The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., May 1st, 1872.

Circulation Thirteen Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1 year
[illegible]	$2 00	$3 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
[illegible]	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
[illegible]	5 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00
[illegible]	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	21 00
[illegible]	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
[illegible]	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00	50 00
[illegible]	20 00	30 00	38 00	60 00	100 00

[illegible]strators' and Executors' Notices.....$3 00

[illegible] notices per line, ten cents.

[illegible]yments to be made Quarterly, except [illegible] advertisements, which must be paid [illegible]

TIME TABLE.

[illegible]eland & Pittsburgh R. R.,—Trains [illegible] leave Beaver Station as follows: Mor[illegible] 9.19; Mail, 2.47 p. m.; Evening Fast [illegible]

[illegible]ains, West leave Beaver Station as follows: Mail, 7.16 a. m.; Accommodation and Ex[illegible]ough to Bellair, 5.45 p. m.

[illegible]OUNCEMENTS.—The following tariff [illegible] for announcing the names of candidates [illegible] at the ensuing nominating conven[illegible] respective offices mentioned, and for [illegible] and tickets, has been agreed upon [illegible] all the papers of this county:

[illegible]	$20;	Senate,	$15.
[illegible]	10.	Sheriff,	10.
[illegible]	10.	Clerk of Courts,	5.
[illegible]	5.	Poorhouse Director,	3.
[illegible]	5.	Auditor,	3.
[illegible]		Superintendent,	5.
[illegible]		Cards and Tickets, per 1,000,	$5.

[illegible] attention of the public is directed [illegible] following New Advertisements [illegible] appear for the first time in the [illegible] to-day:

[illegible] Dr Keyser C
[illegible] Holloway's Pills C
[illegible] Dr. Johnson C
[illegible] Dr. Ayer C
[illegible] Kathairon C
[illegible] Straw & Morton C
[illegible] Dr. Pierce C
[illegible] Association ..... 1col.
[illegible] Foundry Association 21
[illegible] Grover & Baker 7
[illegible] McCreery & Co. ..... 1col.
[illegible] W. Hamilton ..... 1sq.
[illegible] A. S. Harvey ..... 2sq.
[illegible] S & J. Snellenburg 11
[illegible] Speyerer & Sons 11
[illegible] R Steinfelt 6
[illegible] J. Chandler ..... 2sq.
[illegible] Tax—C. P. Walface ..... 4sq.
[illegible] D. Sine C
[illegible]ational Publishing Co. C
[illegible] C. D. Hurst 8

[illegible] newest and latest novelties Watches, [illegible] silver Ware at the lowest prices. *John [illegible]on's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, [illegible]

[illegible]tice. From and after this date [illegible] first of September next the [illegible] commissioners will meet on Sat[illegible] each week only. apr10tf

[illegible] the attention of the public to [illegible] given by the County Treasurer [illegible] collection of taxes. A little at[illegible] to his appointments now will [illegible]centage and time in the future.

[illegible] Clocks.—American Clocks a [illegible] cheaper than lowest prices. *John [illegible] & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pitts[illegible] jel-ly

[illegible] Lightning Saws for sale by A. S. [illegible] Bridgewater. may1:2w

[illegible]ohn Mackey, Sr., father of the [illegible] State Treasurer of Pennsylvania, [illegible] residence in Beaver Falls on [illegible] last week, at an advanced [illegible] leaves a large circle of friends [illegible] his loss.

[illegible] Wall Hardware, go to A. S. [illegible], Bridgewater. ma1:2w

[illegible] goods to call and examine our [illegible] cheaper than elsewhere. Orders care[illegible] *John Stevenson's & Co.*, [illegible] Pittsburgh.

[illegible]ustices' Commissions.—The fol[illegible] additional commissions for justices, have been received by the [illegible] Recorder: Samuel Nelson, [illegible]Wagan, Thomas Russell, and W. [illegible]

[illegible] boys Hats for less than cost [illegible] Harvey's store, Bridgewater. [illegible]

[illegible] Wanted. We will give the highest [illegible] for drawings and prices. Goods [illegible] if desired. John Stevenson's Sons & Co., [illegible] Market street, Pittsburgh. [illegible]

[illegible] Ill Health.—We regret to learn [illegible] Dr. J. E. Jackson of Fallston has [illegible] completely recovered from his sick[illegible] last winter. He starts for Phil[illegible] in the course of a week or two [illegible] that a change of air scenery &c., [illegible] advantageous to him. He [illegible] some two or three months. [illegible] hope that he may return [illegible] that period restored to his [illegible]

[illegible] Largest and best selec[illegible] Oil Cloth, Wall Paper, [illegible] Shades, and Varieties, at B. [illegible] apr17:6w

