The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., Feb. 2, 1870.

Circulation Over Twelve Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

Space	1 w	2 w	3 w	1 m	1 year
1 sq—10 lines	$3 00	$3 50	$5 00	$3 00	$10 00
2 squares, do	5 00	6 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares, do	6 00	8 00	9 00	11 00	18 00
¼ column	8 00	10 00	12 00	15 00	21 00
½ column	12 00	15 00	20 00	30 00	40 00
1 column	20 00	30 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

Administrators', and Executors', Notices.....$3 00

Special notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except for transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

State of the Thermometer for the week ending the 29th of Jan., 1870.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Jan. 23	47 deg.	40 deg.	41 deg.
" 24	36 deg.	36 deg.	36 deg.
" 25	30 deg.	33 deg.	36 deg.
" 26	30 deg.	51 deg.	49 deg.
" 27	36 deg.	39 deg.	34 deg.
" 28	20 deg.	36 deg.	35 deg.
" 29	35 deg.	40 deg.	37 deg.

R. T. TAYLOR.

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear *for the first time in the* ARGUS to-day:

Bank Report—Edward Hoops, cashier.
Agents Wanted—J. B. Burr & Co.,
Notice to Contractors—J. Woolslair's,
Dentistry—Dr. J. Murray,
Closing Out—A. Harvey,
Receipts & Expenditures—County,
Proposals for County Home—J. Slentz, and others.
Special Notices—H. Andriessen,
New Brighton Seminary—Rev. N. B. Johnston, Principal,
Meeting of Stockholders—R. Wilde,
Special Notice—Speyerer & Sons,
Special Notice—J. M. Doherty.

Subscriptions to the Beaver Argus.—The following named persons have paid the sums set opposite to their names on subscription to the Beaver ARGUS, since the date of our last publication.

A. Boyd Rook, Beaver,	$2 00
Lewis Reno, Rochester,	2 00
A. P. Lacock, Freedom,	2 00
Joseph Strock, Beaver,	1 50
Wm. Shrodes, Moon tp.,	2 00
Dr. J. M. Cummins, Industry,	1 00
Wm. Fuller, Bridgewater,	50
Jas. McLintock, Beaver P. O.,	2 00
Hagt & Reed, Darlington,	2 00
J. P. Wilson, Holt,	4 00
A. Kirk, jr., North Sewickley,	2 00
J. W. Jack, Industry,	2 00
Sarah Anderson, Brighton tp.,	7 00
John Armstrong, Brighton tp.,	2 00
Wm. Taylor, Bridgewater,	4 00
A. Lyon, Ohioville,	4 00
John Stiles, Rochester,	2 00
A. C. Hawkins, Pleasantville, Pa.,	1 00
Abraham Christy, Industry,	2 00
Rev. J. M. Smith, Beaver,	1 00

We regret that the editorial notice of the death of the Rev. Franklin Moore, D. D., in the Methodist Home *Journal* of Philadelphia reached us at too late an hour for this week's paper. It will appear in the ARGUS of next week.

Lost.—A new saddle crupper was lost in Beaver, between the M. E. church and M. Wilson's residence in the early part of the winter. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the ARGUS office.

☞ Choice New Crop New Orleans Molasses. Best Honey Syrup and Boston Syrup for Sale cheaper than the cheapest at A. S. Harvey's Store, Bridgewater.
-an1241]

A Treat.—Prof. B. B. Lakin of this place has placed us under obligations for a choice lot of fine eating apples. May his *shadow never grow less.*

Chester Whites.—Mr. John Armstrong of Brighton tp., killed a couple of hogs a short time ago, which pressed the scales down pretty heavily. They were of the Chester White breed, and were about one year old. One of them weighed 439 pounds and the other 385.

Rev. Charles Cook, D. D., the minister who organized the M. E. Church of this place 45 years ago, is the guest of Hon. D. Agnew. He is here from Philadelphia to attend the funeral of Rev. F. Moore, D. D. His name is dear to our old people, and his presence is more welcome at this time.

Good Fresh Lime always on hand at the Mulvanon Lime Kilns, Vanport. [augl1:tf.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.—Boots and Shoes at actual cost for the next thirty days at J. M. Doherty's Bridge street, Bridgewater. [feb2:3t

Gen. Irwin Serenaded.—On last Friday night the neighbors and friends of Gen. Irwin, in New Brighton and vicinity, called at the General's residence, and having the New Brighton Band with them, gave him a welcome home serenade. The music discoursed on the occasion, is said to have been very fine. The company staid until a late hour of the night, well pleased with their visit, and fondly hoping that the champion "ring-smasher" of Pennsylvania, may long live in our midst.

