THE BEAVER ARGUS.

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ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1,00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

Is published every Wednesday in the old Argus building on Third Street, Beaver, Pa., at $2 per year in advance.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author.

Letters and communications should be addressed to

J. WEYAND, Beaver, Pa.

Business Directory.

BEAVER.

JAMES CAMERON, Attorney at Law. Office in the *Radical* building, Beaver, Pa. All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt and c reful attention. [mar5;'71;1y

S. C. COYLE, practical Watchmaker and Jeweler, on Third street, Beaver, Pa., (nearly opposite Moore's Drug Store. apr19;'71;1y

E. P. KUHN, Attorney at Law. Office east end of Third street, Beaver, Pa. mar30,'70;1y

DR. J. S McNUTT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Special attention paid to treatment of Female Diseases. Residence and office on Third street, a few doors west of the Court-House apr12'71;1y

JOHN MOORE, *Druggist* and dealer in paints, oils, pure medical Wines and Liquors, Glassware, Lamps and Fancy Goods; Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. sep23;1y

HENRY MERZ, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Main st. [sep28;1y

BEAVER DRUG STORE, Hugo Andriessen, Druggist & Apothecary, Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. (sep28;1y

S. J ANDERSON, dealer in the improved Wilson Shuttle Sewing Machine, Main st. See card in another column. sep28;1y

BEACOM Mrs E. H., Dealer in Millinery Goods & Trimmings; Third st, Beaver. sep28;1y

JAMES MOORE, Grocery & Restaurant; Choice Teas, Best Coffees, Tobacco and Cigars, Confectionery and Vegetables. Main st. sep28;1y

O. R. ANSHUTZ, Dealer in Tinware, Stoves, Grates, &c. West end 3d st. sep28;1y

T. W. DEVORE, Insurance agent, Beaver, Pa. Call and get your property insured. oc26;1y

PITTSBURGH.

J. MORGANSTERN, Dealer in Boots & Shoes, No 86 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14;1y

CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, opposite Post Office. Publishers of the "Real Estate Register," sent free. Pittsburgh. [sep14;1y

J. HENDERSON & BROS., Wholesale Druggists, 286 Liberty St. Pittsburgh. sep14;1y

J. D RAMALEY'S AT PARLOR, 29 Fifth Avenue, (near Market St.) Pittsburgh. [sep14;1y

S. A. CLARKE & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 119 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14;1y

JOSEPH HORNE & CO. 77 & 79 Market St., Pittsburgh—Importers and dealers in Notions, Trimmings, Hosiery, White Goods, &c. [sep14;1y

REYMER & BROTHERS, French and American Confectioners. Dealers in nuts, fruits, &c. 126, 128, 130 Wood St. Pittsburgh, [sep14;1y

J. S. MOORE, Dealer in choice Teas, Coffees & Family Groceries. No 20 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. sep14;1y

JOHN BIGGERT & SON, Dealers in the New Weed Family Sewing Machines. 116 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. sep14;1y

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO., Dealers in Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c. Special rates to Clergy. 21 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14;1y

E. P. Successor to J. M. Roberts, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Silver ware, No 16 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh. [sep14;1y

W. A. LYONS, House and Sign Painter; writes to order Show Cards for every business.—No. 7 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep21;1y

T. C. FULTON, Manufacturer of and Dealer in Furniture and Chairs;—Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and Oak. 45 Smithfield st. [oct5;1y

ALLEGHENY CITY.

DR. J. S. WINANS, Electrical Physician; Chronic diseases made a specialty. Office, 187 Washington avenue, Allegheny City, Pa. [sep14;1y

NEW BRIGHTON.

PROSPECT MOUNT NURSERIES.—Evergreens and small Fruits. Three miles east of New Brighton. (mr29) E. THOMAS.

DRUGS—GILLILAND & KERR, Druggists, and Apothecaries, cor. Broadway and Falls sts. New Brighton, Pa. (Successors to L. B. Noble.) feb22;1y

GEO. F. SIEMON, Bakery & Confectionery, R. R. street. Special attention given to weddings and balls. (sep14;1y

S. & J. SNELLENBERG, Merchant Tailors.—Broadway, New Brighton. See adv [sp14;1y

A. M. WHISLER, Dentist. Broadway, New Brighton. [sep14;1y

H. NOSS, Photographer. Wilson's Block, Broadway. Best photographs from re-touched negatives. (sep14;1y

WINTER & BEDISON, Jewelers and Tobacconists, Broadway, N. Brighton. [sep14;1y

J. J. HORTTER, Groceries, Queensware and Household Goods. Broadway. [sep14;1y

EVAN PUGH Dealer in Wall Paper, Window Bands, Books, Stationery & Notions; Broadway, New Brighton. Pa. [sep21;1y

SCHIFF & STEINFELD, Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods & Notions; Merchant Tailors & Clothiers, Broadway. oct12;1y

BEAVER FALLS.

W. W. DUNKLE, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes. Special attention paid to manufacture of Fine Calf Boots of latest style. [illegible]

W. [illegible] Dealer in Improved Howe Sewing Machines. Main St., Beaver Falls. [illegible]

M. [illegible] Dry Goods, Queensware and Millinery, corner of Main and Baker streets, Beaver Falls. sep14;1y

KENDALL & TANNEY, Artists & Fresco Painters; also, House and Sign Painters, Main St., Beaver Falls. sep14;1y

A. FLEMING, Dealer in Boots and Shoes of every description, at low prices, and a superior quality, Main St. Beaver Falls, Pa. jan18;1y

BRIDGEWATER.

