The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., July 27, 1870.

Circulation Over Twelve Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

TIME	1w.	2w.	3m.	6m.	1 year
1 inch—10 lines,	$3 00	$3 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
2 inches, do	5 00	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 inches, do	5 00	8 00	9 00	12 00	18 00
4 inches, do	6 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	21 00
1 column,	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
2 columns,	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00	40 00
3 columns,	15 00	20 00	25 00	40 00	60 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$3 00

Notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

State of the Thermometer for the week ending July 26, 1870.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
18	82 deg.	90 deg.	75 deg.
19	75 deg.	89 deg.	77 deg.
20	77 deg.	87 deg.	81 deg.
21	76 deg.	81 deg.	74 deg.
22	73 deg.	85 deg.	76 deg.
23	79 deg.	88 deg.	80 deg.
24	85 deg.	91 deg.	73 deg.

R. T. TAYLOR.

TIME TABLE.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows: Mor-Express, 9.17; Evening Express, 8.14; Mail, p. m.

Trains going West leave Beaver Station as follows: Mail, 7.43 a. m.; Express, 3.55 p. m.; Accommodation, 5.45 p. m.

Pitt. Ft. W. & C. R. R.—Trains going East leave Rochester Station (at end of bridge) as follows: Beaver Falls Accom. 6.03 a.m.; Enon accom. p. m.; New Castle accom. 8.30 a. m.; B. Falls 12.10 p. m.

Trains going West leave Rochester Station, (at bridge) as follows: B. F. accom. 10 a. m.; Enon accom. 5.12 p. m.; Erie night express 5.45 p. m.; N. C. accom. 7.27 p. m.

Trains going East leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: B. F. accom. 6.05 a. m.; Enon accom. 9.15 a. m.; New Castle accom. 3.40 a. m.; Express 10.32 a. m; Beaver Falls accom. 12.15 p. m.; Chicago Mail 2.05 p. m; Erie exp. 4.10 p. m.; N. C. exp. 6.00 p. m; Erie mail 9.55 p. m.

Trains going West, leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: Chicago mail 8.15 a. m.; Erie exp. 9.00 a. m.; Beaver Falls accom. 9.55 a. m.; Chicago express 3.25 p. m; New Castle accom. 4.30 p. m.; Erie exp. 5.05 p. m.; Beaver Falls accom. 7.35

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the issue of to-day:

Notices—Hugo Andriesen, ...

Notices—E. Hanauer, ...

—Paul Jeunet,

—Jas. Wilson,

Brighton Ladies' Seminary—N. R. Johnston,

—Hannaford & Co.,

Notice—Speyerer & Sons,

Office's Sale—G. S. Harker.

Subscriptions to the Beaver Argus.—The following named persons have paid the sums set opposite to their names on subscription to the Beaver Argus, since the date of our last publication.

Ferguson, New Brighton, $2 00

Ferguson, " " 2 00

Wise, " " 5 00

McConnell, Lincoln, Nebraska, 1 00

Frederick, Beaver, 1 00

J. M. Witherow, North Sewickley, 4 00

Ammon, Industry, 2 00

Bryan, Freedom, 50

Mulhelm, Bridgewater, 3 00

Swearingen, Hookstown, 1 00

Wilson, North Sewickley tp., 2 00

S. Bruce, New Sheffield, 2 00

Warnock, " " 2 00

White, " " 2 00

LADIES Hats and Bonnets at half price at J. H. Bence's Millinery and Dry Goods store, Beaver, a good assortment always on hand. July13;4t

RECEIVED at B. S. Ranger's, one car load of extra No. 1 Salt. Also, Scythe Snaths, Scythes, Rakes and Forks, for sale cheap. And at the same time, we call your attention to a lot of fine Sugars for preserving purposes. jy13;3t*

20 cents for the best Delains in the market, at J. H. Bence's cheap Dry Goods and Millinery store, 3d street, Beaver. July13;4t

Use Mulvanon Lime Kilns, Vanport, for lime at the lowest price. [jel22tf.

HANAUER, has purchased the entire stock of the Bazar of Fashion, on Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., and is selling regardless of cost to make room for a new stock.

Church Dedication.—The Presbyterian Church of Industry will be dedicated to the service of God on Sabbath, August 7, 1870. Dedication sermon will be preached by Rev. George P. Hays, of Allegheny city. Services at 11 o'clock

Now, July 4th, all goods have been marked down very low, at Bence's fashionable Dry Goods and Millinery store, 3d street, Beaver. July13;4t

HANAUER, has purchased the entire stock of the Bazar of Fashion, on Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., and is selling regardless of cost to make room for a new stock.

