

BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, April 20, 1860.

FEARLESS AND FREE."

D. OVER-Editor and Proprietor.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1860, HON. SIMON CAMERON. OF PENNSYLVANIA,

Subject to the decision of the National Convention.

FOR GOVERNOR:

ANDREW G. CURTIN,

OF CENTRE COUNTY.

REMOVAL.

The office of the "Bedford Inquirer," has been removed to the brick building, one door south of our former office, immediately opposite the Mengel House, and formerly occupied by Charles McDowell, Esq., dec'd, and known as the "Bee Hive Printing Office."

PAW HP!

As very few of our subscribers have heeded our former duns, we hope now, all who owe us will bring, or send the money, or parts of it, or at least let us hear from them, by Court Week. South Americans,

PEOPLE'S MEETING.

A mass meeting of the People's Party of Bedford County, will be held at the Court House, in Bedford, on the evening of Tuesday, the first day of May, next, being the Tuesday evening of Court week, for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of the Hon. Andrew

Several addresses may be expected. By order of the County Committee. S. L. RUSSELL,

April 20, 1860.

## The Bedford Post Office. ANOTHER REMOVAL!

Mr. John A. Mowry, P. M., has again removed the office. This time from Manspeaker & Shafer's store, to the hardware store of Wm. Hartley. For the past few years, the Post Office has been removed so often, that the people hardly become acquainted with its from the true faith as expounded by this great location, till it is changed again. For the accommodation of our friend Mowry, and also for the convenience of the people of this neighborhood, we would suggest that the P. M. should procure one of the large travelling Daguerrean Wagons-he might get a second hand one at a cheap rate-then he could, for a short time, have the wagon in the centre of the town, then in each end, again in the back streets, then in the Dutch Corner, at the Mills. in Shover's Valley, Red Bank, &c., &c., &c. The plan might be made, also, to answer a double purpose; he could hire an artist, and ake likenesses, landscapes, and the like .-We have no doubt all would be accommodated, satisfied, and well pleased; at least the novelty would be charming.

We de not believe Madam Rumor, when she says that Mr. Wm. Hartley was very anxious to have the office in his store, and that for fear he would desert his new love, a secret conclave of the faithful decided that Mr. Mowry should remove it there; of course not. Neither do we believe the other rumor, that Mr. Hartley is anxious for the succession, (the Democracy in this place having decided on the one term principle in this office,) and that in consequence of his new and exalted position, as a Deputy, as well as having the office in his store, it would give him the "inside track." Of course these rumors are not true. If they are, all we would say in conclusion to him, is, that the pratter of the succession will be disposed of by the People's Party, as its star can be seen rising in such magnitude, that be who is not blind can see.

one of the electioneering promises of Mr. filled, but that he is even now taking it further away. A good room could be procured the rent must be saved, on the principle of all in relation to the two men selling Helper, were bowie knives as the weapons, and to fight in profit and no expense.

FUNNY .- To see the Bedford Gazette, rejoice over an American victory! In Rhode Fulton Republican that the People's Com-Island the Locofoco party was so weak and had mittee of that county met on Wednesday, the so little chance of success, hat they nominated 4th inst., and selected Hon. Mark Dickson, no candidate for Governor, but voted for the Samuel Lyon, Esq., and Hon. David Mann as American candidate; and now crow over his Congressional Conferees, to meet the Conferees to substitute himself for Mr. Potter, with othelection! We presume that that paper would of the other counties of the district at such have also crowed last winter, had the Know- time and place as may hereafter be specified. Nothing candidate for Speaker, Smith of North | Dr. S. E. Duffield was declared the choice of Carolina, for whom its party voted, been elect that county for Congress. ted. But as our friend Meyers was a Know-Nothing, in the palmy days of that party, we presume the old leaven in him yet makes him rejoice at a Know Nothing triumph.

in a different shape, from that which we pub- prevent the like in the future, the people lished some time since. When we procure a should put different men in cower. Will our copy, we shall publish it, and we may have friend of the Gazette publish this evidence, so something to say on the subject.

THE TARIFF.