Personal.—Gen. Irwin the Treasurer elect of Pennsylvania, was in town on last Saturday. He looks as hale and hearty as though his "mill" with the Treasury plunderers' had neither interfered with his digestion nor served to cause him the least loss of sleep. His numerous friends hereabouts were glad to see him and give him a hearty hand shake.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh stock of leading Groceries:—New crop of Tea, at New York prices, extra white Cincinnati Lard, Sugars, all grades, pure Spices &c. Refined oil only 35 cents, Crude 20 cents per gallon. Choice Syrups. Call and be convinced. Hugo Andriessen, Beaver Drug Store.

FRESH Garden Seeds, just received and for sale at the Beaver Drug Store.

Poor House Steward.—On last Friday, pursuant to adjournment, the Directors of the Poor for Beaver county, met at the Steward's house in Moon tp., and after considerable deliberation, re-elected Mr. Shrodes as Steward for the present year. His salary was fixed at $350, being $100 less this year than last. The Directors at the same time re-elected H. Hice, Esq., as their attorney for the year 1870.

ONE hundred and sixty barrels of Canton City and New Creek Flour, two hundred kegs of Wheeling nails, and a choice lot of Carbon Oil received and for sale, wholesale or retail, at Speyerer & Sons, Rochester.

New Brighton Seminary.—We call the especial attention of the reading public to the advertisement, under the above caption, in this paper. The Principal, Rev. N. B. Johnston, is a classical scholar, of eminent renown for imparting instruction, and executive ability in managing an academical institution. The location is delightfully picturesque, healthy, and accessible by rail from all parts of the country. A more desirable place for the education of youth could scarcely be selected.

NO HUMBUG.—I had recently the pleasure of examining the working of the Iron City College, and was surprised at the thorough practical organization. Any young man, no matter what his vocation in life may be, will be greatly benefited by a course of study here.—*John Harper, President of the Bank of Pittsburgh.*

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the Post Office, at Beaver, to February 1st, 1870.

Mr Calh Bool	Mrs P M Carver 2
Mr Chas Carter (2)	Mrs M C M Green
Mr Robt Dyer	Mr Jack Swangler
D D Davison esq	Geo Scott esq
Robert Esch	Mrs G C Schofield
Mr Thos Elliott	Mrs M E Shafer
L A Gaylord esq.	Mrs Mary Taggert.
J W Hedges	

M. A. McGaffick, P. M.

Dreadful Accident.—Some time ago the sons of Mr. Cross, of Worth township, dug a well on their farm preparatory to erecting new buildings, provided water was obtained. A person had been engaged to wall it, and was to have been there on Wednesday the 19th inst. He did not come, and a Mr. Moore, of Lawrence county, we believe, and a Mr. Brown of the neighborhood happening to be there, Mr. Cross requested them to go down the well and show how the walling was to be commenced, as they intended to do the work themselves. These persons went down and commenced work. While engaged Mr. Collier came and requested Mr. Moore to come up, as he desired to pay him for a horse he had purchased some time before. Mr. Moore requested him to pay it to Mr. Cross. He and scarcely spoken before the side of the well caved in, covering both him and Brown up. Mr. Cross went down, and succeeded in getting sufficient sand away to uncover their heads. They could not, however, speak. Another slide occurred this time covering them up entirely, and also embedding Mr. Cross up to the thighs. He was taken out, but the other two were not got until the next day. Brown, it is supposed, was killed instantly, but the body of Moore was yet warm when taken out.

It is a sad accident. They were reputable men, and highly esteemed. Brown leaves a family of young children, his wife being dead some years ago. Moore we believe, was unmarried.—[Butler Herald.]

THE LIVER.—Its office is to separate impurities from the life current, the blood, and to secrete bile. How apparent the necessity for health's sake is the proper performance of its functions. If obstructed, it cannot purify the blood, which *it sent to the lungs*, brain and every part of the system, in a morbid condition, will produce jaundice, insanity consumption, &c., &c.; by withholding the stimulus from the intestines, produces dyspepsia, piles and many other disorders. Delicate females and weak children are made strong by the use of the Constitution Bitters. In fact, they are a family medicine; they can be given to the child of three months old, the indisposed female, or a person of three score and ten.

Lecture on India.—Rev. Stevenson, a returned missionary from India, gave a public lecture in the U. P. Church of this place, on last Thursday evening. The lecture was both interesting and instructive. The lecturer had in his possession some Hindoo Idols which were shown the audience, and his remarks touching these excited the risibles of those present. On the whole the lecture was well worth what it cost to hear it.

All the popular almanacs for 1870, can be had free at the Beaver Drug Store.