GEORGE HEIDEGGER, House and Sign Painter, Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. apr12'71;1y

A. BREHM, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., Dealer in Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver Ware, Spectacles, &c. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. [feb15'71;1y

DANIEL MILLER, Fashionable Tailor. None but experienced workmen employed. Shop on Bridge st., Bridgewater, Pa. feb8'71;1y

JAMES PORTER, Tinner. Dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron ware, and Iron Cistern Pumps. Bridge st, Bridgewater. sep14;1y

C. BLATTNER, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes. Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14;1y

A. C. HURST, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Trimmings. Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14;1y

J. H. DOHERTY, Dealer in Boots and Shoes. Bridge Street, Bridgewater. sep14;1y

L. HANAUER, Millinery, Trimmings & Notions Bridge st., Bridgewater. sep14;1y

L. F. WEINMAN, Manufacture of Boots and Shoes, Bridge St., Bridgewater. (sep14;1y

MRS BRUIEN, Gentlemen's Clothing cleansed and pressed. Water St. above Bridge. (sep14;1y

JOHN WOODRUFF, Marble, Cutter; Monuments & Tombstones of all descriptions made to order. Bt. Market and Water streets. (sep14;1y

J. STILES & CO Groceries, Queensware, Window Glass, Flour, Feed & Country Produce. Dunlap's corner, Bridge St. Bridgewater [sp21;1y

HIRAM M'MANOR, Dealer in Monongahela Coal. Orders left at J. B. Clark's, in Beaver, and at Smith's Drug Store, in Bridgewater, will be promptly attended to. Cash on delivery—Lowest price. Yard—McDonald's Point. sep28;1y

ROCHESTER.

HANKINS—Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, and agents for Singer's Sewing machine; New York and R. R. Sts. Rochester. (feb22;1y

SIGMUND GROTZ, Gunsmith. New work, of the best material, made to order. All work warranted. Repairing neatly done. Prices Low. Adam St., Rochester, Pa jan18;1y

WILL SMITH & CO., Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Millinery. Madison st., near Diamond, Rochester, Pa. (sep14;1y

HENRY LAPP, Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all kinds. Brighton st., above Plow Factory. See adv't. (sep14;1y

JOHN KARCHER, Baker and Confectioner.—Water st., Rochester, Pa. (sep14;1y

INGRAHAM BOYD, Wagon & Carriage Maker, Railroad st., Rochester, Pa. (sep14;1y

SAMUEL C. HANNEN, Druggist. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Water st., Rochester. (sep14;1y

SPEYERER & SONS, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Grain, Boot stores, Iron & Nails. Cor. Water & James sts.

G. FREDERICK, Baker and Confectioner.—Wedding Cakes and Ice Cream furnished promptly. On Diamond, Rochester. (sep14;1y

FOR SALE by A. SILVERMAN, Headquarters for Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods, Notions, Trimmings and Fancy Goods generally, Water Street, Rochester, Pa. (sep14;1y

M. MILLER & CO., Contractors and Builders, Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Shutters &c, Deal in Lumber Lath &c Rochester. (sep14;1y

SCOTT, BOYLE & WILLIAMS, Successors to C. Lukins & Co., Dealers in Sawed and Planed Lumber, Lath & Shingles, Rochester. ap28;1y

POWER'S LIVERY STABLE & COAL YARD, between R. R. station and Ohio river. oct19;1y

SCHROPP CHAS., Manufacturer of and dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, Roofing, Spouting, &c., attended to. N. York st., oct19;1y

STEFFLER & CLARK, proprietors of Johnston House. Good accommodations and good stabling. Near R. R Depot. oct19;1y

J. D. MILLER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. Repairing done neatly and promptly. Store on the Diamond, Rochester, Pa. oct19;1y

J. WALTER & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Wagons, Coaches, Buggies, Spring-wagons, Sulkies, &c. Blacksmithing and horse-shoeing done in the best manner. Rochester, Pa. no16;y

EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

JAKE SHENKEL,—A general assortment of Groceries, Queensware, Stoneware, Canned Fruits, &c. Cor. 3d & Broadway. mar8;1y

JOSIAH THOMPSON & CO—Dealers in Dry-Goods, Clothing, Boots Shoes, Hats & Caps, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Queensware, Glassware, &c., Cor Broadway & Cook sts. E. Liverpool (sep14;1y

M. S. HILL & CO, Druggist, Broadway, near R. R. Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. feb1;1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN THORNILEY, Manufacturer of the Great Republic Cooking Stove, and Patentee of Portable extension top and centre. Fallston, Pa.

ALBERT RUSSELL, Stoneware Manufacturer. Orders promptly attended to. Vanport, Pa. Post office address—Beaver, Pa. [sep14;1y

HAVING Permanently located in the village of Zelienople, Pa., for the purpose of practicing Medicine, I respectfully tender my professional services to the citizens of said village and vicinity. Office, in residence, opposite Eagle Hotel, where I shall always be found, unless professionally engaged. All calls will receive immediate and prompt attention. A. V. CUNNINGHAM, M. D. sept21;1y

BANKING-HOUSE.

THOMAS M'CREERY & CO.

THOS. M'CREERY, Cashier.
J. F. DRAVO, J. B. ANGIER,
J. H. M'CREERY.

Interest paid on time deposits; Prompt attention given to collections. Also, Insurance Agents for good and reliable Companies. [may18tf

Miscellaneous.

Dry Goods, Carpets &c.

SPRING STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

McCracken, Van Ryn & McClelland.

SUCCESSORS TO SAM'L. GORDON,
138 Federal Street, Allegheny.,
The CHEAPEST CARPET and DRY-GOODS HOUSE in the TWO CITIES.
GOOD CARPET only 25 cents per y'd, AND AT ALL PRICES.

We are Agents for some of the best Carpet Manufacturers in this country,

And we can offer Extra Inducements to Buyers.

Come and see our Complete

LINE OF DRY GOODS, and examine our superior, wide No. 1 Brown Muslins, very heavy, at 12½ cts; and all other goods at astonishingly low prices. Don't forget to give us a call, 138 Federal Street.

