The Duty of the Church on the Subject of Temperance.

[Read before the Beaver County Ministerial Association at Bridgewater, August 10th, by Rev. John H Aughey, of Rochester, Pa.]

It is the duty of the church to enjoin upon its members the observance of every command of God clearly revealed in his word. If it can be clearly proved that total abstinence from all that will intoxicate as a beverage, is a duty enjoined by the Bible, it becomes the bounden duty of the church to enforce upon all its members total abstinence. "Look not thou upon the wine when it is red, when it giveth his color in the cup, when it moveth itself aright." This wine is possessed of intoxicating properties, it has their characteristics, "giving his color in the cup" and "moving itself aright," and from this wine we must avert our eyes. The eyes are an avenue of the soul through which temptation often assails it. Our first mother—not one of Darwin's monkeys, but old mother Eve—was thus assailed by the arch enemy, the Devil; she saw, became enamored of the forbidden fruit, plucked, ate and thus consummated the sin original which brought death into our world, with all its concomitant evils. David while gazing from the housetop was led to the commission of sins of the deepest dye. "Things seen are mightier than things heard." One of England's famous poets clearly and forcibly expresses this truth in verse:

> Vice is a monster of such frightful mien,
> That to be hated needs but to be seen.
> But seen to oft familiar with her face,
> We first endure, then pity, then embrace.

Many youths beholding the gorgeous dyes and ruby hues of alcoholic stimulants displayed from the windows of Satan's agents, the saloon keepers, are tempted to enter those haunts of vice, and form habits of drinking that soon impair their influence, shatter their physical constitution and ere long hand them in perdition. All who obey God's command, "Look not thou upon the wine," are safe; all others are in imminet peril. The reason assigned for the prohibition is certainly good, "At last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder." Every body denounces drunkenness; legislators, clergymen, magistrates, brewers, liquor merchants, and drunkards, themselves, agree in its condemnation, and express a desire for its removal. But, notwithstanding this unanimity of sentiment, drunkenness is still rife. How are we to account for this? Is the cause of drunkenness some invisible aerial poison like that which produces malaria, or typhus or cholera? The answer is obvious—the agent which causes drunkenness is tangible. It is well-known it can be weighed and measured and analyzed; its name is alcohol. There is no mystery then as to the origin of the cause of drunkenness, its production and properties being generally known. Disguised in beer, wine and spirits, it causes more suffering in our country than war, famine or pestilence. The cause of drunkenness being so well-known and everybody being opposed to drunkenness, it may appear strange that this vice should still be so prevalent. The true reason why this vice is so common is that the only effectual antidote—total abstinence from all alcoholic liquors—is not popular. That abstinence from the cause of drunkenness is an effective preventive and cure, no one will venture to deny, and its practicability and advantages have been clearly proved. But abstinence is so opposed to popular prejudice and the drinking customs of our country that comparatively few seem prepared to adopt this radical cure for intemperance. The majority of all classes deplore the manifold evils flowing from intemperance, but they are not willing to strike at the root of the evil, by ceasing to use the liquors which produce it. There seems to be great inconsistency on the part of those who profess themselves enemies to intemperance, and yet uphold the drinking customs of society. Where can we look for radical reform, but to the Church of Christ? The church should be the conservator of morals, the promoter of virtue, the stern, unyielding enemy of vice in all its forms and specious appearances. The church must not attempt to lop off the branches, but strike at the root of every kind of evil. When God commands "Thou shalt not commit adultery," he prohibits all unchaste thoughts, words and actions. In the commandment, "Thou shalt not kill," every thing is prohibited that has a tendency, however remote, to destroy life. When drunkenness is denounced, every thing that has a tendency to induce this vice is strictly prohibited.

It is clearly the duty of the Church of Jesus Christ to refuse to receive into its communion any who use intoxicating liquors as a beverage, or who manufacture or vend them for this purpose. It is the duty of those members of the church who exercise the elective franchise to vote in favor of laws prohibiting the manufacture, sale, and use as a beverage, anything that will intoxicate. One hundred thousand men and women are annually sent to prison in consequence of strong drink. Twenty thousand children are yearly sent to the poor house for the same reason. Three hundred murders are another of the yearly prints of intemperance. Four hundred suicides follow this fearful catalogue of miseries. Two hundred orphans are bequeathed each year to private and public charity. Sixty thousand lives are annually destroyed by intemperance in the United States. More than fifteen hundred millions are yearly expended to produce this shocking amount of crime, and much more is lost from the same cause. The Church of God must prove fearfully recreant to duty were she to remain silent in regard to this "abomination of desolation"—this destroyer of the souls and bodies of men.