The last Gazette has an article on the subject of the Tariff. It blames our Senators-for what? Why, the opposition being in a large majority in the last Legislature got up, and passed, some strong Tariff resolutions, whilst the Locofocos, offered resolutions to suit themselves, as an amendment. The amendment was voted down, and the resolutions passed-the Locofocos voting against them-and the opposition for them. That paper also trys to make capital for H. D. Foster, for Governor, claiming him as a Tariff man. If Henry D. Foster had the power to pass a Tariff might he not do as Geo. M. Dallas, did, in 1846? Dallas was pledged to the Tariff of 1842, yet by his casting vote, he defeated that Act, and passed the British Free Trade Tariff of 1846. No locos foco is to be trusted on this matter, and espccially when we have a good life-long Tariff man, like Andrew G. Curtin, against them. It like Andrew G. Curtin, against them. It follows: On Wednesday, Mr. Hindman deliv-charges that the House of Representatives at ered a note, inviting him out of the District, Washington, has not yet passed a Tariff. The opposition are doing all they can to pass a law through the House, which will no doubt be done, but that it will be killed in the Locofoco Senate we have no doubt.

On the first test vote in the House the result was as follows, which we particularly commend to the Gazette.

FOR A NEW TARIFF. Republicans, South Americans, Auti-Lecompton Democrats, Old Line Whig, Regular Democrats,

AGAINST A NEW TARIFF Regular Democrats,

Republican,

JUDGE DOUGLAS.

The Gazette last week publishes a long speech of Judge Douglas, and asks us to copy it. We prefer giving our readers something with more truth and less misrepresentation in in it. But how comes it that the Gazette is now publishing the speeches of Douglas, the leader of squatter sovereignty, when only a few weeks ago the same paper was full of Judge Black's letters, showing that Douglas had deserted the democratic faith, and that squatter sovereignty was a heresy and a humbug? It seems that the Buchanan and Black that the ex-Whig and ex-Know Nothing is about to be also an ex-democrat, by departing Buchapan administration.

It now looks very much as if Douglas would be nominated for President by the Charleston Convention, and should this be so, we will promise the Gazette to publish more than enough of his speeches, or extracts from them. and bis votes too, and especially on the subject of anti-protection and free trade, as to which he has the very record we want to ensure his defeat in Pennsylvania and every other State favorable to the protection of free lan

County at the late spring elections. This is as we expected. That paper points out a mistake of ours in regard to Napier, where we tary cartel occasions much comment. He resaid that our Judge was elected by about 4 .- garded the rejection of Mr. Potter's terms, and We should have said that for Justice of the Peace, we elected Mr. Hull, one of our party, the Graves and Cilley case, substituted himby about a dozen, over Mr. Gump, their candidate for Legislature last fall. Is this a "base slander" on the Democrats of old Nanier ?-In our article, week before last, we stated that our Judge was elected in Snake Spring Tp., by about 2; he had 11 majority, whilst the Gazette claims 23 majority there-only a slight difference of 34 in this one Township! Our majority was fully one hundred, if not Mr. Potter, asking him to leave the district to more, in the County.

The Gazette of last week still refuses to make the amende honorable in regard to Esq. Oldham peddling Helper books last Court week. A friend at our elbow just remarks, that Yet be knows the 'Squire was not in town, and never saw one. In his letter to us a few weeks Mowry, for the office, that he would bring it ago, the 'Squire says that "there was a note challenge from Mr. Pryor, dating his note addressed to the editor informing him that he ginia. was mistaken in the matter, and asking him to correct his error." The Gazette then reiterated Mr. Potter as his friend, handed, after a lapse at a fair rent, in an eligible location, but then the lie. Perhaps the editor and his informant, only seeing "double" that week.

FULTON COUNTY .- We notice in the last

CORRUPTION.

Read the evidence on the outside of our paper in relation to the public printing. The witnesses are all Locofocos, and they show an The Poor House bill passed the Legislature awful state of corruption in that party. To that his friends may see the light?

GEORGE W. WILLIAMS, Esq., was in town , the other day. He looks well, and returns to pondence is the version in Republican quarhis home with the good wishes of his constituents. Messrs. Williams and Walker, the late members of the House from this District, were faithful and attentive to the interests of the

STRAWBERRIES. - See the advertisement of Mr. Thomas M. Lynch, in another column .-He has rare strawberries at his nursery, as well as choice fruit trees

From the N. Y. Tribune. The Prvor and Potter Quarrel.

