Loresidents Message

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

of congress the following MESSAGE.

Fellow citizens of the Senate &

free people. Our System has happily advanced to such a maturity, that I am not aware that your cares in that respect, will be augmented Oher causes exist which are highly interesting to the whole civilized world and to no portion of it more so, in cer tain views, than to the United States Of these couses, and of their bearing on the interests of the Union, I shall communicate the sentiments which however, to invite your attention, in ditions heretofore prescribed to other a sense of duty dicrates. It is preper the first irs ance, to those concerns territories. By a clause in the ninth respecting which legislative provision article of the treaty with Spain, by

ters duly authorised for the purpose. by the Spanish officers, and individual been given to this convention, under ations of our troops in Florida. No The staction of the executive having a conviction, that taking all its stipu- provision having yet been made, to lations into view, it rested essentially carry that supulation into effect, it is on a basis of reciprocal and equal submitted to the consideration of con advantage, I deemed it my duty, in gress, whether it will be proper, to compliance with the authority vested vest the competent power, in the dis in the executive, by the second sectific court of Pensacola, or in some tion of the act of the last session, of the 6 h of May, concerning navigation, the purpose. to suspend, by proclamation, until the end of the next session of congress, act to impose a new tonage duty on ment of the last session of congress. to be secured. I have to add, that, in pi, and from all the waters which emp French ships and vessels, and for other purposes," and to suspend, likesels, or the goods imported in them, millions seven hundred and forty-five source on which we re y, be pushed to which exceeded the duties on Ameriported in them. I shall submit this period have exceeded twelve millions can vessels, and on similar goods im convention forthwith to the senate for its advice and consent as the rati-

Since your last session, the probi and the British colonies, in the West four cents, which were in the treasury Indies, and on this continent, has like- on the first day of January last, a sum wise been removed. Satisfactory evidence having been adduced, that the pors of these colonies had been adduced been adduced. The been discharging all demands States by an act of the British parlia cluding the interest and reimburse ment, bearing date on the 24th of ment of the public debt, the 6 per June last, on the conditions specified cent stock of 1796, amounting to pliance with the provisions of the deemed. It is estimated that after when the season would permit, for h section of the act of the last ses-defraying the current expenses of the the suppression of the slave trade sion above recited, to declare by proc. present quarter, and redeeming the and orders have been given to the lamation, bearing date on the 24th of two millions of six per cent. stock of commanders of our public ships, to Annest last, that the ports of the Unit. 1820, there will remain in the treasu-scize our own vessels, should they ed States, and thence forward, and un-ry, on the first day of January next, find any engaged in that trade, and to til the end of the next session of con-rearly three millions of dollars. It bring them in for adjudication. gress, be opened to the vessels of sestimated that the gross amount of In the West Indies piracles are of proclamation.

British colonies on this continent, as well as to those in the West Indies ; but, as the act of parliament opened the intercourse equally with both. and it was the manifest intention of congress, as well as the obvious policy of the United States, and as also the act of congress was supposed to vest in the president some discretion construction.

of the convention with France, legistata the Sault of St- Marie are the lative provision will be necessary to only new posts that have been taken.

The position on the Red River, and sub-factors engaged in proper constituents, are they respect that at the Sault of St- Marie are the latter trade, and to execute, in all other tively and solely responsible, for the carry it lully into effect, as it like.

These posts with those already occuping the injunctions of that act, faithful discharge of their duties, with place on the 29th ultimo, of hydrapholic trade of the conventional limits. wise will be to continue it in force; ed in the merior, are thought to be on such conditions as may be deemed well adapted to the protection of our just and proper; the intercourse frontiers. All the force not placed in which has been opened between the garrisons along the coast, and in their constitutional limits. And that the people will confine their public agents, of every station, to the on this case, as far as they have reaches the garrisons along the coast, and in their constitutional limits. And that the people will confine their public agents, of every station, to the strict line of their constitutional duties as it is received. United States and British colonies the ordinance depots, and indispensithe ordinance depots, and indispensithe possession of the bly necessary there, is placed on the state that a serious malady has dehowever, communicated my sentithe communicated my senti executive will, in due time, be com- frontiers. municated on both subjects.

