The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., March 26, 1873.

Circulation Thirteen Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

TIME.	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m	1 year
1 squar—10 lines,	$3 00	$3 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
2 squares, do	5 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares, do	5 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00
4 squares, do	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	21 00
1 column,.....	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
2 column,.....	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00	50 00
3 column,.....	20 00	30 00	35 00	50 00	100 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$3 00

Special notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except for transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

JOB WORK.

Eighth Sheet Bills 25 copies or less	$2 00
25 additional copies or less	50
Fourth Sheet Bills 25 copies or less	3 00
25 additional copies or less	75
Half Sheet Bills 25 copies or less	5 00
25 additional copies or less	1 50
Full Sheet Bills 25 copies or less	8 00
25 additional copies or less	2 00
Bills in Equity five pages or less	15 00
Each additional page	2 00
Blanks, plain, one quire	3 00
Each additional quire	1 00

Other Job work at same rates.

TIME TABLE.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—Trains going East leave Beaver Station as follows: Mor. Accom'n 9.19; Mail, 2.37 p. m.; Evening Fast, 6.07.

Trains going West leave Beaver Station as fol. Mail, 7.46 a. m.; Accommodation 5.40 p. m.

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the ARGUS to-day:

Special Notice—Lyon's Kathairon
Special Notice—Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure
Special Notice—Beymer Bauman & Co
Special Notice—Holloway's Ointment
Agt. Rural Publications—J. Weaver
Adv. Geo P. Rowell
Special Notice—B. S. Ranger
Executor's Notice—James Miller & A. R. Miller
Dissolution Notice—James & Ira B. Duncan
Executor's Notice—D. McCallister

Mail Change.—On last Monday a change was made in the arrivals and departures of our mails: The new arrangement is as follows. Western mail leaves Beaver at 6:45 a. m., and arrives at 3 p.m. Eastern mail leaves Beaver at 2 p. m., and arrives at 8 a. m.

Queensware fresh in every variety, at B. S. Ranger's. mar26-5w

Monthly Union Service.—Rev. John A. Wilson will preach the monthly union sermon in the First Presbyterian Church, of Bridgewater, on next Sabbath evening, March 30, at 7 o'clock.

Spring Millinery 1873, at Mrs. Bence's Millinery and fancy goods store, Beaver. mar12-3w

Narrow Escape From Fire.—The store of Mr. A. Carner, of Homewood, this county, was discovered to be on fire one night last week. After some exertion on the part of Mr. A. and his near neighbors the fire was extinguished before much damage was sustained. How the fire originated is not known.

Clover and Timothy seed, at Pittsburgh prices, at B. S. Ranger's. mar26-5w

A thankful husband, whose wife eloped with a man much younger than herself, sold all his property and sent half the proceeds to the guilty couple, stating in explanation that the young man had conferred upon him an inestimable blessing. All this in Lycoming county.

Spring style, straw hats and bonnets, frames flowers, &c., at Mrs. Bence's, Beaver. mar12-3w

It makes a great deal of difference whether you take cough medicine or carbolic acid for a cold. John Casey, in Philadelphia, kept both these fluids in similar bottles side by side; and the result of this unwise arrangement is that John Casey will never take any more medicine in this world.

We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in another column, of the Brooks Sewing Machine Co., of New York, they advertise, what is indeed a valuable invention, a first-class Sewing Machine for five dollars. feb.5-1y

It has been made a question whether the abolition of the Franking Privilege will apply to the widow of President Lincoln, who received the right of franking on her husband's death, for the rest of her natural life. We should say this was a vested privilege, somewhat in the nature of a contract, and that Congress cannot interfere with it.—*Tribune.*

Notice Extraordinary.—All orders for Photographs must hereafter be cash, (at least in part) when the order is given. Orders not so complied with will receive no attention. H. Noss. feb 12-2m

At the election on last Friday, in Rochester, there were, we believe, six tickets in the field, to wit: Republican, Democratic, Liberal Republican, Temperance, Hog and anti-Hog. The result is a curious mix. We believe about two candidates on each ticket succeeded. It was decidedly the greatest "slate smashing" operation, ever witnessed in that borough.

For good bugglies, wagons, carriages, spring wagons, sulkeys, buck-boards, &c., go to Ingraham Boyd's, near the depot, in Rochester. All orders promptly attended to. sept4:1y

The Greeley Statue Fund.—The New York *Tribune* of Friday publishes a list of the contributors to the Greeley Statue Fund, which now amounts to the handsome sum of $9,546.55. The contributions to the Printers' Typo-metical Statue, for Greenwood, constitute a different fund, and are in the hands of the President of Typographical Union No. 6.