PRYOR DECLINES TO FIGHT—THE AFFAIR TERMINATED.

WASHINGTON, Friday, April 13, 1860. Mr. Potter has returned to the House, and was warmly welcomed. The main facts of the affair with Mr. Pryor are understood to be as saying that his answer would be received by Mr. Keitt, as he was going away. Mr. Potter replied, that as the same liability attached to him under the Constitution of Wisconsin here, as elsewhere, he would receive any communication here, and referred to his friend, Col.

At 3 o'clock vesterday a note was received through Mr. Chisman, on behalf of Mr. Pryor, asking whether Mr. Potter would accept a challenge here. Mr. Potter replied, that after his previous note he did not see any necessity for such inquiry, and that he would answer when a message was received. At-8 o'ciock last night a challenge was sent, and accepted

In accepting, Mr. Potter wrote Mr. Lander saying he did not see any ground for a hostile quarrel on so trival a cause, and he deprecated dueling; but as there was an evident purpose to pursue him to that extremity he accepted, with the bowie-knife for the weapon. Mr. Lander stated this fact to Messrs. Keitt and Chisman, when the acceptance was delivered.

Mr. Chisman objected to arranging a meeting with such weapons without consulting his principal. At 34 o'clock this morning he addressed Mr. Lander, stating that he positively declined a meeting on his own responsibility, as the weapon was savage and barbarous, and he closed the correspondence.

Mr. Linder, without consulting Mr. Potter. addressed a note to Mr. Chisman, stating that as the weapon seemed to be the cause of the difficulty, he would meet Mr. Pryor with any one he might choose. This invitation was refused on the ground that he had no cause of quarrel with Mr. Lander, and there the matter terminated.

When Mr. Potter consented to accept Mr. Pryor's challenge last night, he delivered to his friend, Col. Lander, a private letter, which, wing of the Democracy is about to be desert-ord over by the editor of the Gazette: and such a contingency. It recapitulated somewhat the alleged cause of quarrel, and stated that he regarded the cause of free speech as imperiled in his person, and was obsermined to vindicate, to the last extremity, his own personal rights, as well as those of his constituents. Such is the substance of his note, which may or may not be published. He and his friends regarded this whole difficulty as furnishing evidence of the settled purpose either to intimidate him into submission or to compel a resort exposing his life to unequal chances .-Hence, while condemning the practice of dueling, he felt there was no alternative but to meet the necessity in the manner proposed.

One extraordinary feature about this affair is that the usual request for an explanation of the language excepted to was not made, thus preluding any possibility of accommodation .-All candid men admit there was no good ground for a combat, under the code, because the case Our ex-Know Nothing, ex-Republican, and was one which discreet friends would have reex. Whig friend of the Gazette, denies in his quired to be adjusted. Mr. Pryor's only meslast paper that the People's party carried the sage was a direct challenge, which ought never to have been borne for with his construction of it.

The refusal to accept Col. Lander's volunthe language accompanying it, a reflection upon

To the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Friday, April 13, 1860. The following is believed to be a correct tatement of the Pryor and Potter affair up to noon to day: Immediately after the occurrence in the House, Mr. Pryor dispatched, through Mr. Hindman of Arkansas, a note to receive a written communication.

Mr. Potter replied that as Mr. Pryor's note contemplated avoiding the anti-duelling penalties in the District, and that as his (Potter's) disqualification was contained in the Constitution of Wisconsin, he could not leave the District. On this Mr. Chiseman, a substitute for Mr. Hindman, who was obliged to leave for Arkansas, handed Mr. Potter a peremptory

Col. Lander, who had been designated by of twelve hours, a note to Mr. Chiseman. open air with two friends, each armed with Colt's pistols.