N. B. Mr. H. S. OLIVER, Salesman, formerly of Beaver county, would be pleased to see his many friends. [apr5:3m

MRS. HART DARRAGH, Sharon, Beaver county, Pa., PORTRAIT and PHOTOGRAPH PAINTER, is prepared to do all work in her line at reasonable rates and on short notice. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. mr22,1871:tf.

JOHN V. M DONALD W. J. SPEYERER,
GEO. C. SPEYERER, H. J. SPEYERER, Cash'r.

SPEYERER & McDONALD,

BANKERS,

Water St., Rochester,

Interest paid on Time Deposits. Collections promptly attended to.

Government Coupons Bought on Favorable Terms. Correspondence Solicited. [nov16;1y.

Instant Relief For

The Asthma.

Having been afflicted with that terrible complaint—completely unfitting me for business for weeks at a time—for the last twelve years, and at last found a remedy that gives

Instant and Complete Relief,

have concluded to have it prepared for sale, so that others similarly afflicted can receive the benefit of it, assuring them that

It will do all, and more than all promised for it;

and, that persons once using, will never be without it.

As numerous others who have used it can testify.

Can be had at the Drug Store of WILLIAM H. BUECHLING, Rochester, Pa., or will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of one dollar, and ten cents to pay postage. CHAS. B. HURST, nov16,'70;1y] Rochester, Beaver county, Pa.

B. S. RANGER,

Bridge Street,

BRIDGEWATER, PA.

IS WEEKLY RECEIVING A FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

DRY GOODS.

Steubenville Jeans, Cassimeres and Sattinets, White Woollen blankets, White and Colored and Barred Flannels, Merinos, Delaines, Plaids, Ginghams, Cobergs, Lawns, Water Proofs, Chinchilla, Cloths, Woollen Shawls.

Brown and Black Muslins, Drillings, Tickings, Prints, Canton Flannels, Joconets, Table Linen, Irish Linen, Crash, Counterpanes, Hosiery, Gloves & Mits.

Groceries,

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, White Silver Drips, Golden and Common Syrups, Mackerel in barrels and kits, Star and Tallow Candles, Soap, Spices and Mince Meat. Also, SALT.

Hardware, Nails, Glass,

Door Locks, Door Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table Cutlery, Table and Tea Spoons, Sleigh Bells, Coal Boxes, Fire Shovels and Pokers, Nails and Glass, Spades, Shovels, 2, 3 and 4 Tine Forks, Rakes, Scythes and Snaths, Corn and Garden Hoes.

WOODENWARE.

Buckets, Tubs, Churns, Butter Prints and Ladles

CARBON OIL,

Linseed Oil & White Lead.

Boots and Shoes

LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, in great variety.

Rifle Powder and Shot,

Blasting Powder and Fuse.

Flour Feed & Queensware.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

By close attention to business, and by keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock of goods of all the different kinds usually kept in a country store, the undersigned hopes in the future as in the past to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

B. S. RANGER.

dec23'68;1y.—jy7chgd.

M. MILLER,...... W. DOLBY,........J. T. MARKS.

M. MILLER & CO,

Contractors and Builders;

PLANING - MILL

AND

LUMBER-YARD.

Doors, Sash

AND SHINGLES

Constantly on hands, and made to order.

Rochester, Pa.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Mar8;'71—1y

Administrator's Notice.—The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of William Ramsey, deceased, late of Hanover township, Beaver county, Pa., hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate that immediate payment is required. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement. apr12;6w.] WILLIAM H. FRAZIER, *Adm'r.*

MEYRAN & SIEDLE,

Successors to

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SIEDLE,
No. 42 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS,
And dealers in
FINE JEWELRY,
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVER PLATED WARE.

Agency for all the best makes of
AMERICAN WATCHES,
SETH THOMAS CLOCKS.

Special attention paid to the repairing and adjusting of FINE WATCHES.

oct5;'70-1y.

Brighton Paper Mills,

BEAVER FALLS, PENN'A.

PRINTING,
MANNILLA.
ROOFING, BAILING,
Hardware, Glass, Straw.
RAG AND CARPET
PAPERS,
MANUFACTURED
AND SOLD AT
Wholesale & Retail by
Frazier, Metzger & Co.,
82 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH.

Rags taken in exchange. [sep19;'66;tf

Railroads.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

On and after Dec'r, 4th, 1870. Trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows.—[Train leaving Chicago at 5.35, P. M., leaves daily.] [Train leaving Pittsburgh at 2.55 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	EXP'S.	EXP'S.	MAIL.	EXP'S
Pittsburgh	135AM	1055AM	710AM	280PM
Rochester	242	1205PM	840	412
Salem	....	....	....	....
Alliance	505	300	1145	700
Canton	...	....	....	....
Massillon	....	....	....	....
Orrville	634	445	158PM	838
Wooster	....	....	....	....
Mansfield	908	632	422	1032
Crestline A	935	725	500	1100
Crestline D	1005	743	555AM	1110
Bucyrus	....	....	...	....
Upper Sandusky	..	....	....	....
Forest	1127	920	733	1235AM
Lima	1226PM	1040	900	135
Van Wert	....	....	....	....
Fort Wayne	230	125AM	145	350
Columbia	....	....	....	....
Warsaw	....	...	....	....
Plymouth	450	357	225PM	620
Valparaiso	....	....	...	....
Chicago	730	700	555	900

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	EXP'S.	EXP'S.	MAIL.	EXP'S
Chicago	900AM	515PM	550AM	900PM
Valparaiso	....	...	...	....
Plymouth	1203PM	905	950	1235AM
Warsaw	....	...	....	...
Columbia	....	....	....	....
Fort Wayne	225	1'25	1250PM	320
Van Wert	....	....	....	....
Lima	406	135AM	325	540
Forest	508	243	413	707
Upper Sandusky	....	....	...	....
Bucyrus	....	....	....	....
Crestline A	630	420	820	855
Crestline D	650	430	600AM	935
Mansfield	717	500	640	1005
Wooster	....	...	....	....
Orrville	906	654	915	1155
Massillon	....	....	....	...
Canton	...	....	...	....
Alliance	1015	850	1130	130PM
Salem	....	....	....	....
Rochester	1255AM	1105	235PM	337
Pittsburgh	155	1210PM	343	440

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 2:20 p. m; New Castle, 3:00 p.m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 5:30 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 7:00 a. m; arr. at New Castle, 10:44a. m. Youngstwn, 10:20. a. m.

Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 6:30 a. m; New Castle, 7:20 a. m; arrives at Allegheny, 10:10 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh, 2:00 p. m; arrives New Castle, 4:45 p.m.

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after May 29th 1870, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM
Cleveland	840AM	1215PM	350PM
Euclid Street	...	....	....
Hudson	955	125	510
Ravenna	1030	155	540
Alliance	1130	235	630
Bayard	1202PM	302	
Wellsville	135	420	

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM
Wellsville	900AM	508PM	
Bayard	1035	628	
Alliance	1135	715	725AM
Ravenna	1220PM	801	815
Hudson	1253	831	855
Euclid Street	....	....	....
Cleveland	210	945	1010

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	ACCOM	MAIL.	EXP'S	ACCOM
Bellair	545AM	....	200PM	410PM
Bridgeport	555	....	210	420
Steubenville	700	....	315	535
Wellsville	815	155PM	440	
Smith's Ferry	....	....	....	
Beaver				
Rochester	925	255	540	
Pittsburgh	1035	400	643	

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM	ACCOM
Pittsburgh	625AM	310PM	425PM	
Rochester	725	410	537	
Beaver				
Smith's Ferry	....	...	....	
Wellsville	855	500	700	
Steubenville	955	620		705AM
Bridgeport	1105	722		815
Bellair	1115	735		830

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia, 640 a. m.	Bayard, 945, a.m.
Bayard, 2:10 a.m.	N. Philadephia, 300pm

F. R. MEYERS, General Ticket Agent.

Miscellaneous.

SILKS, SILKS,

SILKS.

Full Lines of Bonnet and Ponson's Celebrated

Black Silks.

Good Medium Black French Silks, from $1 to $2 per yard.

Cheney Bro's American Black Silk, $2 per yard.

Fancy Dress Silks in Stripes, Checks and Plain Colors—a complete assortment.

Japanese Silks, all qualities.

Irish and French Poplins, Mohair Lustres.

Wool Delaines.

Spring Empress Cloths.

Black Grenadines and Hernani.

All New Designs in Spring Dress Goods.

New Spring Shawls.

Silk Sacques and Basques.

Ladies' Suits.

Nottingham and Tamboured Lace Curtains, Chintzes, Prints and Ginghams.

WITH A FULL LINE OF

Domestic and Housekeeping Goods.

James Caldwell.

118 and 120 Federal Street, Allegheny. apr5;3m.]

J. MOORE

DRUGGIST,

Prescriptions Carefully and Accurately Compounded.

THE BEST BRANDS OF ASSORTED

Medicinal

WINES AND LIQUORS;

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

ANILINE DYES OF ALL COLORS;

GLASS & PUTTY;

Special attention given to secure the best quality of Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns &c.

A Large Assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES &

PATENT MEDICINES,

Main Street, Beaver Pa. [Dec7, '70tf.

J. H. McCREERY.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Third Street, Beaver, Pa.

Office below the Court House, Beaver, Pa. je22tf

WILLIAM BARNES, dealer in Boots Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., next door to Porter's Tin shop, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., where he is prepared to manufacture and sell everything in his line at reasonable rates. Having removed his place of business from the corner near the Bridge to his present location, he invites his old friends and patrons to give him a call. my26'69:1y.

Medicinal.

A REMINDER.

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous People,
To Children Wasting Away,
To any with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

Or Suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fullness, or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the heart, Choking or Fluttering Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pains in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c.; Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, & Great Depression of Spirits.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any kind.

Is different from all others. It is composed of the pure Juices, or **Vital Principle of Roots, Herbs and Barks,** (or as medicinally termed Extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore, in one Bottle of these Bitters there is contained as much medicinal virtue as will be found in several gallons of ordinary mixtures. The Roots, &c., used in this Bitters, are grown in Germany, their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist, and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spirituous ingredients, this Bitters is free from the objections urged against all others; no desire for stimulants can be induced from their use, they cannot make drunkards, and cannot under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases when some alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the Tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the Bitters is overcome, forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate and containing the medicinal virtue of the Bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1.50 per Bottle, which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulent used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients; and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound, and be benefitted by it will most certainly be cheated.

HOOFLAND'S

German Bitters,

OR

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN TONIC,

WITH

HOOFLAND'S

PODOPHYLLIN PILL.

WILL CURE YOU.

They are the Greatest

BLOOD PURIFIERS

Known to the Medical world, and will eradicate diseases arising from impure blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or Diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedies.

The Whole Supreme Court of Penn'a.

SPEAK FOR THESE REMEDIES.

Who would ask for more Dignified or Stronger Testimony?

Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, *formerly Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, at present Member of Congress from Pennsylvania, writes:*

PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action in the system. Yours truly, GEORGE W. WOODWARD.

Hon. JAMES THOMPSON, *Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1867.

I consider Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours with respect, JAMES THOMPSON.

Hon. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, *Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania:*

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1868.

I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost directly. GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

Hon. Wm. F. Rogers, *Mayor of the City of Buffalo, New-York:*

Mayor's Office, Buffalo, June 22, 1869.

I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic" in my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their use has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects. WM. F. ROGERS.

Hon. Jas. M. Wood, *Ex-Mayor of Williamsport, Pennsylvania:*

I take great pleasure in recommending "Hoofland's German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with Dyspepsia. I had the Dyspepsia so badly it was impossible to keep any food on my stomach, and I became so weak as not to be able to walk half a mile. Two bottles of Tonic effected a perfect cure. JAMES M. WOOD.