On Monday last, several Prussians sailed for New York, *en route* to Cuba, to be sold home across the water. They, we learn, to take part in the hostilities now commenced on the island.

20 cents for the best Delains in the market, at J. H. Bence's cheap Dry Goods and Millinery store, 3d street, Beaver. July13;4t

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One of the candidates for Assessor, in this county, who is accused of being in favor of running the *habeas corpus* through the county, writes us as follows: "The roomer am falts; no clik nor combinashun, with money or other wear aint to Entice me to stupe to any dirtier Bolical plot", He's got the biggest wood on being elected.—*Hawk-Eye, Pa., Courier.*

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The Democracy of Beaver county are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections in the several election districts, on Saturday, 13th day of August 1870—in the township between the hours of 5 and 6 o'clock p. m. and in the boroughs from 6 to 8 p. m.—for the purpose of electing four delegates from each *election district* to meet in County Convention at the Court House in Beaver on Monday 15th day of same month at 10 o'clock a. m., to put in nomination a ticket to be supported at the ensuing general election. By order of the Democratic County Committee of correspondence.

S. B. FRENCH, Ch'n.
M. L. KNIGHT, *Sec'y.*

LADIES Hats and Bonnets at half price at J. H. Bence's Millinery and Dry Goods store, Beaver, a good assortment always on hand. July13;4t

Good Wine, the pure juice of the grape, can be had of George Engle, of Brighton township, this county. No other kind should be used for medicinal and sacramental purposes. George keeps a superior article for sale.

SINCE the 4th of July all goods have been marked down very low, at Bence's favorite Dry Goods and Millinery store, 3d street, Beaver. July13;4t

A census marshal in Forest county states that there is a woman in Harmony township, that county, 107 years old.—She was engaged in "hoppling wood" when he saw her.

12½ cents for the best Delains in the market, at J. H. Bence's cheap Dry Goods and Millinery store, 3d street, Beaver. July13;4t

May & December.—The Starke Co., (O.) papers record the marriage, in that county recently, of Mr. Leonhart Hoover—aged 82 years—to Annie Rerager, aged 20, of the same place. The parties reside in Sugarcreek township, Stark county, and we believe, belong to the well-to-do class of people.

LADIES Hats and Bonnets at half price at J. H. Bence's Millinery and Dry Goods store, Beaver, a good assortment always on hand. July13;4t

Sun Stroke.—We learn that Mr. Jas. Todd, of Georgetown, a merchant of that village, was sun struck on last Wednesday. We are glad to be able to state that while Mr. Todd's illness was severe, he is now improving, and in all probability will soon be well again.

SINCE July 4th, all goods have been marked down very low, at Bence's favorite Dry Goods and Millinery store, 3d street, Beaver. July13;4t

Remanded.—The boy Willie Collins, who ran away from the Soldiers Orphan School at Phillipsburg, some months ago, was remanded back to Mr. Taylor's custody, on a hearing of the case at the adjourned term of court held in Beaver on the 21st of this month. This disposition of the case seems to meet the approval of nearly everybody.

NEW BRIGHTON LADIES' SEMINARY.—The next school year begins September 6th. Course of study complete. A Normal department for teachers. Superior advantages for pupils in instrumental music. In a domestic arrangements, this Institution is a most desirable home for boarders. In its natural, artistic and moral surroundings, it is most inviting. For circulars address the Principal,

jy27;4t REV. N. R. JOHNSTON, A. M.

Mr. Jonathan Locke, a prominent oil operator at Pleasantville, disappeared on the 6th instant, and has not since been heard from. He is fifty-five years of age, has light blue eyes, weighs from 120 to 125 pounds, and has but three fingers on his left hand, the little finger having been taken off when he was quite young. Any information which will lead to a knowledge of his whereabouts will be thankfully received by Mrs. Sally D. Locke, of Titusville, or Mr. H. H. Locke, of Pleasantville.

$1,000 REWARD is offered by the proprietor of Dr. Pierce's Alt. Ext., or Golden Medical discovery, for a medicine that will cure half the diseases to which this wonderful remedy is adapted, among which are severe, acute, or lingering Coughs, Consumption in its early stages, Bronchitis, "Liver Complaint," "Biliousness," Constipation of the Bowels, Loss of appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Scrofulous Diseases and Skin Diseases, as Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Boils. It is sold by druggists. Try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

Returned Home.—Rev. J. G. Wilson, of the U. P. congregation of Beaver, who has been absent for some time past in the West, returned to his home last week. Mr. W. is greatly delighted with his trip, and speaks in glowing terms of the energy and progressive disposition of the people of our western country.