[illegible] The most complete line [illegible] and all the necessary st[illegible] *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, Pitts[illegible] Pittsburgh jel-ly

[illegible]erved Him Right.—One night [illegible] a young man named Claffey [illegible] Residence of Mr. Paisley, [illegible] the Chartiers Railroad, and [illegible] a knife, demanded an apol[illegible] a few days previ[illegible] the cars. Mr. Pais[illegible] and the reparation he need[illegible] slap of a sound thrashing. [illegible] gether with Geo. Hallam and [illegible] Skinny Hall, accomplices [illegible] arrested and held to bail in three [illegible] dollars each.—*Washington Re[illegible]*

[illegible] Dips—The finest Syrup [illegible] for sale by A. S. Harvey, [illegible] Bridgewater. my1-2

[illegible] all wool suits at Snellen[illegible]

[illegible] Church Collection Incident.—[illegible] Sabbath, while the Stewards of [illegible] church in Beaver were taking [illegible] regular penny collection, a strang[illegible] took a seat in the rear of the [illegible] dropped a silver half dollar [illegible] basket. We fancy Bro. McKen[illegible] twinkled when the "hard stuff" [illegible] the bottom of his basket. The [illegible] said to be an inhabitant of oil [illegible] it requires but a little stretch [illegible] imagination to conclude that at [illegible] time or other in his history he has [illegible] His name we did not learn.

[illegible] the crowds, they are going to [illegible] clothing emporium of S. & J. [illegible] Broadway, New Brighton.

The backward Spring has rendered all kinds of fodder very scarce. Hay, oats, corn, straw, &c., are hard to be obtained either for love or money, and all kinds of stock are observing a forced lental season. It is "nip and tuck," with cows just now, and the consequence is an extreme tightness in the butter market. A good, soaking warm rain is very much needed to bring forward vegetation and increase the quantity of milk and butter. "The bread and butter" question is becoming paramount in reality.

A CHOICE selection of Spring Goods, just received by A. S. Harvey, Bridgewater, Pa. may1:2w

PANIC prices at S. & J. Snellenburg's, Broadway, New Brighton.

R. STEINFELT is selling off a large lot of clothing at remarkably low prices, to make preparations to remove to his new building, now in the course of construction. Call and see him and secure a bargain. Broadway New Brighton.

Mad Dogs.—Quite an excitement prevailed in Vanport and vicinity Sunday last, at the appearance of a supposed mad dog near Mr. David Minnis' woods, which was followed by men with guns and fired at with a view to relieve him of his sufferings. Later in the evening, after services in the church, a small specimen of the canine species, was shot to death in the town of Vanport, near the station, its having shown unmistakable signs of hydrophobia.

SPRING Goods received and for sale by A. S. Harvey, Bridgewater, Pa. my1:2w

WALTHAM WATCHES—Being Agents for the sale of these Watches in the City of Pittsburgh, we are confident of our ability to please in style and prices. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jel-ly

Some one who considers himself authority on such subjects says that the guests at a dinner party should remain only twenty minutes after dinner, or leave immediately after rising from the table, as it is the hour before and the hour after a dinner which is so weari[illegible] to some and trying to both host and hostess.

WANTED.—A live, energetic and reliable party, to manage an agency for the sale of the Improved Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, in Beaver and Lawrence counties. Address Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Co., 127 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. my1:2w

A Correspondent of the Waynesburg *Republican* says "A strange freak of nature occurred near here last week. John Derr had a cow that brought forth a calf with two heads; each head having two eyes and two ears. The cervical vertebrae were double till they reached the shoulders, where they unite in a single dorsal spine. The thorax contained two hearts and four lungs, but all of the other viscera were single. The animal died and the hide has been stuffed."

NEW GOODS! New Goods" Just received at A. S. Harvey's Store, Bridgewater

☞ Fahnestock's perfectly pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnishes, Brushes, Paints—dry and ground in oil,—Window Glass, all sizes; Putty, &c. Lyman's celebrated Garden and Vegetable seeds. For sale at Hugo Andresen's Beaver Drug Store mr 13:8w

A Daughter of Mr. Ecker, of Canal Dover, Columbiana Co., Ohio, aged ten years, was burned to death a few days since. It was the usual attempt to kindle a fire with kerosene oil. Her clothing took fire from the explosion and she ran out of the house, where she was met by a gentleman who wrapped a coat around her and in this way smothered the fire, but she was terribly burned. She lingered a few days when the weary little sufferer expired.

MEN'S and Boys' Hats cheap; the stock will be closed out, regardless of cost. A S. Harvey, Bridgewater. m2w

CAUTION.—Every genuine box of Dr. McLANES LIVER PILLS bears the signature of FLEMING BRO'S., Pittsburgh Pa., and their private United States Stamp. ☞ "Take no other." The market is full of imitations. Apr3:6m.