Edinboro Normal School.—The Spring Term of the State Normal School at Edinboro, Erie county, Pa., will open on the 25th of March. This is one of the best institutions of learning in Pennsylvania, and fully merits the generous patronage which it has always received. mar12-3w

A **Landlord** in Warren county, whose lot extends over in Forest county, is getting ready to move his shebang about forty feet into Forest—that county having just voted for license. So the Warren county drinkers who have been depending upon this landlord for their daily poison, do not mourn as those without hope. They will only have to travel forty feet for their whisky, and they have fortitude enough to do it.

For spring hats or bonnets go to Mrs. Bence, in Beaver, she has just opened all the new spring styles for 1873, and will have during the season a full supply of all the styles in hats, bonnets, flowers, ribbons, scarfs, veils, kid gloves, hair goods, lace goods, shawls &c. mar12-3w

Warden's Report.—We are under obligations to Edward S. Wright, esq., the warden of the Penitentiary at Allegheny city, for a copy of his annual report for 1872. From it we learn that Beaver county has 9 representatives in that institute—8 males and 1 female. The total number of convicts now in the Penitentiary is 461.

☞ Fahnestocks' Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnishes, Paints, all Colors, dry and ground in Oil, Brushes, Window Glass, Putty, for sale at the very lowest cash prices, at Hugo Andriessen's Beaver Drug Store, Beaver Pa. feb26-4w

Perpetual Motion.—John Randolph, of Roanoke, was making a speech against the United States Bank, and among other things, he remarked that the banks were the cause of a perpetual motion that was more certain and reliable than anything else of the kind due to human invention:

"For banks make poverty, and poverty makes rags, and rags make paper, and paper makes money, and money makes banks, and banks make poverty, and poverty makes rags, and rags make paper, and paper makes money, and money makes banks—and so on forever and ever, so long as banks exist."

Congressional Apportionment.—The apportionment bill now before the Legislature, and the one likely to be passed by that body, makes a Congressional District of Beaver, Washington and Butler counties. The bill referred to will give the Republicans control of seventeen of the Congressional Districts in the State and the Democrats nine.

PITTSBURGH, March, 1872.

We have used large quantities of Beymer, Bauman & Co.'s Strictly Pure White Lead, and have always found it uniformly and finely ground, very white and of excellent body. Its purity we have never questioned, and we cheerfully recommend it.

THOMPSON & MILLER, *Master Painters.*

The *Miners' Journal* is fierce. Hear it: The people ought to go to Harrisburg and drive the thieves out of the hall, and hang the ringleaders to the lamp-posts on the hill. No country can stand such infernal stealing on the part of their representatives without corrupting the whole people.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Persons leading sedentary lives will find in Holloway's Pills the best substitute for exercise which science can supply, and in his Ointment or remedy for all ulcerous diseases. Sold 75 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Price, 25 cents per box or pot. Ask for new style; the old is counterfeited.

Berks county has a female resident (Mrs. William Watson) who has had twenty children by one husband—ten boys and ten girls. The lady is eighty years old but looks as if she might be about fifty. She is still robust and attends to scrubbing, washing, etc. The father lived to the age of 107 years.

Public Sale.—Mr. James Plumer, of Ohio twp, will have an extensive sale of personal property, on Friday, March 28, at 10 a. m. His farm, if not sold before that time, will also be offered for sale.

House of Refuge.—We are favored with the report of the Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Reform School (House of Refuge) near Allegheny city, for 1872. The total number of inmates remaining in the institution Dec. 24, 1872 is 256. Since 1861 Beaver county has had 40 representatives in the House of Refuge—38 white boys and girls, and 2 colored boys and girls. 2 were sent from this county last year, 1 boy and 1 girl.

New Goods, New Styles, and Great Bargains.—Mr. William Reich in Bridgewater has just received his Spring and Summer stock of cloths cassimeres, vesatings &c., &c., and feels assured that a better assortment can not be found in this country. His workmen are careful, experienced, and competent, and all clothing made at his establishment will be found not only to wear well but to fit well in addition. Prices moderate. Give him a call before getting your spring suits. mar19-4w

NEW GALILEE, March 25, 1873

Editor of The Beaver Argus.

DEAR SIR.—The election in this place surprised many very much. It was supposed by nearly all of the informed, that about 20 votes would be polled for license, and about 24 against, but last Friday night, the vote stood for license 9, against license 34. C. S. D.

Free of Charge.—Call at Hugo Andriessen's Beaver Drug Store, Beaver, Pa, and get a sample bottle of Dr. A. Boschee's German Syrup, *free of charge.* It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and for any person suffering with a severe cough, heavy cold settled on the breast, consumption or any disease of the throat and lungs it has no equal in the world. Our regular size bottles 75 cents. In all cases money will be promptly returned if perfect satisfaction is not given. Two doses will relieve any case. Try it.