The synod of Allegheny, now Erie, mourns over this prevailing iniquity. "The giant evil, hell-born and hell-tending intemperance, writes a sad history amongst us. It rears its altars amid Christian homes, invades family circles, robs of bright hopes, and blasts with infamy and death, ruining both soul and body; sunken some cases, alas! how many, stains the fair fame of professing Christians. We are asked, 'What shall be done to arrest this swelling tide that is bearing its millions into a hopeless eternity?' Are the pulpit and the ruling elders of our churches doing all they may do for the suppression of this monster crime, the conquering of this most potent ally of Satan, this god, Bacchus, at whose shrine multitudes worship and to whose influence the politicians have succumbed or are fast succumbing? It has ruled in many of the high places of the land, and its votaries claim some of the ministers of the Lord Jesus Christ, as its adherents and champions." How like the wail of despair is the above deliverance, and how important that the church should purge herself from any connivance at or complicity with this sin. The Church of Christ is possessed of the power to suppress, extirpate, totally eradicate, forever abolish in the United States of America, the manufacture, sale and use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage. This giant, hell-born and hell-tending evil, only exists because the church is derelict in duty; because her efforts are directed against drunkenness while conniving at or apologizing for, or positively upholding moderate drinking—the source of drunkenness. The seven or eight million church members in our country could so influence both houses of Congress and the State Legislatures as to secure an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, forever prohibiting the manufacture, vending and use of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, as a beverage. As this evil exists solely by the sufferance of the church, we conclude that it is the bounden duty of the church to annihilate this source of moral pollution at once and forever. We close with the testimony of the West Pennsylvania Synod which presents a clear view of the church's duty:

1st. In the great increase and extensive prevalence of intemperance, we recognize a great danger to our country and reproach to the Christian Church.

2d, We hail as one of the most encouraging signs of the times the revival of the cause of Temperance throughout our land, and especially that it is now more directly identified with the Christian Church than ever before.

3d, It is the duty of every member of the Church of Christ to set himself actively against the practice of moderate drinking, because it is the nursery of drunkenness. We commend to the consideration of the churches the action of the late General Assembly which declares that the use of intoxicating drinks as a beverage however moderately is contrary to the word of God.

5th, We recommend that this cause be made much more prominent in our Sabbath Schools.

Were these resolutions strictly enforced by the churches temperance principles would make rapid progress in the world. "Corruption in the churches," is a calamity to the world. A high standard of piety in them fully up to the Bible mark is essential for the personal purity of their members and for the power of their testimony against the vices of society. It is by the purification of the church God seeks to purge the world. Vices will remain and be consecrated in the habits of social life as long as they are indirectly countenanced by the fortearance and example, the forms and usages, the concessions, and apologies of the members of the church. If tolerated in the church they will triumph in the world; no reformation in the world has ever advanced beyond the purity that obtained among professing christians. Polygamy in the church countenanced the uncleanness of the world. Slavery in the church strengthend the hands of rulers and States that framed iniquity by a law. Intemperance in the churches encouraged it in the world. It is great guilt for any to remain inactive unconcerned spectators of the great moral temperance movement designed to "prepare the way of the Lord."

[From the Indianapolis Journal.]

THE TRUE STORY OF JEFF. DAVIS.

The Sleeping Car Incident by Eye Witnesses—Names, Dates and Incidents.

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 19, 1871.

Nothing is talked about here except the late sleeping car performance of Mr. Jefferson Davis. Of course many false reports are afloat. I have taken the trouble to get the facts from eye witnesses, and give them just as they actually occurred.