Bad for Barbers.—Every day always brings something new. Razors are to be laid aside, and shaving, in the proper sense of the term, abolished, and henceforth the hirsute growth on the lips, chin and cheeks is to be removed, not with soap, brush, lather, hot water and a keen-edged blade, but by simply rubbing a piece of pumice stone over the bearded parts. We have not tried it, but the *Scientific American* says it will do it.

Free of Charge.—Call at Andriesen's Drug Store, Beaver, or at S. C. Hannen's, in Rochester, and get a sample of Dr A. Boschee's German Syrup *free of charge*. It has lately been introduced into this country from Germany, and for any person suffering from a severe cough, heavy cold settled on the breast, consumption or any disease of the throat or lungs it has no equal in the world. Our regular size bottles 75 cents. In all cases the money will be promptly returned if perfect satisfaction is not given. Two doses will relieve any case. Try it. nov28:ly

TOM THUMB PEAS—Carter's first crop Peas, Dwarf Blue Imperial Peas, Giant Wax Beans, Early Mohawk or Six Weeks Beans, Onion sets, for sale by A S Harvey, Bridgewater mal:2t

Sad Accident.—A sad accident occurred in the fifth ward, of New Castle, on Thursday last, by which an old gentleman named Donavan, lost his life. He was engaged in hauling dirt on Mill street, with a horse and cart, and after dumping a load near James Thorn's, he ascended the cart and took a position upon the fore corner of the vehicle, and started back to receive another load. While descending a small grade he was thrown to the ground immediately in front of the cart, and before he could receive himself from his perilous position the horse which he was driving stepped upon his forehead crushing it in. He was picked up and placed in his cart, but while being conveyed home he died.

FLOWERS, FLOWERS—PLANTS FOR GARDEN AND BASKETS.—C. B. Hurst is now receiving daily Flowers and Plants of all descriptions. Orders for large lots promptly filled and *delivered free of charge* in Rochester and adjoining boroughs. Office near Depot, Rochester, Pa. (*Radical and Conservative* copy.) may1:2t

The Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association are requested to meet at their rooms in Beaver, Monday evening, May 6th, at 7½ o'clock. The lease has been surrendered and it is desirable to determine at once what disposition shall be made of the furniture.
R. T. TAYLOR, *Pres. Ass.*

GREAT EXCITEMENT at S. & J. Snellenburg's, now is your time to call and see things.

Run-Off.—The team of Messrs. Volk & Falk, Brewers, became frightened and ran off in Beaver Falls Monday, 22d ult. causing a complication of mishaps. The beer barrels were scattered; a delivery wagon of Craighead's in which the beer carriage came in collision, was demolished; a horse, attached to a buggy in which Mr Fessenden and friend were seated, became frightened, ran and dumped the passengers in the street, another horse then took fright at the excitement and joined in the stampede, causing altogether a scene of confusion and destruction of "rigs," rarely witnessed. No bones were broken.

Castoria—a substitute for Castor Oil—a vegetable preparation containing neither Mineral, Morphine nor Alcohol. It is pleasant to take, does not nauseate, and operates when all other remedies failed. Dr. Pitcher has experimented fifteen years in producing a preparation more efficient than Castor Oil, without its horrid taste. The Castoria regulates the system, cures constipation, stomach ache, croup and flatulency, and kills worms. It does not distress or gripe. By its quieting, soothing effect it produces natural sleep, and is particularly adapted to crying and teething children.

We desire Physicians to test this article, and will forward three bottles GRATIS to the address of any one so authenticated. Insist that your druggist order it for you. It costs but 50 cents, and one bottle will save many doctor's bills. J. B. Rose & Co., 53 Broadway, N. Y. apr6:4w

Supposed Poisoning Case.—A Mrs. Dunlap from Mapleton, was brought to this place on Saturday evening and lodged in jail, charged with poisoning her mother-in-law. The particulars of the case as we learn them are: Mrs. Dunlap and her mother-in-law did not get along very well, and the younger Mrs. Dunlap, some time ago, was heard to threaten that she would poison her mother-in-law. About two weeks ago the old lady took sick and exhibited every sign of having taken poison. She lingered on until Friday or Saturday last, when she died. Mrs. Dunlap is suspected of being the cause of her mother-in-law's death, and as above stated was arrested on Saturday, brought to this place and lodged in jail to await trial. We forbear comment at present.—*Huntingdon Globe.*

The New Law, giving Justices of the Peace jurisdiction in cases of misdemeanor, to try by jury of six men, is said to work well. The first case in this county since the enactment of the law, was tried in Beaver Falls on last Saturday. It was cross suits in assault and battery, Com'th vs. James McCormick, tried, convicted and fined ten dollars and costs. Justice McCreary presided, Samuel Magaw esq. for prosecution, and S. B. Wilson esq., for defense.