Anti-Coolie Meeting.—An anti-Coolie meeting was announced last week to be held in the School house in Fallston on last Thursday evening. Great talk was indulged in for a day or two preceeding, and a large audience, good speaking, and emphatic resolutions were promised by those who seemed to have charge of the prospective meeting. Well, the evening came, there was nobody to light the school house up, no audience filled the building, no speaker put in an appearance, and "nary resolution was read. In fact not a soul came near, and it was decidedly the biggest fizzle ever witnessed in that borough. The anti-Chinese bubble has exploded, and almost all of its craggy blowers have skulked out of sight.

Places of Voting Changed.—By order of the county court, the place of holding elections in Chippewa township, has been changed from the residence of Mr. Gilliland, to school house No. 5, near Braden's

The court also ordered the elections for New Sewickley township, to be held at Unionville in the future. From what we hear we judge there is a good deal of complaint in reference to the last named change. As a petition was handed to the court asking for the change, and no opposition expressed then, the court could do no less than make the order.

Hydrophobia.—Dr. A. G. Morey, writing from Stearn's Prairie, to the Omaha *Agriculturist*, in answer to the question, "Can hydrophobia be cured?" says:

"I answer, Yes. I am now an old man—have known many cases of it, and have never known a failure of a case when the remedy was used—the remedy that I am about to give to the world to relieve suffering humanity.

MODUS OPERANDI.

Take the bark from the root of the white ash, steep it strong, and drink freely of it. It will cure after symptoms of hydrophobia have commenced.

A. G. MOREY, M. D.

Result of the Election in Beaver.—The following persons were elected on last Friday, in Beaver, to fill the offices for which they are named:

Burgess—Robert Tallon.
Constable—Charles A. Griffin.
High Constable—Charles A. Griffin.
Assessor—Charles A. Griffin.
Council—Robert S. Imbrie, James I. Stokes, George W. Hamilton, Marmaduke Wilson, D. M. Donchoo, S. B. French.
School Directors—Robert S. Imbrie, Wm. A. Laird.
Ass't. Assessors—Thomas O. Anshutz, Wm. A. Laird.
Inspectors of Election—Robert H. Cooper, A. G. White.
Judge of Election—Robert Tallon.
Auditor—Simeon J. Boyd.

The matrimonial troubles of the Rothschilds have not been confined to the late marriage of a daughter of the family. Though she has chosen a husband out of the Jewish Church, she retains her own faith. Baron Nathaniel, the only son and heir of Anselm, head of the Austrian branch, proposes not only to take a Gentile bride, but to adopt the Christian faith. He has fallen in love with the Countess Messey, daughter of a General, and High Chamberlain to the Archduke Ranier. To remove the obstacles interposed by the lady's relations the ardent lover promises to be converted to her faith. His father is exceedingly angry, and has threatened disinheritance if the son persists in his intention. The rough course of true love is, it appears, no smoother for millionaires than for ordinary people, and knows no distinction of creeds.

On Thursday evening last, as one of the evening trains arrived at Enon Valley, a man, whose name we were unable to learn, got off and went a short distance to procure refreshments. In attempting to get on the train after it had started he slipped and fell, one of the wheels passing over his leg and injuring it so badly as to render amputation necessary. He is now at the hotel in Enon. He is a foreigner and is said to have no friends in this country.

Teachers Selected.—The school directors of the borough of Beaver, have selected the following teachers for the next term, which commenced on last Monday, March 24:

Principal—Miss Mary Bunn.
Room No. 1—Miss M. E. Foulk.
Room No. 2—Miss Minta Anderson.
Room No. 3—Mrs. S. D. Marquis.

The principal receives $75.00 per month. The assistants $45.00 each.

The man who sponges his paper, and then abuses the editor behind his back is like the fellow who crept into the show under the canvas, and cursed the proprietor because he did not have a better performance.

Consumption — Inquire the Truth—Read the long and impartial testimony in favor of Dr. Keyser's treatment of Consumption, and all Chronic diseases, in an essay published by that gentleman at 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. If it does not convince you, you are not within the reach of faithfully related facts. The cures made by Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, are so many, and such marvelous ones, as to shut out all scepticism from the mind. Consumptive invalid, read it, and then act with decision and energy, and thousands of lives can be saved from an early and untimely grave. Do not believe interested and unprincipled witnesses, but go to the fountain head, and consult the Doctor himself. $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 per half dozen.

