The Indiana Zouaves. Col. Lewis Wallace's Address to his Men on Hearing of Gen. Lyon's Death.

Yesterday morning, after the news of the battle of Springfield reached Indianapolis, Colonel Lewis Wallace issued the following bulletin to the Indiana Zouaves. It has the Na oleonie ring:-

A battle has been fought near Springfield, Missouri. Gen. Lyon is slain. Our army is in full retreat. General Fremont has telegraphed for all the available forces of Indiana. w or never' Zonaves! Return to camp. 1 will give you back your old rifles your old officers, and the ever glorious flag. The Eleventh waits you - your country calls you louder than ever. Give her once more your experience and strong arms. Let us make a renown on the banks of the Mississippi. Fill up the camp, Zouaves, and I will march you to-mor-

LEWIS WALLACE. Col. Eleventh Regiment Ind. Volunteers. August 14, 1861.

ATTEMPT TO TAKE GOVERNOR THOMAS PRISONER. GRAFTON, Va., August 24, 1861.

Last evening, while Gov. Thomas was addressing a crowd in front of a hotel at Cumberland, some Secessionists raised a disturbance which resulted in their being driven home, and the destruction of The Alleghanian office, a Secession newspaper. This morning the train hound West, which had Gov. Thomas aboard, when about eight miles this side of Cumberland, came suddenly on several cross-ties thrown across the track, and at the same time a number of armed men were seen rapidly descending a neighboring hill. The engineer increased the speed of the locomotive and succeeded in throwing the ties off the track with but little damage to the engine. Federal scouts then fired into the train, it is supposed by mistake, but without doing any damage. The design of the Secessionists was to take Gov. Thomas prisoner.

NOTHING is more discouraging to the friends of the Union in the South, says the Press, who, notwithstanding all the sectional predjudices which exist around them, bravely contend against the foes of the Government, than to find that in the loyal portion of our country traitorous sheets are permitted to act as the unblushing advocates of as vile a conspiracy as human villany ever hatched. They feel that the world has never been disgraced by a worse exhibition of wickedness and folly than that presented by the infamous effort of the Secessionists to destroy the noblest and most beneficent Government that was ever devised, and we do not wonder, therefore, that they give utterance to their expressions of indignation at the course of the Nerthern traitors in such language as is contained in the following article from the Frankfort (Ky.) Commonwealth:

"A Southern traitor has ambition and whiskey for excuses, but a Northern traitor is a natural fory and toady. The New York News, the Day Book, the Cincinnati Enquirer, and a few other Northern papers of that stripe, are doing more to foster and prolong this rebellion than all the Southern fanatics and Disunion papers combined."

An unlucky private in one of the New York regiments was wounded in the late battle, and his father arrived at the hospital just as the surgeon was removing the ball from the back of his shoulder. The boy lay with his face

downward on the pallet.
"Ah my poor son!" said the father mournfully, "I am very sorry for you. But it is a bad place to be hit in-thus in the back!"

The sufferer turned over, bared his breast, and pointing to the opening above the arm-pit exclaimed,

"Father there's where the ball went in!"

Among the trophies captured at Manassas were some boxes containing 32,000 handcuffs, which the Grand Army intended to place on the Southerners after they bad whipped their and taken them prisoners.— [Exchange. The above lie is so apparent as to scarcely

deserve a denial. If there lives any one in his sober senses who believes it, or who can be made to believe it, "tell it to him."

[Louisville Democrat. Here is a lie that throws the above completely in the shade. The Richmond papers say: The handcuffs were intended for such South-

erners as were captured between Manassas and Richmond; and expecting that the Rebels would make a decided stand at Richmond, it was rumored that these captured Southerners were to be put, handcuffed, in front of their (the U. S. soldiers) lines, and thus to make a breastwork of them, that the rebel army would

THE REBEL LOSS AT MANASSAS .- A recent letter from Savannah, Georgia, contained the following significant paragraph:
"Our city is mourning" 517 of our beautiful

Oglethorpe troops were killed at the battle of Manassas, all young men, and members of our

Destruction of a Secession Paper in

CLEVELAND, Aug. 23 .- The office of the Stark County Democrat, a Sesession sheet, at Canton, Chio, was entirely destroyed last night by the volunteers of that place.

RHEUMATISM can be permanently cured by "Dr. Leland's Anti Rheumatic Band." advertisement of "Great Cure" in another col-

July 26, 1861.

Reader have you seen Prof. Wood's advertisement in our paper. Read it; it will interest you.