Com'th vs. Ellen McLaughlin, Catherine Brofee and Bridget McCullom—Wilson for prosecution and Magaw for defence. Verdict guilty against Ellen McLaughlin, and not guilty as to the others. Sentence $5; fines promptly paid. The cases attracted attention, and justice was speedily administered.

Justice McCreary was complimented for the ability and impartiality with which he presided.

"Dolly Varden" is a character in "Barnaby Rudge," one of Dickens' novels, and had it not been for Dickens' what should we have worn this Spring?

THE BEAVER FALLS CO-OPERATIVE FOUNDRY ASSOCIATION have opened their Sample and Sale Rooms in Reeve's Block, first door below G. S. Barker & Co's Banking house, Main street, Beaver Falls, where their polite and gentlemanly agent, T. E. Bateman, will be happy to show all that favor him with a call, the finest assortment of Cooking Stoves, Hollow Ware and House Furnishing Goods to be found in Beaver Valley. Housekeepers in want of the best and cheapest will do well to call. Their agent informs us that they are prepared to deliver goods, free of charge, in Beaver, Rochester, Fallston, New Brighton and Beaver Falls. By their system of combining capital and labor, they are enabled to produce manufactured goods unequaled in quality or price.

"There is no royal road to learning," is an old axiom, but the average American will not be convinced of the truth of it. It is hard to convince him of the truth of anything, when it is to his interest to believe to the contrary. He can find, or make, royal roads anywhere. And he does, though many of them are paved with anything but good intentions. "Get rich, my son, get rich, honestly if you can; if not—get rich." It was not a Frenchman who said this, although one might think so, but a member of that plain speaking sect—Quakers. The average American does not "speak out in meeting," he is too smart for that—he merely puts intention into practice. It is not so much his fault, perhaps, as the fault of the period, that he makes haste to grow rich. Everybody does so.

The Bedford *Inquirer* says: "Last Friday afternoon, Hugh Wertz, son of Hugh F. Wertz, esq. of Harrison township, took a piece of gun barrel, about two feet long, and started out in the woods to practice the art of shooting. The first thing, however, to be done was to construct a lock, cock and stock to the barrel—a rather difficult job you say, but then you know American genius is ready for any emergency, and our young gunner was not to be baffled by trifles. He drove an iron plug into one end of the barrel, and after ramming in a good charge of powder, filled up the balance of the barrel with bullets, nails, &c., and then touched the "critter" off, but with a very unexpected result to him. The gun shot both ways. The "stopper" or "plug" struck Mr. Wertz in the face, penetrating his upper jaw immediately under his nose, inflicting a very ugly wound, which will disfigure him for life. It was a miracle that he was not killed.

Here is an anecdote told by one minister about another. A certain presiding elder, who was noted for seldom being up to time, seldom very animated, and seldom very brief, once kept a congregation waiting a long time for his appearance, and when at last he did come he preached them a very prosy sermon of unusual length, on the text "Feed my lambs." He had not yet finished when that original old minister known as "Camp meeting John," arose from a seat in the congregation, and said, "Brother, I have had some experience in raising lambs myself, and I have found the following rules absolutely necessary to successful lamb raising. First, give them their food in season; second, give them a little at a time; third, give it them warm."

Chas. B. Hart, editor of the Germantown *Advertiser*, had lately a vigorous editorial on "The Free List," and concluded as follows:

"There is not in all creation any class of men more systematically preyed upon imposed upon and robbed of legitimate business by 'beats,' 'dead-heads,' and the 'free list' than the editors and publishers. As a rule, editors are ready and willing to give aid and encouragement to every object or movement that can in any way benefit humanity, but it is not fair to ask or expect them to take more interest in your schemes than you take yourself. If you are not willing to spend ten dollars for a good cause, don't ask an editor to devote ten dollars worth of space to it gratis. If you think his paper has to be run anyhow, and your puff don't make any difference, just start a paper and run it on that plan, and if the debit side of your account at the end of the year does not exceed the credit side, it will be because your system was known to be bad and you couldn't get credit."

☞ 100 bbls Canton City Flour; 100 bbls Falcon Flour; 25 bbls White Lime; 150 kgs Wheeling Nails; 10 tons Wheeling Iron; 15 Hhds N. O. Sugar; 30 bbls N. O. Molasses, one ton Fahnestock's White Lead, five bbls Linseed Oil, 100 bbls Salt, and a large stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes now receiving at Speyerer & Sons, Rochester, Pa., at lowest figures in wholesale and retail. A large stock of brown Coffee

Prejudice against new inventions has always existed. They have hindered the material advancement of mankind in intellectual, moral and physical progress. And judging from past experience we have reason to believe that it will ever be so. The comforts enjoyed by the people of the present day—which result from new inventions—have been fairly forced upon them. Saw-mills were first introduced into Europe in the fifteenth century, but were bitterly opposed by the people who previously had relied, altogether, on the clumsy method of splitting logs with wooden or metal wedges. In 1646 a saw-mill was erected in England, but on violent threats the prejudices of the people against it that it soon fell into disuse, and the experiment was not repeated until a century later, when the indignation was stronger than before and it was speedily destroyed by a mob.