Products, &c., of the Poor House Farm in 1869.—From the Steward at the Poor House farm, we ascertain the following facts touching the "situation" there for the year just closed:

PRODUCTS OF THE FARM.

Wheat	Bushels	313
Rye	do	117
Oats	do	215
Corn	do in ear	1,400
Potatoes	do	650
Cabbage	heads	1,000
Hay	tons	10
Butter	pounds	1,000

Besides the above enumerated articles, there was a bountiful supply of onions, parsnips, carrets, beets, tomatoes, cucumbers, beans, &c., raised on the farm. There was milk produced on the farm sufficient to supply the inmates.

All clothing for the use of the paupers, except heavy coats, are made by the Steward's family, assisted by the inmates.

STOCK ON THE FARM.

Horses	Number of head	3
Cattle	" " "	11
Sheep	" " "	14
Hogs	" " "	16

The Agricultural implements on the farm are in good condition, and as plentiful as are necessary.

NO. OF PAUPERS IN 1869.

Number on Jan. 1st 1869	55
Admitted during year	25—80
Discharged during the year	22
Died do do	5
Taken to Hospital, do do	3—30
Number remaining Jan. 1, 1870	50

Average during the year, 52½

The paupers, as we know from personal knowledge, are well cared for; and the general health of those in the institution has been good. On the whole, therefore, we congratulate the people of Beaver county on the favorable condition of things in and about their County Infirmary.

Temperance Meeting.—One of the largest and most interesting Temperance meetings ever held in Beaver, was held on last Friday evening, Jan. 28th, in the Court House. This was an adjourned meeting from Thursday, 20th, at which a committee was appointed to investigate the action of our physicians and druggists in regard to the issue and filling of whiskey prescriptions. The meeting of Friday evening was called to hear the report of said committee.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Riggs, after which Messrs. Carter and Coe of Rochester favored the audience with a temperance song, in the chorus of which the large audience joined with pleasing effect.

Prof. R. T. Taylor, President of the meeting called for the report of the committee on doctors and druggists. J. F. Dravo, chairman, reported progress; said they had called on two of the physicians, Drs. Boardman and McKinney, also the two druggists, Mr. Andriessen and Mr. Moore, whose answers to the questions propounded were entirely satisfactory to the committee.

Mr. Dravo followed his report with some remarks appropriate to the occasion. Said that no man had a right to drag his neighbor down to destruction by this accursed traffic in whiskey, and wanted to see a man with back bone enough to resist its baneful influence in our community, &c.

Dr. McLean being called upon, apologized for inability to make a speech on the score of physical disability. He announced himself, however, as a temperance man with much back bone, and hinted at other evils' which needed looking after as much as whiskey drinking. Related an occurrence: Said that one night about two o'clock he was aroused by the ringing of his door bell; he went to see what was the cause, and found a well known citizen at the door at that unfitness hour, who anxiously desired to be informed where he was and where his own dwelling was situated. Further comment is unnecessary. He also saw another man enter a drug store, ask to to have a prescription filled, had it filled and drank it at the counter.

Rev. Hollingshead followed with a most eloquent and fervent appeal for the cause of temperance. Said whiskey had dragged down the brightest intellects of our land, asked whether whiskey should be allowed to destroy us or we destroy it? and implored the young men, in whom he felt a deep interest, to shun the deadly cup as they would the steam from the 'bottomless pit.' His remarks made a deep impression on all present, and we regret that we are unable to give them entire.

Messrs. Carter and Coe followed with another good song to the tune of 'Bruce's Address,' which was well received.

Prof. Curtis spoke of the failure of the 'Maine Liquor Law' and its causes, described some of the effects of alcohol on the human organism, and other well timed remarks.

Mr. Coe of Rochester remarked that since the licenses were all stopped in that borough, drunkenness was less frequent and that not one had been sent to jail from that place during the year, for drunkenness.

Henry Hice esq., congratulated the audience on the apparent change of public sentiment on the subject of Temperance; as indicated by so vast an audience; and gave a clear explanation of the duties of the Court and the people, pledged, that if the people would do their part in remonstrating, the Court would do its, in refusing licenses, but where none was sent in, the Court was bound in accordance with their oath to grant a license. He also appealed to the ladies to turn out, and show by their presence at the next term of court that they protested against any more liquor licence being granted. Remarks were well received and would have "brought down the house" had applause been allowed. Dr. McLean added an appendix to his former remarks, which was true in every respect.

Capt. Campbell of Bridgewater, said with the assistance of the ladies they had succeeded in preventing license being granted in that place; and, that no licensed house was in the borough, except a whiskey ware house where it could be bought by the gallon—protected by a U. S. license.