Mr. Chiseman protests against this form of weapon as absurd, barbarous and vulgar, and offers to construe the code in the most liberal way, provided other arms are suggested,

Mr. Potter authorized Mr. Lander to decline any other terms, and Mr. Lander offers er weapons, to both of which propositions, without consulting Mr. Pryor, Mr. Cheeseman replies, that the first is vulgar and inadmissable, and that, while appreciating Mr. Lander's zeal for his friend they have no cause of quarrel with bim, and consequently no demand to make on him. Mr. Pryor is still in Virginia, and has not yet heard of the action of his second in the matter. The latter is believed to have acted after consultation with Messrs. Miles, Keitt, Mason and Hammond.

Mr. Potter came into the House at 11 o'clock, and was greeted by a number of his friends, with whom he retired to a cloak

The above is based on information obtained in Democratic circles.

It is understood that after Mr. Potter re plied to Mr. Pryor's first note that he would receive any message that might be sent him in have been taken for "Abolition" at the South. the District, Mr. Pryor asked him if he would Some think it may be the lamb (suggestive of accept a challengo, to which Mr. Potter replied that he would inform him whenever a challenge reached him. Mr. Pryor then sent him a chellenge, to which Mr. Potter replied, referring him to Col. Lander to make the necessary arrangements.

cessary arrangements.

These terms, as proposed by Col. Lander to Mr. T. P. Chisman, were, that Mr. Potter, though disclaiming allegiance to the code, would fight Mr. Pryor in any place, in doors some of the "suuny chivalry." or out, in the District, with bowie knives .--This was declined, on the ground that the weapons were barbarous and inhuman, and not

used among gentlemen.
To this Col. Lander replied that Mr. Potter detested the whole system of ducling as bar-barous and unchristian, but being called to account for the exercise of free speech on the floor of the House, he consented, not being accustomed to the usual weapons of the duelist, to meet him in a way that would place them on equal terms, and to name the time, place, and weapons. But, as the weapons named by Mr. Potter were objected to, Col-Col. Lander, without Mr. Potter's knowledge, tendered himself to Mr. Pryor without re-striction, which was also declined on the ground that he had no quarrel with Col. Lan-

The correspondence between the friends of Mr. Potter and Mr. Pryor did not close till this morning. It cannot be published until Mr. Chisman, who was Mr. Pryor's principal friend, can be seen and his consent obtained.

From the New York Tribuns The Oil Wells of Western Pennsyl-

> vania. HOLLAND, Venango Co., Pa.,

March 7, 1860.

The mineral oil of this region was known to the Indians by the name of Seneca Oil, and was used by them for medicinal purposes. In searching for this oil, there have been many pits found which have evidently been used for gathering it, but left purposely concealed, and supposed to have been worked by the early French settlers. Its existence has been known since the first settlement of the country, but was considered nearly worthless until a few years since. An analysis proved that by rectitying, it subserved an excellent purpose, both as a lubricator and illuminator, since which time the demand has exceeded the supply.

The oil was only gathered where it rose spontaneously, on Oil Creek, and along the banks of the Alleghany, where during the heat of Summer it rose to the surface and was gathered with woolen blankets, but in limited quantities. Mr. Drake, the agent of the New-Haven Oil Company, bored the first Artesian well in the vicinity of Titusville; but in Orange well in the vicinity of Titusville; but in Orange County, and at the depth of 69 feet struck a vein, which has since yielded from 10 to 20 barrels per day. It created the most intense excitement, and operations for raising the oil were immediately commenced along Oil Creek. were immediately commenced along Oil Creek, Aleghany River, in Warren and Crawford, but mainly in Venango County. The result has far exceeded the most sanguine expectations.

The Crossly well, which, as yet, exceeds any other, yields from 50 to 75 barrels per day.— This is no exaggeration. There are some fifteen others in operation yielding from 6 to 30 barrels per day. These wells vary in depth from 50 to 200 feet. The deepest one yet sunk is on the Alleghany River, near the mouth of Oil Creek. After reaching the depth of 396 feet, they were about to abandon it, when they struck a lage vein. The oil of this well is of a superior quality to that found in those and remove all doubts from every unbiased mind Gaenada, Miss., June 5, 1855. is of a superior quality to that found in those of less depth. It is nearly as pure as the refined oil of other wells. No well has yet proved a failure. It is stated there are already 500 wells completed, or in progress, and within My brother. J. J. Ligon, has long been affected by the state of the state fined oil of other wells. No well has yet a few weeks there will be as many more commenced. Many of these wells are at the base of rugged bluffs and steep hills, worthless for purposes of tillage. This discovery has already produced a great change in the prospects of Western Penusylvania.

