

(He read from the constitution, an extract of the duties assigned to the convention) The convention is to declare who has the highest number of votes. How would they do that unless they determine who all the votes were given to? This convention must decide this point and declare. If they decide wrong, the election might be contested; and then the two houses would not know how to act in their separate capacities, and thus the thing might be put right.

Mr Roberts said, the gentleman admits we are in a new state of things—if so it requires that we should deliberate. All he wanted was, that on this solemn question (for he must say he considered it the most so of any we can perform) the motions should be made, and proceedings had where they were to be recorded. For nothing could appear on the journals, except the result of the election, as reported by the tellers of the respective houses.

Mr Mahoney said it appeared the gentleman from Montgomery (Mr Roberts) thought this body had no authority to decide this matter—if so there is no authority that can determine. Suppose the two houses separate to legislate on the subject, in their respective capacities, and should disagree in their decisions—if they come back into convention again, it must be determined here at last he was of opinion, that this convention could alone decide the question.

Mr Stevenson thought there was no necessity to adjourn. The constitution says the person having the highest number of votes shall be governor. Who is the person having the highest number, and how is it to be known? Surely those who open the votes must determine, if it be done at all. There was another difficulty; the two houses might not think themselves authorized to act on the question—they might not choose to meet in convention again, when once separated. It was clear to him they ought now to determine.

The chairman said he had now been called on for his opinion on a point of order. It was clearly his opinion, that this question ought to be determined here in this convention. It appeared to be the only purpose for which the convention was authorized, to ascertain and declare who had the highest number of votes. This they could not do unless they determine who all the votes were given for.

Mr. Burnside's resolution was carried without a division.

A rumor has been afloat in this city for some days past, that Mr. Rush had made an enquiry of our government, by the request of the English cabinet, to ascertain whether the United States were prepared to join England to a united resistance to any attempt of the holy alliance, upon the independence of the South American Republics. We confess that we are credulous to believe not only this, but that England is prepared to join us in resisting all further attempts on the part of the allied powers, to colonize this country. They have large possessions on this continent, to defend from foreign aggression as well as the United States. England is jealous of Alexander's power, and the settlement which he formed on our western frontier, has already been with the English cabinet, a subject of remonstrance. *Bal. Morn. Chron.*

FOREIGN NEWS. SPAIN.

The Etoile, a Paris paper, notices the fitting out of an armament at Cadiz, to assist the Royalists of Peru in "re-conquering that fine country from the revolutionists." Ferdinand, says a letter from Madrid, has ordered that the Asia, a line of battle ship, with two other large ships, shall forthwith sail to Lima, with reinforcements for the royal army.

We have given this evening the substance of the charges against the unfortunate Riego. It now appears, says the Courier, that he is not to be put upon his trial as one of the original promoters of the revolution, nor for any of those innumerable crimes which are so much dwelt upon without being specified; but as a member of the Cortes, and as having in that capacity voted for the removal of the King and Royal Family from Seville. A letter from Madrid states that Riego is allowed ten days to prepare his defence.

Barcelona capitulated on the 28th of October.

The Cadiz dates are to the 27th Oct. not as late by 2 days as those received by the Gen Brown.

The Diario of the 26th, contains the edict of Governor d'Aunoy, re-establishing all the police regulations upon the same footing as they were before the revolution. All the Constitutional troops at Cadiz has been disbanded; the choice of future residence has been given to them.

The London Courier of the 6th con-

tains an interesting statement of events which occupied the Cortes for some days previous to the King leaving that city. It is drawn up by Senors Ruiz de la Vega and Oliver, members of the Cortes; these gentlemen are now in London.

A letter from Madrid of the 27th states, that the King was expected in that city on the 11th of November. The same letter adds, that in Catalonia, the love for the Constitution is as firmly rooted as ever in the hearts of the people. Since the departure of the King, eight thousand passports have been delivered. All those issued by Gen. Valdes, have been declared null.

A letter from Gibraltar, of the 16th October, mentions, that that place was crowded with the unfortunate Spaniards, who had fled there for refuge. Among them were upwards of sixty of the most distinguished deputies of the Cortes: among whom were Valdez, Aava and Infantes. Quiroga, Yandiola, Manzanera and Calatrava were also there. Sir Robert Wilson arrived at Gibraltar on the 12th, and was to sail for England by the first packet.—Yandiola and Calatrava, are to proceed to England. They intend, it is said, to lay before the English Ministers the minute of the King's Manifesto, of the 30th September, in which he made several important corrections with his own hand. "The Revocation of this decree must have been the more surprising, as the guarantees which it contains correspond with the assurances which were given by his Royal Highness, the Duke d'Angouleme to General Alava, when he was sent with a flag of truce."