Read This.

We are out of money. We have money to pay, which has been due long since; our creditors can't wait. We have enough coming to us to pay our indebtedness, if our friends pay us what they owe us, or part, by the coming Court? All that owc us for subscription, advertising, job work, and election tickets, we hope will attend to this. Many Administrators and Executors owe us for years; they can't expect us to live without money: they can't expect us to live without money; they must pay soon or expect to pay costs in addi-

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH!



ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

PURSUANT TO AN ACT OF GENERAL ASsembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and thirty nine, I, JOHN J. CESSNA, High Sheriff of the County of Bedford, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known, and give notice to the Electors of the County aforesaid, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said County, of Bedford, Pennsylvania, or the said County, or Bedford, Pennsylvania, or the said County of Bedford, Pennsylvania, or the said County or the said County of Bedford, Pennsylvania, or the said County or

SECOND TUESDAY, (8TH) OCTOBER, 1861,

SECOND TUESDAY, (8TH) OCTOBER, 1861, at which time, State and County officers, as follows, are to be elected, to wit:

Two persons, in connexion with the County of Somerset, to fill the offices of Members of the House of Representatives, to represent the Counties of Somerset and Bedford in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

One person, in conjunction with the Counties of Franklin, Fulton and Somerset, to fill the office of President Judge.

Franklin, Fuiton and School.

President Judge.

One person to fill the office of Associate Judge.

One person to fill the office of County Commis-

One person to fill the effice of County Treasurer. One person to fill the office of Poor House Di-

One person to fill the office of County Auditor I also hereby make known and give notice, that he places of holding the aforesaid General Elec-ion, in the several Boroughs and Townships within

the County of Bedford, are as follows, to wit:

The Electors of the Borough of Bedford and
Township of Bedford to meet at the Court House
in said Borough. The Electors of the Borough of Bloody Run to nect at the school house in Bloody Run. The Electors of Broadtop township to meet at

The Electors of Broadtop township to meet at the school house in Hopewell.

The Electors of Colerain Township to meet at the house lately occupied by Benjamin Kegg, in Rainsburg, in said township.

The Electors of Cumberland Valley Township to meet at the new school house erected on the land owned by John Whip's heirs in said Township.

The Electors of Harrison Township to meet at school house No. 5, near the dwelling house of Henry Keyser in said Township.

The Electors of Juniata Township to meet at Keyser's school house in said township.

The Electors of Hopewell Township to meet at the school house near the house of John Dasher in said township.

said township.

The Electors of Londonderry Township to meet at the house now occupied by Wm. Hill as a shop in Bridgeport, in said township.

The Electors of the Township of Liberty to meet at the school house in Stonerstown in said

township.
The Electors of Monroe Township to meet at the the Electors of Monroe Township to meet at the house lately occupied by James Carnel, in Clear-ville, in said township.

The Electors of Napier Township and Schells-

The Electors of Napier Township and Scheilsburg Borough to meet at the brick school house in the Borough of Schellsburg.

The Electors of East Providence Township to meet at the house lately occupied by John Nycum, Jr., Innkeeper, in said township.

The Electors of Snake Spring Township to meet the school house need to Mathodist Church and the school house need to Mathodist Church and

at the school house near the Methodist Church, on lands of John G. Harrley. The Electors of West Providence Township to meet at the school house No. 4, near David Sparks

is and township.

The Electors of St. Clair Township to meet at the store near the dwelling house of Gideon D.

Trout, in said township.

The Electors of Union Township to meet at the school house No. 4 near Mowry's Mill in said

school house No. 4 near Mowry's Mill in Said Township.

The Electors of Southampton Township to meet at the house of Wm. Adams in said Township.

The Electors of the Township of Middle Wooslberry to meet at the house of Henry Fluke, in the village of Woodberry.

The Electors of South Woodberry Township to

et at the house of Samuel Oster in said town

The election to be opened between the hours of ? and 8 o'clock in the forenoon, by a public procla-mation, and to keep open until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State or any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate this 30th day of August, in the year of the state of th officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or Judiciary departmen of this State, or of any city, or of any incorpora of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district and also; that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city or Commissioners of incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge, or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

And the said act of Assembly, entitled "an act relating to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 3, 1849, further provides as follows.

sed July 3, 1849, further provides as follows, to

wit:
"That the Inspecters and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district at which they respectively belong, before eight o'clock in the morning of the 2d Tuesday of October, and each said Inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district. "In case the person who shall have received the

be forced first to fire upon and kill their own friends!

highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have roce at the second highest number who shall have roce sel the second highest number of votes for Judger and enext preceding election, shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who has received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected Judge shall appoint an inspector in his place, and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law to the opening of the election, the qualified board for the space of one hold after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified yoters for the township, ward or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at the election, shall elect one of their number to fill

uch a vacancy.
"It shall be the duty of the several assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special, or township election during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors, and judge, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such elec-tion, and on such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

either of them shall from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote, at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of twenty one or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote ten days immediately preceding such election and within two years paid a State or County tax which shall have been passessed at least ten days before the election. But

have paid tax. "No person shall be admitted to vote whose "No person shall be admitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with We hold several notes also that must name is not contained in the list of taxable in-

less; First, he produce a receipt of payment, within two years of State or County tax as, sessed agreeably to the constitution, and give satisfactory evidence on his own eath or effirmation of another that he has paid such a tax, and there is a such a tax, and there is a such a tax, and the such a tax, an or in a failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof, or Second, if he claim a right to rote by heing an elector hetween the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years shall depose on oath or affirmation, that he resided in the State at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as required by this act, and that he does verily believe, from the account given him that he is of the age afore-said, and give such other evidence as is required by this act; whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspector, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word "age," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of age, and in either case the reason of such a vote shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like note in the list of voters kept

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners, and assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediates ly preceding said election and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuonce of his lawful calling, is within the district, and that he did not remove within the district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall, make due proof if required, of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, and shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block or attempt to block up the window where the same may be holden, or shall rictously disturb the paace of such election, or shall use or practice intimidation, threats, force or violence with the design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exseeding five hundred dollars and to be imprisoned for any time not less than one or more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the Court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one township, Bedford County, and taken in execution at the propagation of Fraderick Chastranaer. thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years. "If any person or persons shall make any

bet or wager upon the result of any election within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to

And the Judges of the respective districts and others, situate in Bedford Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Wm. Johnson. the Friday next following the holding of said

our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and the 86th of Independence of the United States.

JOHN J. CESSNA,

Aug. 30, 1861.

A LL private families and hotel keepers, should fully consider the value of using the Concen-TRATED LEAVEN, in connection with flour for making bread, rolls, buckwheat cakes and pastry. This compound is free from all impurities. For sale at the Drug and Book Store, of Dr. B. F. Harry.

Aug. 30, 1861.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. Vend. Exponas, and Levara Facias to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday the 31st day of August, 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described

Real Estate, to wit:
One tract of land containing 509 acres, more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log dwelling house, two tenant houses, two saw mills, and double log barn thereon erected, also two apple orchards thereon, adjoining lands of Nathan Robison, Solomon Lessure and others, situate in Southampton Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Pennell. Thomas Pennell.

ALSO,
One tract of land containing 256 acres, more of less, about 75 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log house, log stable, and saw mill thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Joseph Mills, John Mills' heirs and others, situate in Monroe Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of

ALSO,

One tract of land containg 131 acres, more or less about 25 aeres cleared and under fence, with a log frame dwelling house, with basement, and frame bank barn thereon erected, also a young apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Levi H. Diehl, David Braklier, Sr., and others, situate in Hopewell Township, Redford County, and taken in execution as the property of Frederick Miller.

ALSO.

ALSO.

One tract of land containing 106½ acres, more or less, about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story frame dwelling house, tenant house and other out buildings thereon erected, adjoining lands of Joseph Evans, Josiah Horton, Cunningham & Co., and others, situate in Broad Top Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Jesse Horton and Ezekiel Horton.

ALSO.

of Joseph Evans, Josiah Horton, Cunningham & Co., and others, situate in Broad Top Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Jesse Horton and Ezekiel Horton.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 90 acres, more or less, about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house, and loom house double log barn, and other out buildings thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining land of Dan'l Snider, Henry Grubb, and others, situate in Monroe Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Job O'Neal.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 178 acres, more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with

ALSO,

One tract of land known as the "sugar bottom," containing 30 acres, maore or less, about 12 acres cleared and under feace, with a story and a naif log dwelling house, thereon erected, adjoining lands of Henry Ickes, Frederick Reininger, Gideon D. Trout and others, situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Josiah Sill. ALSO,

property of Josiah Sill.

ALSO,
One tract of land containing 41 acres, more or ess, about 25 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log house, stone grist mill, with two run of stones, and new frame barn thereon exceted, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Henry Beegle, Samuel Stivers and others, situate in Bedford Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Beard.

