

desires that our free institutions may be permanent, and that the administration of our government may be conducted in strict accordance with the principles of democracy, cordially to acquiesce in and zealously to maintain a nomination thus fairly made and solemnly proclaimed. Be it, therefore,

Resolved, That we esteem the said nomination well calculated to harmonize the feelings, combine the energies, and restore the ascendancy of the Democratic party, and we do pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to make that nomination triumphant.

Resolved, That we challenge the enemies of free government, and the opposers of the democratic party, to produce one act in the life and conduct of JOHN ANDREW SHULZE which can detract from his character as a good citizen, a sincere and unassuming christian, a consistent, firm, and intelligent democrat.

Resolved, That the federalists, by assuming the name of Democrats for the purpose of imposition, offer a gross and undeserved insult to the good sense of the People;—that it is in itself degrading and contemptible to attempt to mislead by borrowed ornaments: and that the federalists would do well to remember, that the Lion's skin affords proverbially, no disguise for an inferior creature.

Resolved, That a Roman Catholic Combination for the avowed purpose of effecting political objects through religious excitement, is of a dangerous tendency, and alarming example: that it is a direct attack upon the spirit and welfare of our free institutions, and that it should be openly and unqualifiedly condemned and resisted by every one who believes the intermeddling of religion and politics, of Church and State, to be incompatible with civil liberty.

Resolved, That while we have life and reason, we will oppose, with all the means which the law shall furnish us, any and every religious combination to effect political purposes: because we believe that our best interests, as men and christians, are endangered by that spirit of religious domination which barter the faith of its followers for temporal objects, and changes the Gospel of peace and perfect freedom, into a warrant for factious violence and intrigue.

Resolved, That this meeting do most sincerely deprecate the introduction of the Spiritual concerns of any church, or religious denomination into the political affairs of this commonwealth.

1st. Because the Constitution of the United States, and of this Commonwealth have guaranteed to every individual, the right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of his own conscience.

2d. Because we believe the enlightened Representatives of a free people are incapable of violating this sacred right.

3d. Because the connexion between the government of the state and the church has in all ages, and in all countries, and under all hierarchies, produced the most deleterious consequences, as well to the rulers as those who may be ruled.

4th. Because the ancient and venerable church whose rights are attempted to be drawn into the present discussion have so severely suffered from this connexion between temporal power and spiritual authority.

5th. Because it is degrading to that or any other church, that its spiritual rights should be ever made subservient to the views of political parties, or their schemes.

6th. Because the virtue of the people and the purity and independence of our Judicial tribunals will secure to our religious brethren, a full and ample redress for all grievances that either do or are alleged to exist.

7th. Because in this country where there are so many different religious denominations, and no particular sect constitutes a majority of the whole people, every religious sect is interested in securing to each other a full enjoyment of their rights of conscience.

8th. Because the array of any religious denomination in a political contest, is calculated to excite the prejudices of other religious denominations, and to injure those who are made the instruments of political intrigue and management.

Resolved, That it be recommended to the democratic citizens of the city and county of Philadelphia, friendly to the election of the democratic candidate, John Andrew Shulze, not to attend the meeting which is to be held to-morrow, in the state house yard; but that it be earnestly recommended to the democratic citizens to be active, and take the best measures to call out the whole strength of the party, on the 2d Tuesday in October, on which day it is earnestly recommended to the democratic citizens of the city and county of Philadelphia, to vote not only for John Andrew

Shulze, but for every democratic candidate who may be placed on the ticket for the city and county of Philadelphia, by the democratic delegates. *Resolved*, That the proceedings be published in the democratic papers, signed by the chairman and secretaries.

THOMAS LEIPER, Ch'n.
HORATIO G. JONES, }
RICHARD PALMER, } Sec'rys.