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THAT
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC
Will cure every Case of
MARASMUS,
Or Wasting away of the Body.
REMEMBER
THAT
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES

Are the medicines you require to purify the Blood, excite the torpid Liver to healthy action, and to enable you to pass safely through any hardships or exposure.

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Or Substitute for Mercury Pills.

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The Most Powerful, yet Innocent, Vegetable Cathartic known.

It is not necessary to take a handful of these pills to produce the desired effect; two of them act quickly and powerfully, cleansing the Liver, Stomach and Bowels of all impurities. The principal ingredient is Podophyllin, or the Alcoholic Extract of Mandrake, which is by many times more powerful, acting and searching than the Mandrake itself. Its peculiar action is upon the Liver, cleansing it speedily from all obstructions, with all the power of Mercury, yet free from the injurious results attached to the use of that mineral.

For all diseases, in which the use of a cathartic is indicated, these pills will give entire satisfaction in every case. They NEVER FAIL.

In cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and extreme costiveness, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic should be used in connection with the Pills. The tonic effect of the Bitters or Tonic builds up the system. The Bitters or Tonic purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves, REGULATES the Liver, and gives strength, energy and vigor.

Keep your Bowels active with the Pills, and tone up the system with Bitters or Tonic, and no disease can retain its hold, or ever assail you.

Recollect that it is DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES that are so universally used and highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it. These Remedies will be sent by Express to any locality, upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, 631 Arch St., Philadelphia

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His Confectionery department is well stocked; and parties, weddings, &c., will be supplied with everything needed on short notice and in the best of style.

Families furnished with fresh bread as often as desired. **GEORGE FREDERICK.** may11;1y

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHEA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY, and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

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The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

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Apr5;1y.

SELECT POETRY.

The following poem by Bret Harte, read on Friday night at the Boston reunion of the Army of the Potomac, was transmitted to us by telegraph at the time, but in so mangled a condition that we preferred to await the receipt of a correct copy by mail before presenting it to our readers. It will well repay perusal. The processes of the gradual change in the honest old Major's mind as one by one, the battle-memories and comrade-recollections come up out of the past and stir along his blood, are painted with real poetic power. A lesser poet would have described how the old soldier felt. Bret's truer insight lays bare, in a few brief master hints, the veritable heart of the veteran, and makes it speak for itself. It is simple, natural, and heroically touching.

THE OLD MAJOR EXPLAINS.

(REUNION OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,)

12th May, 1871.

"Well, you see the fact is, Colonel, I don't know as I can come,
For the farm is not half planted and there's work to do at home,
And my leg is getting troublesome: it laid me up last fall,
And the doctors—they have cut and hacked—and never found the ball.

"And then, for an old man like me, it's not exactly right,
This kind o' playing soldier with no enemy in sight.
'The Union'—that was well enough, way up to '66,
But this 'Re-Union'—maybe now it's mixed with politics?

"No? Well, you understand it best, but then you see, my lad,
I'm Deacon now, and some might think that the example's bad,
And week from next is Conference.... You said the 12th of May?
Why, that's the day we broke their line at Spoitsylvan-i-a!

"Hot work—Eh, Colonel! wasn't it? Ye mind that narrow front:
They call it the 'Death Angle!' Well, well, my lad we won't
Fight that old battle over now; I only meant to say
I really can't engage to come upon the 12th of May.

"How's Thompson? What—will he be there? Well now I want to know!
The first man in the rebel works!—they called him 'Swearing Joe;'
A wild young fellow, sir, I fear the rascal was—but then,
Well—short of Heaven—there wa'n't a place he dursn't lead his men.

"And Dick, you say, is coming too. And Billy?—Ah, it's true
We buried him at Gettysburg—I mind the spot; do you?
A little field below the hill—it must be green this May—
Perhaps that's why the fields about bring him to me to-day.

"Well, well, excuse me, Colonel, but there are some things that drop
The tail board out one's feelings, and the only way's to stop.
So they want to see the old man, ah! the rascals, do they, eh?
Well—I've business down in Boston about the 12th of May.

SELECT MISCELLANY.

REALITY AND ROMANCE.

Ten Years a Captive Among the Indians.

We take the following from the Detroit *Free Press* of May 11th: There arrived in this city yesterday morning by the Southern Road, from the west, a woman named Mary J. Philips, who has been for the last ten years not only an unwilling captive among the Indians of Colorado territory, but the slave of a revengeful tribe, whose hatred of the white race was exhibited in maltreating to a degree that would have ended in the death of almost any man. The woman has two ears which are not ears, having both been cut and slashed until they resemble pieces of flesh attached to her head without purpose. Her fingers are broken and crippled. She is lame from a dislocation of the hip which she received five years ago, and she stated to our reporter that her body bore numerous scars in testimony of the dog's life which she led among the savages. Her story is this: Nearly eleven years ago, she being then twenty-two years of age, her father started from LaSalle county, Illinois, to go to California by way of the overland route. He fitted out in the usual way, having covered wagons, and taking considerable furniture. The family consisted of father, mother, this woman, a boy of sixteen, and a girl of eleven. The party crossed into Kansas at Weston, Missouri, and were detained at Levenworth about three weeks by the sickness and death of the mother, who was buried there. For some days the family debated whether to go or return to Illinois, but finally concluded to make the journey, and fell in line with a Government train which was loaded with provisions and ammunition for the interior posts.