ALSO.

ALSO,

One lot of ground containing 1½ acres, more or less, all of which is cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log dwellidg house thereon erected, adjoining lands of Solomon Leidig, Michael Stroup

adjoining lands of Solomon Leary, are acted and athers—

Also, one lot of ground containing I acte, more or less, all of which is cleared and under fence, with a two stery frame dwelling house with kitchen attached, and frame stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Michael Hillegas on the west and south, and public road on the east and west and all situate in Juniata Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Harman Wal-

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of the Defendant, John Cypher, in and to one tract of land containing 140 acres, more or less, about 90 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story stone dwelling house, with stone back building attached, store house, tenant house, log stable, double log barn and other out buildings thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of David Cypher, Jacob Cypher and others, situate in Liberty Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of John Cypher.

ALSO, ALSO.

All the right, title and interest of defendant All the right, little and interest of defendant, Josoph Bowman, in and to a tract or part of two tracts of land, containing 327 acres, more or less, about 65 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log house, two log stables and other out buildings thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Danel Miller, Eli Perrin and others, situate in Southampton Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Loseph Rowman. operty of Joseph Bowman.

ALSO,

All the interest of defendants, Sophia Oster, in and to one tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less, about 20 acres cleared and under fence, with two log dwelling heuses and log stable thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of John Crouse, Adam Zembower and others, situate in Cumberland Valley Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of

All the interest of defendant, Mary Oster, in and one tract of land, containing 100 acres more or ss, about 20 acres cleared and under fence, with less, about 20 acres cleared and under lence, with two log dwelling houses and a log stable thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of John Crouse, Adam Zembower and others, situate in Cumberland Valley Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Mary Oster.

as the property of Frederick Glossbrenner. ALSO,

One small tract of coal land, containing 3 acres or less, about 2 acres cleared and under fence, adjoining lands or John McCandless, John N. Lanes' heirs and others, struate in Broadtop Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Aaron W. Evans.

ALSO,

One small tract of land, containing 6 acres me or less, nearly all cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log dwelling house thereon erected, adjoining lands of John Brideham, Charles Coffelt and others, situate in Bedford Township, Bedford

AL80.

One tract of land, containing 170 acres, more o less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story frame dwelling house, frame bank barn and other out buildings thereon erected, also an apple and peach orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Adam Otto, Joseph Blackburn, Wm. Border and others, situate in Napier Tewnship, Bedford County, and seized and taken in execution as the property of Jesse Blackburn.

ALSO, All Defendant, John Wright's, interest in and to one tract of land, containing 500 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log house and log stable thereon a story and a man log or chard thereon, adjoining erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Joshua Pennell, Philip Swartswelder and others, situate in Monroe Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of John

JOHN J. CESSNA, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Bedford, Aug. 2, 1861.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

A LL persons interested, are hereby notified that the following named accountants have filed their accounts, in the Register's Office of Bedford County, and that the same will be presented to the orphans' Court in and for said County, on Tuesday the 3d day of September, next, at the Court House, in Bedford, for Confirmation.

The account of William Snell, Administrator of the estate of Catharine Snell, late of East Providence Township, dec'd.

The partial account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., ad-

The partial account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administrator cum testimento annexo of Samuel Carn, late of Bedford Borough, dec'd.

The account of Labor Curt.

The account of John Studebaker, Guardian of Ann Miller, minor child of Andrew Miller, late of Londonderry Township, dec'd.

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administrator

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administrator cum testamento annexo, of Samuel Carn, dec'd, who was Guardian of Sarah and David Longenecker, minor children of Abraham Longenecker; dec'd,

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administration of the control of

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., administrator of the estate of Margaret Hafer, late of Bedford Township, dec'd.

The account of Daniel Stoler, Executor of the last will and testament of Magdalena Stoler, late of Liberty Township, dec'd.

The account of Robert M. Tayler, Executor of the last will and testament of Richard Knauff, late of Harrison Township, dec'd.

The account of Jacob S. Brown, Trustee to sell the real estate of Margaret Uroft, late of Middle Woodberry Township, dec'd.

Woodberry Township, dec'd.

The account of Valentine Steckman, administrator of the estate of Henry Steckman, late of Monroe Township dec'd.

The account of J. K. Latshaw, administrator of the estate of Peter Latshaw, late of Middie Wood-

The account of Simon Nycum, Adm'r, of the estate of Alexander George, dec'd, late of Cali-

Register's Office, Bedford Aug. 9, 1861. THE

ONLY DISCOVERY WORTHY OF ANY CONFIDENCE FOR

RESTORING

THE BALD AND GRAY.

