

ALMANAC FOR THE YEAR 1858.

Table with columns for days of the week (SUNDAY to SATURDAY) and months (JAN to DEC), showing dates and corresponding day numbers.

principal Share in establishing that Manufacture among us many Years ago, by the encouragement I gave it.

If in anything I can serve you here, it will be a Pleasure to Your obliged Friend and humble Servant, B. FRANKLIN.

DOUGLAS AND BIGLER.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune, thus alludes to the debate in the Senate, on Monday last, between Messrs. Douglas and Bigler: "It was supposed from the result of the contest two days ago, that Mr. Bigler would be unwilling to measure swords again with Judge Douglas. Not so, however. He came to the Senate this morning with a long written speech, full of 'delegated authority,' designed to extinguish the Senator from Illinois, by arraigning his consistency. Douglas retorted with great effect, admitting the charge, but placing Buchanan in precisely the same category with himself. He then turned the tables, and subjected his accuser to the most torturing inquisition that was ever witnessed in that body. On no former occasion has he ever appeared to the same advantage in seizing the points, in pursuing them without trizing aside, in exposing the weakness of his adversary, and in holding up the frail pretences by which the Administration sought justification, to ridicule and contempt. He demanded to know why this Leconte test had been applied, in subversion of all the principles of the Nebraska bill—why he was to be read out of the party for differing with the President, when no one Senator agreed with all his recommendations, and why the men were not proscribed who openly differed on other points of policy. Answering the allegation that the Nebraska bill was an enabling act of itself, he said the Toombs bill was specially framed and passed as a party measure, to promote the election of Mr. Buchanan, because without it or some other plausible mode to meet the difficulties then existing, defeat was inevitable. He said he could not be driven from the Democratic party, and no power in or out of Congress was strong enough to expel him.—The independent democratic press, which did not live on patronage, was with him, and he could understand why that which was fed by the favor of the Administration assailed him. It was the interest of certain parties to break him down in order to advance their own political fortunes, but they would not succeed in the attempt. Altogether, the tone of this speech was bolder and more assured than the former. It kept Davis and Brown and others busy in suggestions to Bigler, who seemed to write under the lash of the Little Giant as he expanded with the indignation of pent up feeling.—The globe is now thrown down in earnest, and Jefferson Davis will in time take it up, with a full knowledge that many side shafts were flung at him to-day, entirely too pointed to escape general attention."

How True!—The following from the Germantown Telegraph, an independent and agricultural paper, is full of truth and point: "Robert B. Randolph, who grossly insulted President Jackson by an assault upon his person, in consequence of his name being stricken from the navy roll for being concerned in a duel, and who was lately appointed to office by the Secretary of War, has been allowed to resign. The Tennessee Congressional delegation waited upon the President, last week, in a body, and demanded his removal, out of respect to the memory of Andrew Jackson, and it was instantly complied with. We respect the Tennesseeans for this prompt action in the matter; and we may here as well add, that this is the front the 'South' usually puts on when it is determined to carry a point.—Had it been the 'North' that played the part of the 'South' in Kansas matters, and been guilty of the frauds and outrages upon the sovereign rights of the people of that Territory the delegations of every Southern State in the Union would have marched in a body to the Presidential mansion, and demanded on the spot, instantly and without qualification of equivocation, the recognition and guaranty of the rights of Kansas under the organic law, with the boldly proclaimed alternative of a dissolution of the Union. There can be no earthly doubt of such a movement, had the boot been on the other foot; but as it is, the timid, hesitating, pandering North, is badgered, ridden upon, and kicked about as a mere football, and the people of Kansas treated as though they possessed no inherent rights at all, and as deserving of none, until they fall down and lick the feet of their Southern masters."

BIGLERS DOUBLE DEALING EXPOSED.

The Globe, the organ of the Loco Foco Party of Huntington county, takes strong ground against the Administration on the Kansas question. It speaks out as follows: "We are for a free vote upon a free Constitution. We are against this force vote of band of political desperadoes in a matter involving the vital interests of a community.—We are for popular sovereignty—really, not nominally. In short, although we say it with regret, we are upon this question against the Administration and with Walker, Douglas, Forney, and other leading Democrats. If the Democracy of the North wish to sink into utter insignificance—if they wish to be routed and overthrown in every State north of Mason and Dixon's line, they have only to sustain the Leconte iniquity." The Globe also publishes the following extract from a speech delivered by Gov. Bigler, at Huntington, last Summer, in answer to a speech of Judge Wilmont: "We claimed that the Democracy were more the friends of 'Free Kansas,' because they wished to have her people perfectly free to select all their domestic institutions." And the Globe comments upon it as follows: "We regret that Hon. Wm. Bigler, who not four months ago pledged the Democracy of this State as being earnestly the friends of 'Free Kansas,' should so soon assume the leadership of the enemies of 'Free Kansas.'" His position and past influence may lead astray a few who do not think for themselves, and others who are "spoils" Democrats only, but the masses, the honest men of our party in the State, will remain firm, and demand that the people of Kansas be left perfectly free to select all their domestic institutions. The Democratic party will neither be led or driven into the support of minority rule in Kansas.