The Lancaster Federal circular deserves the serious and dispassionate perusal of our republican readers, be he of which ever of the factions that have by their divisions shattered the energies of the great democratic party of the state. It is the product of a secret session of the most high toned federalists of the state, and explicitly acknowledges the attempt to elect Andrew Gregg to be the last effort of an expiring faction. They expressly say, that "whether they consider the public good, or the interest of their party" they must support Mr. Gregg. The former reason is introduced as a salvo in the event of the papers reaching the public eye—while the latter, "the interest of their party," is the true operating cause. His success they conceive will be "the last struggle in Pennsylvania" or in other words the death blow of democracy. We would ask our democratic friends, be they "Old School" or "New School" Catholic or Protestant, whether they are prepared to repudiate the principles of Jefferson, Madison and Monroe, and to hazard their liberties again in the keeping of the authors of the Alien and Sedition laws. If the delusion of sectional excitement induces them now to promote such an object, soon and bitterly will they discover the phrenzy which transported them. The experience of the world, the records of history, all demonstrate that nothing but the organized and united action of a popular party can resist the subtle but steady inroads of the aristocracy of wealth. Let that barrier be once broken down and the liberty of the people will be no more.

We solemnly invoke the Democratic party if passion has made them forget themselves to remember posterity, to remember that a misstep now may involve their children, and their children's children in a bondage that no art can elude, no force resist. Philadelphia Erin.

TO THE FRIENDS OF DEMOCRACY!!!
Office of the Lancaster Free Press,
June 17, 1823.

A secret meeting of the leading Federalists of this city was held at the house of Jacob Duchman, on the 5th instant, at which the following circular was adopted, and a committee appointed to wait on the persons whose names are thereunto attached, for the purpose of obtaining their signatures. Whether those are all the names which they could procure, or whether they are the persons who compose the Aristocracy of this county, we are unable to determine. The circular has been kept so secret that we were unable to procure a copy until this morning, and we publish it for the information of our democratic brethren throughout the state.

LANCASTER, June 5, 1823,
Sir, we, as Federalists, take the liberty of addressing you on the subject of the approaching election for governor.—We wish to communicate our sentiments to you in confidence, and we are anxious that you should call on any of us when you visit Lancaster, and give us your opinions. We wish to be united. We desire both to give and take council.

Two candidates have been brought into view. They are competitors for the highest state office in the gift of the people. Neither of them belong to our party.

Mr. Shulze is emphatically the legislative candidate. Those men whom the people sent to Harrisburg to make laws, have attempted to usurp the power of making a governor. It remains to be decided whether the freemen of Pennsylvania will yield up their sovereign rights to a legislative caucus. This candidate, thus nominated, will be supported, as we have already seen, by an attempt again to excite all the rancorous feelings which has heretofore existed against federalists. His notorious incapacity must in this manner be kept out of the view of the people; otherwise his case is desperate.

Mr. Gregg, although not a federalist, has been always considered an honest and enlightened politician. At the time when the father of his country and of our party, after having approved Jay's treaty, laid it before the congress of the United States for their ratification, Mr. Gregg was found contending upon the side of Washington, against the majority of his own political friends. Experience has proved the wisdom of his conduct. No enlightened politician of either party now condemns that treaty. It

is the best we have ever been able to obtain.

Mr. Gregg has been long in public life and has filled every station conferred upon him by the people with integrity and ability. He has acted a leading part in the administration of General Hester, and deserves much of the credit to which it is entitled. We are assured that he resisted, with all his energy the adoption of the measure which justly gave so much offence to the Federalists of Lancaster county.

Without enlarging on the subject we are decidedly of opinion that whether we consider the public good, or the interest of OUR PARTY, there is but one course left for us to pursue—and that is to support Mr. Gregg. Should you be of the same opinion, we calculate much upon your exertions. We believe, that in case Mr. Gregg should be successful, this will be the last party struggle in Pennsylvania. After it, we trust the questions with respect to a candidate for office will be, is he honest?—is he capable?—and not what political name does he bear?—This would be "a consummation devoutly to be wished" by every honest man, and every true patriot.