Many, since the great discovery of Prof. Wood, have attempted not only to imitate his restorative, but profess to have discovered something that would produce results identical; but they have all come and gore, being carried away by the wonderful results of Prof. Wood's preparation, and have been forced to leave the field to its resistless sway. Read the following:

Bath, Maine, April 18th, 1859.

Prof. O. J. Wood & Co.: Gents.:—The letter I wrote you in 1856 concerning your valuable Hair Restorative, and which you have published in this vicinity and elsewhere, has given rise to numerous enquiries touching the facts in the case. The enquiries are first is in a fact of my habitation and name, as stated in the communication; second, it is true of all therein contained; third, does my hair still continue to be in good order and of natural color? To all I can and answer invariably yes.—My hair is even better than in any stage of my life for 40 years past, more soft, thrifty, and better colored; the same is true of my whiskers, and the only cause why it is not generally true, is that the PROF. O. J. WOOD & Co. : Gents. :- The letter colored; the same is true of my whiskers, and the only cause why it is not generally true, is that the substance is washed off by frequent ablution of the face, when if care were used by wiping the face in close connection with the whiskers, the same result will tollow as the hair. I have been in the receipt of a great number of letters from all parts of New England, asking me if my hair still continues to be good; as there is so much fraud in the manufacture and sale of various compounds as well as this, it has, no doubt been basely imitated and been used, not only without any good effect. your Restorative of any account for some months, and yet my hair is as good as ever, and hundreds have examined it with surprise, as I am now 61 years old and not a gray hair in my head or on my face; and to prove this fact, I send you a lock of my hair taken off the past week. I received your favor of two quart bottles last summer. For which I am very grateful; I gave it to my friends and thereby induced them to try it, many were skeptical until after trial, and then purchased and used it with universal success. I will ask as a favor, that you send me a test by which I can discover fraud in the Restorative, sold by many, I fear, without authority from you. A pure article will insure success, and I believe where good effects do not follow, the failure is caused by the impure article, which curses the inventor of the good. I deem it my duty as heretofore, to keep you apprised of the continued effect on my hair, as I assure all who enquire of me of my unshaken opinion of its valuable results. I remain, dear sir, yours,

A. C. RAYMOND.

Aurons, Run Ky., Nov. 30, 1858.

PROF. O. J. Wood: Dear Si: —I would certainly be doing you a great injustice not to make known to the world, the won-terful, as well as the unexpected result I have experienced from using oxe bottle of your Hair Restorative. After using every kind of Restoratives extant, but without success, and finding my head nearly destitute of hair, I was finally induced to try a bottle of your Hair Restorative. Now, candor and justice compel me to announce to whoever may read this, that I sow possess a new and beautiful growth of hair, which I pronounce ricner and handsomer than the original was. I will therefore take occasion to recommend this invaluable renedy to all two may feel your Restorative of any account for some months, and yet my bair is as good as ever, and hundreds

al was. I will therefore take occasion to reco

man was. I will therefore taxa occasion to recommend this invaluable remedy to all who may feel the necessity of it. Respectfully yours,

REV. S. ALLEN BROCK.

P. S.—This testimonial of my approbation for your valuable medicine (as you are aware of) is unsolicited:—but if you think it worthy a place around the rest invest if you wish: if not destroy unsolicited:—but if you think it worthy a place among the rest, insert if you wish; if not destroy and say nothing. Yours, &c., Rev. S. A. B.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large medium, and small, the small holds \(\frac{1}{2} \) a pint and retails for one dollar per bottle; the mediums hold at least twenty per cent more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion and retails for \$3 a bottle. O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, N. York, 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo. And sold by all good Druggis and Fancy Goods Dealers.

For sale by B. F. Harry, Bedford.

July 5, 1861.