The King of Spain has dismissed from his service the widow of Astorga, the Countess de Moi, and the wife of Hubianes. He has also withdrawn the key of gentleman from the Count de Fuentes, who married a comic actress.

A French paper announces the death of Gen. San Miguel: it is added that he put an end to his existence.

The municipality of Madrid intend to present the Duke d'Angouleme with a sword, of the value of 75,000 francs.

FRANCE.

The Paris dates are of the 5th November. They announce, as certain, the dissolution of the chambers.

The Duke d'Angouleme was expected to arrive in Paris on the 5th of November.

An unusual mortality has occurred at Paris during the last six months.

Prince Hohenlohe, commander in chief of the 3d corps, was dangerously ill at Paris.

A despatch from Moncey states that Sea Urgel surrendered on the 22d of October.

A Paris paper, of the 2d of November, revives the report that the Marquis La Fayette, intends to visit the United States.

The Milledgeville Journal contains the report of an important capital trial, which took place in Jones Superior Court, at October term last, in which John M. Williams was indicted for the murder of his wife on the 14th of May previous. Such had been the popular excitement by aggravated circumstances attending this bloody transaction that three full panels of 48 jurors each, had been successively summoned before the trial commenced. The deceased was an amiable woman, but the prisoner was a person of a sour and morose temper and jealous disposition. They had been married about six years and had four children; during that time the unfeeling husband had frequently treated his wife with cruelty; and although her body had often exhibited marks of violence from his brutal hands, yet she had never murmured nor resisted, and the least expression of sorrow for such unmanly acts had always insured her forgiveness and awakened her affectionate regards. The shrieks of the wife on the fatal evening alarmed the neighbours and witnesses, who swore the unnatural crime upon the prisoner, but did not arrive till he had almost severed her head from her body with a razor, and inflicted several other wounds in various parts of her body with a two bladed pocket knife. The trial was one of unusual interest, and the prisoner's counsel attempted to establish the fact that he was insane, but did not succeed, and the Jury returned a verdict of guilty. The wretched man acquiesced in the justice of the verdict, and the Judge, after an eloquent address, in which he portrayed in strong colours, the dark features of the horrid crime pronounced the solemn sentence of the murderers doom.

We understand, says the National Intelligencer, that Commodore Hull will be instructed, by the Government to pay a short visit to the Sandwich Islands at as early a period after his arrival in the Pacific Ocean, as the public interest will permit him to be absent from the Coast of Chili and Peru. The frigate United States

which is the flag ship of Commodore Hull, will sail from Norfolk in about two weeks.

SHIPWRECK.

The Spanish schooner Ligira, captain Roco, 16 days from Havana for this port, was lost on a reef three miles from Montaug Point, on Saturday evening last, at eight o'clock. The captain, mate, two passengers and six seamen were saved. Five Spanish sailors and the cook were lost. The cargo consisted of fruit and about 10,000 dollars in specie; about half the specie was saved. The survivors have arrived here.

N. Y. Daily Advertiser.

MURDERS—John Zimmerman, who resides beyond the blue mountains on the borders of Lehigh county, Pennsylvania, about a week since, murdered his own daughter, a young woman of about 20 years of age. The unnatural father, after he had driven the rest of the family from the house, dragged his sick daughter out, trampled upon, and finally killed her. A marriage which the daughter intended to contract, and which was disapproved by the father, is said to have occasioned the horrid event.

"She that bridleth not her tongue," shall pay five thousand dollars! A lady by the name of Mary Patton, has been sentenced to pay five thousand dollars at Clarksburg, Pennsylvania, for slandering the character of Mr. Eskridge Hall.—Balt. Pat.

(COMMUNICATED)
MARRIED—On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. JAMES LINN, Mr. JAMES M'MASTERS to Miss ELIZA LIPTON both of Milesburg. United by the strongest band, Together joined in heart and hand; May they forever fully prove, The blessings of conjugal love.

ASTRAY.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in Ferguson township, Centre County, some time in October last,

A Brindle Heifer, with a white spot on her forehead, between two and three years old. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of as the law directs.
THOMAS CUNINGHAM.
December 20, 1823.—13t.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL BE SOLD
At public sale, on Friday the 30th day of January next, at the Inn of Ireal Pennington in Aaronsburg, a lease of

THREE YEARS,
commencing on the 1st day of April next, of that very valuable tract of land, containing about

350

ACRES, distant one mile from Aaronsburg, now in the tenure of Peter Homan. This land is of superior quality; it is well watered; is in good order, and has thereon a good HOUSE & BARN, together with an orchard—

ALSO,

In the same manner, will be sold at the public house of Jacob Maize in Youngmanstown, on Saturday the 31st day of January next, a similar lease of that fine farm of

450

ACRES, about two miles from said Town, now under lease to John Kauffman. This farm is as good as that above described. Terms for the above leases are a money rent, payable yearly; those as to mode of farming—plaster to be sown, &c. will be made on the days of sale, by

WM. H. HALL, Agent for the Heirs of Wm. Maclay jr. Deceased.
December 18th 1823.