The Salem *Republican* says: Some weeks ago we called attention, in the *Republican*, to the claim of Daniel McCartney, of Salem, as to the power of his memory. The case attracted the attention of our State School Commissioner, W. D. Henkle, who has had four interviews with Mr. McCartney, at which his claims have been severely tested, but fully justified. Mr. Henkle has prepared an article of about thirty pages of foolscap, giving a detailed account of these interviews, which he proposes to give to the public through one of the magazines.

The Corry Republican relates this terrible accident: James Upton, living near Clymer, was mowing with his machine on the 4th inst. Taking his little child in his lap, he drove a little, when his horses became frightened and ran over a fence, throwing Mr. Upton off. He was caught in the gearing of the machine, and his intestines torn out and otherwise terribly mangled. His life is despaired of. The child escaped any serious injury.

Semi-Annual Encampment.—The semi-annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Pennsylvania, met at Wilkesbarre, Pa., on Wednesday of last week. Nearly every Post in the State was represented, and the organization seems to be in a flourishing condition everywhere. Among the notables in attendance as delegates were Generals Hartranft and Selfridge, the former Adjutant General of Pennsylvania, and the latter Clerk of the House of Representatives. After the business of the encampment was concluded, the delegates were invited, and accepted the invitation, to take an excursion to Lake Harvey, some twelve miles distant, where a very enjoyable time was experienced by all who went. The next encampment will be held at Allentown, Pa., next January.

About Milking.—Five, ten cents, and perhaps ten, can be added to the amount of milk obtained from the cows of this country, if the following rules are inexorably followed:

1st. Never hurry cows, in driving to and from the pasture.

2d. Milk as near at equal intervals as possible. Half past five in the morning and six at night are good hours.

3d. Be especially tender to the cow at milking time.

4th. When seated draw the milk as rapidly as possible. Bring forces always get it all.

5th. Never talk or think of anything besides what you are doing while milking.

6th. Offer some caress and always a soothing word, when you approach a cow and when you leave her. The better she loves you the more free and complete will be her *abandon* as you sit by her side.

A Severe hail-storm passed over a portion of Western Pennsylvania on last Thursday evening, between three and four o'clock. The storm was accompanied by heavy thunder and the lightning did considerable damage in several localities. In Shousetown, the Union church building was visited with the electric fluid and injured to the extent of four or five hundred dollars. Whole fields of corn and oats in that vicinity were leveled by the storm. In this locality the hail fell to the depth of one inch, but probably not much damage done was easily repaired.

The Fire at the Refuge.—We have already stated that Fire Marshal Butler had commenced an investigation of an incendiary fire which occurred at the House of Refuge on the 7th inst.—Yesterday afternoon Mr. Butler concluded his investigations. Mr. Josiah King, C. Yeager and one or two other managers of the institution were also present. It appeared from the testimony offered that the building was set on fire by two inmates of the institution, named Isaac Hagerman and —— Brown. An entrance into the building was effected in this wise: Brown took a string, at the end of which was a loop, which string he put through the slats of a shutter. The loop was made to catch the inside latch of the shutter, which was then opened without any difficulty. Hagerman, the accomplice in the crime, then entered the room, and set fire to some papers lying on the floor. The fire, however, was discovered before much damage was done. The Fire Marshal will bring the matter before the Courts, to see what disposition can be made of the boys. Hagerman is said to be a very hard character.—*Pittsburgh Chronicle.*

Fremaine's Gorgeous Sun-Pictures, now on exhibition in the Court House in this borough, this evening, (Tuesday,) and to-morrow evening will be found well worth seeing. We have seen them and know whereof we speak. The views seem almost to be vitalized, and one can obtain as perfect an idea of the places exhibited as if he had personally visited them. Every one who has the means should embrace the present opportunity of beholding this wonderful work of art.

A young man came into the popular Beaver Drug Store the other day, and said he was looking for a situation. "Are you a graduate in Pharmacy, sir?" "Farm—farm," he said, "no, I'm no farmer I. You see sir I was a plasterer by occupation, and finding it bad for my health, I thought I would get a position in a drug store and make pills." He was informed that plasterers were not good subjects for the theory and practice of Pharmacy, even to spread plasters, and he indignantly walked off.

Democratic Candidates.—In view of the fact that the Democratic party of this county, are without a paper at the present time, we have been asked if we would announce the names of their candidates for the various county offices. We have answered that we would do so, subject to the same rules and charges imposed upon our own party friends. The following name is therefore presented this week subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention, which meets in Beaver, on Monday August 15th 1870.

Assembly.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON, of Bridgewater Pa.