For a year past Mrs. B—— has been boarding at the Overton House in this city. She is very handsome of splendid form, is accomplished, and a very fascinating conversationalist. Her husband is a traveling agent for the Southern Express Company, and is most of his time absent. His wife is very ambitious, but he is poor. Mr. Jefferson Davis and his wife have been boarding at the Peabody House, three squares from the Overton. For some months past it has been observed that a remarkably intimate friendship has existed between Mr. Davis and Mrs. B——. He has paid her constant visits at her hotel, always going direct to her room, instead of seeing her in the parlors. Mrs. B—— has also frequently visited Mr. and Mrs. D. at their hotel. Through the ex-President's influence she has been introduced into the best class of society, and has recently become a member of the choir of the St. Lazarus Episcopal church, of which Mr. D. is a prominent and devout (?) member. Now Mr. D. is sixty-four years old; the fascinating Mrs. B—— is twenty-eight. A most beautiful thing is this intense friendship between youth and age. What could be more natural, or more proper, or more beautiful, than the spectacle of this young and attractive lady, in the absence of her husband, leaning for protection and counsel upon this wise and great man? But people will talk, and rumor has been busy, and frequently whispered questions have been asked about some little peculiarities cropping out along the even tenor of this touching friendship. In May last Mrs. Jefferson Davis went to Baltimore on a visit, where she spent the summer and still remains. About the first of July the ex-President made a visit to Colonel Jett, who resides in the country about seven miles from Memphis. On this visit Mr. Davis was accompanied by Mrs. B——, and the two remained there over a week. Col. Jett is a very wealthy gentleman of the highest standing and entirely above reproach. At the end of this pleasant visit Mr. Davis and Mrs. B—— returned to the city, and the next day together took the Memphis and Charleston Railroad and started east. Mrs. B—— was going to Chattanooga on a visit. The ex-President was going to Baltimore to bring his wife home. So by this fortunate little accident Mr. D. was to have the pleasure of Mrs. B's company for three hundred miles of his journey. And what could their be wrong in this beautiful young wife traveling under the protection of the sage of Richmond, while her husband was necessarily away on business? All day the train thundered along, and the dust flew; but there were two passengers who took no note of time. Mr. D. and Mrs. B. were so wrapped up in each other's society that they were, by some of the unsophisticated passengers, mistaken for father and daughter, and by others for husband and wife. At one time his venerable arm was around her waist, and, on several occasions, her head rested on his shoulder. The shades of evening overtook the weary travelers just beyond Huntsville Alabama. The ex-President is in the habit of traveling over that road frequently, and has never been known to take an upper berth in the sleeping car. He is always very particular on this point, and has positively refused to sleep anywhere except in a lower berth. On this eventful evening (the 10th of July) he took a whole section including both the upper, and lower berths. The section is No. 5, in car No. 39. Mr. Haines is the train conductor. Mr. George Trice is the conductor of this sleeping car, and Charley Pullen, an intelligent young colored gentleman, is porter. I have seen these gentlemen personally, and I am giving the facts as they occurred on the train, just as they have reported them in writing to their superior officers, and just as they stated them to me. After securing the section, Mr. Davis informed Mrs. B——, and she undressed and retired into the lower berth. Mr. Davis then went to the porter and requested him to have the central lamp extinguished, stating that it shone down into Mrs. B.'s bed, and was disagreeable to her, as she was a little nervous. The conductor, Mr. Trice, was consulted, and the lamp was not extinguished, as it was entirely contrary to their custom. The conductor went into the next car forward. The porter was at the rear end of the car. Mr. Davis undressed and got into the same berth with Mrs. B——. In order to be certain, the porter quietly looked between the curtains, and there they were. He immediately reported to Mr. Trice, who then came and quietly looked between the curtains—and there they were. Trice and the porter then withdrew to the end of the car, and the porter was dispatched for Mr. Hains, the train conductor. Haines came and quietly looked through the curtains—and there they were. After consultation in the parlor at the front end of the car, the two conductors decided that such conduct could not be tolerated, and the porter was sent back to tell Mr. Davis that he must take another berth. Charley again quietly looked through the curtains—and there they were. He returned and said, "Pon my word I ain't got the heart to scare him out." After a few moments more of consultation the porter was sent back with the same orders. He quietly looked through the curtains. Mrs. B—— was wrapped in the sheets, apparently sound asleep. The venerable ex-President was sitting bolt upright in the upper berth, just in the act of taking a horn of whiskey from a small pocket flask!

These three men will make oath to these facts whenever and wherever it is necessary. Strong efforts have been made to get them away. Threats have been uttered against their lives, and large sums of money have been offered them to leave here, or make false statements of the matter; but they are all honorable men and will stand by their word.

Mr. Davis telegraphed when he saw the report that he would return without delay and prove the story false, but he has not returned, and it is now reported on good authority that he will remain away until fall. The indignation against him here is intense. Everybody believes the story implicitly. T. E. J.