TO RENT

That well known HOUSE & LOT, situate in the Borough of Bellefonte formerly occupied by John M'Kee as a TAVERN. There is on the premises a commodious

STABLE, well calculated for tavernkeeping. The above premises will be rented to any person wishing to commence Tavernkeeping, or to a private family. Possession will be given on the 1st of April next. For terms apply to the subscriber
ELIZABETH M'KEE Sr.
Bellefonte, December 24th 1823.

NEW STORE CAMBRIDGE & PETRIKIN,

Inform the public, that they have just received, and now offer for sale, on the most reasonable terms, for cash or country produce, an elegant assortment of

NEW GOODS,

consisting of

**DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE, &c.**

Their store is on the north-west corner of the Diamond, and the same lately occupied by Messrs. Hammond & Page.

Bellefonte, Dec'r 9th, 1823.

PARTNERSHIP.

PRUNER & TATE,

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE PUBLIC, THAT THEY HAVE COMMENCED THE
CARPENTER & CABINET MAKING

business, in the Borough of BELLEFONTE, in their shop, nearly opposite the Presbyterian Church, where they intend carrying on the said business in all their various branches. They intend having in their employment the best of workmen, and keeping on hands at all times a large quantity of work, where persons desirous of purchasing can be accommodated at the shortest notice. Cash, or country produce will be taken in payment at the market price.

BELLEFONTE, DEC'R. 17, 1823.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

By order of the Orphans Court of Centre County,

WILL BE EXPOSED TO PUBLIC VENDUE ON THE PREMISES,

on Tuesday the 30th day of December next, a certain tract of land, containing

60 ACRES, or thereabouts, with a log dwelling house, barn, and smith shop, and about 30 acres cleared, situate in Haines township, in the County of Centre, aforesaid. It being the real estate that was of George Zuberlate of said township, deceased. TERMS of sale, one half in hand, and the remainder in two annual payments. Due attendance will be given by Michael Mosse; and George Peters, administrators.

BY THE COURT,
Certified by
F. B. SMITH, C. O. C.
Bellefonte Nov. 26, 1823.

PENNSYLVANIA INTELLIGENCER,
Legislative Reports.

This paper will report the proceedings of the legislature, as usual.

The terms of subscription will be the same as heretofore.

For the session only, \$1 50
For 6 months, session included, 2 00
For the year, 3 00

No doubt the proceedings this session will be unusually interesting. The matters that are expected to come before the legislature are very important. The most prominent of these will be the renewal of the bank charters; the free road question; appropriations to various objects of improvement; among which will probably be the Potomac and Ohio canal. There will be, we are happy to say, much talent and experience, in the legislature; and we have no doubt that every public question will receive a due share of attention, deliberation and discussion.

We shall endeavor to keep our readers apprized of the progress of business—giving a general epitome of the arguments, on public questions, & some of the speeches, at length.

such as wish to avail themselves of

the whole history of the proceedings, had better send their names early: Good opportunities will be afforded by the members to make applications *Harrisburg Nov. 21.*

PROCLAMATION.

Notice is Hereby Given

THAT a court of Common Pleas General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Orphan's court, in and for the county of Centre, will be held at the court house in the Borough of Bellefonte on Monday the 26th day of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, of which the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables within said county will take notice, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done; and all suitors, jurors and witnesses are also requested to be and attend at said court, and not depart without leave.

Given under my hand at Bellefonte this seventeenth day of December A. D. one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three.
JOSEPH BUTLER, SH'F.

HARRISBURG CHRONICLE, LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS

The proceedings of the Legislature of Pennsylvania will be reported for the Chronicle at the ensuing session, as they have been for several years past, briefly, faithfully, and impartially. The Chronicle will be issued twice a week, at \$1 50 the session, to be paid in advance.

It has not been the practice of the editor of this paper to make extensive promises with regard to any of his undertakings, and he does not intend to enter upon it now. The size of this sheet, and the necessity that exists of devoting a part of it to advertisements, are of themselves bars to the publication of every thing that is said and done in the legislative body.— All, therefore, that we wish to be expected of us, is what we know we have the ability to perform, and that is to furnish a brief sketch of the origin, progress and termination of all matters agitated, with a condensed view of the arguments advanced upon subjects of a general nature, and occasionally, what we conceive to be the best of the arguments at length. The re-chartering of the Banks, the Ways and Means, the Free Road, &c. are topics that will claim much of the attention of the Legislature, and of the people, and of the proceedings upon them our patrons shall have early and accurate advice.

November 13, 1823.