THE TREASURY NOTE SYSTEM.

The discussions in Congress of the Treasury note scheme, precipitated so suddenly upon the country by the Administration, have been very animated. It is the unanimous opinion of the Republicans, that the financial views of the Administration are radically erroneous. The Republicans believe, that unless decisive measures of retrenchment are adopted, or unless the revenue is increased, or unless both things are combined, the deficiency, now asked to be provided for, will continue for years instead of for months. Nevertheless, as neither retrenchment nor augmentation of the revenue can be made immediately operative, and as the Treasury needs relief at once, the Republicans are willing to vote for borrowing money, if the form of it can be made at all acceptable. Indeed, so anxious are they to avoid even the appearance of opposition to whatever may be necessary to meet the public wants, that some of them have consented to vote for a Treasury note scheme. But, while ready to vote for borrowing money to the extent of the present exigency, the Republicans protest against the policy of carrying on the Government by borrowing, and they demand that the equilibrium between the revenue and expenditure shall be restored in the shortest practicable time. This will be one of the great issues upon which they will go to the country. Apparently, the policy of the Administration is to create a Government paper money, to be ripened, perhaps, into some form of a Government bank. If so, the old Biddle Bank Whigs, who have gathered around Mr. Buchanan, have fully inculcated him with their views. The Treasury note bills, as introduced into both the Senate and House, contained no limitation of time, but gave to the Treasury the permanent power of reissuing and keeping these notes out. On the bill as it passed the Senate, a limitation to the 1st of January, 1859, was engrained, at the instance of Messrs. Seward and Fessenden. The lowest denomination of these bills was raised, at the instance of Mr. Wilson, from fifty to one hundred dollars. Unless something is done to check it, the Administration will issue, within its term of four years, one hundred millions of these notes. It is not improbable that the Southern leaders, knowing that these notes will all be held at the North, wish to get them out, for the purpose of having a body of influential men there whom they can drag down, whenever it suits purposes, by threats of dissolving the Union. The idea that these notes will assist in regulating the exchanges is absurd. All paper currencies for regulating the exchanges are so. Whenever a check on New York is at premium.—Washington Republic.

THE VIRTUOUS HARD MONEY ADJURKATION DESCENDING TO RAGS!

The most passionate and the most elaborate point argued to Congress by the President, in his message, was the mischievousness of paper money—the unconstitutionality of banknotes—and the virtues of a currency of gold and silver. Leaving aside the Sub-Treasury, the President confidently declared that the Government would "reignite to discharge its liabilities to the people in coin." At that very moment, a scheme was matured to issue Treasury notes for at least twenty millions of dollars! The Administration which attributes all the financial ills of the country to "paper issues," is to turn banker on a system, which, if practiced in the State of New York, would land the adventurous financier in the penitentiary. The notes of our banks are secured by State stocks and bonds and mortgages. These Treasury notes are to be issued upon the faith of the Government. The former are redeemable and convertible, safe and sound in the latter, is the strictest sense of the word, are shillshasters.

MR. DOUGLASS' BILL.

WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 18.—Mr. Douglas' bill, introduced into the Senate to-day, provides for a board of five persons to be appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, to make an enumeration of the inhabitants of a fair apportionment of members of the Convention, the election held on a day to be designated by the board, not less than ninety or more than one hundred and twenty days after the passage of this act, and who shall be entrusted with the appointment of judges and places of voting, which is confined to every free white male citizen of the United States over twenty-one years of age, who may be bona fide inhabitants of the Territory on the 21st December, and who shall have resided three months next to said election in the county in which he offers to vote the Convention to assemble not less than thirty nor more than sixty days after the election of delegates, the Constitution to be submitted to the legal voters for their full acceptance or rejection, and unless adopted by a majority of all the legal votes cast, null and void. The bill secures the personal and political rights of the people including those of speech and the press.

THE RIGHT KIND OF TALK.

