Bucks

learfield ...

Delaware ...

McKean.

Mifflin ..

Monroe...... Montgomery.

hiladelphia.

Susquehanna...

Vayne ...

Wyoming ..

3,696

684

6,238 1,122

3,465 2,649 2,328 44,274

270

1,47₀ 6,506

3,064 353 4,134

2,024

2,024 3,295 2,274 4,627 2,211 4,494 1,379 5,512

254.I7I

15.325

"We must learn to welcome with gladness as the results of the war, free labor, the civil

and that they never can be changed. Like the laws of the Medes and Persians which

A Philadelphia paper calls attention to the fact that the beginning of the new year will witness the inauguration of unpro-

steamships at our wharves. The steamship Henry Chauncey will sail on the 11th of

country—the supposed point of departure.

million pounds. As yet no reply has been

der date of October 23:

5,528

3,871

54,205

2,687 4,977

5.046

I,408 5,896

17,178

6.II:

3,865 622 3,408 I,620

2,712

7,489

619

I,33I I,738

1,250

4,371 3,152 5,581 1,418 8,069

I.447

AN HONEST CONFESSION.

The Gazette blurts out the following demn truth, something that very seldom appens

'CURTIN was elected in 1860, receiving 246,000 votes and getting a majority of 2,000. He was re-elected in 1863, receivmajority. At the late election Clymer received 290,000 votes, 21,000 more than Curtin got in 1863, and 26,000 more than that Geary should be counted in, despite this enormous increase of Democratic votes? There's cheating around the board, or we're most egregriously mistaken.

Certainly that was cheating "around the oard," there is no mistake in it. 20,000 of the 26,000 increase of Copperhead votes since Curtins election, were imported, were FRAUDULENT. Mr. Clymer knew this, and this fact alone made' him over sanguine of election and accounts for his solemn asseverations, in the last week or two of the canvass, that he would be elected. The world must certainly be coming to an end when the Gazette begins to tell the truth.

BEECHER'S LAST SERMON.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who was lately so glibly quoted by the Gazette, on Sunday evening, the 21st ult., preached a sermon which we hope it will copy. He

"Governor Fenton represents the idea of civic reformation. Mayor Hoffman repre-sents the idea of continued misgovernment in the State, and you may smooth it by what names you please, he represents no reforma-tion, while the popular party, represented by Governor Fenton in the State, represents reformation in civic affairs. I have a right then, on the broad ground of morals, to appeal to the interests, to the reason, and to the conscience of every thoughtful man on this subject, and I do. I have a right to appeal to every man of party, and say if you love Christianity, and if you love morality, and would spread it, I demand in the name of Christ and morality that you give your vote and influence to that side that will most certainly establish justice and equality.

or Christ and morality that you give your vote and influence to that side that will most certainly establish justice and equality.

The sharpers in the Copperhead party, of which of course there are very few, are up to a thing or two. Whenever they want to wring the substantial out of their party leaders, they not only even that their party leaders, they not only swear that they will icin the Republicans but they The Galveston Bulletin says: they will join the Republicans, but they talk Republican; immediately the principals come to terms, they "sock up" one way or another and the sharper is a clear gainer of something nice, while the poor fool who votes the Copperhead ticket, without a murmur, "early and often," gets nothing. Serves him right.

The rebels of Maryland acted wisely when they requested Col. Filler, Maj. Meyers and Capt. Palmer of this place to address them. The two latter could asfirmly established and cannot be changed. sure them that they never faltered in their Nor would the South have sought to ignore sympathy for rebels from the breaking out of these issues, but for the influence of norththese issues, but for the influence of northere hand it gave the Colonel an opportunity to apologize for assisting in drubbing them and satisfied his new friends that he is firm in the faith. Pass along the "orfis."

The Gazette is very much dissatisfied with the Congressional Apportionment in this State. We expect to see it advocate secession in a short time. We hope it will not only advocate it but proceed to carry out Southampton, Juniata, Colerain, &c.,

out Southampton, Juniata, Colerain, &c., and unite them with Berks, Luzerne, York, must and will suffer the penalty of her folly.

and unite them with Berks, Luzerne, York, &c., and form a Congressional District entirely to its taste. We can spare Southampton and Juniata very readily.

There are two classes of men whose chances for office are remarkably good at present. They are the bolters—the fellows who bolt from the Republican Party and those who threaten to bolt from the Copperhead party.

must and will suffer the penalty of her folly. That party which is urging the South to reject the Constitutional Amendment does not represent the people of the North; they are now playing the same tune they have so often played before: "Trust us a little longer, we will certainly win next time." Like the ruined gamester, they are in constant hope of gaining the prize which always eludes their grasp. Let the men of the South to reject the Constitutional Amendment does not represent the people of the North; they are now playing the same tune they have so often played before: "Trust us a little longer, we will certainly win next time." Like the ruined gamester, they are in constant hope of gaining the prize which is urging the South to reject the Constitutional Amendment does not represent the people of the North; they are now playing the same tune they have so often played before: "Trust us a little longer, we will certainly win next time." Like the ruined gamester, they are in constant hope of gaining the prize which is urging the South to reject the Constitutional Amendment does not represent the people of the North; they are now playing the same tune they have so often played before: "Trust us a little longer, we will certainly win next time." Like the ruined gamester, they are in constant hope of gaining the prize which always eludes their graph. Let the men of the South to reject the Constitutional Amendment does not represent the people of the North; they are now playing the same tune they have so often played before: "Trust us a little longer, and the constitutional Amendment does not represent the constitutional Amendment does not represent th