—Some years ago a gentleman living in one of the frontier towns of a far Western State, had some friends staying with him, to whom he gave a little dinner—the best the place could afford—and invited, to meet them, a few half-civilized Indians. Of course the "noble red men," were treated to delicacies they had not seen before, and displayed a perhaps excusable inclination to go through the bill of fare. A young chief who had partaken of nearly everything on the table, had been eying the mustard for same time, no doubt thinking that such a pretty paste would taste as good as it looked. At length, opportunity occurring, he reached forth in a dignified manner, took a liberal spoonful and swallowed it without moving a muscle of his countenance; but, in spite of his utmost exertions the tears soon streamed down his cheeks. An aged chief opposite him, who had been watching the whole proceeding, leaned forward and inquired what he was crying for. He replied: "I was thinking of my poor old father, who died a short time ago." Soon after, the old man, being unable to restrain his curiosity, also took a dip from the mustard-pot, and swallowed it without the quivering of a muscle; but his eyes were not as strong as his will, and the tears soon trickled down his cheeks. It was now the young man's turn. Leaning forward, he inquired the cause of the grief; to which the elderly red party quickly replied, "I was thinking that it was a pity you didn't die when your poor old father did."

About Beefsteaks.

Beefsteaks were discovered in ancient times, by a Roman priest, whose name we forget, though it can be found in a book, the title of which we don't remember. He had been broiling a piece of steak, to be offered to the god in whose temple he officiated, and seizing it by the thumb and forefinger, for the purpose of conveying it to the altar, he found it so hot that he was compelled to drop it, and instinctively put his finger in his mouth. They happened to be covered with the juice of the steak, which he tasted, and lost all sense of pain, in the exquisite enjoyment thus conveyed to the palate. Being a man of genius, he placed another slice upon the coals, which, being cooked, he innocently devoured, losing sight of his official duties, which required that it should be placed before the god. For a long time he pursued this course until his sleek appearance attracted attention, and he was watched and the secret discovered. He would have been put to death, but for the judge on his trial eating a steak, whereupon he was acquitted, and made a Pontifex Maximus (High Priest) as a reward for the benefit he had conferred on mankind. Beefsteaks became a rage, and there were broils going on all over the empire; for the Romans were a little more quick witted than the Chinese, who deemed it necessary to burn down a house to roast a pig. It was a blessed day for mortals that the priest burnt his fingers.

The Climate of California.

Dan. Marble, strolling along the wharves at Boston, met a tall, gaunt-looking figure, a "Digger from California, and got into conversation with him. "Healthy climate, I suppose?" "Healthy! It ain't anything else. Why, stranger, you can choose any climate you like—hot or cold—and that without travelin' more than fifteen minutes. Jest think o' that the next cold morning when you get out o' bed. There's a mountain there, a Sawyer Nevada they call it, with a valley on each side of it, the one hot, and the otner cold. Well, get on the top of that mountain, with a double-barrelled gun, and you can, without movin', kill either winter or summer game, jest as you will." "What! have you ever tried it?" Tried it! Often, and should have done pretty but for one thing." Well, what was that? "I wanted a dog that could stand both climates. The last dog I had froze off his tail while pintin' on the summer side. He didn't get entirely out of the winter side, you see. Trew as you live!" Marble sloped.

Tampering with Coin.

The last report of the Assayor of the Mint at Philadelphia contains some interesting information in regard to the various methods of counterfeiting gold coins, or abstracting from them a part of their value. In one lot of $1,000, there were 34 double-eagles. Two of these had been burnt or blistered, but as they were very slightly under weight the object of the roasting has not been discovered. The other pieces were all from 10 to 20 grains light—that is reduced from 40 to 80 cents in value. One was filed smoothly nearly all around the outer edge, but all the others retained the "milling" which had been restored after the filing. In this way fifty cents worth of gold was taken from each piece without sensibly diminishing its diameter. In one or two cases, where from 22½ to 54½ grains have been taken away, the eye would detect the loss. One piece was reduced by the use of acid. This treatment makes the surface rough, so that it is easily detected. In the same lot there were ten eagles which had been filed, and two treated with acid the latter being quite spoiled.—A number of counterfeits were found in the same lot. The best piece was light only 2½ grains, but some of its lettering was very bad. This piece contained about 69 per cent, pure gold, the genuine coin containing 90 per cent. Some of the poorer pieces contain only about 50 per cent. Another lot of coins had been split and filled with platinum. The best method of detecting filed or counterfeit pieces is by finding their specific gravity by weighing in water.