Forney has got back to Philadelphia from Washington. He concludes a long article in defence of Douglas against the attacks of southern newspapers with the following paragraph, which has the ring of the true metal: "We are patient people, ever this way.—We have seen the South and its allies opposing Mr. Buchanan's nomination and doubting his devotion to them; we have stood calmly by, and witnessed their rule in Kansas, treating the white, like submissive and enduring men, to the approaching recognition of the will of the majority; we have heard, with unrelenting temper, the objections of legislators and of politicians in some of the slave States, against such Democrats as Walker and Stanton, because they would not become parties to forgery in Kansas; and now we are expected to bear the additional outrage upon Judge Douglas, and to see Gov. Walker's head carried before the conquering minority of the Leconte Convention as a trophy of triumph. There is a point beyond which forbearance may cease to be a virtue. It has been reached, gentlemen of the South!"

EVER FAITHFUL.—The Raftsmen's Journal says that in Bennington, Vt., Elk county, Parker received the entire vote for Governor and that there is not a single bible except the Douay or Roman translation, and not a school unless in the hands of the Papists, in the whole Township.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.—An action for debt by a wife against her husband, to recover money loaned by her to her husband, being properly acquired after marriage, was tried in the common Pleas of Perry county, Pa., a few days ago, Judge Graham presiding. The question was whether a wife could maintain a suit against her husband. The court decided that she could, and delivered a verdict for the plaintiff for \$2 000.

SENATOR BIGLER OPPOSES A SUBMISSION OF THE LECONTE CONSTITUTION TO A VOTE OF THE PEOPLE OF KANSAS.

Senator Bigler opposes a submission of the Leconte Constitution to a vote of the people of Kansas. Mr. Bigler appears to have a strong dislike to those popular decisions of the people. If he had not remembered vividly that the last time his name was submitted to the popular vote of the people of his State, he was repudiated by a majority of his fellow-citizens numbering some fifty thousand! It was only when power was not in the hands of the people, but delegated there scheming and intrigue supplanted merit and popularity, that Bigler could obtain office. He has always been a most ungratified dough-facer. When he filled the Executive Chair of our commonwealth, he cravenly allowed the sovereignty of our State to be insulted by Gov. Love, and put the great Keystone State in a position of subordination to Maryland, if the South has any use for a puppet tool in the Senate, they will find one ready and willing in Bigler.

PERMITTED TO RESIGN.—Robert B. Randolph, of Virginia recently appointed by Gov. Floyd, Secretary of War, to a position connected with the Florida Arsenal, has been permitted to resign. Mr. Randolph is the Naval Officer who grossly insulted President Jackson, by an assault upon his person, and was removed from the service. His appointment by Secretary Floyd was not of regard to the family of Randolph, who were not in prosperous circumstances. The Tennessee delegation waited upon President Buchanan, a few days ago, and insisted that respect to the memory of Andrew Jackson demanded the removal of Randolph. Mr. Buchanan promptly communicated their wishes to the Secretary of War.

NATIONAL FAITH.—We have thought that a fine subject for a Painting to decorate a panel in the new House of Representatives at Washington might be found in this: President J. Buchanan, holding his Oath Manifest in one hand and that portion of this recent message against filibusters in the other, while in the back ground fill it be a spirited painting should appear in the Sloop of War Saratoga, with the Fashion running under her stern, within a half-gun shot and Walker landing his guns, munitions and men on the sand within hail of the U. S. flag. Under the picture write in large characters—"NATIONAL FAITH"—Pitts. Gazette.

THE DEATH WARRANTS OF HENRY PIFE, MONROE STEWART AND CHARLOTTE JONES HAVE BEEN RECEIVED BY SHERIFF PATRICK OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

The Governor fixes Friday, the 12th day of February, for the execution of Pife and Charlotte, and Friday, the 26th—two weeks later—for the execution of Stewart. The object for delaying the execution of Stewart is understood to be for the purpose of awaiting the things declaration of the other two as to the guilt or innocence of the condemned. It is thought they will declare his innocence from the scaffold. If we have no snow, we have plenty of mud in this section.