We had some hopes of carrying Allegany county, Maryland, until Col. Filler, B. F. Meyers and John Palmer, Esqs., b. F. Meyers and John Palmer, Esqs., ken steam communication around the globe, threw their tremendous weight into the scale. We have no returns up to this date. as the arrival and departure of European

NAPOLEON'S DEATH EXPECTED .-- A Ber lin letter by the last steamer says: The celebrated Dr. Langenbeck, the Chief Surgeon The celof our army, left two days ago for Blarritz, to consult with the Physicians of the French Emperor on the possibility of an operation. Yesterday a dispatch was received from our Embassay at Paris that there is no hope of recovery for Napoleon, and that his death may be hourly expected, the fact being only still kept secret.

THE Revenue Commissioners estimate that over 42,000,000 gallons of distilled spirits, 186,000,000 gallons of fermented liquors, and 10,000,000 gallons of imported liquors, are annually consumed in this comtry, costing \$500,000,000. The Government revenue derived from the liquor busi ness is estimated at \$47,727,276 annually

The debt of the State of Pennsylvania has been reduced \$1,158,009.62 during the year ending September 3. 1866. The indebtedness of the State on the 1st of December, 1865, was \$37,476,258,06, the assets in the Treasnry being \$13,623,668.14—leaving the liabilities of the State over assets \$23,-853,589.92.

THE emigration from the South of Ireland partially suspended during the harvest, is reviving. The tickets are in very many instances prepared by the friends of the emigiven. THE OHIO APPLE CROP.—The apple crop on the Western Reserve is probably

THE PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

A letter to the Washington Chronicle, dated at Newbern, N. C., October 25, says: "There is much disorder in this State, and in two or three of the Southeastern counties bands of robbers and murderers of high and low degree have become the terror of all decent people. This is particularly The Official Vote for Governor. 1863 of all decent people. This is particularly the ease in Lenoir and Duplin, and perhaps Wayne. I learn these facts from one of the State Judges, who it affords me pleasure to 20,611 12,795 8,758 3,078 say, holds such lawless characters in proper abbet rence, a nd who exert is authority to suppress and punish the villains. He in-forms me that these gangs of thugs prowl about the country and rob all who come in 3,146 2,977 3,037 2.704 6,005 I2,627 3,283 2,386 6,722 2,954 6,266 6,836 7,121 their way, and especially the negroes. Men who at the beginning of the civil war seemed to be ges itlemen, have become so depra-ved and de graded as to steal horses, and 3,328 2,161 3,054 3,000 216 2,119 3,058 5,498 2,598 2,183 1,911 ever blan kets, from negroes who are endeavoring; to support themselves by hon-est industry. It may be hoped that not many perso ns of respectable parentage have decended to this level. I learn from the 318 1,542 2,714 7,988 1,618 1,531 1,607 1,801 6,141 3,434 5,965 3,462 336 6,259 3,091 same resperable authority and from others that it is unsafe to travel alone by private conveyance through the counties which are infested by these organized bands of villains. 3,342 They have become a terror to all classes, black and white, rebels and Unionists. Dauphin 3,647 "Murler, robbery, rape, theft and arson are the order of the day, and whites and blacks are alike guilty. The negroes are 3,260 3,79I are the order of the day, and whites and blacks are alike guilty. The negroes are sure to be punished, while the whites very often escape unwhipped of justice. Perjury among these abandoned wretches white and black—is common, and they have no scruple about swearing each other out of the grip of the law. There ought to be two or three thousand cavalry in the State, under the command of discrete and honest 3,876 58 3,7I0 761 1,484 3,260 3,961 1,022 2,960 2,167 1,955 1,754 I.698 I,737 13,841 3,063 3,658 7,650 1,251 2,653

under the command of discreet and honest officers. They would exert a wholesome 12,387 4,448 security which does not now exist." "What I have said of one of the state Judges, I may say of all. I believe, that without exception, they are good men, who mean to do their duty. They were selected from the class of men who opposed the rebellion as long as opposition was safe and practicable, and who have none of the life practicable, and who have none of the life long passions and antipathies of the genuine secessionist to estrange them from the national government. They were selected before the State fell so completely under the control of the party which brought about secession, and at a time when a decent respect for the opinion of the North was a controlling consideration. But they cannot always control living a property of the second of the sec cannot always control juries, not prevent them from screening bad men from punishment, where political passions and pro-slavery feelings were the incentives to

Disorder in North Carolina.