Hon. Wm. McClelland, member of Forty-Second Congress from the Beaver District, made a brief call at our Sanctum, yesterday. Wherever we have met Mr. McClelland, at Washington or elsewhere, we have found him an intelligent and courteous gentleman. None of all the Democratic members was more, or more deservedly, a personal favorite with members of all parties. We are almost, and if he were a Republican, we would be altogether sorry that he was not re-elected.—*Pittsburgh Gazette, March 20.*

A Queer House.—The House of Representatives is composed peculiarly this winter. It *Bates* all how Crawford and Mifflin are represented; and a *Cross* stands for Beaver. *Black* and *Brown* are the prominent colors. Liquor was excluded from the coat-room, but *Porter* is in the House *Dailey;* and the the members are never *Dry* with such a *Nyce Sample*; neither do they fall *Shortt* of other *Staples.* In addition to the Speaker, the House has a *King;* but with both to govern, there is always *Noyes.* On every Private Calendar day, the Representatives can recline under the shade of an *Ash* and a *Beach*, stroking their *Baird*, while their active associates *Dartt* here and there through the *Lane*, watched by *Koons* and the vigilant *Wolfe.* But this *Pyle* of "*De Witt*" of our *Young* essayist, however much it *Bagns* in his brain, must *Stier* to an end, or he will sink in *Myer*; and his future, though now *Albright*, end in a den darker than *Daniels.*—*State Journal.*

An Essential of Loveliness.—To be entirely beautiful the hair should be abundant and lustrous. This is absolutely essential to complete loveliness. The most regular features, the most brilliant complexion and pearliest teeth fail of their due effect if the hair be thin, dry, or harsh. On the contrary the plainest face, if it be but surmounted by luxuriant and silken tresses, is apt to impress the beholder with a sense of actual beauty. That crowning ornament of her sex is happily, within the reach of lovely woman, and being as discriminating as she is lovely, she long ago discovered that *Lyon's Kathairon* was the sure means of securing it. No preparation for the Hair ever enjoyed a tithe of its popularity, and no wonder, since it produces such gratifying results. Applied to the waste and barren places of the scalp, it fructifies and enriches them with a new and ample growth. It is not, of course, pretended that it will do this if the capacity for reproduction is extinct, but so long as it remains that wonderful rehabilitant will assuredly propagate the germ of the hair into life and activity.

Church Demolished at Enon.—During the heavy storm of wind on Sabbath evening, March 9th, the old brick church at that place was blown down. A correspondent says:

"Services were held in the church during the day by Rev. Mr. Harbison, who has recently accepted a call to become pastor of the congregation, made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Miller about a year since. Fortunately for all concerned, an appointment was made for preaching in the school house in Enon, in the evening. This, though not an exceptional occurrence, was not a common one, as evening services have generally and quite frequently been held in the church. Had this been the case on that evening, many persons would have been assembled in the building at the time of the accident, and as it is a total wreck, few, if any, of those present would have escaped injury; and for all we have escaped with their lives would have been impossible. The congregation sustains a heavy loss, financially considered."

Birmingham, Ala., is apparently the most pugnacious of places. The local newspaper of the 15th inst, announces that the day before the Spring fights commenced in a most vigorous and miscellaneous manner. They began with a dog-fight in the morning, at noon there was a beautiful cock-fight, and later in the day a set-too between two of nature's noblemen, one of whom was accused of using brass knuckles. Perhaps the last little unpleasantness may be explained by an announcement which is contained in the same newspaper that "they fix up drinks that would make the mouth of an anchorite water at the bar of the Globe Restaurant."

The Anderson Verdict.—The clouds surrounding the causes leading to the suicide of Mr. Thomas F. Anderson, at Franklin, have been effectually dispelled by the investigation and verdict of the Coroner's jury. The jury called to sit upon the case was composed of some of the best citizens of that town—men who had known the unfortunate gentleman intimately and well; and who, after weighing all the facts and evidence brought before them, were unanimously of opinion that the act was committed while laboring under a fit of insanity, and that he had been in that condition for some time previous to the tragedy. This fact was strengthened by an investigation of the affairs of the bank, which showed that his accounts were strictly correct, and that there was no defalcation, and no outside accommodations to friends, and hence that the expressions indicating such a state of facts in his conversations and letters written previous to his death, out of which so many painful rumors were manufactured, were but the fancies of a disordered brain. We have but to add that the verdict give universal satisfaction at Franklin, as the facts developed show no stain on the unfortunate man's character.—*Titusville Courier.*

Distressing Accident.—A YOUNG MAN SHOOTS HIS ARM OFF.—On Wednesday evening last, after returning from the school house where he was teaching Mr. Daniel Cameron, son of Alexander Cameron, of Shenango township, took a shot gun and went in pursuit of some game he had seen. In a short time he was heard calling, and on going to him his friends found that his arm was shattered terribly. It seems that when only about 20 rods from the house he had stood the gun down and placed his arm over the muzzle. How it was discharged he does not know, but the entire load passed through his arm. He started to go home; but becoming weak, called for help. The charge had passed through just below the elbow, and both bones were so badly broken as to render amputation necessary. Drs. J. W. & R. D. Wallace were summoned, and the arm amputated at the elbow, the same evening. We understand he is doing well.—[New Castle Courant.]