Men are here from al! parts of the country preparing to engage in the business, and a few capitalists who seem disposed to create a monopoly; hence they are suspected of not being particularly auxious for a general diffusion of the facts abroad. The business is engaged in a variety of ways. The owners of the land being generally persons of limited means, and unacquainted with the business, prefer leasing for a half, and not unfrequently of late with a clause added stipulating for a bonus of from \$50 to \$500, according to locality and the share of oil "reserved "

A lease usually comprises at least an acre and upward, generally depending on the "size of the pile" and the extent of the "fever" of the "lessee."

l'leuty of "sites" are yet for sale, though they are fast being taken up, and the price continually advancing. JUSTICE.

Southern "Hospitality" and Democracy

That leading Southern Journal, the Atlanta (Georgia) Confedracy of the 27th ult., has the following item:

"RIGHT SIDE UP WITH CARE." - An old Abolition reprobate, calling himself Dr. Holacher, from Penusylvania, was taken up in our city, on last Saturday, for having in his posses-sion incendiary documents. The bird was stripped of his borrowed plumage, and treated to a coat of BLACK, a color more in accordance with his political principles, and marked to "Horace Greeley, Tribune Office, New York City, Right side up with care." Thus parcelled, he left for New York, via Chattanooga and Norfolk. Horace, the Black Knight of the Tribune, will please inform us of the safe arrival of his "Brother" in iniquity. This climate is to too hot for Abolionists.

Our readers, says the Lewisburg Chronicle, will mostly discover in the victim of this brutal treatment, Dr. Jacob Holacher -- an inoffensive citizen of New Berlin in Union county-who No man in our region has labored as hard as he has for that cause. He has brawled on the streets, and peddled his "Democratic National Platforms" from Pennsylvania to Georgia at least, and had not an Abolition idea in his head

The following in relation to the same corres- | when last here. At the same time he has contended for union, for brotherly love and charity between all parts of the Union; and it is probable that his condemnation of disunion have been taken for "Abolition" at the South. "free wool,") he has hedged in between the lion and the wolf on his "Platform," or that some of his Scripture texts are unsound, that has caused his ejection from the land of love, supreme happiness, and true christianity. But Nullification is the only safe Democracy among

> This application of Lyoch law to a crippled, harmless old man, plainly shows that those who will crush out all the rights of one class of men when they have the power, will not hesitate to trample upon any others when they can do so with impunity-a fact which the Dr. and his many friends we trust will take to heart, and duly weigh. We hope that the Dr. is not injured in his benevolent efforts to show the holy and natural alliance of sham Democracy and Slavery. His expulsion from the brave Southrons' coasts is an exploit equal to the driving of the Yankee schoolmarm from Sumpterville in S. C., or the shooting of the cow in Charlestown. Va !

PRYOR TURNED TO RIDICULE.

Mr. Lovejoy, in making the speech against Slaver which we publish on another page of this paper, en which raising and shaking his clenched fist was one. Unable to meet his arguments, and groaning under the ponderous blows which he leveled at their peculiar institution, some of the Southern members attempted to interrupt Mr. Lovejoy's speech, and to shift the issue by objecting to his style of gesticulation. They affected to regard his upraised arm and clenched fist as intended to insuit and menace them, and in this way to substitute for Mr. Lovejoy's disquisition on the merits or rather the demerits of Slavery, a discussion as to the proprieties of Congressional debate. Mr. Pryor of Virginia, acting as the mouth piece of his fellows, accused Mr. Lovejoy of "gesticulating in a menacing and ruffianly manner," at the same time, by way of erforcing by manner," at the same time, by way of erforcing

Ing as the mouth piece of his fellows, accused Mr.
Lovejoy of "gesticulating in a menacing and ruffianly manner," at the same time, by way of enforcing his accusation, shaking his onw fist at Mr. Lovejoy. Whereupon, Mr. Potter of Wisconsin exclaims, "You are doing the same thing"