Benefits of Laughter.

Probably there is not the remotest corner or little inlet of the minute blood vessels of the body that does not feel some wavelet from the great convulsion produced by hearty laughter shaking the central man. The blood moves more lively—probably its chemical, electric, or vital condition is distinctly modified—it conveys a different impression to all the organs of the body, as it visits them on that particular mystic journey, when the man is laughing, from what it does at other times. And thus it is that a good laugh lengthens a man's life by conveying a distinct and additional stimulus to the vital forces. The time may come when physicians, attending more closely than they do now to the innumerable subtile influences which the soul exerts upon its tenement of clay, shall prescribe to a torpid patient, "so many peals of laughter, to be under gone at such and such a time," just as they do that far more objectionable prescription—a pill or an electric or galvanic shock.

WIT AND WISDOM.

—Prentice says man was the chief consideration at the creation. Woman was only a "side issue."

—Why may a man stealing lard be said to be in a thriving condition? Because he is getting fat.

—An apothecary in Boston exposes a cake of soap in his window with the pertinent inscription, "Cheaper than dirt."

—"One thing," said an old toper, "was never seen going through the rye, and that's the kind of whisky one gets now-a-days."

—A disreputable scamp described his deceased uncle as "a greedy old pig." Being asked why he spoke so of him, he said, "because he left me nothing in his [s] will!"

—"Well, what is it that causes the saltness of the water of the ocean?" inquired a teacher of a bright little boy. "The codfish," replied the little original.

—Boarder—"This tea seems very weak, Mrs. Skimp." Landlady—"Well I guess it must be the warm weather, I feel weak myself—in fact, everybody complains."

—Wanted—a cover for a bare suspicion; a veil for the face of nature, buttons for breaches of privilege; binding for volumes of smoke; cement for broken engagements.

—A carpenter, being asked for a riddle, propounded the following: "I picked it up; I couldn't find it; I put it down, and went along with it." No one could guess it. It was a splinter in his foot.

—Little Johnny was being catechised by his brother, who asked him what he was made of. Johnny replied, "you and me and papa are made of dust, and mamma and sister are made of men's wibs."

—"You'd better look out for your hoss' feet above here, mister," said a ragged boy to a traveler. "Why?" said the gentleman, nervously pulling up. "Cos there's a fork in the road there," was the candid reply.

—I pressed her gentle form to mine, and whispered in her ear, if, when I was far away, she'd drop for me a tear. I paused for cheering words, my throbbing heart to cool; and with her rosy lips she said, "O, Ike, you're sich a fool."

—A Yankee in England being annoyed by the constant boasting for the superiority of English girls, finally silenced laudation by declaring that "they had a gal in Boston, only eleven years old, who could chew gum in seven different languages with her eyes shut."

—A man who wanted to buy a horse, asked a friend how to tell his age. "By his teeth," was the reply. The next day the man went to a horse dealer, who showed him a splendid black horse. The horse hunter opened the animal's mouth, gave one glance and turned on his heel. "I don't want him," said he, "he's thirty-two years old." He had counted the teeth.

—"Once on a time," says history, "a Scotch pedestrian was attacked by three thieves. He defended himself well, but was overcome, when the thieves, much to their astonishment, found that he owned only the small sum of sixpence. 'The de'il's in the fellow,' said one, 'to fight thus for a sixpence. Why, if he'd a shilling he'd ha' killed us all.'"

—At a juvenile party a young gentleman about seven years old kept himself from the rest of the company. The lady of the house called to him, "Come and play my dear; choose one of those pretty girls for your wife." "Not likely," cried the young cynic; "no wife for me; do you think I want to be worried out of my life like poor papa?"

The True Value of a Thing.

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PROPOSED

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out the Sixth Section of the Sixth Article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

JAMES H. WEBB,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the fifteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.

F. JORDAN,
Sec'y. of the Commonwealth.

Office Sec'y. of the Commonwealth, Harrisburgh, July 5th, '71. } July19:3m

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which occupies little room, no additional fuel, and is not liable to wear out, dispenses with all pipe, can be put on or taken off at any time, and made to suit all stoves of any size or pattern.

Five Hundred Persons

Who have purchased and used the

GREAT REPUBLIC COOKING STOVE,

Most of whose names have been published in the Argus, are confidently referred to, to bear witness of its superior merits as a cooking stove.