Everything went well until after reaching and leaving Fort Kearney, when, owing to one of the teamsters having attempted an outrage upon Mary, the father broke off from the train and could not be prevailed upon to go in company any further, although traveling except in large parties was known to be dangerous. He thought more of the honor of his daughter than the danger to the party, and went into camp until the government train had left, following on one day behind. The woman says that they were afterward joined by another family, whose name she believes, was Fuller, but cannot distinctly remember. Together they traveled for three days, getting a long distance west of Kearney, and seeing Indians almost every hour.—The other family consisted of four persons, and the children were quite small, a boy named William being about seven years old. The third night about two or three o'clock in the morning, the party were attacked by a large band of Indians, who swooped down on them so silently that both the men and one woman were murdered at the first cry. The youngest Fuller child was wounded by a shot in the body, and the savages dashed its brains out to still its wails of pain. Mary's brother escaped during the fight, but was next day hunted down and killed, the Indians taking great pains to parade his scalp before her face. This left Mary, the Fuller boy, and his sister and mother captives in the hands of the brutes. Mrs. Frazer could not be kept still, lamenting and moaning the shocking fate of her husband, and soon after daylight she was horribly maltreated, and taken a little ways out of camp and there shot to death with arrows, her screams being plainly heard by the living captives.

The wagons were of no apparent use to the Indians, and, after selecting from their contents such articles as pleased them, the savages burned the whole together. The captives were then mounted on the horses, and the party struck for the west. On the second day, they divided, and one gang took Mary's sister, whose name was Henrietta. The sisters were weeping and lamenting their hard fate, when both were cruelly beaten, and Henrietta was hurried off at a terrible rate, while Mary and the Fuller boy were urged in another direction by blows and shouts of derision. After several days' traveling, the party reached the Black Hills, and there they found the balance of the tribe. Here it may be stated that the girl Henrietta was never afterward seen by Mary; but she heard, two or three years after, of her death by maltreatment. The captives were received with kicks and cuffs, and Mary was especially ill treated. The lad was a smart and active boy, and the Indians soon made a favorite of him. In the fifth year of his captivity the lad, then a boy of good size, got lost from a hunting party, or detached himself in the hopes of escaping, and several days afterward was found dead, having been frozen to death. The girl soon got command of the Indian dialect, and she relates some curious matters about their consultations in regard to the war and the building of the Pacific Railroad, the Indians regarding the latter fact as a death-blow to them and receiving new motives for hating the white men. She was made to cook, carry wood and do all the drudgery that one person was capable of doing, and for three months after her accident was daily maltreated because she could not use her limbs. An Indian doctor attended the injury, but performed the service in such a bungling manner as to leave the woman a bad cripple. She made several attempts to escape, but was each time recaptured, and made to feel the weight of their vengance. A party of United States soldiers, in the fall of 1866, came near capturing her, one of the men coming within a few feet of her in charging the Indians during a fight. About two months ago she received an intimation that negotiations were pending for her ransom. She had twice been sold, and was then about two hundred miles below the mouth of the Yellowstone river. In a week or so after getting the first news she was carried away many miles to a military post, the name of which she cannot speak, and there exchanged for two guns, a supply of ammunition, a keg of whisky, and a supply of cloth and beads, and was sent down the river on a steamboat. She arrived in La Salle county three or four weeks ago, and is now on her way to Ulster county, New York, where some of her mother's relatives reside. The woman had well nigh forgotten the English language when exchanged, and now speaks it very badly, frequently using an Indian word to give emphasis to her meaning. Her complexion is very dark, but her hair is light, and she has a demeanor which is lady-like and genteel, despite her years of ill-treatment and slavery.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 12, 1871.

The weather here of late has been much cooler than the oldest inhabitants have ever before experienced at this time of year. A heavy North-east storm has prevailed in this latitude for the past eight days, and in consequence the farmers around have no reason to pray for more at present. The prospects are good for bountiful harvests this season. Our markets are supplied with new potatoes, at $1 per bushel; green peas, 15 cents per peck; gooseberries, 15 cents per quart; raddishes, 50 cents per dozen; and cucumbers 40 cents a piece.

Arrangements have been made for an Inaugural celebration of the incoming of the new territorial Government for the District of Columbia. The celebration will take place on Monday next, and consist of a procession in the day and a torchlight procession at night.

We really know but little of the proceedings in the Executive sessions of the Senate. We can only guess. Rumor says, that to-day in the Senate is very lively, made so by a resolution offered to appoint a committee to investigate as to the source of the publication of the treaty, and by whom a copy of it was furnished. Messrs. Carpenter, Conkling, Trumbull, Thurman and Davis comprise the committee, who are authorized to send for persons and papers. Mr. White, chief correspondant of the New York Tribune, will be summoned to appear before the Committee and tell what he knows about the matter. Several were offered the treaty in advanse by agents of some Senator or Senators for $300, which price being considered too high, was refused.

Democrats here at Washington take courage in the reports that General Sherman is relating by actual experience in the South the testimony upon which his brother, the Senator, based his argument in his recent famous Ku-Klux speech. It is well understood that nearly all that the General knows about the Ku-Klux matters is by personal experience, and it is conceded by both the disloyal and loyal people from the South, now residing here, that the fact that General Sherman being treated well by the Southern people, no criterion from which to judge of the Ku-Klux matters. The Ku Klux Democracy have nothing to gain (but all to lose) in molesting visitors from the North.

It is reported that the General when asked if he had ever read the Ku-Klux committee's reports made up from the testimony of numerous reliable witnesses, he answered in the negative, remarking that he had had no time as yet. His political physician advises him to peruse it at once.

But that is not the worst; we learn from reliable sources that General Sherman has been misrepresented, his meaning misinterpreted. Oh, ye Democrats, conservatives and ex-rebels, you don't want General Sherman any way for a candidate, and if you did, he would not serve your ends—that's all.

Gen. Jno. Eaton, Commissioner of Education, is now absent on a tour through the South looking after the school interests of the several States there. Your correspondent will visit him on his return to Washington and write you his opinion as to the condition of those sections of the South through which he is traveling.

The Joint Committee consisting of seven Senators and fourteen Members, to investigate the condition of the South, will meet here next week, and no little interest is taken to know its deliberations. It is of the opinion that the Committee will decide to sit in Washington and summon witnesses to appear before them rather than to constitute roving committees to visit different sections of the South and then return to Washington to deliberate and report.