Public Sale OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE. THE subscriber, Agent and Attorney in fact, for the children and heirs of Mrs. Rebecca Shimer and Peter Shimer, late of Union Township,

Shimer and Peter Shimer, late of Union Township, Bediord County, dec'd, will sell at Public Sale, on Tuesday, the 10th day September. next, all that valuable tract of fine limestone land, late the Mansion property, of said Rebecca and Peter Shimer, situate in said Township, and containing 302 acres and 148 perches, net measure. This land lies on both sides of the road leading from Bedford to Hollidaysburg, about fourteen miles from Bedford, and may be regarded as one of the best forms in the county. It adjoins David Gooth

miles from Bedford, and may be regarded as one of the best farms in the county. It adjoins David Gochenour, John Fickes, Michael Shaffer, Isaac Pressel and others, and is susceptible of peing divided into two good farms, for which purpose a survey has been made so as to have it so divided if desired.—
The land is of the best quality of limestone, and very productive; about one hundred and seventy acres are cleared and in cultivation, about fifteen acres of which are meadow. There are two springs of fine water on it, one of which is at the house, with good fresh water flowing through a consideraof fine water on it, one of which is at the house, with good fresh water flowing through a considerable portion of it. There is also a good orchard upon the The improvements are a two S. ory Log Dwelling House, and a tenant house, w. h. a log harn and other out buildings.

barn and other out buildings.

The attention of persons wishing to urchase a farm of the very best quality, is directed to this property; it presents inducements for a profitable investment in real estate not often met with in this region of country. The location is healthy, public, convenient to mills and in a good neighbor-

Any one wishing to examine the land, will call on John Fickes, now residing on it, who will take pleasure in showing it. It is patented and the title

The terms are—one third of the purchase mon in hand, on the 1st of April, next, when possessi will be given and the balance in two equal annual payments, without interest, to be secured by It will be sold in two parts or together, as may

JOSEPH IMLER, A.t. and Atty. in fact for the heirs. July 26, 1861

CHARLES W. GREEN respectfully informs his patrons and the public generally, that he will reopen his school on Monday, Aug. 19th, 1861, and will continue the session until the free school opens. Pupils received at any time.

Having a Normal Department connected with the school, it will sfford an opportunity for teachers to prepare themselves before the commencement of the Winter Schools. The late standard of qualifications, adopted by the State Superintendent, will call for much improvement. Terms reasonable.

Bedford, Ps., Aug. 16, 1861.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

O. H. Gaither, Esq. No. 27 Nov. T. 1861, in Common Pleas of Bedford County.

The undersigned, appointed Auditor, to hear the evidence, flud facts, &c., in the above case, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his Office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, Aug. 24, 1861, at which time all interested can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY,

Aug. 16, 1861.

Auditor.

Auditor.

Auditor.

Auditor.

R. D. BARCLAY,

Auditor.

Auditor.

Auditor.

Auditor.

Auditor.

Auditor.

Auditor.

Auditor.

T. SMITH & CO., Sole Proprietors,

N. B.—Descriptive Circulars Sent Free.

For sale by B. F. Harry, Bedford.

T. August Santa S

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:

SCROPULA AND SCROPULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCRES, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAR, SYPHILES AND STPHILLTIC APPECTSONS, MERCURIAL DISEASES, DROFSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDICESTION, ERTSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANYHOMY S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from Impurity of the BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great pro-

class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul cruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation, of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been mis-

pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which restaupon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete gradication from the system, the remedy should be judicieusly taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO. LOWELL, MASS.
Price, \$1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for \$5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do,

Aver's Cathartic Pills,

POR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Erysipions and Skin Diseases, Liver Couplaint, Dropsy, Tatter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a aperient in the world for all the purposes of a

Price 25 cents per Box; 5 Boxes for \$1.00. Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

have it.
All our Remedies are for sale by

B. F. Harry, Bedford; Barndollar & Son, Bloody un; G. B. Amick, St. Clearville; J. Breneman, Foodberry; George Gardill, West End; J. E. ellsburg; and by dealers generally. Sept. 28, 1860.

DR. LELAND'S IS THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY FOR

AND A SURE CURE FOR ALL MERCURIAL DISEASES.

Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia,

It is a conveniently arranged Band, containing a medicated compound, to be worn around the Waist, without injury to the most delicate persens, no change in babits of living is required, and it entirely removes the disease from the system, without producing the injurious effects arising form the use of powerful internal medicines which weaken and destroy the constitution, and give temporary relief only. By this treatment, the medicinal proprieties centained in the Band, come in contact with the blood and reaches the disease, through the pores of the skin, effecting in every instance a perfect cure, and restores the parts afflicted to a healthy condition. This band is also a most powerful Anti-Mercurial agent, and will entirely relieve the system from the permisors effects of Mercury. Moderate cases are curred in a few days, and we are constantly receiving testimonials days, and we are constantly receiving testimonials of its efficacy in aggravated cases of long standing. PRICE \$2,00, to be had of Prugusts generally, or can be sent by mail or express, with full directions for use, to any part of the country, direct from the Principal Office.

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