The Harvest in England.

crimes

269,496 254,171 307,274 290,096 The London Telegraph of October 15 says: "The general results of this strangely checkered year may be summed up as folows: Wheat is deficient both in quantity The True Policy for the Southern States. and quality; barley is a heavy crop, but sadly injured, and malting barley has suffered most of all; while oats have sustained least The New York correspondent of the Richnond Examiner writes in that journal, undamage. All three are below an average to the extent of at least a fifth. On the other hand the moisture which injured the grain "I speak whereof I know when I say that benefitted the root crops and the pastures; turnips and mangolds swelled prodigiously leading men who, as a matter of principle. oppose all conditions of restoration as at va-riance with the Constitution and the plightunder its influence, and the grass is heavy and luxuriant. Potatoes were beginning to show symptoms of the old disease, but the dryness of the last fortnight has materially ed faith of the government, unhesitatingly express the opinion that as a matter of expe-diency the South should ratify the amondchecked the ugly indications; and as the subers are strong and well grown, it may be hoped they have now passed the stage of se-

riens danger.
"The quality of the three kinds of grain presents the widest possible variety. In the earliest English counties, Kent, Oxfordshire Berkshire, and one or two others, some wheat which had ripened under the glowing sun of last July, was cut and garnered before the weather broke; and that grain, we be-lieve is superlative in quality, though not very heavy in yield. Still the quantity is not large, and it tells but little on the gross

as the results of the war, free labor, the civil equality and constitutional freedom of all men, or we shall have neither peace nor prosperity. Men of the South forget that they are living in the year of grace 1866, and imagine they are living in 1860. They forget that certain principles have been established by the blood of a half million men, "On the whole we are much less fortunate than last year, the harvest of which was singularly abundant; or than the previous year, when the crops, if not very rich, were excellent in quality. But we have not suffered so much as some of our neighbors. The summer and autumn have been wet everywhere. In France the harvest is very defi-cient and the vintage is among the worst ever known. In Germany the grain is rot-ting in the fields. In the United States se-rious injury has been done, which the brilrious injury has been done, which the Orliliance of the Indian summer may be too late to repair. And in Canada the crops have just escaped one of the greatest calamities. Both in Europe and in America there appears to have been something like a deluge from the heavily laden clouds, such as the earth could scarcely absorb. In France and the United States rivers have burst their banks and inundated the valleys, sweeping before them household treasures and the produce of the fields.

"A comparative scarcity, then, will increase the demand for such supplies as the markets of the world can collect, and we may expect the average prices to be higher than last seat off we have a whole an extension of the seat off we have a whole and the seat off we have a whole and the seat of last year. As a set-off, we have ample re-serves of food for cattle, and should there be no return of the plague we shall find some compensation for the deficiency of cereals. At the worst there is no fear of real scarcity. French buyers may come to our markets, and purchase to their satisfaction and our profit; both nations may compete in the great corn-producing regions bordering on the Baltic and the Black Seas; but there will still be plenty for all.

"Thanks to our more rapid and perfect mmunication, we now seldom witness glut and disastrous lowness of price in one country or scarcity and famine prices in another. The supplies of the whole world are taken, and a fair average in value is the result, showing as the grand result a moderate uniformity in price and a fair regularity in supply. Even now an order can be flashed supply. Even now an order can be flashed across the Atlantic through that little wire which is suspended in its rayless depths, and relief can be sent with a rapidity never be-

Henry Chauneey will sail on the 11th of December for the Isthmus; will connect there with the Golden City for San Francisco; on the first of January, the steamship Colorado will sail for Yokohamo, in Japan, and Hong Kong, in China. If, arrived at the latter port, the passenger wishes still to journey westward, he can proceed by the boats of the Peninsula and Oriental Company to Bombay, and onward through the Red Sea to the Isthmus of Suez, which, crossed by rail, conducts to the British line of Mediteranean steamers, touching at Malta and Gibralter, and arrive in Ingland, where a few hours of railway will enable him to take passage in one of a dozen lines of steamships for this country—the supposed point of departure. friends who interfered got served as mutual friends usually are under such circumstanstances. When Mr. H. picked himself up he called the attention of the assemblage by taking off his hat and crying: "Five hundred dollars reward to any one who will return me my diamond pin, lost in the melec." A native Greek merchant in Egypt had some dispute with the late Viceroy. The Greek's goods were seized, and a claim was subsequently made by him for £16,000 for loss and damages. Finding he could not succeed in recovering this—whether it was a just claim is not known—he came to the Haited States, remained here a sufficient A small telegraph boy at his elbow called out in a squeaking voice: "Here it is, sir; come down with your soap!" "Come to my office, and get it," said Mr. H., and people walked off, meditating upon the adage about the "ill-wind;"

United States, remained here a sufficient time, and became a citizen. He now returns to Alexandria, aud sends in a claim for one with rascality and impudence beyond his age, called for and ate a stew at an oyster flight of meteors in November 1833, much

FROM BALTIMORE.

The New Commissioners Demand the Sarrender of the Marshall's Office, &c. They are Refused Admittance-No Disturbances Have Occurred.

LATER.

and requested to see the board.

This was refused, when they immediately retired, greeted as they paseed through the large crowd gathered in front of the office with derisive laughter by some of the friends of the old board. They proceeded by way of Lexington street to the Sheriff's office, where it is presumed they will demand the aid of the Sheriff. Large crowds are gath with derisive laughter by some of the friends of the old board. They proceeded by way of Lexington street to the Sheriff's office, where it is presumed they will demand the aid of the Sheriff. Large crowds are gath ered in the vicinity of the police office and court house, but all is yet quiet.