☞ Since A. Hanauer's column was printed on the outside of this week's paper, we are pleased to learn that he has sold the entire stock of goods of the Bazar of Fashion, Bridgewater, Pa., to his brother, I. Hanauer, who has had charge of the store both in Beaver and Bridgewater. Mr. I. Hanauer is courteous, prompt and attentive to customers, and we cordially commend him to the patronage of the ladies of this vicinity, as he is in every respect "a ladie's man." His goods are extensive in variety, quality and price and cannot fail to give entire satisfaction.

Census Curiosities.—The taking of the census this year will develop some curious things. A census curiosity is reported by the Athens, (Ohio) *Journal*—a family composed of husband, wife and three pairs of twin children. The husband was the second husband of the wife and she was the second wife of the husband. The wife by her first husband had a pair of twins, the first wife a pair of twins by her first husband, and then the second wife has a pair of twins by her second husband. Prolific women—that's all.

Fatal Railroad Accident.—On last Saturday evening a young man named Stanton Phillis, whose mother resides near Industry, this county, met with an accident which resulted in the loss of his life. He was a boat builder by occupation and had been working for some time past at Shenanigo, Allegheny county. After his week's work was done, on Saturday evening, he crossed the river for the purpose of taking the cars for home. Missing the accommodation, he got aboard of a freight train and in passing from one car to the other he accidentally fell on his bowels on the edge of one of the cars. Though seriously hurt at the time, it was not supposed that he had received a fatal injury. Getting worse, however, soon after, he got off the train at Bridgewater station with a view of coming to Beaver and staying here over night with the Messrs. Ewing, who were his relatives. Making about half the distance between Bridgewater and Beaver he could come no further and laid down, where he was found at about 9 p. m. by Thomas Anderson and Henry Weyand, who assisted him to Messrs. Ewing, where he lingered until Sabbath night 11 o'clock, at which time he died. His corpse was taken on last Monday morning to the residence of his mother from whence it was taken to the burial ground. Mr. Phillis was about 20 years of age and was highly esteemed by all his acquaintances. His sudden death was doubtless a severe blow to his stricken mother and others of his near relatives.

The Commencement Exercises at Mt. Union College will take place on Thursday, July 28, 1870. The Graduating Address of the Senior Class will be in the afternoon, beginning at 8 o'clock. In the afternoon, beginning at 1 o'clock, there will be a Grand Reunion Meeting of all former Students, who now number upwards of seven thousand.

Short addresses will be delivered in the afternoon by various persons, among whom are expected Gov. Hartranft and Geary, Vice President Colfax, Senators Sherman, Thurman and Pomeroy. The Annual Address will be delivered by Hon. F. L. Stewart, editor of *The Baltimore American* and *Washington Chronicle*. The exercises of Thursday will be held in Nixon's Grove, beautifully situated between Alliance and the College, where visitors are expected to bring provisions and have a grand picnic.

The Triennial Alumni Meeting will be held Wednesday evening. The contest of the Literary Societies on Thursday evening, in College Hall. The annual examinations of the classes begin on the 22d. The Baccalaureate Sermon by President Hartshorn, Sabbath evening the 24th, and the annual meeting of Trustees and Committees, 27th.

Excursion tickets, at about half fare rates, will be issued to all who apply at the principal stations of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway, and of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad—good from Tuesday to Saturday. They invite the public generally, and especially all old students, to be present at their literary banquet.

The Home of Washington.—For nearly a quarter of a century past, Benson J. Lossing, the artist-author of "Field Book of the Revolution," History of the United States, etc., has been one of the most diligent and most successful laborers in the rich field of American history. During that time he has traveled more than thirty thousand miles, extending to almost every portion of the Union, in order to procure sketches of various scenes and objects of historic interest. He is his good fortune to be equally happy in the use of both pen and pencil.

Attractive and popular though all his works have been, Mr. Lossing's latest volume is justly considered the crowning success of his life. Its title is as follows: "*The Home of Washington*; or, Mount Vernon and Its Associations, Historical, Biographical and Pictorial." It is a subscription book, being sold through agents entirely. A copy now lies upon our table, from that enterprising firm, E. Hannaford & Co., 177 West Fourth St., Cincinnati.

No more beautiful book has gladdened our eyes for many months, than this shapely quarto, printed on superfine and elegantly tinted paper, and gotten up in the highest style of the typographic art. A steel-plate portrait, from the celebrated painting of Gilbert Stuart, and an engraving of Mount Vernon, also on steel, embellishes the front of the book, while the text of the book is illustrated with no less than one hundred and forty-eight of Lossing's charming pictures, *fac similes* of interesting MSS., etc. The binding is both elegant and substantial.