From your sincere friends,
Robert Coleman
Adam Reigatt
W. Montgomery
Samuel Carpenter
James Buchanan
George Hambricht
Jacob Slough
Jasper Slavemaker
John Reynolds
John Schuman
William White
William Norris
John Bachman
John R. Montgomery
George Ross
George Graeff
John Leonard
Emanuel Reigatt
George Musser
Henry Carpenter
Nathaniel Lightner
Benjamin Ober
Jasper Y. Smith
Edward Coleman
James Evans
William B. Ross
George W. Jacobs

REMARKS.
After reading the foregoing what Democrat can give his support to Andrew Gregg? What Democrat will identify himself with the Federal party, and support the man whom even Federalists prove to be an APOSTATE from the Democratic Party. What Pennsylvania professing Democratic Principles will support the man who voted for Jay's treaty—a measure which justly gave great offence to the Democratic Party—who voted ten times against the war, and divulged the secrets of the United States' Senate which he had solemnly sworn to keep violate until made known by the proper authority; who opposed the Democratic party in 1805-'8-'11-'14-'17—and '20—who supported the present administration which has industriously endeavored to destroy the ascendancy of Democracy, and which has involved the state in embarrassments that the prosperity of years will not be able to repair—in short, a man whose whole life has been devoted to the accomplishment of one grand object—the destruction of the Democratic Party!

\$5 REWARD.
Was stolen on the night of the 21st or 22nd of June instant, from the house of Thomas Hastings, Innkeeper, in the Borough of Bellefonte, a DRAB GREAT COAT, with three separate capes, each bound a drawn back and strap, and a pocket, buttoned with a small mole, on the outside of the left breast; the collar was covered with drab tabby velvet.

The above reward will be given to any person who will return the coat, or give information, so that the subscriber, whose property it was, can get it again.
J. MATLOCK BENNER.
Bellefonte, July 1st 1823.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
That the Commissioners appointed by an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, for the improvement of the Susquehanna from Columbia to tide, passed the 31st day of March, 1823, will dispose of SEVERAL SECTIONS OF SAID RIVER for improvement, at

PUBLIC SALE,
to the lowest bidder, to commence on the 7th day of August next, beginning at STAHL'S RIPPLES, and be continued from day to day, until the whole be disposed of, or so much as the Commissioners may deem proper. The improvement will be designated on the day of sale—a schedule of which is heretofore annexed, to wit: STAHL'S RIPPLES, FRY'S FALLS, EHELMAN'S SHOICE AND BARR, from the "HOUSE ROCK" to M'CALLS FERRY, along the Lancaster Shore, CULLY'S FALLS, and such other improvements as the Commissioners may deem proper.
JABEZ HYDE, Jr.
JOHN M'MEENS,
SAML H. WILSON } Comm'rs
June 24th 1823.

PROCLAMATION.
Notice is Hereby Given THAT a court of Common Pleas

General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Orphan's court, in and for the county of Clearfield will be held at the court house in the Town of Clearfield on Monday the 7th day of July next at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, of which the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables within said county will take notice, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done; and all suitors, jurors and witnesses are also requested to be and attend at said court, and not depart without leave.

Given under my hand at Clearfield this nineteenth day of June A. D. one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three.
GREENWOOD BELL, Sheriff

FOR SALE.
The subscriber offers for sale, the following lands, situate in the county of Clearfield: A valuable farm containing
300
acres, on which are erected a good DWELLING HOUSE

and a new LOG BARN, with about fifty acres cleared, seven of which are meadow, and much more can be made with little expense, a thriving APPLE orchard, a number of PEACH and other fruit trees; ALSO, A handsome FARM, adjoining the above, containing
200

acres Improvements, a log dwelling house and barn, out houses, and about seventy or eighty acres cleared; sixteen of which are meadow—a bearing APPLE and PEACH orchard, besides a variety of other fruit trees; ALSO, a tract of land adjoining the last mentioned, containing about 200 acres, with small improvements, but elegant land, and easily cleared; ALSO, in that neighborhood, two tracts of unimproved land, containing 2000 acres, the quality of which, comparatively, is the best in that county.

These lands possess advantages, which many in that country are deprived of. They are situated three or four miles from the Susquehanna River; four or five from the mouth of Anderson's creek; and from a mile to a mile and a half from the turnpike, leading from Erie through Bellefonte. The State road from Huntingdon intersects this turnpike, and passes the houses of the improved tracts. Persons wishing to erect water works of any description, will find these lands in every respect well calculated for that purpose; the seats on two of the tracts, one improved, are considered the best in that part of the county, well supplied by nature immediately about them, with valuable sawing timber, such as pine, cherry, oak, &c. which if converted into boards and scantling, and sent down the Susquehanna, would realize to the owner a handsome profit. The land is generally timbered with oak, hickory, &c.

