00 per annum. Published by W. H. Bidwell, 5 Beekman street, New York.

DIED.
In Harrison township on the 20th inst., WILLIAM H. Infant son of William and Kate Earnest, aged 3 days.

On the 19th inst., in Bedford tp., THOMAS MILLER, aged 50 years, 6 months and 17 days.

On the 18th inst., Mrs. SARAH MANN, relict of David Mann.

Mrs. Mann was one of the excellent of the earth. She was one of the most humble and confiding Christians. In Bedford, where she lived for many years, she deservedly enjoyed the highest esteem of a very large circle of acquaintance. In her death, the Reformed Church, to which she belonged, has lost an highly esteemed member, and its pastor, a sincere friend. Her last sickness was protracted and sometimes with much suffering, but she bore it all with that perfect resignation to the will of God, which only the Christian can do. Those who mourn her death will find much comfort in the recollection of her many virtues and in her meek exercise of all the Christian graces. She now rests in peace as to her body and in happiness as to her soul.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Governor for the pardon of John M. Hammond convicted at February Sessions 1866, for Horse stealing and breach of Prison.

G. H. SPANG, Atty. for Petitioner.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.
The subscriber offers at private sale, a good two story Log House containing four good rooms, and a lot of ground of about one-third of an acre, enclosed with a board fence. The property is situated within one mile of Bedford, and would make a desirable home for a laboring man or mechanic. Price \$325.

J. G. BRIDHAM, Nov. 29th, 1867.

ESTATE OF CAPT. GEO. SMITH, deceased.
Letters of Administration, *cum testamento annexo*, on the above estate, having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the estate of said decedent will make payment, and those having claims present them without delay to

GEO. W. SMITH, Residing in Fulton County, Pa.

RATIONS COMMUTED.—*Mails of deceased prisoners entitled to Commutation of Rations.*—The heirs of prisoners who died in any of the Southern prisons are entitled to recover Commutation for Rations provided by an Act of Congress passed March 3, 1865, and how to use it, and parents who are entitled to Ration money can procure it by applying to

DURBORROW & LUTZ.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration, with the Will annexed, have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of John Amos, late of Bedford township, deceased, that all persons indebted to said estate are notified and required to make payment immediately, and those having claims may present them duly authenticated for settlement.

J. B. AMOS, Nov. 29th, 1867.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Bedford County, the undersigned Administrator of the Estate of Samuel Burkett, late of Union township, deceased, will offer for sale on the premises,

On Friday, December 20th, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M.

the following described real estate to wit: A splendid farm, being the mansion tract of said deceased, containing 135 acres more or less, about 65 acres of which are cleared, under fence and in a high state of cultivation, the balance well timbered, and having erected thereon a two story weather-board house, a good barn, spring house, and other out-buildings. The farm is well watered, has a good orchard, and is very desirable. Terms made known on day of sale. A. J. BURKETT, Administrator.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The subscribers, Executors, of the last Will and Testament of Nathan H. Wolf, late of St. Clair township, deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, in said township, on

Tuesday, December 24th, 1867, at 10 o'clock P. M., the one undivided half of a tract of Land situated in said township, adjoining lands of Jacob Croyle, John S. Miller, and others, containing 80 Acres and allowance. About 65 acres of the land are cleared and under cultivation, and the residue is well timbered. The improvements consist of a two story Log Dwelling House, with Kitchen attached, a frame Bank Barn, Smoke House, and other out-buildings. There is also a splendid orchard on the place, and at the rear of the dwelling is one of the best Springs in the neighborhood. This tract is known as "Chestnut Ridge" land, is of the finest quality, and very productive. The other undivided half of this tract belongs to John Wolf, one of the Executors, but the whole will be sold together and undivided so that the title may pass to the purchaser.

TERMS.—One half of the purchase money in hand; the balance in two equal payments, without interest, secured by judgments or mortgage. Possession given on the 1st of April next.

JOHN WOLF, THOS. MCCOY, Executors.

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH. A Family and an Agricultural Journal devoted to Choice Literature, including Poetry, Novels, Tales, and Moral and Entertaining Reading, generally. In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novels, Tales, Poetry, etc., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

Agriculture and Horticulture. embracing Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c. Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very subjects to all persons desiring to improve their farms and gardens, and to power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empirics and sensation adventurers who have been so successful in misleading the public.

Terms.—Two dollars and fifty cents per annum. No orders received without the cash, and all subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for. Specimen numbers sent. Address, PHILIP R. FREAS, Editor and Proprietor, Germantown, Phila., Pa.

A NEW GROVER & BAKER \$35 SEWING MACHINE for sale at one-half cash and the balance in a reasonable time. Apply to Box 61, Bedford.

THE INQUIRER BOOK STORE!

The subscribers have just opened in the building adjoining the Inquirer office, opposite the "Mingle House," lately occupied by Mrs. Tate, a

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE,

where they are prepared to sell all kinds of

STATIONERY,

SUCH AS

FOOLSCAP,

CONGRESS,

LEGAL AND RECORD CAP,

LONG BILL,

SERMON,

LETTER,

CONGRESS LETTER,

COMMERCIAL NOTE,

BATH POST, Large and Small,

LADIES (gilt) NOTE, LADIES OCTA-

VO (gilt) NOTE, MOURNING,

different styles, FRENCH,

NOTE, &c., &c.

ENVELOPES of all kinds and quality.

PASS BOOKS, at least a dozen varieties,

POCKET LEDGERS, TIME BOOKS,