ciprocal and equal advantage, it has been deflect and solvereignty over the territory. This been the object of the executive, in the extent, in case of emergency, the transactions with other powers, to meet the propositions of each other with a liberal spirit, believing that thereby the interest of our country of the proposition and solvereignty over the territory raccon at a short distance from him to the territory of the terr would be most effectually promoted pointed. This course has been systematically

equall advantageous to both parties.

tion of the legislature.

he inhabitants are secured in the ful enjoyment of their rights and liberties, and to admission into the union, with great advantage to the union. have formed, with that freedom which equal participation in the government with the original states, on the con is thought to be particularly urgent. Which that territory ws ceded to the United States, it is stipulated that sattion of navigation and commerce was isfaction shall be made for the injuries. If any, which by process of law, shall be established to have been suffered. Spanish inhabitants, by the late oper

been anticipated at the commence- our liberties may depend, cannot fail

ing the three first quarters of a year, small, should the instruction and disthousand dollars, The payments the utmost extent that circumstances made at the reasury during the same will admit. wo hundred and seventy-nine thous and dollars ; leaving in the treasury on the 30th day of September last, including one million one hundred and biton which had been imposed on the commerce between the United States

eighty thousand dollars, has been re- maintained on the coast of Africa

condition of each post, a report from appreciated by them.

With the organization of the staff, undefined persued in the late occurrences with there is equal cause to be satisfied peace is preserved with those Indians, increased, and are still increasing, un
By the concentration of every branch, yet their position & claims tends es
der the encouragement given them by with him the forious animal which great accord with the views of the with its chief in this city, in the sentially to interrupt the intercourse the Tariff of 1816, and by subsequent maintained his hold upon the boy's legislature. A confident hope is en presence of the department, and with between the eastern and western parts laws. Satisfied, I am, whatever may hand in spite of all his efforts to reterrained, that by the arrangement a grade in the chief military station, of the territory, on which our inhabithe commerced with each, all differ to keep alive and cherish a military tants are principally settled. It is esene se specing navigation and com-spirit, the greatest promptitude in sential to the growth and prosperity of nations would concur in it, and it was prought to his assistance Mr. Store rece with the deminions in questite execution of orders, with the the territory, as well as the interrupted by war, whose endeavors to release the boy's tien will be adjusted, and a solid foun-greatest economy and efficiency, are course of the union, that these Indians which has never occurred, and cannot hand from the clenched jaws of the datien be laid for an active and per-secured. The same view is taken should be removed, by a special con-

[is preserved in it, and the youth are tion, or concentrated within narrower ation and relations with or The decision of his imperial ma well instructed in every science con- limits where they are. With the tries, which impose on us the This day the President of the United jesty the emperor of Russia, on the nected with the great objects of the limited means in the power of the ex-tion to cherish and sustain our States transmitted to both houses question submitted to him by the institution. They are also well train ecutive, instructions were given to the factures. Satisfied, however, I the United States and Great Britain, con ed and disciplined in the practical governor to accomplish this object, wise am, that the interest of every part cerning the construction of the first parts of the profession. It has al so far as it might be found practica- of our Union, even of those most article of the treaty of Ghent, has ways been found difficult to control ble, which was prevented by the dis-effitted by manufactures, requires been received. A convention has the ardor inseperable from that age, ressing malady before referrest to this subject should be touched with Many causes unite to make your been concluded, between the parties, in such manner as to give it a proper To carry it fully into effect in either the greatest caution, and a critical Many causes unite to make your been concluded, between the parties, in such manner as to give it a proper to early it tuly into the effect to be proper to early it tuly into the effect to be proper mode, additional funds will be neces. It is an entirely interesting under the mediation of his imperial direction. The rights of manhood are mode, additional funds will be neces. It is now ledge of the effect to be proper to early it tuly into the effect to be proper to early into the effect to be proper to early it tuly into the effect to be proper to early it tuly into the effect to be proper to early it tuly into the effect to be proper to early it tuly into the effect to be proper to early it tuly into the effect to be proper to early into the effect to early into the effect to early into the effect to be proper to early into of our laws, on the various subjects to which that article shall be carried into pressing which too far, the respect congress alone are competent. With consideration of the subject, in all its which they apply, with the amend effect, in conformity with that deci which is due to age, and the obedience a view to such provision as may be elations I am persuaded that a furments which they occasionally re-sion. I shall submit this convention necessary to a course of study and in-deemed proper, the subject is subments which they occasionally reto the senate for its advice and con struction, in every such situation, are mitted to your consideration, and in of the duties on certain foreign artiant duty on the representatives of a sent as to the ratification, and if ob- sometimes lost sight of. The great the interim further proceedings are tained, shall immediately bring the object to be accomplished is the re-suspended. subject before congress, for such pro straint of that ardor, by such wise It appearing that so much of the est. For more precise details, I refer visions as may require the interposi regulations and government, as, by act, entitled, "An act regulating the you to communications which were on of the legislature.