SAVE A DOLLAR! SUIPERIOR FOR 1858! PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

THIS popular Monthly Magazine, already the cheapest and best in the world will be greatly improved for 1858. It will contain over 200 pages of double column reading matter, from twenty to thirty steel plates, over 500 wood engravings which is proportionally more than any other magazine of the kind. Its thrilling original stories from the best authors. Every volume contains one of Mrs. Ann S. STEPHENS' copyright Novels, the celebrated author of "Fashion and Fortune." Also, one of Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth's author of "The Lord Heiress." Its Superior Illustrations and her Steel Engravings, are the best published anywhere. Its Colored Fashion Plates, each number contains a Fashion Plate, engraved on Steel and colored; also a dozen more in Styles, engraved on Wood. Also, a Pattern book which addresses, month or child's costume, cut out upon and out of a man's suit. New Receipts, Crochet Work, Embroidery, Patterns, &c. In the greatest proportion given. Also, new and fashionable Music. It is the best Ladies' Magazine in the world.—Try it for one year.

TERMS—Always in Advance.

One copy one year, \$2.00. Three copies for one year, 5.00. Five copies for one year, 7.50. Eight copies for one year, 10.00. Sixteen copies for one year, 20.00.

PREMIUMS FOR CLUBS.

Three, five, eight or sixteen copies make a Club. To every person getting a Club, our "Pocket" containing forty Engravings, will be given gratis, or, if preferred, a copy of the Magazine for 1858. For a Club of sixteen, an extra copy of the Magazine for 1858 in addition. Address, post paid, CHARLES J. PETERSON, 306 Chestnut Street, Phila., Nov. 27, 1857.

BRILLIANT PROSPERITY! FOURTH YEAR OF THE Cosmopolitan Art Association.

The famous Düsseldorf Gallery of Paintings Purchased at a cost of \$100,000 and Powers' most renowned Statues of the Great World. Repurchased for six thousand dollars, and several hundred other Works of Art, in Paintings, Sculpture and Bronzes, comprise the Program to be awarded to the subscribers of the Cosmopolitan Art Association, who subscribe before the 29th of January, 1858, at which time the awards will take place.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Every subscriber of three dollars is entitled to a copy of the large and splendid Steel Engraving, entitled "Man's Destiny," also to a copy of the Cosmopolitan Art Journal one year, also to a Certificate in the award of premiums, also a free admission to the Düsseldorf and Cosmopolitan Galleries. Thus it is seen that for every three dollars paid, the subscriber not only receives a splendid three dollar engraving, but also the beautiful illustrated two dollar Art Journal one year. Each subscriber is also presented with a Certificate in the award, by which a valuable work of art in Painting or Sculpture, may be received in addition, thus giving to every subscriber an equivalent to the value of five dollars, and a Certificate gratis. Any one of the leading Art Magazines is furnished, instead of the Engraving and Art Journal, if desired. No person is restricted to a single name.—The following are the terms, requiring \$15, are entitled to an extra Engraving and six tickets. Full particulars of the Association are given in the Art Journal, which contains over sixty splendid Engravings, price fifty cents per copy. Specimen copies will be sent to all post paid stamps to subscribers, on receipt of five postage stamps. (15 cents.) Address C. L. DERRY, Actuary C. A. A., 518 Broadway, New York.

NEW FALL GOODS.

The subscribers have just opened a large assortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS, all of which will be offered at prices to suit the times.—We respectfully invite cash and prompt six month customers to call and examine our stock, assuring them that we shall offer greater inducements than ever heretofore. Country Produce of all kinds wanted, for which we will pay the highest price. Oct. 13, 1857. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Chairs and Cabinet Furniture.

The subscriber has removed to the shop on West Pitt Street, recently occupied by Wm. Ritchey as a Machine shop, where he continues to make to order and keep on hand a general assortment of chairs and Cabinet furniture, consisting in part of Spring Seat Parlor Chairs, French Rocking Chairs, Gane and Windsor Chairs, Sofas, Lounges, Ottomans, What-Nots, Music Stands, Fancy Parlor Tables, Breakfast, Dinner, and Extension Tables, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, &c. Suits of cottage-furniture at very moderate prices, so that it is within the reach of all to have nice, good and fashionable furniture. The Ladies are particularly invited to call and examine for themselves, as it will be my desire to please all tastes.

N. B. Cuffins will be made on the shortest notice for any who will favor him with a call. June 12, 1857. ISAAC MENDEL, Jr.

DIVISION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between J. Henry S. King, and James Madara, under the name of King & Madara, King & Co., doing business at Lemons Iron Works, in the Township of Bedford County, is dissolved by mutual consent. HENRY S. KING, Nov. 27, 1857.—JAMES MADARA.