Baltimore, Nov. 3.—At noon the new commissioners, after spending an hour with their coursel at his office, got into a carriage.

route, and after making a detour of about one mile to avoid the crowd, approached the Commissioner's office, where their appearance was the signal for tunultous demon strations of disapproval by the now largely increased crowd. They were again admitted to the enclosure at the door of the office, were met by the Clerk of Commissioners, who received their document, telling them that the Commissioners would immediately consider the metter and make their really in consider the matter, and make their reply in

writing. Messrs. Valliant and Young then returned to their carriage amid mingled groaus and hooting. The carriage drove off to the corner of North and Baltimore streets, to the Conservative headquarters, where they were received with loud cheering by the crowd

gathered there.
It is now understood they are organizing a new force. Some five or six members of the old force resigned last night and reported to Messrs. Young and Valliant this morning. There are reports of an arrival of troops at Hannon's bridge on the Washington road, but the report cannot be verified. There is, of course, much excitement and deep feeling out so far no disturbance has occurred.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 3.—The documents furnished by the new commissioners was a for-mal demand for the surrender of the Station House and the Marshal's office, the Fire Alarm Telegraph and the Police force. All Large crowds are gathering on the

A BENCH WARRANT ISSUED FOR THE ARREST OF THE NEW COMMISSIONERS, -- THE SHIRIFF SUMMONED TO APPEAR BEFORE

JUDGE BOND.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 3—2.15 P. M.

Judge Bond has issued a bench warrant
for the arrest of Messrs. Young and Valliant. The Judge also summoned the Sheriff to appear before him, and inquired if it
were true that he was summoning a posse.
The Sheriff said yes he was doing so at the JUDGE BOND.

request of the new commissioners.

The Judge warned him to desist, and said if he did not obey he would forthwith

cause his arrest.

A few officers have been sworn in by the new Police Commissioners, and are designated by white ribbons. It is expected that the old force will arrest them.

The expected Meteoric Shower in No vember-Interesting Scientific Speculations.

Professor Ferguson, of the National Ob-servatory in Washington, is making arrange-ments to take scientific observations on the expected moteoric display in November next. The subject of meteors and shooting stars has engaged the attention of eminent astronomers within the last century to a greater extent than ever before; among them Pro-fessors Olmstead, Twining and Newton have written valuable papers in connection with

which rushing towards the surface of the earth with a loud noise, penetrated beneath it several feet. The periodicity of these starry showers is not so definitely ascertained with regard to the day as to the year. They have occurred to a greater or less degree in the months of August and November, from 1833 to 1839, but the most remarkable of them have appeared on the 12th of November, or between that date and

The next appearance of the meteoric phenomenon, therefore, is expected on or about the 12th of next month. The observations of the astronomers have demonstra-ted that the shooting stars are more numer ous between midnight and sunrise, and the majority of them agree in fixing the radiant point—that point in which the lines described by the meteors in their lines center—in the constellation of Leo, limiting the arena of radiation to the immediate vicinity of Regulas in the reck of the lion. Others assign the radiant point to the constellation of Leo, limiting the arena of radiation to the immediate vicinity of Regulas in the reck of the lion. Others assign

the radiant point to the constellation Orion.

The theory most generally accepted in accounting for the regular recurrence of meteoric showers is, that an unusual aggregation of these asteroids exists in the plane which is reached by the earth at that point of its orbit, and through which the earth is several hours in passing, although obs.rva-tions have not been sufficiently numerous to A Steam Marine for the Gulf.

The New Orleans Commercial Bulletin speaks as follows of the need of a steam marine for the ports of the Gulf of Mexico:

BALTIMORE, Nov. 3—10 A M.—The Sheriff is reported to be gathering a posse. The new commissioners are expected to make a formal demand, first, for the surrender of the station houses, books, &c. If they are refused they will then call upon the Sheriff to give them forcible possession. All is quiet so far. A very large force of police are at all the station houses and at the Marshal's office. The Gulf of Mexico and the oceans on modern commerce and intercommunication dema d. Hence the organization of a BALTIMORE, Nov. 3—11.30 A. M.—The new commissioners appeared at the Marsus and proceeded to the door of the office, where they were met by the clerk of the board, to whom they made their demand. Hence the organization of a steam marine adequate to conduct the vast trade of the Mississippi Valley with the tropical and intertropical regions is imperatively necessary. Where shall that commercial marine be organized? We answer without hesitation, in the Gulf ports of New Orleans and her sister cities. We ask the attention of our merchants especially to a most important and a most encouraging fact. ment were simpler and universally accessi ble. They could sail wherever the water would float or the wind would blow. As-Baltimore, Nov. 5. 428 commissioners, after spending an hour with their counsel at his office, got into a carriage leaving a document, understood to be a formal demand for the delivery of the office to their possession. They took a circuitous detour of about their possession. They detour of about their possession detour of about their possession. machinery requires an organized mechanical industry which can rarely be found in a seaport city of the Southern seas. It would be only justified where the aggregate steam tonnage is of established importan All this will come when the real emancipa tion of the South is concluded.

The Pork Packing Season.