"The Home of Washington" is undoubtedly the most complete, satisfactory and delightful record ever prepared of the domestic and private life of "The Father of his Country." Every American, of course, familiar with the General, the statesman and the President, but this work reveals to us the Man, in all the dignity and beauty of his personal character. It also furnishes a great amount of fresh and interesting history not attainable from any other source, and is the only work extant describing fully the condition, past and present, of Mount Vernon. Many of the illustrations describe articles of which the originals are now lost to the world forever—swept ruthlessly away by the storms of civil war.

The publishers announce a large and rapidly increasing circulation of this delightful volume. We are not surprised at this. Its national character, the reputation of its artist-author, and its low price, together with the unexcelled beauty of its mechanical execution and its perfect wealth of illustrations, are all calculated to make it one of the most popular and rapidly selling books of the age. We commend this "household treasure" to the attention of our readers, whether book agents or book buyers. E. Hannaford & Co., the Cincinnati publishers are a firm who publish only first-class works, and equip their agents in the very best style.

A Cooling Drink.—As nearly every person is inquiring for some cooling drink during the hot weather, we give the following recipe for a refreshing and invigorating beverage, which has been recommended by an eminent physician; it is an effervescent drink, but far better than soda water, as the effervescence is much slower: Two ounces of tartaric acid, two pounds of white sugar, the juice of half a lemon, and three pints of water; boil them together five minutes; and, when nearly cold, add the whites of three eggs well beaten; with half a teacup of flour and half an ounce of winter green or other flavoring, bottle and keep it in a cool place. Take two tablespoonfuls of the syrup to a tumbler of water, add one quarter of a teaspoonful of soda, and then drink.

How Delamater beat George K. Anderson for the Senate.—A correspondent of the Erie *Republican* states that Mr. E. Montague, of Conneautville, recently brought a suit against S. D. Neal, a fellow townsman, to recover the sum of $5, paid by Montague to Neal for electioneering services. Neal was in favor of Anderson for Senator, and Montague being disbursing for Delamater, offered Neal $5 to "go back" on Anderson and work for Delamater. The proposition was accepted and the money paid in presence of witnesses; but Neal failed to fulfill the contract, and not only voted but worked for Anderson. Hence the suit which was brought before Esq. Hanna, of Meadville. Neal employed W. R. Bole, esq., to defend him, and the defense was in the nature of a bill for services rendered, of which the following is an exact copy:

E. MONTAGUE, Agent,
To S. D. NEAL, Dr.

June 25. To services rendered, electioneering for Delamater	$10.00
June 26. To services rendered, electioneering for Delamater	10.00
June 27. To services rendered, electioneering for Delamater	10.00
	$30.00
June 27 By Cash	Cr. 5.00
Balance Due	$25.00

Defendant certifies the foregoing is a true copy of his account, and asks for a judgment for the balance.

The correspondent adds:

To show that these charges were not unusual, or more than the "services" were worth, Neal procured subpœnas for the following witnesses: Wm. H. Mosick, (colored), R. B. Hinds, ex-post master, (together with several others, by whom he proposed to prove that they had each and severally received in least as much, and some of them more than he had charged Montague in his day book. But getting wind of the line of defense, and seeing that he had caught a tartar, Montague performs another pilgrimage to Meadville, pays the costs, and withdraws the suit. But the end is not yet, for now Neal has "got his back up," and is about to commence a suit to recover the aforesaid $25 "for services rendered." So you will see we are in a fair way of bringing judicial decision on the exact value of three days electioneering for a candidate for the Senate.

Salem Railroad Prospects.—Salem, like other towns in Ohio appreciating improvements, is quite anxious for the Baltimore, Pittsburgh & Western Railway. This road starts from Baltimore, and over the Connellsville track, brings up its trains to Pittsburgh. From that latter city it is proposed to build an extension westward to Chicago. There is no earthly doubt that the Western Division will be constructed, and that speedily. Salem is on the direct line from Pittsburgh to Chicago. Therefore Salem ought to have the road, and she must, if she does its part to secure it. The surveyed route is the straightest, shortest and easiest grade between the last two named cities. It is the only route through which it passes is rich with mineral and agricultural wealth. Everything is in our favor *Salem!* Then, why not get the road? Only one thing in the way, perhaps. Some men think Eagle Dodge subscribe liberally to the stock of the company refuse to do it. They are wealthy, and have been made a great part of their fortune by the advantages gained by railroad facilities. They are as fond of money as a fish is of water; but, while they will not give a cent toward getting a public improvement that will add ten thousand times the value of their real estate, think it a shame that others have not done more than they already have. With all our advantages, should Salem lose the great railroad, the class of men of whom we speak will be held responsible. We truly hope they will reconsider their purpose, and give to this project as they are able. Now, they stand in the way of others. They should not do that. We need not repeat to them arguments in favor of the road. They know all that can be said for it, and are fully convinced of its importance. Before our next meeting let them—every man—take stock enough to raise Salem's subscription far beyond her quota.