The price will be very moderate, for the improved, by paying half in cash, and the remainder in equal payments. The unimproved, by paying part in hand, and the remainder by installments, the subscriber will sell much lower, than any that has heretofore, or that now is, offered in that or any adjacent county; say, from \$1, 50 to \$2, 00 per acre, according to the payments. For further information, enquire of the subscriber, living in Cambria county, William F. Boone, Bellefonte, or Samuel Johnston, near the premises.
JOSEPH BOONE.
Cambria county, June 16, 1823.

N. B. There is also a large body of land, some thousand acres, near the above described, most of which is first rate land, and which the subscriber will sell at a moderate rate J. B.

ELIJAH REEVES,
Clock and Watch-Maker,
Informs the citizens of Centre county, that he carries on the above business in all its various branches, in the Borough of Bellefonte, next door to the office of the "PATRIOT," where he will thankfully receive all orders in his line of business. He will work on the most reasonable terms for cash or country produce. An apprentice to the above business will be taken, if application be made soon.
June 17th, 1823

STRAYS.
CAME to the plantation of the sub-

scriber, living in Lawrence township, Clearfield County, on the 18th day of May last,

TWO MARES.
One a light bay, about fourteen and a half hands high, with a small star in her forehead; the other is a grey, about thirteen and a half hands high, with a bell on. They are supposed each to be about seven years old. The owner or owners are desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.
SAMUEL FULTON.
June 2d, 1823.

FOR SALE.
The subscriber offers for sale a HOUSE & LOT in Earlsburg, formerly occupied by Walter Longwell as a tavern. The lot contains one acre and a fourth, and the house is a commodious one, and the stabling good. It is an excellent stand for either Tavern or Store. Possession will be given on the first of April next. Any person wishing to purchase can know the terms by application to the subscriber, Farmer's Mills, Pennsylvania.
LEWIS LONGWELL.
June 3d, 1823.

John M'Kinley, Jr. TAILOR,
Informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the above business in the Borough of Bellefonte. His shop is on the north east end of the lot north of the Bank, and directly across the street. He will work cheap for cash or country produce, all kind of which will be taken in payment.
Bellefonte, June 3d 1823

WANTED.
Immediately an Apprentice to the CARPENTER BUSINESS. One between the ages of sixteen and eighteen would be preferred. Inquire of the subscriber, residing on Buffalo Run.
DAVID I. PRUNER.
N. B. Also, wanted, a JOURNEYMAN CARPENTER, whom constant employment and generous wages will be given, by the subscribers, residing on Buffalo Run.
DAVID I. PRUNER,
JOHN BARR.
Spring township, May 28, 1823.

AARONSBURG CHURCH LOTTERY.
SCHEME.
1 Prize of \$500 is \$500
1 " " 200 " 200
1 " " 100 " 100
2 " " 50 " 100
3 " " 25 " 75
10 " " 10 " 100
28 " " 5 " 140
50 " " 3 " 150
654 " " 2 50 " 1635

750 Prizes }
750 Blanks }
1500 Tickets at \$2 00 each, \$3000 00
Subject to a deduction of 20 per-cent.

TO BE COMPLETED IN FIVE DAYS DRAWING AS FOLLOWS
VIZ:
1st. drawn No. on 1st. day's }
drawing } \$ 25
2nd do do 2nd. day } 25
3d. do do 3d. do } 50
4th do do 4th do } 50
5th. do do 5th do } 500
The rest all floating prizes, liable to be drawn on the first day's drawing
The prizes shall be punctually paid (deducting 20 per-cent) sixty days after the drawings are completed.

The profits arising from this Lottery, are to be applied to the extinguishment of a debt incurred in the erection of a Church or House of Worship in Aaronsburg.
ADAM NEIDIGH, }
DANIEL KEEN. } Managers
Millheim, Feb. 16th 1823.

UNION HOTEL
WILLIAM WILSON
(OF WILLIAMSPORT.)
HAS REMOVED TO THE HOUSE LATELY OCCUPIED BY J. BUFFINGTON, IN HARRISBURG
And solicits a continuance of public patronage.
April, 12th 1823.