Candidates Busy.—The court being in session last week, brought quite a number of candidates for the several county offices to the front, and during this week no little hand-shaking was indulged in. Thus far we have heard of four candidates for Prothonotary, six for Treasurer, and three for commissioner. There may be and doubtless are others, who have not yet put in an appearance, but, "who will come to time" behind the battle progresses very far.

A Queer Mix.—The people of New Sewickley township, got into a queer mix in regard to their election on last Friday. It seems that at the November term of court the place for holding future elections in that township was fixed at Unionville. Notice, to this effect was given by the Constable of that township a few weeks ago. On last Friday, however, about one-half of the voters of the township met at the old place and held an election, and the other half met at Unionville and held an election there. Each party elected its own ticket, and the officers holding the elections, all appeared in Beaver on last Monday and claimed pay for their services. One side voted strong for no license, and the other side voted strong the other way. Under these circumstances, it is pretty hard just now to tell who the local officers of New Sewickley township are and how local option went in that precinct. We hope, however, that they will get along out there without two sets of officers, else they will become as badly mixed after a while as the Louisianians.

Conference and Church Items.—Rev. F. D. Fast was in town this week, on his way to the Annual Conference. Mr. Fast served Alliance Charge sixteen years ago. He looks well, but the frost has begun to give an unwonted tinge to the original color to his hair. For the past year he has been stationed at Mackeburg, Washington county, in this State. He reports himself as very pleasantly situated and prospering in his work.—*Alliance (O.) Local.*

—Among the veterans of the Conference we noticed Thomas Hudson, Samuel wakefield, Robt. Hopkins, and Homer J. Clark. But we marked the absence of Joshua Monroe, Robt. Boyd and others lately most regular in their attendance at the opening of Conference. —*Alliance (O.) Monitor.*

Rev. J. F. Huddleston of the Phillipsburg circuit, has been unable to attend the Annual Conference of his church now in session at Salem, on account of the severe illness of his wife. Mr. H. is said to be an efficient minister, and his circuit seems to be united in wishing the conference to let him remain with them another year, which will doubtless be done.

The Methodist congregation near Mr. John Scott's, on the Phillipsburg circuit, are about to abandon their old church, with a view of erecting a new house of worship. The location of the new building will be about one and a half miles above where the camp meetings for that charge have been held.

Looking for a Forger.—Mr. W. H. Cluley, a very prominent business man of Pittsburgh, disappeared some two weeks ago, and no trace can be found of his whereabouts. In the meantime his business affairs have been looked into and it is ascertained that he is not only heavily in debt, but that he has also forged the names of a number of persons in Pittsburgh, and in this way came into possession of a large sum of money. A meeting of his creditors was held a few days after Cluley was missing. A second meeting was held on Monday of last week at which something like a clear statement of affairs was reached. We are told that from the facts there developed it appears that the aggregate amount involved is about $150,000. There were creditors in attendance who represented $101,000, whilst others were absent whose claims could not be ascertained. Then it further appeared that in addition to this $101,000 there were judgment notes held by friends for nearly $50,000—making the total liabilities fully $150,000. Of this amount it has been ascertained that there is forged paper to amount between $70,000 and $80,000, upon which the names of several friends appear. To offset the liabilities there are assets from which it is thought some $60,000 can be realized. After a full consideration of these developments, the creditors decided to enter a petition in bankruptcy against Cluley, and proceedings toward that end have been had. Detectives are trying to get their hooks on Cluley.

The McDaniel Mystery.—Capt. C. W. McDaniel, who obtained so much notoriety from his unfortunate adventures at New York and elsewhere, we understand left for Texas a few days since with the view of engaging in business. In regard to McDaniel's statement, the New York *Times* has the following ironical and severe criticism under the head of "A terrible tale:" On the 8th of October last, Capt. McDaniel, a merchant residing in Canonsburg, Pa., left his home, intending to make a short trip to New York, in order to purchase goods. Months rolled on, but the captain failed to return, or to send any message to his family. As he was one of the leading men of the community, and a pillar of the local Presbyterian church, his mysterious disappearance created much excitement. He was known to have had a large sum of money with him at the time of his departure from Canonsburg, and the belief that he had been robbed and murdered became general among his former townsmen. A few days since, this theory was rudely disturbed by the sudden re-appearance of the missing man, who returned to tell his wonder-struck friends the most remarkable story of the boldness and wickedness of New York thieves that has recently came to light.