In compliance with an act of last ful mind to the attainment of useful the 14th April, 1818, as relates to session. session, a territorial government has knowledge, will keep it within a just the commissariat, will expire in April So great was the amount of monies next, and the practical operation of advanced during the late war, in adprinciples of our system. By this accelerate it to the highest purposes, that department, having evinced its dition to others of a previous date, This object seems to be essentially great utility, the propriety of its renew which, in the regular operations of obtained in this institution, and with al is submitted to your consideration, the government, necessarily remained

al states to appoint officers and train ment. the militia, will enable them, by affording a wider field for selection, to land road, which was constructed at a leaving on that day a balance unsettled have been more successful than had tainment of a great result, on which whole country from the Southern ex-The receipts into the Treasury dur- proportion as our regular force is have exceeded the sum of fourteen cipline of the militia, the great re-

A report from the secretary of the navy will communicate the progress which has been made in the construction of vessels of war, with other in eresting details, respecting the actual state of the affairs of that depart ment. It has been found necessary for the protection of our commerce to maintain the usual squadrous or the Mediterranean, the Pacific, and along the Atlantic coast, extending the cru zes of the latter into the West Indies, where piracy, organiz ed into a system, has preyed on the commerce of every country trading thi her. A cruize has always been

Great Britain employed in that trade, that the gross amount of the country of the first day of January to the 30th of cause why other powers have not comproclamation.

Great Britain employed in that trade, the first day of January to the 30th of cause why other powers have not comproclamation.

By the documents A doubt was entertained whether millions five hundred thousand do lars, communicated it will be seen that the the act of congress applied to the and the amount for the whole year will efforts of the United States to supprobably not fall short of twenty three press it have had a salutary effect.

The benevolent provision of the act, of the actual force in service under which the protection has been only judgment, the right to keep the have augmented in amount, and improved in repair, by providing for the proved in quality; that great progress the present military establishment, the extended alike to the commerce of superintendance of it, and appropria has been made in the settlement of acposts at which it is stationed, and the other nations, cannot fail to be duly ting the money necessary for repairs counts, and in the recovery of balances

he secretary of war, which is now last session, entitled "an act to abolish have a right to appropriate it to pre-ed in every department of the admin-By like reports the state of the acade—the United States' trading establish—serve the road from ruin. From the istration.
my at West Point will be seen as well ments," agents were immediately ap-exercise of this power no danger is (The visable to give it a corresponding in the fortifications along the coast, rection of the secretary of the treasu-py system, the people are the sole and at the national armories and arsen-ry, to close the business of the trad. and exclusive fountain of power. Should the constitutional sanction of als.

The position on the Red River, and and to settle all the accounts of the them, and to them alone, each to its

Resting assentially on a basis of reciprocal and equal advantage, it has us to admit its expansion to a great referred, respecting the right of appropriation, as distinct from jurisdic referred, as to admit its expansion to a great referred respecting the right of appropriation, as distinct from jurisdic referred. Pensacola, with extensive claims but that our manufactures though depress-ed by the attack of the racoon, scream-