This remark of Mr. Potter's, exy osing, as it did, by an irresistible argumentum ad hominem, the groundlessness of this criticism upon Mr. Lovejoy, at least in the mouth of Mr. Pryor, Mr. Pryor affected to consider as a personal insult, and made the occasion of a challenge. Mr. Potter accepts the challenge, and, in the exercise of his prerogative, is the challenged party, selects as the weapon to be used the Southern howie-knife—a selection made, we apprehend, in the very spirit of the original observation which provoked the ire of Mr. Pryor, intended, in fact, to show up Mr. Pryor as a firecater, much as the original remark had shown him up as a lecturer on Congressional proprieties. Mr. Pryor objects to this weapon, on the ground that it is "savage and barbarous," an odd objection, indeed, on the part of this self-appointed bully of Slavery, considering that the bowie-knife is almost as much a peculiar institution of the South as Slavery itsels.

The challenge sent by Pryor was a more attentit

The Bedford Lyceum will meet in the Court House, on Saturday evening, next. Declaimer, T. L. Lyon; Essayist, John Palmer .-Question: "Was the United States Government right in rejecting the request of Kossuth to aid Hungary in choosing her jurispru-dence?" Affirmative, G. H. Spang; Negative, J. W. Dickerson.

CAN EPHIEPSV RE CUREDA We think the following letter from a respecta

with this awful disease. He was first attacked while quite young. He would have one or two spasms at one attack at first; but as he grey older, they seemed to increase likewise. the time he commenced taking your Pills, he had them very often and quite severe, prostrating him body and mind. His mind had suffered serious-; but now, I am happy to say, he is cured of ose fits. He has enjoyed fine health for the last five months past. His mind has also returned t its original sprightliness. All this I take a great pleasure in communicating, as it may be the means of directing others to the remedy that will cure them. Yours respectfully, &c.
W. P. Ligon.

No person who is suffering from Fits, Spasms, should neglect sending to Dr. Hance, after this, for a supply of his inestimable medicine. His prices are as follows: one box \$3 two \$5: twelve \$24—sent by mail free, on the receipt of a remittance. Address Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md March 30, 1860.

ANOTHER RESIDENTER OF NEW YORY CITY TESTI-FIES TO THE GOOD EFFECTS OF DR. M. LANES CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS. New York, August 30, 1852.

This is to certify that I have had the LIVER COMPLAINT for five years, during which time have tried almost all known remedies, but to no purpose. Hearing of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, I concluded to try a box. I did so, and am now almost cured. I think one box more will effect a permanent cure. I can cheerfully recommend these Pills to all who may suffer from liver complaint. I have also known them used with the most happy results in cases of sickheadache, or dyspepsia.

MR. SWIFT, No. 116 Attorney street

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR.
M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS. Parties of the partie WITHOUT THE SIGNATURE

FLEMING BROS

One of the Most Prevalent, and at the same time troublesome and painful diseases that at-tend the human flesh, is the Fever and Ague. For a long time the medical world have been continu-ally bringing forth numerous specifics for its perma-nent cure; but all without effect. Dr. J. Hostetter, an experienced and celebrated physician, has succeeded in furnishing the public with a valuable pre paration for the cure of Fever and Ague. The has spent all his time and strength for years past as a colporteur for Democracy and Slavery. steady and increasing demand lattely made for the "Bitters," and the universal success attending its use, have made for it a reputation unsurpassed by any specific of the kind. For the cure of the Fever and Ague, Dr. Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters must and should claim a superiority over any other preparation extant.
Sold by druggists and dealers generally, every-

whefe.
See advertisements in another column.
April 20, 1860.

you want something to strengthen you?

Do you want a good appeting to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want every?

Do you want to get rid of nervousness?

Do you want energy?

Do you want to sleep well?

Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

If you do use Hoofland's German Bitters,

by Dr. C. M. Jackson, 418 Arch Street, Philade. rphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and street, Philadel-throughout the United States, Canadas, West In-dies and South America, at 75 cents per bottle. May, 27-1y.

## MARRIED.

On the 21st ult., at the Lutheran Parsonge, in Hollidaysburg, Pa., by the Rev. Lloyd Knight, Mr. John B. Amick to Miss Maria JAMES, both of Bedford County, Pa.