Monday evening last, a large meeting was held in the Town Hall. M. B. Robinson presided. Speeches were made by the President, Zadok Street, Judge Ambler, L. B. Silver, C. H. Cornwell, T. F. Shaffnack, T. C. Boone, and others. Subscriptions were obtained, and the canvassing committee continued. This committee is doing a good work, and Salem owes them more than *good will* for their efforts. Committees were also appointed to hold meetings at North Benton and Enon Valley during the present week. Reports from every where along the line, with one exception, were encouraging.

The meeting of all parties interested will soon be held in Pittsburgh to determine the route. Let us all hope and work for Salem.

The meeting adjourned to Friday evening next, 22d inst., at which time let the Hall be full. That will probably be the last meeting held in Salem.—*Salem (O.) Republican.*

INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENCE.

INDUSTRY, Beaver Co., Pa., July 18, 1870.

MR. EDITOR:—Having noticed in the columns of your paper, for some time past, an account of the progress of the Temperance cause in different sections of the county, we assume the privilege of complimenting through your paper "The Independent Order of Good Templars" of this place, having, a few evenings since, had the pleasure of meeting with the members of the society at an open-door meeting.

The meeting was called to order by the commanding officer and the business of the Lodge, which was not of a private nature, was transacted in the presence of the spectators.

The evening was spent very pleasantly by all, and the members of the organization proved themselves worthy to represent the good cause of temperance—a cause which is growing mightier every day and ere long is destined to be one of the mightiest of American virtues. Whilst its opponent—Intemperance, which at the present time is raging as a miasma, and pouring the flood of its malignant influence into every institution of our land, whether religious, political, or social, and dragging the most princely intellects we have from the pinnacle of fame and popularity, down to the slums and brothels of an infamous hell,—is, doomed to wither before its steady stroke as snow before an April sun. For the millennial dawn of its achievements is beginning to burst forth in our political sky; and the great tidal wave of human reason backed with arguments which tend to the destinies of the human race is now rolling up the horizon of the popular mind and throwing its power over the corruption that now boils up out of the seething caldron of American Politics; and which we trust will soon become cleansed and our legislative bodies will present a specimen worthy of the name of American Legislators and our legislative halls instead of being the habitation of thieves and gamblers will be occupied by men governed by principles of natural reason and human justice; and under whose influence bribery and corruption shall cease to desecrate our temples of liberty.

J. H. C.

No. 3.—BIOGRAPHY.

MR. EDITOR:—Various methods have been employed to convey useful knowledge to mankind in the different periods of the world's history. The knowledge most useful and important to man, is that of morals and religion. To select distinguished individuals, delineating them in their just proportions, we seem to expatiate in a vast gallery of family pictures, though dead, yet speaking to us. We present your youthful readers with only a few fragments of national biography, for to attempt more might place us in the dilemma in which President Zack Taylor was caught, some years ago, when in Beaver, he undertook shaking hands with his numerous friends at Stone's Point; he said he must be excused, and skipped all the *youngsters*, and so we "*old Fathers*" get the preference; "for," said he, "I do never get home to Washington if I shook hands with all of you."

Of the five signers of the Declaration from the Bay State—Massachusetts—all were graduates of Colleges, viz: Hancock, at Cambridge; the rest at Havard.

Samuel Adams, one of the earliest patriots, was born in Boston, Mass., 22d Sept. 1722. Though educated for the ministry, he never entered the pulpit, preferring the halls of legislation. In his youth he felt the weight of his country's wrongs before others of his age thought there were any evils to complain of. In the general pardon extended to those who had been active in the cause of freedom, he—with John Hancock—was excepted. He was corporally and morally brave. At the crisis in which he flourished, he was such a man as was wanted; and the name of Samuel Adams will fill a large space in American history. He died October 2, 1803, aged 81.

John Adams, at the age of twenty, graduated, and soon after was admitted to the Bar and became distinguished.—He was a master spirit in the Continental Congress. He nominated George Washington as Commander in chief of the Revolutionary army, and was subsequently the first Minister to London from the United States, and was highly esteemed at the Court of St. James. In 1797 he was elected President, the immediate successor of Washington. Associated with Jefferson on the Committee appointed to draft the Declaration of Independence—sharing alike, as they did in the honors of earth, and the sublimity of death—it was his additional happiness to witness his son worthily enjoying the most exalted position among his fellow men. On the morning of that memorable day—July 4, 1826—the eye of the dying patriot and statesman lighted up for a moment; and, with "Liberty Forever!" upon his lips, (and which were his last words) he was re-united with Jefferson, just one-half a century after the Declaration—aged 91. He was born in Quincy, Oct. 30, 1735.