Knives or cutting instruments in some form or other were early used to dress and cut food, but forks are the invention of a comparatively recent period. They were unknown in Europe until the fifteenth century, and were first used in Italy, but it was a hundred years more before they were common in France, and at a time long subsequent they were received with marked disfavor both in England and Scotland. The modern carriage was despised by the ancient feudal lords, and it was considered a sign of effeminacy to ride in one. At first it was almost entirely at the service of women and children. Even at the present day steam railroads, or tramways, as they are called in Great Britain, are opposed, and consequently are not patronized to any considerable extent.

EDITORIAL NOTICES are so common that it is almost impossible for an editor to express his honest opinion of the merits of any article without being suspected of interested motives. This fact, however, shall not deter us from saying what we think of a new addition to the Materia Medica to which our attention has been recently directed. We refer to *Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters*, a remedy which is making its way into more families just now than all the other advertised medicines put together. There seems to be no question about the potency of its tonic and alterative properties, while it possesses the great negative recommendation of containing neither alcohol nor mineral poison. That it is a specific for Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, and many complaints of nervous origin, we have reason to know; and we are assured on good authority that as a general invigorant, regulating and purifying medicine, it has no equal. It is stated that its ingredients, (obtained from the wilds of California,) are new to the medical world; and its extraordinary effects certainly warrant the conclusion that it is a compound of agents hitherto unknown. If popularity is any criterion, there can be no doubt of the efficiency of the *Vinegar Bitters*, for the sale of the article is immense and continually increasing. apr10:4w

ROCHESTER, Pa., April 20, 1872.

ED. ARGUS.—An Editorial in the *Radical* of last week, headed "The Cincinnati Convention," is evidently intended to cover moccasin tracks, as the following telegram will prove:

BEAVER April 24, 1872.

COL. M. S. QUAY, *42 Girard House, Phila:*

"Dravo is out for the Senate. Looks squally for me. You cannot go to the Cincinnati Convention. You must come home immediately. J. S. RUTAN."

[Signed.]

Now Mr. Editor of the ARGUS you were slightly in error last week in regard to the movements of Mr. Quay. You should have said he went to Philadelphia, and from there to Cincinnati, for, as Rutan's telegram shows, that was his destination. Whether he intended presenting himself there as a delegate I am not sure, but incline to the opinion that that was his purpose, but the dispatch above quoted checked him up. Isn't he a proper person to attack General Power, and General Irwin, for their supposed sympathy with the Republican Reform movement when all know in this county that *their* Republicanism can be trusted, while *his* would be regarded as worthless in a trade for a section of gingerbread? X. Y. Z.

It is now reported that the discovery of black coal up the Shenango amounts to more than was at first thought. The vein struck is on the land of Mr. Samuel Cox, and is said to be in two layers, the first being four and a half feet thick, and the second or under layer being three and a half—there being a foot or so of slate between the two layers. For the prosperity of our county we hope this may turn out a "big thing." *New Castle Courant.*

The Shenango Presbytery.—The Presbytery of Shenango convened in the Slippery Rock Church, near Wampum, on the 23d of April, 1872. A call was presented by the church of Beaver Falls for the pastoral services of Rev. James D. Moorhead, promising him a salary of (1,500) fifteen hundred dollars. This call was accepted and arrangements were made for the installation of Mr. Moorhead at an early day. The narrative on the state of religion shows that large accessions have been made to the membership in the churches within the bounds of the Presbytery within the year ecclesiastical. Upon the report being made by the churches of settlements with pastors, it was ascertained that with perhaps but a single exception the pastors had been promptly paid. Very favorable reports were made regarding the progress of the temperance reform in the churches. One member of one of the churches had been suspended from church privileges for vending intoxicating liquors for use as a beverage, and the attention of Presbytery by overture was called to this action of the session. Presbytery with entire unanimity sustained the session and manifested its cordial approval of the act of the session in refusing to fellowship a neighbor who puts his bottle to his neighbor to make him drunken. An overture was sent up to the General Assembly which will meet in Detroit, Michigan, in May *prox.*, expressing the earnest desire of the Presbytery of Shenango that no modification be made of the deliverance of a former General Assembly disapproving in strong terms of the manufacture, sale and use of intoxicating liquors to be drank as a beverage. Messrs. Satterfield and Thompson received license to preach the gospel. Rev. Mealey was chosen as the clerical and Frazier as the lay commissioner to the General Assembly. The church at Homewood asked and obtained permission to secure the Rev. John H. Aughey as stated supply till the fall meeting of Presbytery.