The New Albany, (Ind.) Ledger of Tuesday last says of the condition and prospect of the coming hog slaughtering season around the falls of the Ohio, that, "not a single contract has been made either in New Albany Legislation of the Constitution o Albany, Louisville or Jeffersonville. There likely to crowd the market until their supply of corn is pretty well exhausted. It is be-lieved that nearly four hundred thousand hogs will be slaughtered in the cities around the Falls during the packing season of 1866-67. There are no prices established, the views of packers being widely different as to what should or will be the opening rates. The price, it is believed, however, will be between six and a half and seven and a half tition cents. These figures are, however, the mere guesses of packers. The probabilities are that the opening price will be the same as at Cincinnati.

Important From Mexico.

New Orleans, November I.—A private letter received from the Mexican capital announces the defection of a regiment of Mexicans, organized with Austrian officers, who murdered all the latter, and went over to

Parfiera Diaz, at Ojaca.

The Austrian band at the Capital bas ceased to give its open air concerts, because of the rioious conduct of the populace.

The Emperor, by reason of the sickness and distress of mind as to the health of the Empress, bas shut himself up in the Castle

of Chapultepec. His early abdication was expected. From New Orleans—Southern Radicals Leaving—Another Riot Anticipated.

NEW YORK, November 1 .- The Herald'. New Orleans special says: A number of radical Southerners, including Cutler, the leading spirit of the Convention of July 30 have left the city in expectation of a riot to-morrow. Cutler is the author of the report made in writing that the ex-rebels contem plate a massacre of the Northern residents to-morrow, and is very generally credited by everybody.

To-morrow, All-Saints' Day, will pass qui-etly, although the tombs of the dead will be ornamented by their friends.

bave drawn the attention of astronomers more particularly to this subject, and from that time to the recurrence of the meteoric shower in 1833, and up to the present day they have been endeavoring to refer the different phases and characteristics to the phenomenon to known laws, and to establish the exact anniversary of its appearance. Thus far the more brilliant of these meteoric showers have occurred at intervals of thirty-three years; that of 1863 was especially distinguished by the immense number of moving meteors to be seen at once, and for the remarkable size and splendor of many of them. Among the many myriads of blazing meteors visible on that occasion, one was seen at several places on this continent. It was recognized by several observers by its extraordinary size and brillancy, as well as by the length of time its train remained visible, which was about ten minutes. The by the length of time its train remained visible, which was about ten minutes. The luminous train seemed to follow the meteor in a serpentine course, and finally disappeared in a vast nebulus cloud, many times larger than the moon, and which continued to move onward with a velocity greater than the clouds.

The meteoric displays of 1799 and 1833 were characterized by the fall of meteorites, which rushing towards the surface of the earth with a loud noise, penetrated beneath the money, and then began to run about the money and the money and the surface of the money and the money and the money and the money and the surface of the money and the mo traveller. "Your preserver is my dog; his name is Rabat Joi e." And then, whipping his horses, he disappeared in the darkness

> THE AGRICULTURAL REPORT.—The control report of the Commissioner of Agriculture says the returns up to the first of August, verify in all essential particulars of August, verify in all essential particulars the statements respecting the crops contain-ed in previous exhibits. Corn has suffered from early frosts and excessive rains, but the quantity of the crop is the largest ever chronicled. The yield of wheat will not vary much from 143,000,000 bushels, show-ing a small percentage of decrease, which is folly compensated by the comparatively as fully compensated by the comparatively su-perior quality of the grain. This is 10,-000,000 bushels more than the crop of 1859, and is within 5,000,000 of a product in pro portion to the increased population. The diminution in the South is more apparent. The California wheat harvest is excessive. The yield of oats is extraordinary and the quality excellent. The indications point to an increase from 171,497,072 bushels in 1859, to 271,912,695 in 1866. It is the only erop in the South that maintains an equality with the last census exhibit. Here is ss in quantity than in the previous by from one to two tenths, but it is better in

partially suspended during the harvest, is reviving. The tickets are in very many instances prepared by the friends of the emigrants in this country.

THE OHIO APPLE CROP.—The apple crop on the Western Reserve is probably larger than that of any previous season for many years. The inland towns are shipping thousands of barrels. Ottawa, Lenaca Ashland, Lorain, and a score of counties, are sending large quantities to New York, Wm. Wright, United States Senator, died this morning, at eight o clock, aged seventy five years.

THE OHIO APPLE CROP.—The apple crop on the Western Reserve is probably walking out when the attendant reminded walking out when the attendant reminded that not paid for his repast.

"Oh, no," said the lad, "and I've got no money." "Why did you not tell me that ashland, Lorain, and a score of counties, are sending large quantities to New York, Chicago and other places. The prices is about three dollars per barrel. Dealers are paying two dollars without barrels.

THE OHIO APPLE CROP.—The apple crop on the Western Reserve is probably walking out when the attendant reminded that not paid for his repast. "Oh, no," said the lad, "and I've got no money." "Why did you not tell me that although there is some reason to believe the stew?" "Oh," although there is some reason to believe the stew of this kind is possible, scientific men unite in the opinion that such a about three dollars per barrel. Dealers are paying two dollars without barrels. St. Paul.—The St. Paul (Minnesota) ST. PAUL.—The St. Paul (Minnesota)

Press says the aggregate of freight received at St. Paul this year has been greater than ever before. During August and September, the quantity of Merchandise delivered at the St. Paul levee from La Crosse, Prairie du Chien, Dunleith and St. Louis was ten thousand one hundred tons! These figures are taken from the bedeat of the transporter.