The military academy forms the the probable productiveness of the rable length of time for their adjustbasis, in regard to science, on which lead mines, connected with the im ment. By a report from the First the military establishment rests. It portance of the material to the public Compitolier of the treasury, it appears furn sies annually, after due examina defence, makes it expedient that they that, on the 4th of March, 1817, the tion, and on the report of the academic should be managed with peculiar care, accounts then unsettled amounted to staff, many well informed youths, to It is therefore suggested whether it one hundred and three millions sixtyfill the vacancies which occur in the would not comport with the public in eight thousand eight hundred and s vseveral corpse of the army, while terest to provide by law for the ap-en y six dollars and forty-one cents, others, who retire to private life, car-pointment of an agent skilled in min-of which on the 30th September of the y with them such attainments, as un-eralogy, to superintend them, under present year, ninety-three millions one ler the rights reserved to the sever- the direction of the proper depart-

promote the great object of the power great expense, has already suffered of tine milions eight hundred and vested in congress, of providing for from the want of that regular superint inner three thousand four hundred the organizing, arming, and discipling tendance, and of those repairs, which and seventy-nine dollars and eightythe milita. Thus by the mutual and are indispensible to the preservation of five cents. That there have been narmonical co-operation of the two such a work. This road is of incalcu-drawn from the treasury, in paying tribunal, to be specially organized for governments in the execution of a lable advantage, in facilitating the in-the public debt, and sustaining the power divided between them, an ob- tercourse between the Western and government in all its operations and ject always to be cherished, the at. the Atlantic States. Through it, the disbursements, since the 4th of March. tremity of Lake Erie to the Mississip communication to the seat of government, and from thence to the Atlantic The facility which it affords to al military and commercial operations four hundred and fifty-one dollars and and also to all those of the post office twelve cents; leaving a balance unsetnighly. This great work is like wise and nine y-seven thousand nine hundan ornament and an honor to the na. red and twenty-nine dollars and eightyion. Believing that a competent four cents. For precise details respower to adopt and execute a system pecting each of these balances, I refer granted to Congress, but that such a the documents which accompany power, confined to great national pur- From this view it appears the poses, and with proper limitations, commercial differences with Figure would be productive of eminent ad. and Great Britain have been placed vantage to our union, I have thought in a train of amicable arrangement, it advisable that an amendment of the on conditions fair and honorable in constitution, to that effect, should be both instances, to each party; that our recommended to the several states. __finances are in a very productive state; A bill which assumed the right to our revenue being at present fully adopt and execute such a system hav- competent to all the demands upon it; ng been presented for my signature, that our military force is well organiat the last session, I was compelled zed in all its branches, and capable of from the view which I had taken of rendering the most important service, the powers of the General Government in case of emergency, that its number to negative it, on this occasion I will admit of; that due progress has thought it proper to communicate the been made under existing appropriasentiments which I had formed, on tions, in the constructing of fortificamature consideration, on the whole tions, and in the operation of the ordisubject. To that communication, in nance department; that due progress all the views in which the great inter- has, in live momer, been made in the est to which it relates, may be suppos. construction of ships of war; that our ed to merit your attention, I have now pavy is in the b. st condition, and left to refer. Should Congress, however, and respected, in every sea in which deem it improper to recommend such it is employed for the protection of our Surely if they had the right to appro-due by individuals; and, that the et-In compliance with the act of the priate money to make the road, they most economy is secured and observprived us of many valuable citizens at ments to Congress, at the last session, ing cows from pasture, the lad left Pensacola, and checked the progress fully, in the document to which I have Mr. Stone's house to perform this ser-

manest intercourse, which will prove of the military academy. Good order tract with them, to some other posi-strong reasons applicable to our situation were unavailing, until he suc

les, in favor of our own, and without ffecting injuriously, any other inter-

The view which has been taken of uns filed, that it required a consideundred and seventy-five thousand hree hundred and ninety six dollars It is understood that the Cumber-land fify-six cents had been settled : 1817, one hundred and fifty-seven millions one hundred and ninety-nine thousand three hundred and eighty dollars and ninety-six cents, the accounts for which have been settled to the amount of one hundred and thirty-seven milions five bundred and one thousand lepartment, cannot be estimated too led of nineteen militions six hundred f internal improvement has not been to the report of the Comptroller, and

(The remainder next week.)

From the Boston Daily Advertiser.

HYDRAPHOBIA. Isaiah Kidder, a boy belonging to pswick, in the employ of Mr. Gregoboundaries. Although ed immediately after the peace, have ed and ran towards home, dragging