THE HOMESTEAD CHAMPION,

A monthly paper published in this city in opposition to land monopoly, has just finished republishing from the Westminster Review, a very remarkable article on the "Land Question in England," the article having extended through the last four numbers of the "Champion." The writer traces the process by which the people of England have gradually been divorced from the soil, and shows how pauperism has kept even pace with the progress of land monopoly, while the land-owners themselves have steadily endeavored to shake the burden of supporting the poor, who have been chiefly made so through their instrumentality. He shows, moreover, that the estates of the great Nobles, were formerly mere gifts from the Crown, held in consideration of service rendered to the State in time of war, &c., and that they have now legitimately become the private property of those who now claim and exercize the right of ownership. He therefore, proposes that the crown (meaning thereby, the Nation) reasserts its rights and make those vast estates, now the source of fabulous incomes to private owners, the property of the people at large, just as our own public lands are the property of the people of the United States, except that he would make some allowance to the present holders for the loss they would sustain. An article of so radical, not to say, revolutionary, a character appearing in a magazine of such high standing as the "Westminister" was a significant event, and scarcely less so is the republication of such an article in our own country. It shows that the tendency of public thought is in favor of a careful husbanding of our public lands and is steadily gaining strength.

RECONSTRUCTION SUSTAINED.

The speech of Senator Boreman of West Virginia, recently published in the "Congressional Globe," treats the subject of Ku-Klux outrages with great logical force, and constitutes one of the best campaign documents yet produced. His argument affirming the constitutionality of the Ku-Klux bill, and of the reconstruction measures generally, is based 1st, upon Art. IV Sec. 2, of the original constitution, which provides that:

The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of the citizens of the several States."

And 2d, upon the 14th Amendment, wherein it provides that:

"No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges and immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws."

Having established what are the cardinal rights, privileges and immunities of the citizens and persons referred to, and having incorporated into his speech ample documentary evidence that these rights, privileges and immunities have been invaded and trampled upon by the Ku-Klux, he next proceeds to enquire into the remedy and to show that it exists and should be applied under the authority of the Constitution and the bill under consideration.

On the legality of the remedy, Senator Boreman evinces great logical clearness and a thorough familiarity with the weightiest judicial decisions upon the question at issue. He stands firmly upon the settled principle of our jurisprudence that "a right implies a remedy" and that whenever the end is required by the Constitution, the means are authorized to accomplish that end; or, in the language of W. Justice Story, "the end being required, the power flows as a necessary means to accomplish the end." This truism is illustrated in Blackstone's Commentaries by the proposition known to all lawyers, that if A. sells and conveys to B. a piece of land in the midst of his domain without specifying a right of way thereto, B. may lawfully enter at some point over the domain of A. In order to have access to his purchase, and enjoy the rights thus conveyed to and vested in him.

He charges home, upon the Democratic party, Southern outrages and hostility to the Government, as the effect of Northern Democratic doctrine and example, in declaring the reconstruction laws void, and advising their friends in the South to organize and overthrow them—citing the New York Democratic platform, and the letters and speeches of Senator Blair, their candidate for Vice President, &c., he has produced an indictment against them which they cannot evade. He referred satirically to the fact that the Democrats are now intoxicated upon the mere idea of regaining power—an anticipation whose fruition will not be realized, and which he, therefore, advised them to make the most of.

In regard to conflicts within the Republican party, which have inflated Democratic hopes, he avers that an occasional storm is required to purify the atmosphere and promote the health of the organization, and his eloquent peroration concludes with these cheering words:

"By the time the campaign of 1872 rolls around, the elements of the Republican party will crystalize into one harmonious whole. They will come up from the East and the West from the North and the South, 'fair as the moon, clear as the sun, and terrible to the Democratic hosts as an army with banners, and will march on, right on, to battle and to victory.'"

DEMOCRATIC TACTICS.

Between the two great parties of the country a wide difference exists in the respective tactics adopted in conducting the political campaign. While Republicans resort to full and candid discussion of principles and measures, relying on the good sense and intelligence of the masses, the Democrats, almost without exception, make their attack on individuals; and by singling out the leaders of our party, or those who they fancy will yield the most effective influence, they endeavor to destroy that influence by damaging personal charges and assault—well knowing that personal odium casts its black shadow over every measure which an unpopular champion may advocate. Thus we have seen the Democracy, ever since the present Administration was organized, flinging its abuses broad-cast upon the President. Thus we have seen them attack one after another of the Members of the Cabinet, and when no charge could be trumped up for the occasion, they have filled the public press, and the country with predictions of speedy changes in the "personnel" of the executive council, thus seeking to disaffect the nation toward its rulers, and darkly to point at grave errors or divisions in our ranks.

It is much to be regretted that many Republican journals, not noticing the source of these rumors, or divining their import and purpose, inadvertantly copy and give them a place in their colums, whence others deeming them authoritative, again extract them, and they thus float over the entire country, breeding mischief and disaffection before the counter statement can overtake and set them at rest. Thus, too apparent dissensions in our ranks, like the late Sumner affair, are seized upon, exaggerated, one side or the other inordinately praised, and the opposite side soundly berated, not from good will to either, but solely to widen the break, and by the same old tactics of gross and persistent personalities to drag down the reputation of our statesmen and thus, by convincing the people of personal incompetency, or perhaps corruption, bring into contempt both the individual and the party he represents.

How careful then ought our statesmen to be, that they give no cause for such aspersions. And the Republican press can do no more effective service than by exposing and exploding these disgraceful tactics and tricks of the opposition whenever and wherever they may be resorted to in the pending campaign now opening before us. CHIEL.