GENERAL LOGAN ON COPPERHEADS,-The following is an interrogatory put by a Copperhead to General Logan during one of his speeches in Indiana, and the ans-

Cop-"A few years ago, when you was a Democrat, the Republicans called you "Dirty Work Logan;" are you doing the dirty work for the Republican party now?"
General Logan—"Yes, sir; I am skin ning Copperheads, and it is the dirtiest work I ever did; but it has got to be done." work I ever did; but it has got to be done.

NORWEGIAN LUTHERAN CONFERENCE. -We learn from the Madison (Wisconsin) Journal of the 27th instant, that the Uni-ted Norwegian Evangelical Lutheran Conference of the United States is in session at that place under the presidency of Rev. V. Coren, of Iowa. It met on the 25th, and will adjourn on the 31st of October. There are about thirty ministers in attendance from different parts of the United States, but principally from Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnessota, where the bulk of the scanding investments in the life of the scanding in the bulk of the scandinavian population live.

THE IRISH EMIGRATION.—The emigra-tion from the South of Ireland, partially suspended during the harvest, is reviving. The Cork Examiner remarks that "a con-siderable portion of the Emigration takes place through pray noil tickets, the friends place through pre-paid tickets, the friends of parties in America paying their passage money there, and during the past month the number of pre-paid passages has greatly increased. This shows the great anxiety of the Lish in America to have their countrymen out there."

GOVERNOR ORR has authorized the South Carolinian to say that he is utterly and unequivocally opposed to the Constitu-tional Amendment, and will not recommend its adoption by the Legislature.

S. T.—1860.—X.—The amount of Plantatio Bitters sold in one year is something startling They would fill Broadway six feet high, from the Park to 4th street. Drake's manufactory is one of the institutions of New York. It is said that Drake painted all the rocks in the Eastern States with his cabalistic "S. T.—1860.—X," and then got the old granny legislators to pass a law "preventing disfiguring the face of nature," which gives him a monopoly. We do not know how this is, but we do know the Plantation Bitters SELL as no other article ever did. They are used will be a large hog crop this season. There is an abundance of the best corn to feed them on, and for this reason feeders are not by all classes of the community, and are death on Dynamic action. by all classes of the community, and are death on Dyspepsia—certain. They are very invigorating when languid and weak, and a great appetizer. when languid and weak, and a great appetizer. Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all druggists.

> "In lifting the kettle from the fire I scalded myself very severely—one hand almost to a crisp. The torture was unbearable. * The Mexican Mustang Liniment relieved the pain alwost immediately. It healed rapidly, and left very little scar. Chas. Foster, 420 Broad St. Phila. sear. Chas. Foster, 420 Broad St. rema.
> This is merely a sample of what the Mustan
> Liniment will do. It is invaluable in all cases
> the search of the search wounds, swellings, sprains, cuts, bruises, spavins etc., cither upon man or beast. Beware of counterfeits. None is genuine unless

wrapped in fine steel-plate engravings, bearing the signature of G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and private stamp of DEMAS BARNES & Co., Ne

aratoga Spring Water, sold by all druggists.

AQUE DE MAGNOLIA.—The prettiest thing, the "sweetest thing," and the most of it for the least money. It overcomes the odor of perspiration; softens and adds delicacy to the skin, is a delightful perfume; allays headache and inflammation, and is a necessary companion in the sick room, in the nursery, and upon the toilet sideboard. It can be obtained everywhere at one dollar per

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all druggists

All who value a beautiful head of hair, and its reservation from premature baldness and turning ray, will not fail to use Lyons' celebrated Kath-iron. It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy, airon. It makes the hair rich sort and gover-eradicates dandruff, and causes the hair to grow with luxuriant beauty. It is sold everywhere. E. THOMAS LYON, Chemist, N. Y.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all druggist.

written valuable papers in connection with it.

LE PETIT JOURNAL has curious stories at common, but in the months of August and November of each year, they are seen in greater numbers, generally about the 10th of August and the 12th of November. The great Meteoric shower of 1799 seems to have drawn the attention of astronomers more particularly to this subject, and from that time to the recurrence of the meteoric. "What has curious stories at times; this is one:—

Lately, a traveller passed in a carriage along the Avenue de Neuilly; the night was dark; all at once the horse stopped, and the great Meteoric shower of 1799 seems to have drawn the attention of astronomers more particularly to this subject, and from that time to the recurrence of the meteoric. "Ah." cried the man, "you take care?" said the traveller. "Ah." cried the man, "you take care?" said the traveller. "Ah." cried the man, "you take care?" said the traveller. "Ah." cried the man, "you take care?" said the saratoga Spring Water, soldby all druggists. Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all druggists.