Presbytery adjourned to meet in Beaver Falls on the fourth Tuesday of June. April 26th, 1872. WYANDOTTE.

LEISURE MOMENTS WITH GOOD AUTHORS.—No. 4.

BY G. L. E.

Of the vast number of good apothegms, wholesome maxims and wise saws in constant use, and so frequently quoted both by writers and speakers, a large majority are found in the dramatic works of Shakespeare. And I may add that not every one that uses them knows their origin. I propose to give a few of those in most common use, and the plays in which they are found.

It is often said, when one fails in one's plans, or is defeated in an undertaking that "*his cake is dough.*" In the *Taming of the Shrew*, Act I, scene 1, *Gremio* says: "Our cake's dough on both sides;" and in Act V, scene 1, he says; "My cake is dough."

In speaking of anything which is not fully understood—any discourse, writing or conversation—it is quite common to say "it is all Greek to me." This is found in Act I, scene 3, of Julius Caesar:

Cassius—Did Cicero say anything?

Casca—Ay, he spoke Greek.

Cassius—To what effect?

Casca—Nay an I tell you that, I'll ne'er look you in the face again; But those that understood him, smiled at one another, and shook their heads; but, for mine own part, it was all Greek to me.

In Act V, scene 5, Antony in speaking of Brutus, who lies dead before him, says:

This was the noblest Roman of them all,
All the conspirators, save only he,
Did that they did in envy of great Caesar,
He only in a generous, honest thought,
And common good to all, made one of them,
His life was gentle, and the elements
So mixed in him, that Nature might stand up,
And say to all the world, *This was a man.*

It is often said that "it is an ill wind that blows nobody good."

In the third part of Henry VI, act II, scene 5, we find: "Ill blows the wind that profits nobody."

"*Falstaff*, in Henry IV, Act V, scene 1 says: "It is certain that either wise bearing, or ignorant carriage, is caught as men take diseases, one from another: therefore let men take heed of their company."

Dogberry, in the same act, says: "An honest man, sir, is able to speak for himself, when a knave is not."

"Too much of a good thing" is quite a common saying, and is no doubt a paraphrase of Falstaff's language, in the play above cited, where he says: "but it was always yet the trick of our English nation, if they have a good thing to make it too common."

Falstaff, also, says these true words—as true now as they possibly could have been in the life time of the Immortal Bard—"Virtue is of so little regard in these coster-monger times, that true valor is turned bear-head. * * * * all the other gifts appertinant to man, as the malice of this age shapes them, are not worth a gooseberry."

"There is luck in odd numbers" is regarded by many as an Irish proverb, and forms a line in the familiar Irish song entitled Roary O'Moore. Shakespeare makes Fallstaff say; "There is divinity in odd numbers."

"Discretion is the better part of valor" is quoted from the first part of Henry IV, but Falstaff says: "The better part of valor is—discretion; in which better part I have saved my life."

In the *Comedy of Errors*, Act III, scene 1; Antipholus of Ephesus says: "There is something in the wind.

In the same play Antipholus of Syracuse talks thus lovingly and tenderly to Luciana:

"It is thyself, mine own self's better part,
Mine eye's clear eye, my dear heart's dearer heart,
My food, my fortune, and my sweet hope's aim,
My sole earth's heaven, and my heaven's claim.

"Every dog has his day" is one of the most familiar proverbs in our language. In Hamlet, Act V, scene 1, Hamlet says; "Let Hercules himself do what he may, The cat will mew and dog *will have his day.*"

In Act 1, scene 4, Marcellus says: "Something is rotten in the state of Denmark."

Hamlet in the same act and fifth scene says:

"My tables—meet is it, I set it down,
That one may smile, and smile, and be a villian,
At least I am sure, it may be so in Denmark."

Of all creatures that move on the face of the earth, the tattler, the tale-bearer, the slanderer, is the meanest and most despicable. They are all fully portrayed by Shakespeare; I quote only description of the bipeds.

In Henry VIII, Act II, scene 4, king Henry says to Cardinal Wolsey;

——"You are not to be taught
That you have many enemies, that know not
Why they are so, but, *like village curs, Bark when their fellows do.*"

Ah, how many there are who are always too ready, "like village curs, to bark when their fellows do,"—to repeat ill reports of their neighbors without knowing whether they are true or not.

Queen Katherine, in the same play, when it is announced that two Cardinals wish to have an interview with her says; "They should be good men; their affairs as righteous,
But all hoods make not monks."