Capt. McDaniel asserts that while on a railway train, on his way to this city, he was met by a smooth and smiling villain, who represented himself as the agent of a New York dry goods firm, but who was in reality one of a band of conspirators who had determined, at any cost, to rob and kidnap the unsuspecting merchant. On reaching the city, Captain McDaniel and his new friend breakfasted at some unknown restaurant, where the unhappy Pennsylvanian was induced to drink drugged coffee. Beyond a doubt this mysterious restaurant was improvised by the conspirators solely for the purpose of furthering their plans upon the captain. While in an insensible condition from the effect of the drugged coffee, he was taken on board a ship—chartered at vast expense by the enterprising robbers—where he was imprisoned in a curiously constructed dungeon—an apartment which is a positive novelty in marine architecture. Such was the strength of the drugged coffee which he had rashly drank, that he remained insensible until the ship reached the coast of Cuba—a period of at least ten days. In a few hours after regaining consciousness he was taken on deck and made to embark in a small boat, manned by three atrocious ruffians. Here a new proof of the recklessness of the scoundrels was given. Although a thick fog prevailed, they had brought the ship within a few yards of the shore, and although to abandon a ship in a fog, and to attempt to land through the surf breaking on an unknown shore, are feats of the utmost danger, the boat's crew did not hesitate to undertake them. Curiously enough, Capt. McDaniel did not notice the surf, but succeeded in safely reaching the shore, where he met a military patrol and learned that he was in Cuba.

That this expensive and elaborate plot should have been employed merely to rob a country merchant of $7,000—which was the sum Captain McDaniel lost—would seem improbable, were it not that the victim expressed emphatic that that much was the case. And when we learn the subsequent conduct of the captain, we cannot doubt his word. On reaching Havana, instead of obtaining a passage home by means of the American consul, he nobly refused to incur such an obligation, and secured a position in a business house in that city, where he remained for weeks, and earned money enough to take him to New Orleans. Even when he reached the latter place he did not hasten home, but lingered long enough to treat himself to a quiet fever. A man of such method and coolness as this—one who could restrain his desire to see his family and relieve anxiety, and who preferred to accept one of those brilliant business opportunities which Havana merchants make a practice of thrusting upon unknown and penniless Americans, and to thus earn money instead of borrowing it from the consul—could not be guilty of prevarication. There cannot be a shadow of doubt of the truth of the story, and those wicked persons who suggest another explanation of Captain McDaniel's mysterious absence deserve to be treated with indignation and scorn. We may, therefore, consider it to be an established fact that we have among us a band of villains who control piratical ships and poisonous restaurants, and which incur enormous expenses and tremendous risks in order to rob the merchants of Pennsylvania, and to kidnap the pillars of rural Presbyterianism. It is really intolerable that such a state of things should exist, and every honest man will join in the wish that the selections of Canonsburg would take the matter up, and shame the ignorance and timidity of the New York police, by themselves utterly wiping out of existence these wicked conspirators, their floating dungeons, and their drugged coffee.

Court Proceedings.—The following cases were before the court last week and disposed of as follows:

Com. vs Thomas Proudlock. Indictment voting on fraudulent naturalization papers. True bill, ordered by Act of Assembly to be tried in Allegheny county.

Com. vs William Shus. Indictment voting on fraudulent naturalization papers. True bill, ordered by Act of Assembly to be tried in Allegheny county.

Com. vs Joseph M. Reed. Indictment furnishing liquor to minors. True bill, tried by a jury. Defendant found guilty and sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution, a fine of $20.00, and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period of ten days. The court on the same revoked the license of the defendant.

Com. vs Wm. Koontz. Indictment false pretense. True bill. Tried by a jury. Verdict, not guilty, but defendant to pay the costs, and to stand committed until the order is complied with.

Com. vs John Ferguson. Indictment, larceny. True bill. Plead guilty. Same day defendant sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar, pay the costs of prosecution, restore the property stolen, and undergo confinement in the penitentiary for one year and six months.

Com. vs John Border. Indictment surety of the peace on oath of Frederick Dauber. Defendant discharged on payment of the costs.

Com. vs Hugh Barnes. Indictment embezzlement. True bill. Process awarded directed to the sheriff of Lawrence county, for defendant.

Com. vs John Householder and Philip Brandenberger. Indictment aggravated assault and battery. Tried by a jury. Verdict, not guilty as to Householder, and that the prosecutor, P. A. Binder, pay the costs. As to Brandenberger, the other defendant, the jury divide equally between them.

Com. vs Clark Dunlap. Indictment assault and battery with intent to ravish. Defendant pleaded guilty of an attempt to ravish, but guilty of assault. Sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars, and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for three months.