Heimstreet's inimitible Hair Coloring has been steadily growing in favor for over twenty years. It acts upon the absorbents at the roots of the hair, and changes it to its original color by degrees. All instantaneous dyes deaden and injure the Eair. Heimstreet's is not a dye, but is certain in the sults, promotes its growth, and is beautiful Hair Dressing. Price 50 cents and \$1 Sold by all dealers.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all druggist

LYON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JAMAICA GINGERche. Cho lera Miorbus, dec., where a warming, genial stimulan, s required. Its careful preparation and enti-purity make it a cheap and reliable article for culinary purposes. Sold everywhere at 50 cts. per bottle. Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all druggists

IST OF CAUSES put down for trial at Noly vember term 1866, (19th day.)
Samuel Stayer vs. Chas. Madden.
F. D. Beegle vs. Daniel Wertz et al.
William Toda vs. David Wolf.
Bloody Run School Dist. vs. W. Prov. School D.
J. W. Beeler's adm. vs. Dr. B. F. Harty.
B. W. Garretson vs. J. W. Beeler, garnishee, &c.
Homer Neice vs. William Woy.
Gideon Hitechew vs. Ada m W. Miller.
Jas. Madara et al vs. Abraham Eversole.
B. W. Garretson vs. George Widel. Bas. Madara et al vs. Abraham Eversole.
B. W. Garretson vs. George Widel.
Robinson Horton vs. G. W. Figard.
Aaron Hinsling vs. Israel Oppenheimer.
David Heidler vs. Hunt & Broad Top R. R.
Jacob Stocking vs. Sophia Lutzgazelle.
Certified October 22, 1866. O. E. SHANNON,

A 1.1 KINDS OF ELANKS, Common Admin A istrator's and Executor's, Deeds, Mortgage Judg ment Notes, Promissory Notes, with an without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpoe nas and Executions, for sale at the Inquirer office Nov 2, 1866

A LL KINDS OF BLANKS, Common Admin-istrator's and Executor's, Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Note, Promissory Notes, with and with-out waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpoenas, and Executions, for sale at the Inquirer office.

A LL KINDS OF BLANKS, Common, Administrator's and Executor's, Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpoenas and Executions, for sale at the Inquirer office.

Nov 2, 1866

SHERIFF'S SALES. By virtue of sundry writs of yend. exponas and plus. vend exponas to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, on Seturday the 17th day of November, A. D. 1866, at 10 oclock A M, the following real

A. D. 1866, at 10 oclock A M, the following real estate viz.

One tract of land containing 256 acres more or less, about 75 acres cleared and under fence with a story a da half log house, log stable and saw Mill thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Joseph Mills, John Mills' heirs, and others, situate in Monroe Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Jacob. C. Boor.

Also, one lot of ground in the town of Woodbury, Bedford co., fronting about 66 feet on Dryhill street, extending back to an afley, with a log dwelling house, and kitchen attached and log stable thereon creeted, adjoining lot of Nicholas Hyssong on the east and Sam'l. J. Castner on the west and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Strock.

Also one tract of land in Colerain Township Bedford County, containing two hundred and thirty acres more or less, adjoining lands late of Peter M Cessna's heirs now Ellen Cessna, lands of Geo James' hiers, Wm Rose, Jno Cessna, Isaac and tick Shafer with place theirs, each strike and thirty acres more with place theirs of the strike acred to the str

Peter M. Cessna's heirs now Ellen Cessna, lands of Geo James' hiers, Wm Rose, Jno Cessna, Isaac and Gee Shafer, with about thirty acres cleared and under fence, with a double log house, log barn and other out buildings thereon erected, and taken in execution as the property of William Kelly and Benjamin Kelly.

Also one lot or part of lot of ground in Bedfor Borough, being number 149 in the general pla of the Borough, now ocupied by defendent, with a large two story brick house and other buildings thereo: erected, said lot being 25 feet more or less in front on Pitt Street and extending back 240 feet to a 20 feet alley adjoining Job Mann on the west and Hiram Lentz and wife on the cast, and taken in execution as the property of Sophia D taken in execution as the property of Sophia D

west and Hiram Lentz and wife on the east, and taken in execution as the property of Sophia D Gibson.

Also one tract of land in Bedford Township, containing 140 acres about 90 acres, cleared and under fence with a two story log house, with frame buildings attached, a frame bank barn and other out buildings thereon erected, also two apple orchards thereon, adjoining lands of Wm Smith, Jacob Shatzer, John Weisel and others.

Also one tract of land containing 240 acres and allowence, about 150 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half frame house, log barn and other buildings thereon erected, with two good apple orchards thereon, adjoining lands of Jessie Griffith, Jos. Tomilinson, Michael Zimmers, Charles Smith and others, ituate in Bedford Township, Bedford County and taken it execution as the property of Charles Smith.

Also all the interest of said defendent, all the following described tracts of land situate, lying and being in Broadtop Township, Bedford County, viz: Number 1 Containing 145 acres and 92 perches, net measure, about 10 acres cleared and under fence and warrented in the name of Christopher Long, with a log house and log stable thereon erected. Number 2 containing 238 acres and 122 perches, net measure, about 40 acres cleared and 22 perches, net measure, about 40 acres cleared and 22 perches, net measure, about 40 acres cleared and 22 perches, net measure, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, warranted in the name of John Zook, with a log house and log stable theren erected. Number 3 containing 178 acres and 22 perches, net measure, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with an apple orchard, log house log stable and other out buildings thereon erected and under fence, with an apple orchard, log house log stable and other out buildings thereon erected. 22 perches, net measure, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with an apple orchard, log house 10g stable and other out buildings thereone rected, in the name of Wm Lane. Number 4 containing 404 acres and 57 perches, net measure, about 10 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log stable and warrented to Wm Foster. Number 5, containing 180 acres and 57 perches, net measure and warranted in the name of John McClain. Number 6 containing 363 acres and 35 perches, net measure and warranted in the name of Daniel Kern. Number 7, containing 11 acres and 122 perches, net measure and warranted in the name of Thomas N. Long, and taken in execution as the property of William H. Irwin.

JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, BEDFORD, Oct. 23, 1866.

REGISTER'S NOTICE
All persons interested are hereby notified, that the following accountants have fied their accounts in the Register's office of Bedford county, and that the same will be presented to the Orphaus Court, in and for said County, on Tuesday, the 20th day of November, next, at the Coart House, in Bedford, for confirmation.

Account of James Cessna, Esq., administrator of William J. Braut, of Cumberland Valley township, in the County of Bedford, deceased.

The account of John Armstrong and Daniel R. Snyder, administrators of all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits which were of Samuel Armstrong, late of the township of Snake Springs, in the County of Bedford, and State of Pennsylvania, dee'd.

The account of James Cessna, Esq., on the estate of George Miller, late of Cumberland Valley township, Bedford county, deceased, of which he is administrator.

The administration account of George Smouse, administrator of the estate of Elias Dichl, late of Scale Springs of the estate of Elias Dichl, late of

And administration account of George Smouse, administrator of the estate of Elias Diebl, late of Snake Spring township, Bedford county, dee'd.

The account of James Cessna, Esq., Executor of the last will &c., of Henry Miller, Jr., late of Cumberland Valley, Bedford county decased.

The final administration account of David Linguistics administration account of David Linguistics of the astate of Alexahor. nfelter, administrator of the estate of Abrahan Lingenfelter, deceased.

The account of Thomas McCoy, Executor of the last will and testament of James McGrail, late of St. Clair township, deceased. &c. of Frederick Rice, late of Cumberland Valley township, deceased. The account of John Major, Esq., administrator

The account of John Major, Esq., administrator of Alexander Warsing, late of Broad Top town.

ownship, deceased.

The account of H. Nicodemus, administrator of the estate of Jeremiah Brown, late of Bedford

the estate of Jeremian prown, late of Bestord borough, deceased.

The a count of C. W. Ashcom, administrator of John Longstreth, late of Hopewell to wnship, Bestirod county, deceased.

The account of Bernard O'Neal, Administrator of the Estate of John Hamilton, late of South-award of the wayship, dec'd.

ampton township, dee'd

BEDFORD COUNTY SS.
At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford in and for the county of Bedford, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1866, before the Judges of the

September, A. D. 1866, before the Judges of the said Court.

On motion of S. L.Russell Esq., the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and logal representatives of Thomas Foster, late of Highland county, in the State of Ohio, dec'd. to wit: Caroline, intermarried with John Cowman, Newton P. Foster; Amanda M., intermarried with Ashley Johnson; Emily Jane, intermarried with John Watt, and John P. Foster; (all children of John Foster, who was a brother of Thos. Foster, dec'd.) Mary A., intermarried with Pavid Warnock and Richard Chaney (who were children of Sarah Chaney, a sister of deceased) places of residence of all said parties unknown, and Rathwell Wilson, of the city of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford, in and for the county of Bedford, on the 3d Monday, 19th day of November next, to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of said deceased, at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of Partition or valuation issued out of our said Court and to the Shoriff of said county directed or show cause why the same should not be sold.

In testimony whereof f have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court at Bedford, the 13th day of September, A. D. 1866.

OE. SHANNON Clerk.

Oct. 17, 1866.

JOHN ALDSTADT, Sheriff. Oct. 17, 1866.

DEDFORD COUNTY SS.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford in and for the County of Bedford on the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1865, before the Judges of the said Court.

On motion of S. L. Russell, Esq., the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Eliza Watson late of the Township of Bedford dec'd, to wit: Dr. William H. Watson, Mary Jane intermarried with Hon. Alexander King, Louisa H. intermarried with George Smith of Alexander, Laura intermarried with J. Clayton Brashear, all residing in Bedford county. Eliza intermarried with Edward Harrison residing in the City of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, Brashear, all residing in Bedford county. Eliza intermarried with Edward Harrison residing in the City of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, and Annie P. intermarried with John P. O'Neil, Esq., residing in the City of Philadelphia in the State of Pennsylvania. Eliza Brown, daughter of a deceased daughter residing in the said County of Bedford, and Mrs. Margaret Smith residing in the City of Cumberland in the State of Maryland to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford in and for the County of Bedford on the 3rd Monday, 19th day of November next. to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of said deceased at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a Writ of Partition or valuation issued out of our said Court and to the Sheriff of said County directed or show cause why the same should not be sold.

In testimony whereof I have hareunto set my hand and the seal of said County at Bedford the 13th Tay of September, A. D. 1866.

O. E. SHANNON, Clerk.

John Aldstant, Sheriff.
Oct. 17, 1866.

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE CHEAP at the INQUIRER OFFICE.