THE BUSINESS OF MANUFACTURING IRON AT LEMONS IRON WORKS, WILL BE CONTINUED BY THE UNDERSIGNED, WHO HAS PURCHASED ALL THE INTEREST OF HIS LATE PARTNER JAMES MADARA IN THE BOOKS, PROPERTY AND EFFECTS, BELONGING TO THE LATE FIRM OF MADARA KING & CO. Nov. 27, 1857.—H. S. KING.

Look Here, Storekeepers and Others!

The greatest assortment of Toys of every description, and Fancy articles of an endless variety, you can find at the great Curiosity Store, No. 144, N. 2d St., above Arch, Philadelphia. Also Fancy Goods, Pipes, Segar Cases, Tobacco Boxes, Dominos, Gams, Oil, Kid and Wax Babies, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention. JOHN DOLL, importer, 144, N. 2d St. Sept. 4, 1857.

WALL AND BLIND PAPER.—Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store, our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our spring selections with much care, and think we cannot fail to please. SHRYOCK & SMITH, Chambersburg.

JOHN H. AILEN'S CO.

NOS. 2 & 4 CHESTNUT Street, (south side, below WATER) PHILADELPHIA. (THE OLDEST WOOD-WARE HOUSE IN THE CITY) MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale Dealers in Patent Medicine, and BROOMS, Patent Grooved WOOD-DRY-WARE, IRON, and STEEL WOOD and WILLOW-BARE, CORDS, BRUSHES, &c., of all descriptions. Please call and examine our stock. Feb. 27, 1857.—22.

Dr. B. F. Harry's Fancy Soap—shaving Cream. Just received from the city, by Dr. Harry.

WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF ALL, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back the hands of time, restores the hair to its original color, and causes it to grow luxuriantly.

Waterbury, Mass., May 1, 1858. PROF. O. J. WOOD'S Hair Restorative. I have used your Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effects. It restored my hair, which had become thin and falling out, to its original color, and caused it to grow luxuriantly. I have used your Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effects. It restored my hair, which had become thin and falling out, to its original color, and caused it to grow luxuriantly. I have used your Hair Restorative, and have admired its wonderful effects. It restored my hair, which had become thin and falling out, to its original color, and caused it to grow luxuriantly.

State of Illinois, Carleton, June 27, 1858.

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DR. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR, OR LIVER REMEDY.

IS AN ARTICLE THAT EVERY BODY needs who is not in a perfect state of health for the Liver is second only to the heart in our human economy, and when it is deranged the whole vital machinery is deranged. This medicine is particularly adapted to this disease has been the study of one of the proprietors, in a large and extended practice for the past twenty years, and the result of his experiment is the Invigorator, as a powerful remedy, which medicine has no equal to help. As a Liver Remedy it has no equal, as all testify who use it. A lady writing from Brooklyn, says, "I would that I could express in this number the value your Invigorator has been to me in raising a large family of children, for it has never failed to relieve all affections of the stomach, bowels or attacks of worms. If mothers once had this remedy placed within their reach, and were taught how to use it, a fearful and untold amount of agony might be saved."

One of our prominent bankers says, "Five or six years since I found myself running down with a liver difficulty, resulting in your Invigorator, was greatly benefited, and, continuing for a season, was entirely restored."

A clergyman called at our office the other day and said he had given a poor woman a bottle of the Invigorator, and before she had taken the whole of it she was at work earning bread for her family.

A gentleman, recently from the West, says, while at Chicago, he was attacked with a slow lingering fever that baffled the skill of physicians, but the Invigorator cured him in a few days.

One of our city merchants said, while on a visit to Troy, a new physician, who was attacked with bowel and stomach disorders, so as to confine him to his room, he sent to the drug store for a bottle of your Invigorator, took one dose, which relieved him, so that he was able to attend his business.

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IS AN ARTICLE THAT EVERY BODY needs who is not in a perfect state of health for the Liver is second only to the heart in our human economy, and when it is deranged the whole vital machinery is deranged. This medicine is particularly adapted to this disease has been the study of one of the proprietors, in a large and extended practice for the past twenty years, and the result of his experiment is the Invigorator, as a powerful remedy, which medicine has no equal to help. As a Liver Remedy it has no equal, as all testify who use it. A lady writing from Brooklyn, says, "I would that I could express in this number the value your Invigorator has been to me in raising a large family of children, for it has never failed to relieve all affections of the stomach, bowels or attacks of worms. If mothers once had this remedy placed within their reach, and were taught how to use it, a fearful and untold amount of agony might be saved."

One of our prominent bankers says, "Five or six years since I found myself running down with a liver difficulty, resulting in your Invigorator, was greatly benefited, and, continuing for a season, was entirely restored."