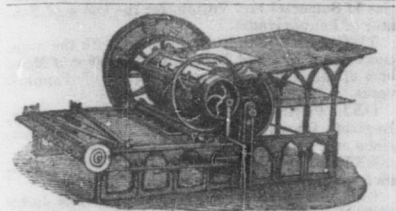


Bedford Inquirer



Bedford, Pa., Friday, Oct. 5, 1866.

OUR MEETINGS.

We would most willingly publish the proceedings of all the meetings which we have held in the county...

RAINSBURG.

COLERAIN MOVING.

A large and spirited meeting of the Union men of Colerain township, was held at Rainsburg, on Tuesday evening last.

A GRAND MASS MEETING.

The Upper End Right Side Up!

On last Saturday the sturdy yeomanry of the West End of this county turned out in vast numbers at Schellburg, to hear the issues discussed which are involved in the present canvass.

PATTONVILLE CORRESPONDENCE.

Great Outpouring of the People.

The meeting was addressed by Adj. J. H. Longenecker, M. A. Points, Esq., Hon. John Cessna, and Wm. Hall, Esq.

THE IMPORTANCE OF ONE VOTE.

Let every voter be brought out to the election on next Tuesday. One vote may change the result.

The Sure Result of the Triumph of My Policy.

BONDHOLDERS READ!

The following correspondence between a very respectable citizen and banker of Lancaster city and the Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, will be read with interest by every man who owns a dollar of National securities.

THE DEMOCRACY HEREABOUTS.

The democracy hereabouts are very much alarmed. They think they see some very large specimens of the negro race stepping up to the polls with them.

THE SURE RESULT OF THE TRIUMPH OF MY POLICY.

BONDHOLDERS READ!

The following correspondence between a very respectable citizen and banker of Lancaster city and the Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, will be read with interest by every man who owns a dollar of National securities.

THE DEMOCRACY HEREABOUTS.

The democracy hereabouts are very much alarmed. They think they see some very large specimens of the negro race stepping up to the polls with them.

THE SURE RESULT OF THE TRIUMPH OF MY POLICY.

BONDHOLDERS READ!

The following correspondence between a very respectable citizen and banker of Lancaster city and the Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, will be read with interest by every man who owns a dollar of National securities.

THE DEMOCRACY HEREABOUTS.

The democracy hereabouts are very much alarmed. They think they see some very large specimens of the negro race stepping up to the polls with them.

THE SURE RESULT OF THE TRIUMPH OF MY POLICY.

BONDHOLDERS READ!

The following correspondence between a very respectable citizen and banker of Lancaster city and the Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, will be read with interest by every man who owns a dollar of National securities.

THE NEW MODE OF VOTING.

VOTERS MUST BE CAREFUL!

The Legislature at its late session changed the entire mode of voting in this county. Heretofore all the party nominees of any one party were voted for on a single slip of paper by special act of Assembly.

STATE.

Governor, John W. Geary.

COUNTY.

Prothonotary, Register & Recorder, Clerk of the Courts, and Auditor.

JUDICIARY.

Associate Judge, Adam Weverling.

THE GREAT ISSUE!

Whoever favors the President's policy, wishes to strip the loyal North of twenty-five members of Congress, to which it is fairly entitled.

THE FIGURES WILL STAND THIS, OMITTING FRACTIONAL REPRESENTATIVES:

Present Northern representation on three-fifths basis 148

Present Southern representation on three-fifths basis 85

If the amendment be not adopted the result will be as follows:

Northern representatives 138

Southern representatives 95

If the amendment be ratified the result will be as follows:

Northern representatives 103

Southern representatives 70

At present the Northern majority is 73

If no change in the Constitution is made the Northern majority after the next appointment will be 43

If the amendment be adopted, the Northern majority will be 93

So the question is whether the North is to have thirty-three or forty-three, majority in the House of Representatives.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

THE GREAT ISSUE!

Whoever favors the President's policy, wishes to strip the loyal North of twenty-five members of Congress, to which it is fairly entitled.

THE FIGURES WILL STAND THIS, OMITTING FRACTIONAL REPRESENTATIVES:

Present Northern representation on three-fifths basis 148

Present Southern representation on three-fifths basis 85

If the amendment be not adopted the result will be as follows:

Northern representatives 138

Southern representatives 95

If the amendment be ratified the result will be as follows:

Northern representatives 103

Southern representatives 70

At present the Northern majority is 73

If no change in the Constitution is made the Northern majority after the next appointment will be 43

If the amendment be adopted, the Northern majority will be 93

So the question is whether the North is to have thirty-three or forty-three, majority in the House of Representatives.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Democratic Record on the Nigger Question.

Who said that all men are created equal? Thomas Jefferson, the father of Democracy.

Who gave the negroes the right of suffrage in New York? The Democratic Party.

Who granted over the Convention which gave this privilege to negroes? Martin Van Buren, a Democrat.

Who afterwards elected Martin Van Buren to the Presidency? The Democratic Party.

Who married a negro woman, and by her had mulattar children? Richard M. Johnson, a good Democrat.

Who elected Richard M. Johnson Vice President of the United States? The Democratic Party.

If President Van Buren had died, and Richard M. Johnson had become President, would he have become the Democratic mistress of the White House? The same negro woman.

Who made the negro a citizen of the State of Maine? The Democratic Party.

Who enacted a similar law in Massachusetts? The Democratic Party.

Who permitted every colored person owning \$250 in New York to become a voter? A General Assembly, purely Democratic.

Who repealed the laws of Ohio which required negroes to give bonds and security before acting in that State? The Democratic Party.

Who made mulattoes legal voters in Ohio? A Democratic Supreme Court, in which Reuben Wood was Chief Justice.

What became of Reuben Wood? The Democratic Party elected him Governor of Ohio, and he is still a leader of the Democratic Party.

Who helped to give free negroes the right to vote in Tennessee, under her constitution of 1797? General Jackson.

Was General Jackson a good Democrat? He generally passed as such.

Who, with the above facts, and many others, starting them in the face, are continually whining about "negro suffrage" and negro equality? The Democratic Party.

IMPORTANT LETTER FROM GEN. GRANT.

He Denies that Anybody has a Right to Commit Him to "My Policy."

From the New Albany (Ind.) Daily Commercial, September 24th.

Mr. Kerr, in his speech at Hardinsburg, started his hearers by the assertion that General Grant was a firm supporter of President Johnson and his policy.

The assertion created by his extraordinary statement was considerably marred by the proof being called for and produced in the form of a letter to Mr. Kerr from Brevet Brigadier General W. S. Hillyer, of New York City.

General Gresham, not feeling completely satisfied with the proof adduced by General Hillyer, concerning the following result. It has been announced on several occasions that the citizens of New Albany would be favored with a speech from General Hillyer at some time before the ensuing election.

Will General Hillyer come after this severe rebuke? I am, sir, very respectfully,

Your obedient servant, ADAM BADEAU, Colonel and A. D. C.

HEADQUARTERS, ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 15, 1866.

Gen. W. Q. Gresham:

GENERAL: General Grant directs me to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst., and to forward you the accompanying copy of a letter sent by him this day to General Hillyer.

You are at liberty to make what use you please of the enclosed.

I am, sir, very respectfully,

Your obedient servant, ADAM BADEAU, Colonel and A. D. C.