Robert Treat Paine was born in Boston, 1731. He was one of the most successful students and a most distinguished patriot. In early life he visited England; on his return he entered the ministry; which, however, was soon relinquished for the legal profession, of which he soon became a distinguished member.

He early buckled on the armor of revolution, and in 1768 boldly assumed its responsibilities. Mr. Paine retired from the bench of the Supreme Court of his native State about ten years previous to his death, at the ripe age of 84 years.

Elbridge Gerry was born, also, in Massachusetts, 17th July 1744. He, also, was a distinguished graduate of Harvard.—He amassed a fortune in mercantile life; and, by his unbending integrity of character, secured the highest regard and confidence of his fellow citizens. The night preceeding the battle of Bunker Hill he and Gen. Warren slept in the same bed. His death occurred very unexpectedly—Nov. 22, 1814. He was entombed in the Congressional Cemetery, at Washington, D. C., and a monument erected to his memory by Congress.—Aged 70 years.

J. K. M.

LETTERS TO CHILDREN.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16, 1870.

DEAR CHILDREN:—I have been enjoying so much my visit to this city, that I have desired to be the means of imparting some gratification, as well as of giving some information to you, who are so soon to be the men and women to possess and govern this great and glorious land of ours. I think I hear you ask with your little voices, what is Washington? Well, now, you will not talk, will you, while I tell you? What you do not understand you may ask papa or mamma, or brother or sister, to explain to you. Washington is a city with very broad streets, called avenues, stretching out from certain points, named after the States—and I am not sorry to tell you, boys and girls in Western Pennsylvania, that the finest avenue in the city is called Pennsylvania avenue; at one end of which is the Capitol, and at the other is the President's house.—The other streets are numbered—those running north and south, first, second, third, &c., and those running east and west are lettered, A, B, C, &c., so that it is very easy for a stranger to go about in this city, without a guide, and without fear of getting lost.

But, you ask, is it a large city? Yes, it covers a great extent of space, and has about 120,000 people; not quite as many, I believe, as Pittsburgh proper.

Now you ask, where is Washington? It is on the bank of the Potomac, the broadest and in many respects the most beautiful river in the Union. It is a little over four hundred miles from Beaver, by the nearest railroad, and to reach it, you pass through Pittsburgh, Harrisburg and Baltimore. It is in the District of Columbia, which is a small tract of land formerly ten miles square, given, about one-half by Maryland and the other half by Virginia, to the United States for the purpose of establishing there their seat of government. That portion lying on the Virginia side, opposite to the city, was given back to Virginia some years since.

Is it not strange that the act establishing this as the seat of government bears date the same as this letter—July 16, but 1790 instead of 1870, which is just 80 years ago to-day.

Now, you want to know why it is called Washington, I suppose. Many of you have read of George Washington, and more of you have heard of him. He was a great and good man, and was the first President of this country. It was he who led the armies of this country when fighting for their liberty. The people loved him so much because of what he had done for them, that they decided they would call their Capital Washington, just as your parents named you after some one they loved and esteemed, perhaps an uncle or aunt, or your father or mother, so the people who looked upon George Washington as their father, desired to express their regard for him by naming their chief city after him. You see his marble statue in the public grounds east of the Capitol, that is, the building where Congress meets. You see it is spelled *-ton* when it refers to the building, and *-tot* when we speak of the city. This statue or figure of Washington is very large, and is all cut out of one block of marble.—He is sitting, holding in his left hand a Roman sword, and with his right he points toward Heaven, indicating his trust in Providence; and let us ever remember that Washington did not attribute his success to his own skill, but to the guiding hand and blessings of God. To-day, while reading of the impending war between France and Prussia, brought about by the Emperor of France mainly, and the King of Prussia; and in the declaration of which, the people have no voice, but which will bring untold misery upon those countries, and leave thousands of little girls and boys fatherless, I thought how dearly we should prize our own country, and how grateful to God we should be for the blessings of a free and good government. May God continue these blessings to us as a people, and may all the children strive to be good and to become intelligent, that they may maintain and protect their liberties and hand them down to those who shall live after them. Perhaps, if you remember some of these things, I will write again, because I know little folks do not like long letters better than long speeches. Your friend,

R. T. TAYLOR.

New Advertisements.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

Of Valuable Property in the Borough of Beaver Falls & Patterson Township, Beaver County, Pa.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county sitting in equity, the subscriber will offer at public sale or auction on the premises, on

Thursday, August 25, 1870,

At 10 o'clock, a. m., all the following described three pieces or parcels of land, commonly known as the Rose and Patterson lands, to wit:

No. 1. A beautiful piece of ground situate on the bank of Big Beaver creek in the borough of Beaver Falls and immediately adjoining the Railroad station, the Cutlery works and other improved portions of said town, and directly opposite the town of New Brighton on the left bank of the creek. This property from its beauty of location, business advantages (by proximity to the P. F. W. & C. R. W., the canal and unexcelled water power of Beaver Falls) is admirably adapted to being laid out in town lots or for manufacturing purposes. The portion of the ground lying between the county road and the creek is under fence and has on it two houses; one of which is log, and the other frame. Also, two old shops and a small orchard of good fruit. This property is bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stake on the bank of Big Beaver creek, thence by land of Jas. Patterson north 54 degrees, west 36 40-100 perches to the centre of track of the P. Ft. W. & C. R. W., under appropriation of said Co., at No. 181 June Term, 1868, Beaver County Common Pleas; thence by said center of railway track, north 27 degrees, 18 minutes, west 8 30-100 perches, north 23 degrees, 33 minutes, west 6 4-10 perches, north 29 degrees, 26 minutes, west 6 6-100 perches, north 35 degrees, 48 minutes, west 6 6-100 perches, north 31 degrees, 56 minutes, west 6 6-100 perches, north 18 degrees, 3 minutes, west 6 6-100 perches, north 16 degrees, 15 minutes, west 79 43-100 perches to line of land late Jas. Patterson's, now Henrici & Lenz's; thence by the same, north 33 degrees, east 17 79-100 perches to a post; thence by lot now occupied by Mrs. Rose, south 17½ degrees, east 9 7-100 perches to a stake, south 27 degrees, 35 minutes, east 12 1-5 perches to a stake; thence by Walnut Bottom Run south 46 degrees, east 4 3-10 perches to a stake, south 30 degrees, east 19 1-4 perches to a stake, south 25 degrees, east 25 perches to a stake, south 45 degrees, east 26 perches to the Big Beaver creek; thence by said creek south 31 degrees, west 43 perches to the place of beginning, containing 23 acres and 79 perches, subject however to the right of way of P. Ft. W. & C. R. W., which occupies 3 acres and 31 perches.

No. 2.—A fine farm situate and being partly in the borough of Beaver Falls and partly in Patterson tp.

This is A Valuable Piece of Land, being nearly all under fence, in a good state of cultivation and well watered by springs. The improvements are a one and a half story log house with frame addition, and frame barn. There is a never failing spring of water near the house and a small orchard of grafted fruit. A considerable amount of good timber yet remains on the hillside portion of the farm. A vein of excellent coal of about two feet in thickness, and two veins of fire clay underlie the place which are particularly valuable owing to their contiguity to a good home market and the facilities for shipping by Railroad and canal.

This would make an Excellent Dairy, Or Gardening Farm, having a ready market in Beaver Falls, New Brighton and Fallston, with an aggregate population of nine or ten thousand persons. This piece of land is bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a stake in centre of railway track (at limit 16 40-100 perches from the west bank of Big Beaver creek) thence by land of James Patterson north 64 degrees west 38 40-100 perches; north 83 degrees west 43 perches to a stake; south 79½ degrees west 21½ perches to a stake; south 69½ degrees west 11½ perches to a stake; south 62 degrees west 21 perches to a stake; thence by parcel of land No. 3—hereinafter described—south 51½ degrees west 9 4-10 perches to a stake; south 73½ degrees west 11 7-10 perches to a stake; north 41½ degrees west 13 65-100 perches to a stake; south eighty-nine (89) degrees west 23½ perches to a post; thence by land of Thomas Wells, north 1 degree west 128 3-10 perches to a Black Oak; thence by land formerly of James Patterson, now Henrici & Lenz, north 39 degrees east 49 perches to a post; south 1 degree east 62½ perches to a black oak stump; north 86 deg. east 102 97-100 perches to centre line of track of P. Ft. W. & C. R. W.; thence by said centre line of railway track south 16 degrees 15 minutes east 70 45-100 perches; south 18 degrees 8 minutes east 4 85-100 perches; south 21 degrees 56 minutes east 6 05-100 perches; south 25 degrees 48 minutes east 6 05-100 perches; south 29 degrees 28 minutes east 6 05-100 perches; south 33 degrees 18 minutes east 6 05-100 perches; south 37 degrees 18 minutes east 8 50-100 perches to place of beginning; containing 106 acres and 96 perches; subject, however, to the right of way of P. F. W. & C. R. W., which occupies two acres and 30 perches.

No. 3.—A piece or parcel of land in Patterson Township.

This is a choice piece of Meadow Land, but easily partially under fence; a spring run pass