—The Philadelphia *Inquirer*, referring to the contemplated excursion to this country of a number of publishers and editors of London journals, remarks:

"This goodly company expect to leave Liverpool for our shores some time this month. On their arrival here they should be left to explore the States for themselves. They come to seek knowledge, not entertainments. In lieu of banquets let us give them railroad guide books and school geographies. With the aid of these and an extended tour the British public will be better instructed in American affairs next winter than ever they were before. for our London brethren must learn that Boston is not a State; that New York is not the Union; that Chestnut street is not a buffalo trail, and that the Indians do not roam at will through the streets of the frontier villages of Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago, and St. Louis."

A SCATTERED HAREM.

Three Wives of a Mormon Elder Desert him in Michigan.

A little incident happened at the Grand Trunk Junction, Friday evening, says the Detroit *Free Press* of Saturday, which gave a hundred passengers any quanity of fun and merriment, and resulted in the reclamation of three women who have for several years past been living in Salt Lake City in the capacity of wives to a Mormon elder named Coleman. It seems that Coleman left Salt Lake City some days ago for a trip to the East, having some church matters to see to on Long Island. What is a little unusual for Mormons to do, the elder decided to have his three wives accompany him, it being his intention, as is learned from one of the wives, to use them to assist in securing the conversion of other women. The party came along to Chicago, and there stopped for a day or two, taking a look around the city, and the elder making some purchases for friends at Salt Lake. They left Chicago Friday, it being the intention to change off at the Grand Trunk Junction, and take that route through, the elder claiming that he had friends at Port Huron. The four occupied seats as near together as possible, and to avoid remark or ridicule, each one was furnished with a ticket, thus seeming to be going along like ordinary travelers. At Chicago only one of the wives was registered as "Mrs. Coleman," the other two giving other names, and occupying a separate room, Coleman stating to the clerk that they were his nieces. It seems that while the elder was out trading during their stay in Chicago, the women got their heads together and determined to give him the slip. One had been married to him fifteen years, and the other two less than a year, one being a native of England, and the other two were born in this country. They planned to don their things, take to the street, and state their case to the first policeman they encountered, but were met by Coleman just as they were descending the stairs. His inquiries were answered by the statement that they were going out for a short walk, and he was thus suited, although appearing suspicious thereafter. In coming over the Central road, the four occupying two seats close together, Coleman went forward to take a smoke, positive that there was no such thing as losing his 400 pounds of matrimony on a train running thirty miles an hour. The women were thus given an opportunity for another confab, and they improved it by laying another plan. He had informed them, previous to leaving Salt Lake that polygamy was now a recognized institution in the land, and that Congress had sanctioned it. While they did not believe, they could not dispute, as none of them were ever allowed to read any other than Mormon publications. They determined to boldly refuse to proceed with him further than the Junction, and trust to the chivalry of the passengers and the law of the State to prevent maltreatment or being forced on.

When the train arrived there, the elder found that he must wait a couple of hours before connecting with the Grand Trunk. The quartette sat down in the hotel parlor, and the elder proceeded to lay down a programme for the rest of the journey, telling his wives that the least show of insubordination would result in their arrest. They did not reveal their plan until the four were on the platform and the train within a few minutes of starting. The oldest wife then plainly told him their intention in a quiet even voice, and added that if he wanted to create a scene they were ready for it. Coleman was at first thunderstruck, and then gave way to a burst of rage. While thus excited, one of the women disappeared and the other two walked into the ladies' sitting-room, filled with passengers, and sat down. He followed them in, threatening them first with arrest, and then with instant death, if they did not immediately get on board the train with him. Having taken the first step, the women were plucky enough not to back down, and defied him to do his worst.

His loud and passionate talking at length attracted the attention of a railroad man, who walked up to him and said: "See 'ere, you feller, what you fooling around 'ere for? Hif you don't hexercise a little care hi'll knock you hinto the middle hof next Monday!" Coleman saw that he was helpless, and was fairly white with rage. He tried to reason, offered money and promises, but the women were firm, and warned him if he did not quit their presence they would expose him to the passengers and secure his arrest. What could he do? Any white man would have mashed his head in a minute, especially if asked by a female in distress, and Coleman saw that to use force would end in his arrest. Having said "they wouldn't," he felt quite sure that his wives would not go on, even though the trunks in the baggage car contained all their finery except what was being worn.

He was making one last appeal, when bluff John Bull came back and stormed: "See 'ere, you blasted swell hof a pocket-pitcher, hif you don't be hout of 'ere in two minutes, hi'll break hevery bone in your body hi will!" The game was up, and, as the conductor yelled "A-l-l 'board," Coleman sneaked out and got aboard the train, not caring to lose the baggage and wives both. As for the women, they looked over their pin money, found that they had about $20 between them, and determined to come to this city. The missing one was found in the wood-house, where she had taken refuge, and the three walked to the street cars on Michigan avenue and then rode in. One of them passed over to Windsor after dinner, and the other two were at an intelligence office on Woodward avenue during the afternoon to secure places as house servants, calculating to remain in the city until some better arrangements can be made

—A commander, in the royal mail service, found his steamer some thirty miles out of her course. He was sorely troubled, and could not account for the local attraction that had sent him so far out of the way. Instruments and calculations appeared equally fruitless. Sorely troubled having passed a sleepless, watchful night, the captain went on deck after breakfast. Seeing a lady sitting (as was her custom) and working near the binnacle, it occurred to him that probably the scissors were resting on the ledge of it. Detecting nothing of the sort, and bent on closer investigation, he discovered that her chair had an iron frame. It also quite reasonably flashed across him that the lady's ample crinoline was extended by steel hoops. So mustering all his faculties he exclaimed with as much forgiveness and as little reproach in his eye as possible, "Madame, you have, by your local attraction, drawn my ship some forty miles from her course."

—The President will soon, at the request of Gen. Sherman, direct the issue of a general order from the War Department for the guidance of officers who may be called on to use the forces under their command to enforce the provisions or penalties of the Ku-Klux bill.