On Thursday the 12th inst., by the Rev. Samuel Barnes, Mr. John B. Castner, of Hopewell, to Mrs. Henrietta Crouse, of

On Thursday the 5th inst., at the House of homas M. Riichey, by M. M. Peebles, Esq., Mr. DAVID BRALLIAR, Jr., to Miss TERNY SHECKLAR, all of Hopewell Tp., Bedford Co.

Price of annuncing a candidate, \$1. Those mark ad with a star have paid for their aunouncement

ANNOFACEMENTS.

Prothonotaryship.

We are authorized to announce the name of Jere-MIAH K. Bowles, Esq. of Bedford Tewnship, 78 a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the People's County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. B. Eunn, of Schellsburg Borouga as a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the People's County Convention.

YOU will please annunce Dr. William Buren of Pattonsville as a candidate for Protionatory, subject to the decision of the People's County, Convention

Sheriff.

We are authorized to announce the name of Ws. M. Hancock, of St. Chair Township, as a candidate for Sheriff subject to the decision of the People's County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of John A. Gump, of West Providence Township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the People's County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of Abraham Dennison, of Bedford Township, as a crididate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the People's County Convention.

WE are authorized to announce the name of EDMEND BEDELL. of Union Township, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the People's County Convention.

BRIGADE ORDERS NO. 1

Brigade, 16th Division, P. M., will parade for the purpose of inspection and review, at the fol-lowing times and places:

The HOPEWELL RIPLEMEN will meet at the

town of Hopewell, on Wednesday, the 9th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

The BLOODY RUN BLUES will meet at the

town of Bloody Run , on Thursday, the 10th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,
The BESFORD RIFLEMEN will meet in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

The CUMBERLAND VALLEY BLUES will meet at the town of Centreville, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The BLACK PLUMED RIFLEMEN will meet

The BLACK PLUMED RIFLEMEN will meet in the Borough of Schellsburg, on Saturday, the 19th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., Captains of Companies will please take notice of these orders, and notify their Companies accordingly. They are also required to make return of their Companies for the year 1860, at the time of the above named parades.

A. J. SANSOM.

A. J. SANSOM. Brigade Inspector, 1st Brigade 16th Division, P. M

Brigade Inspector's Office, Bedford, April 20, 1860.

MANSPEAKER & SHAFER. NEW GOODS

every kind usually kept in a variety store. Their goods are of the best quality and unusual cheap. The best evidence of their good quality and cheapness is to call and see and try them. FOR INSTANCE.

Ladies Slippers from 31cts. up.

Men's Shoes and Boots, cheaper still, and Children's shoes at cheaper rates. Ladies Dress Goods,

Lawns, at 5 cts. and up. Challi d'ecosse and challi Foulards, at 122 and up Lavella from 121 and up. Robes, at \$1,50 and up.

Men's dress goods, for Spring and Summer, in

cluding pants' stuff, vesting, shirting, hats, caps &c., &c., to be seen and examined better than de Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, Flats, &c., Groceries of every kind cheaper than ever.

Estate of John Black, dec'd. ETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Bedford

County, upon the estate of John Black, late of Napier Township, dec'd, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to present them properly auclaims are requested, thenticated for settlement.

JEREMIAH E. BLACK,

JEREMIAH E. BLACK,

GEORGE W. HORN,
Administrator's.

ATTENTION RIPLEMEN! are hereby ordered to parade for inspection, at the Court House, in Bedford, on SATURDAY, the 12th day of MAY, next, at 10 o'clock A M is represented in the control of the o'clock, A. M., in summer uniform, with plum and with arms and occourrements in good order. By order of the Capt.
G. W. STIFFLER, O. S.

MENGEL HOUSE, JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render hearty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who st with him, will find themselves at the right place. He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Spring, and all having business with the courts or

Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to

Boarders will be received on favorable terms.
ISAAC MENGEL, Jr.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of auministration, having been granted to the subscriber, living in Harrison Township, on the estate of Melcher Fisher, late of said Townseip, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID MILLER,
April 6, 1860.

Adm'r-