Having three first class engines on hand, of about fifteen horse power capacity, they are offered to the public at reasonable rates.

JOHN THORNILEY

apr20:tf.

NEW MAP OF BEAVER COUNTY.

A ZARIAH WYNN is getting up a Map of Beaver County, Pa., in First-Class Style showing the location and connections of the Original Surveys, of Depreciation, Population, Reserved, College and Academy Lands, and Local Warrants, Streams, Roads, Townships, Schoolhouses, with many of the residents, coal-fields and mines, with such other data as will help to make said map desirable. The whole map, including a map of Beaver River Valley, will be about five feet square, canvassed and mounted.

Maps will be ready for delivery in about six months. jy12:tf

CLOTHING STORE.

NEW GOODS!

SUMMER STOCK.

The undersigned takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally that he has just received and opened

A New Stock of Goods,

OF THE LATEST STYLES FOR

Summer Wear.

He keeps the best of workmen in his employ, and feels confident of his ability to cut and make up garments both

FASHIONABLE & DURABLE,

and in such a manner as will please his customers.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Call and see us before leaving your Orders Elsewhere

WILLIAM REICH, Jr.

may4;70:1y Bridgewater, Pa

Miscellaneous.

THE OLD ORIGINAL BOTTLING HOUSE.

H. W. BUFFUM & CO.

22 and 24 Market Street,

PITTSBURG, PA.

Established in 1844, by H. W. Buffum.

This oldest and largest Bottling House west of the mountains, has made extensive preparations for supplying their friends and the public with their celebrated

Mineral Waters, Ales, Porter, &c., &c.

For the Spring Trade, at the following prices:

Sarsaparilla,	$ 27½	per doz.
Mineral Water	37½	"
Raspberry "	37½	"
Champagne Cider,	37½	"
Porter,	60	"
Ale, small bottles,	60	"
" Kennet,	1 25	"
" Winterton,	1 25	"
Syrups,	3 00	"
Imported London Porter and bottles,	3 00	"
Imported Scotch Ales and bottles,	3 00	"
Crab Cider,	33	per gallon.
Syrups,	2 00	"

Bottles 75 cents per doz. extra, if not returned when required.

Goods delivered free, and freight paid to railroad stations and steamboat landings. febz5:1y

CITY BOTTLING HOUSE,

No. 39 Market Street,

PITTSBTRGH, PA.

J. C. Buffum & Co.

BOTTLERS OF

Sarsaparilla, Mineral and Raspberry Soda Waters, Syrups and Cider, Smith's Kennett, Wainwrights, and all the best brands of Ale and London Porter, selected and bond bottled for Medical and Family use. Goods delivered free. [mr8,'71:1y

ALLEGHENY BREWERY.—Spring Water Ales, SMITH & CO., Brewers, Maltsters and Hop dealers, No. 465 Rebecca street, Allegheny, Pa. THOS. BOOTA, R. A. YOUNG.

Highest cash price paid for Barley. jy5:1y

G. S. BARKER. P. A. BARKER. C. A. BARKER.

G. S. BARKER & Co., *New Brighton, Pa,* AND G. S. BARKER & Co., *Beaver Falls, Pa.*

BANKERS,

Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c., &c.—Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada. Accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers, and Individuals, solicited. Interest allowed on time deposits. Correspondence will receive prompt attention. [dec11:ly

GREATEST INVENTION OF THE AGE!

PATENTED DECEMBER 7TH, 1869.

OUR CELEBRATED

GOLDEN FOUNTAIN PEN.

AGENTS WANTED. Remember gold. Acknowledged by all who have used it to be the best Pen made or sold in this country! Will last seven years. Sixty Retail orders with one Pen of ink! Will outwear a dozen best class Pens. Put up in neat slide Pencil. SOLD ONLY BY AGENTS, and for this reason any energetic person can realize $200 per month profit. Two sample Pens, 10 cents; two dozen, $2 (cost) by mail, $1.00; twelve dozen, $8.00. Address,

WESTERN PUBLISHING Co.

Manufacturers' Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAUTION.—The great popularity of these Pens has led to many imitations of an inferior quality. Buy only the genuine FOUNTAIN PENS sold by the Company. In writing for Pens give your Name, Town, County, and State, plainly written, and orders will meet with prompt attention. Jan25:1y

BANKING-HOUSE.

THOMAS M'CREERY & CO.