"How very true it is that "all hoods make not monks;" yet how many judge others solely by their "*hoods*," that is by their *dress*. Only those, however, who have seen and know but little of the world estimate their fellows by such an unreliable standard. The meanest garb may cover an honest heart, and the most princely garb may conceal a heart that never knew an honest throb. Dress does not make or unmake the man. Every one should be estimated and esteemed in exact accordance with his "daily walk and conversation." "By their fruits ye shall know them" is the Divine, and therefore, the only true test of men's real worth.

PENNSYLVANIA RING.

Why Senator McClure goes to Cincinnati—The Administration Record in the State.

To the Editor of The Philad. Evening Bulletin

SIR: I thank you for the frankness with which you criticised my assent to the Cincinnati movement in your editorial of yesterday. If your premises are correct, your censure is but just, and I could do no less than resign the Senatorial trust confided to me, by the united efforts of the independent Republican press and voters of Philadelphia. Let me renew the assurance to you and your readers, whose good opinions I hope ever to merit, that whenever I cannot maintain my plighted faith to my constituents, or meet their just expectations on any question affecting their interests or their wishes, I shall feel bound by every consideration of honor and duty to surrender the position I have received at their hands.

I declared in January last, as you state, that "no folly of any one can make me faithless to my plain, positive pledge to obey the well-known sentiments of the Republicans of the district on the Presidency." Taken in connection with what preceded and succeeded the statement in my speech, it is not without qualification, but I do not plead it.—Upon one point I was so specific that misunderstanding was impossible. I proclaimed on all occasions that I would sustain the Republican organization, in or out of the Senate, excepting when it confronted Municipal or General Reform, and that then I would obey no caucus or convention. I meant all of that then; I mean all of that now. Had I been returned elected, as I confessedly was elected, in January last, and the question of Grant's renomination had been presented for the consideration of Republican Senators, I would have subordinated my individual preferences, and given effect to what was then undoubtedly the choice of the Republicans of the district. I could have pardoned the President's personal, official, and malignant hostility to the Reform movement in that contest, on the ground that bad men had deceived him by their appeals for party organization and Fright have excused it also on the ground that a Senator had no right to do a wrong to his constituents because the President saw fit to degrade his office by interfering in a local contest. But, after an exhausting struggle with organized plunderers, in which *The Bulletin* rendered eminent service, the people were denied a true return of the honest vote, and a fraudulent return given to the defeated candidate. With one voice the press of Philadelphia, of all shades of opinion, demanded investigation of the frauds. The issue had been tried, and the true verdict was well understood by every intelligent citizen. The question had then ceased to be political in any sense consistent with justice. It became a mere question of testing the common honesty of those who were called upon to act, or who assumed to act in the matter: and the Administration of President Grant was the head and front, the bulwark and shield, of the men who struggled in desperation to commit a double fraud upon the people of Philadelphia, by perpetuating the dominion of the rings, rounders, and repeaters in our municipal affairs.

While a few of us were laboring day and night, after the election, to prepare the evidence of fraud in form for the consideration of the Senate, the command went from the President that there must be no investigation, and there was not a plunderer about the State House dens who did not plume himself because the edict of power had gone forth to sustain the fraudulent return awarded against the people. The Republican Senators rushed into caucus, and under the lash of the Administration and personally importuned and driven by officials direct from the throne, to devise how not to allow inquiry into what they knew to be deliberate fraud upon the better citizens of Philadelphia. A few Republican Senators meant to do right, but they were unwilling to incur the wrath of power until there was no hope of investigation by obedience to caucus. For two weeks the appliances of the Administration were successful, and only when three brave men declared, with the Democrats, that they would at once vote to select a committee, under the constitutional powers of the Senate, without regard to law, was an order not allowed to pass authorizing the Committee. But for the manly action of Messrs. Col. Davis, Strang, and Billingfelt, the repeating, ballot-stuffing, false counting, perjury, and rioting of the IVth District would have been strengthened for fresh triumphs over the people of Philadelphia, by the positive protection given them by the President of the United States. *The Bulletin* appreciated the state of the case pending the struggle with power at Harrisburg, when it gave the bold and able leader, notifying the President that "Hands Off" was a necessity if he would preserve the confidence of the Republicans of this city. I beg you to reperuse that faithful admonition.