Com. vs Charles Ink. Indictment selling liquor without a license. True bill. Defendant sentenced to pay a fine of $50.00.

Com. vs Daniel Brown. Indictment aggravated assault and battery. The court allowed a nolle prosequi to be entered in the case.

Com. vs Henry Hardy. Charge surety of the peace, case amicably settled by the parties, the defendant pleading himself to abstain from the use of all intoxicating drinks for one year.

BEAVER LODGE, No. 368}
March 11, 1873.}

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Almighty Ruler of the universe, in His Wisdom and Providence, to remove from our midst our young and beloved Brother, Thomas P. Reed; and

WHEREAS, The friendly hand we have been wont to clasp is stilled; a hand open to the friendless and distressed, no more will meet us in our social circle; but his virtue and many noble traits of character, will ever live as green spots in the memory of us all. Therefore,

Resolved, 1st. That we bow in humble submission to the will of God our Heavenly Father.

2d. That in the death of our beloved Brother, our Lodge and order have lost a worthy member, his family a kind and affectionate son, and community an honorable and esteemed citizen.

3d. That Brother Thomas P. Reed, whose sudden death we sincerely lament, will ever be ranked with the loved and honored of our order.

4th. That this Lodge doth sincerely sympathize with the bereaved family of our Brother, in this, their sad affliction, we can only commend them to Him, Whose goodness bindeth up the broken heart with the assurance that there is a world where the good and virtuous will meet again.

5th. That our Lodge room be draped in mourning for thirty days, and that we wear the usual badge the same time.

6th. That these resolutions be entered in our minutes, a copy sent to the family of our deceased Brother, and that the secretary be instructed to get them published in our county papers.

JAMES M. MOORE ERGS,
DAVID WOODRUFF, } Com.
J. P. TODD,

County papers please copy.

Salem — Manufactures — Pittsburgh Conference—Bishop Harris—Prof. Henkle—Local Option, Eec.

SALEM, O., March 21, 1873.

To the Editor of The Beaver Argus:

DEAR SIR:—Taking a seat in the comfortable cars of the train on the P. F. W. & C. R., known as the Pacific Express, we were set down safe in about two hours in this, one of the most thriving towns of eastern Ohio. More than a hundred members of the Pittsburgh Conference were on board, and very many were the happy greetings and hand shakings of old friends who had not met for a twelve-month. We passed through Leetonia, noted for its rapid growth within the last few years and its numerous iron furnaces and mills, and latterly, for the almost complete financial failure of every company operating there, and also of the bank located here. Salem is noted for its enterprise as a manufacturing point. Several different establishments are engaged in the manufacture of different varieties of reapers and mowers, and as many others in the stove manufactures.

Its public school, which is one of the best in the Buckeye, or perhaps any other State, is presided over by Prof. Henkle, the author—as some of your young readers may be pleased to know—of Stoddard's & Henkle's Algebras, and other works. Our host is the gentlemanly Prof. of mathematics, Prof. Stevens. The Pittsburgh Conference now in session, numbers nearly three hundred members, its territory extends from the summit of the Allegheny mountains to the Muskingum river in this State. It embraces also Washington and Greene counties, and much of the Pan Handle of West Virginia. Its members are of all ages, from the octogenian to the youth, but just in his majority, all striving to elevate and bless the society in which they mingle. It is no slight labor to provide entertainment for three hundred men in a town of 4,000 inhabitants, and yet, through the generosity of the people, the efficiency of the pastor of the large and flourishing M. E. Church here, Rev. W. Lynch, it is admirably accomplished. Bishop Harris is a very vigorous man of about fifty, a rapid speaker, and a very genial kind hearted man. He is endearing himself much to the Conference. Many of the ministers here, left the Conference to go to their homes to cast their votes against license in our own State to-day.

Yours, &c.,
R. T. TAYLOR.

How the Money Goes.—The Lancaster *Express* (Rep.) has a correspondent at Harrisburg, who has been dissecting the Auditor General's Report for 1872. Here is the result of his research:

HARRISBURG, March 19, 1873.

"Figures will not lie," but on the contrary they often tell unwholesome truths when the debtor and credit column are counted up at the close of a year, and the figures of the total Dr. are too many for the Cr. The study of figures to a business man is always of deep, and sometimes disagreeable interest, and the contemplation of the rows of items under the head of "Expenditures," in the Auditor General's Report of Finances, year after year, is calculated to awaken a spirit of inquiry in the mind of the taxpayer. A careful analysis of the items and a comparison with the laws authorizing expenses of the Legislature, will produce the impression that the amounts are too large for the law, or the law too small for the amounts, or the legislators are very careless mathematicians.