THOS. M'CREERY, *Cashier.*

J. F. DRAVO, J. B. ANGIEL, J. H. M'CREERY.

Interest paid on time deposits; Prompt attention given to collections. Also, Insurance Agents for good and reliable Companies. [may18tf

Reduced Prices!

Speyerer & Sons

Have just Returned from the East

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Bought at the

Lowest Cash Prices,

And will sell some Goods

AS LOW AS BEFORE THE WAR!

Consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Rope, Ocum, Packing Yarn, Iron, Nails, Paints, White Lead, Oil, Putty, Queensware, Willow-ware, Flour, Feed, Grain and Bacon, a variety of Prints, Muslins, Tickings, Delains, Checks, Alpacas, Jeans, Dimms, Crash and Hosiery; also, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Carbon Oil.

200 *bbls. of the Celebrated Canton City* AND NEW CREEK FLOUR,

Just arrived and for sale, Wholesale and Retail,

At Pittsburg Prices.

200 Kegs Wheeling Nails:

ONE CAR WHITE LIME:

Land Plaster, and Akron Cement;

A Large Stock of

White Lead and Paints.

A very superior quality of Strumz & Wetzel's Soaps; and a lot of Carbon Oil

Just Arrived and for sale, Wholesale and Retail,

ALSO, PURE CATAWBA, ISABELLA

—and—

Concord Wines,

Of our own vintage, for Medicinal and Sacramental Purposes, are highly Recommended by those who have used them.

They are also Agents for the KNIFFEN MOWER AND REAPER, And Pitt. Nat. Plow Co's. Plows.

Thanking the Public for their past patronage, we hope to merit a liberal share in the future.

All Goods Delivered Free of Charge.

You can rely on all goods being fresh, as all our old goods were sold at auction.

SPEYERER & SONS,

apr13:tc

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT.

The undersigned having bought out the Bakery and Confectionery establishment of J. C. Hays, near the Post office, in Rochester, Pa., would respectfully inform the public that he will Keep the best quality of Ice-Cream, which he serves in every style; also will supply them by the can at reasonable prices. Those in in want of them should give him an early call.

His Confectionery department is well stocked; and parties, weddings, &c., will be supplied with everything needed on short notice and in the best of style.

Families furnished with fresh bread as often as desired. GEORGE FREDERICK.

may11;1y

New Advertisements.

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

Mattings, &c., &c.,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Henry McCallum,

(Late McCallum Bro.'s,)

51 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

I have facilities for supplying

RETAIL DEALERS

Equal to any Eastern Jobbing House.

Henry McCallum.

aprl3;1y.

S. C. COYLE,

PRACTICAL

WATCHMAKER

AND JEWELER,

On Third Street, Beaver, Pa., nearly opposite Moore's Drug Store

All Orders promptly attended to.

American Watches, Clocks, Jewelery, Plated Ware, Spectacles, &c., always on hand. aprl3:1y

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Merchant Tailors & Clothiers,

S. & J. Snellenburg,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON.

Sep14;oct26,mr29;ch d1y

CARPETS,

OILCLOTHS,

MATTINGS,

WINDOW - SHADES,

STAIR RODS, &c.

A full and well selected stock of,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

☞ A Liberal Reduction made to Ministers and on Church Carpets.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 Fifth Avenue.

mar8,71—1y] PITTSBURGH, Pa.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH PERFECTED!—T. J. & H. J. CHANDLER have purchased the exclusive right of Beaver county to use Dr Stuck's Patent by which they can put up Vulcanite as thin as Gold Plate, with a beautiful enameled polish; and so light and elastic as to perfectly adapt itself to the mouth; obviating all that clumsy and bulky condition, so much complained of heretofore; and lessening their liability to break 100 per cent. Indeed, as we see, it would be willing to wear the old style plate any longer than they could conveniently get them exchanged. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most substantial manner. In filling teeth with gold, etc., we challenge competition from any quarter, and can refer to living subjects whose fillings have stood between thirty and forty years. Among the number Hon. John Allison will exhibit fillings we inserted some 35 years ago; the teeth as perfect as the day they were filled. Laughing Gas prepared on a new plan, freeing it from all unpleasant and dangerous effects, making the extraction of teeth a source of pleasure rather than of horror and pain. Prices as low as any good dentist in the State. Office at Beaver Station, Rochester Pa.

nov3;tf] T. J. & H. J. CHANDLER.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

LANE BROS.

SUCCESSORS TO B. WOLF