Nor did the desperation of Administration power end when an investigation was ordered. The evidence appalled the community. It was proven from day to day how the Custom-house, the Post-Office, the Navy-Yard, the Arsenal, and the Revenue offices had combined forth their repeaters, their perjured election officers, their leaders of gangs of rounders, their selenced ballot-box stuffers, and their expert forgers in returns. One by one, by name and official position, they were pointed out, by sworn testimony, that no effort was made to impeach, and circumstantially convicted of their crimes. The daily journals published and commented on the startling evidence, and no one of ordinary intelligence can plead ignorance of these fearful wrongs or wrongdoers. Notwithstanding President Grant's profuse professions and public proclamations in favor of Civil Service Reform, not one of these well-known criminals has been removed, excepting two or three who have been promoted in their respective departments. If you doubt that these men, under the protecting power of the President, have absolute control of the Republican organizations in Philadelphia, and mainly throughout the State, scan the lists of the recent Congress, and 60,000 Republicans of our city, in the National Convention. They will, in that great body, assuming to reflect the wishes of the Republicans of the nation, simply repay the obligations they owe to the Administration for maintaining them in place and power at the sacrifice of public decency. I oppose the renomination of President Grant because he is the foe of every principle of reform; because I am fully convinced that two-thirds or more of the Reform Republicans of Philadelphia sincerely desire another candidate, and because he cannot and should not be elected against any other candidate with a loyal record. Assured by the character of the delegates chosen to the Philadelphia Convention, so far as I can personally judge, that they will merely do the bidding of power regardless of the convictions or preferences of the party, I shall consult with other independent Republicans at Cincinnati, and act as my duty to Republican principles, to a Republican constituency, and to the country, shall dictate. If by this, disaster comes upon our organization, tell me in truth and soberness who must answer for it!

A. K. MCCLURE.

Philadelphia, April 20, 1872.

MARRIED.

LONGANECKER—FERGUSON.—On April 18, 1872, by Rev. Jno. McCarty, Mr. Frank Longanecker of New Brighton and Miss Mary J. Ferguson of Pulaski.

McCLEAN—GRUNDY.—On April 28th by P. L. Grim, esq., at his residence Mr. William A. McClean of Lawrence county, Pa., to Miss Mariah Grundy of Beaver county, Pa.

DIED.

SHIVELEY.—On the 22d day of April, 1872, at the residence of her father, Mr. John Gibson, in Beaver Pa., Mrs. Sarah A. wife of Mr. George Shiveley, in the 30th year of her age.

NEW BRIGHTON GRAIN MARKET.

CORRECTED BY WILSON & COMPANY.

White Wheat,	$1 70
Red Wheat,	1 70
Rye,	80
Corn,	65
Oats,	50
Buckwheat,	85

New Advertisements.

Attractive Stock!

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JOSEPH M. Mc

Quay's Building, 3d

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Fancy Dry Goods:

The Latest Novelties in
FANCY DRY GOODS,
JAPANESE SILKS,
JAPANESE PLAIDS,
JAPANESE LINEN,
FANCY POPLINS,
BLACK SILKS,
TRIMMING SILKS AND SATINS,
DOLLY VARDEN PRINTS,
WHITE GOODS, P. K's, and
Light Fancy SHAWLS & SCARFS;
NEW SPRING SKIRTS,
NEW WHITE SKIRTS;
LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,
DOLLY VARDEN SKIRTS & Bustles.

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WE SHALL

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JOS. M. M'CR

May 1:6m

New and Magnificent Steel Plate Engraving.

"THE HAPPY RETURN."

This beautiful Steel Engraving, size 31 by 25 inches drawn by the celebrated painter *Sir Edwin Landseer*, and engraved by that skillful artist, *A. H Ritchie*, is one of the largest and most valuable ever produced, the plate being worth $3,500. It is fresh, new and sparkling, and the impressions in the Art Galleries and Picture Stores sell for $5.00 each.

The picture represents the return of a family party from a day spent in amusements and delights of the field and wood. The beautiful and tender lady, the noble father, the interesting children, the splendid horse, with dogs and household pets that look their mute welcome, make up a wonderfully interesting group. The graceful architecture, the stained glass windows, the cool, clean flag stone pavement, and every element surrounding, are rendered in exact and most artistic detail, while the large, open half-way gives a charming glimpse of the luxurious comfort within. The whole most exquisitely and truthfully drawn in Landseer's best style, and engraved with Richle's rare skill. Its fineness, size, grace, and beauty are entirely unequaled. It has won enomiums from the best authorities in Europe and America. It fully satisfies all. (may1:8w.

State and County Tax.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several townships and boroughs for the purpose of receiving the State and County tax for the year 1872, at the places and times designated below, viz:

Bridgewater boro	May 23	Capt J M Reed's.
Rochester boro	" 14	Doncaster House.
Rochester twp	" 14	Doncaster House.
Baden & Economy	" 15	a m C M Biddles Store
Harmony twp	" 15	p m Hotel.
Freedom boro	" 16	McCaskey & Kerr's.
Phillipsburg boro	" 17	Capt Shrodes'.
Fallston boro	" 20	Toll House.
New Brighton boro	" 21	Brown House.
New Brighton boro	" 22	Kagaw's Hotel.
Patterson & B. Falls	" 23	Post Office.
Patterson & B. Falls	" 24	Post Office