According to the law the Senate is entitled to a chief clerk and two assistants at a cost of $3400 salary for the three, and yet the troublesome figures show that the amount of $7503 95 was paid for those officers. They either received over double their lawful pay, or over twice as many assistant clerks as are provided for by law were employed by some one, and paid out of the Treasury. Or else there was a mistake of the printer in setting up the figures! By the act of 1868 four transcribing clerks are allowed in the Senate at $800 each, which salary is increased in the Appropriation bill to $1000. This would make $4250, including mileage. And yet it seems that the sum of $7528 80 was paid in that body for clerks, which looks as if three unlawful clerks had "gone through" the Treasury for over $3000. Nine sergeants-at-arms, doorkeepers and messengers are allowed, an elegant sufficiency, whose pay would not exceed $6000 at a liberal calculation, and yet it seems that an aggregate of $11,186 80 was paid for these officials, or *nearly double* what is allowed by law.

The pasters and folders, wonderful to relate, are exactly of the lawful number, and are paid their exact salaries to a cent, seven at $600 receiving $4200, and so it is recorded. This is a sort of tub to the whale, the public that so indignantly rebuked the pasting and folding swindle in 1869. And so while the people are supposed to be watching the extra pasters and folders, the raiders on the Treasury, instead of charging through the paste room, brush in hand, as in '69, are marching in the select corps of sergeants at arms and doorkeepers. A rose by any other name would smell as sweet," and the hungry horde of retainers and camp followers are not particular whether they are smuggled through under the high sounding appellations of sergeants at arms or the sweet scented titles of keepers of the cloacæ, so they get a dip at the Treasury for services never rendered.

In addition to these payments two persons received $650 and $621 for services as assistant clerks, three other transcribing clerks received $1,350, three extra messengers and assistants received $1,275 90, a postmaster $414, four doorkeepers and assistants $1,272 20, three assistant sergeants-at-arms $941 20 and seven extra pasters and folders received $2,251 40. This expense is claimed as resulting from the retention of the Democratic subordinate officers until the Gray-McClure contest was decided.

In the House the same practices were carried on.

The clerks and assistants were paid $5,110 40, nearly double what the provisions of the law allow. Six transcribing clerks, either received $11,742 85 or five more, as is highly probable, were smuggled into the payroll without sanction of the House or rendering services.

$15,262 60 were paid for sergeants-at-arms, doorkeepers and messengers; over *twice as* many were drawing pay as are allowed by law, and over $5,000 was paid for pasters and folders in excess of the number elected by the House at the opening of the session.

In both Houses, last session, from $35,000 to $40,000 was thus paid out of the Treasury illegally, for a horde of fellows seeking place and plunder. For these outrages the Speakers are mainly responsible, inasmuch, as they draw and sign the warrants on which members and employees are paid. These frauds are of course practiced by the few leaders in the "Ring" as the members of the country are put off by a sham appearance of a fair division at the opening of the session, and think that fair play is being practiced all around.

Lancaster county, for instance, this year got two pasters and folders, who honestly discharged their duty, day after day, in the basement, for which they will receive $600 each, while beyond a doubt, a dozen Philadelphia or Allegheny politicians will draw higher salaries for positions to which they were never elected, and in which they never did a day's service. These things are no secret on the "Hill," and yet they are meekly tolerated by members who have quietly learned to pass under the yoke.

ELECTION RETURNS FOR AND AGAINST LICENSE. 1873.

TOWNSHIPS & BORO'S.	For License	Against License
Beaver borough	11	115
Bridgewater borough	42	80
Baden borough	19	22
Big Beaver township	49	61
Borough township	18	26
Beaver Falls borough	157	273
Brighton township	14	44
Chippewa township	8	49
Darlington borough	—	—
Darlington township	48	83
Economy township	21	48
Fallston borough	10	55
Frankfort borough	—	—
Franklin township	41	47
Freedom borough	31	50
Glasgow borough	13	97
Georgetown borough	6	25
Greene township	—	—
Harmony township	2	—
Hanover township	—	—
Hopewell township	37	50
Moon township borough	—	—
Independence township	—	—
Industry township	57	67
Moon township	37	51
Marion township	38	1
New Galilee borough	9	34
New Brighton, North Ward	34	130
do do Middle Ward	50	116
do do South Ward	16	83
North Sewickley township	59	54
New Sewickley township	37	53
Ohioville borough	16	84
Patterson township	—	—
Pulaski township	13	47
Phillipsburg borough	33	11
Rochester township	128	148
Rochester township	22	23
Raccoon township	9	117
St Clair township	23	15
South Beaver township	18	81

BEAVER MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Wheat, per bushel	$1 70@1 80
Oats