Prof. Taylor suggested that a committee be appointed for Bridgewater to call upon Doctors and Druggist there.

Mr. Dravo, suggested a meeting for Bridgewater, as a supplement to the meeting of Beaver, but, in consideration of the fact that the business of the Beaver meeting was unfinished it was agreed to meet again in Beaver on Friday evening of this week, Feb. 4th.

With the exception of a few unimportant interruptions, by parties who were not in sympathy with the meeting; it was a glorious meeting and we believe it had beneficial effect on nearly all present.

Messrs. Carter and Coe concluded the exercises by another good song entitled "They crowd us awfully," assisted in the chorus by some good temperance ladies from the adjoining boroughs.

After which the Benediction was pronounced by Rev. Dr. Riggs.

May the good work go on until, not only our town, but our entire county may be redeemed from the accursed sin. And, may this be a "year of jubilee" for the Temperance cause. REPORTER.

A PROPOSE and many times excessively offensive discharge from the nose, with "stopping up" of the nose at times, impairment of the sense of smell and taste, watering or weak eyes, impaired hearing, irregular appetite, occasional nausea, pressurer and pain over eyes, and at times in the back of the head, occasionally chilly sensations, cold feet, and a feeling of lassitude and debility are symptoms which are common to catarrh, yet all of them are not present in every case. Dr. Sage's Catarrh remedy cures catarrh in its *worst forms and stages.* It is pleasant to use, and contains no poisonous or caustic drugs.

Sent by mail on receipt of sixty cents. Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by most Druggists everywhere.

The Surveying Party from this place, on the contemplated Baltimore, Pittsburgh & Chicago Railway, has returned to Salem, having completed the survey of a preliminary line from this place to Akron, on last Saturday. We have ascertained, from conversation with different members of the party, that the route from Salem to Akron is every way a favorable one. The people residing along the line are very enthusiastic on the railroad subject, and express a determination to further the project as far as lies in their power. As an instance of the good feeling existing along the line, we will mention that at the village of Randolph, Portage county, the entire party were complimented with a fine serenade by the excellent Cornet Band of that place.

By the line just surveyed, the distance from Salem to Akron is a fraction under thirty-nine miles. It must be understood that this is the distance from the depot in Salem to the depot in Akron. The line has been made a very direct one. In one place they ran a perfectly straight line of six miles, and in another one of eight miles. The grades have been found to be all easy and light. The party have returned in excellent spirits, feeling satisfied that they are able to show a No. 1 route. We understand that it is the intention to commence operations on the line east of this place this morning.—*Salem Republican.*

Correspondence.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 22, 1870.

EDITOR ARGUS:—The last folds of night's curtains has fallen, and Pittsburgh is seen in its most dreary state. Always dark and gloomy from incessant smoke, it has to night with rain and mud reached a perfection in dreariness that old Weller would term 'demnable uncomfortable.' Like a mass of grim deserted old ruins, the city looks to night, from the splendid edifices that grace Fifth Avenue, down to the low, dingy, dutch buildings of ancient architecture—strangely grotesque, yet not without a plan.

Winter coquettes with spring, and spring coquettes with winter, and both spring and winter concoct plans to the discomfiture, if not the irritation of Queen Fashion's votaries. The gorgeous suits purchased for winter would look strangely out of place this sunny weather, and were one to appear in last summer's airy suit, significant glances and no less significant whispers would be exchanged by our acquaintances, all of which were desired to explain the precarious condition of the old gentleman's bank account, and at about the aforesaid time one's credit would naturally decline.

So far the season has been a good one for the different places of amusement. Dramatic and musical circles have been on the *qui vive.* To-morrow evening Mr. Edwin Forest commences an engagement of five nights. He appears in the order named: 'Richelieu,' 'Virginius,' 'Othello,' 'Jack Cade,' and 'King Lear.' This in all likelihood is the last engagement Forest will ever fill in Pittsburgh. Mr. Forest will be followed next week by Mr. John Collins, one of the best Irish comedians on the stage.

The result of the election for State Treasurer was a cause of no little surprise but much pleasure among the business men of this city. They have seen the power shorn from the Ring, have seen the wishes of the people of Pennsylvania gratified in the election of Irwin, and they know how to appreciate it in the highest sense of the word.

We had all heard of the insidious sophistry of the Cameron mouth piece at Beaver, the acknowledged leader of the Ring—

"A painted Jove
With idle thunder in his lifted hand,"

and by his bold assertions had learned that money, bribery and fraud, or whatever else the Ring could command, and could be used to insure Mackey's election would be used without regard to the wishes of the people of Pennsylvania. So successfully have the gentlemen comprising this Ring wielded the sceptre of power and influence in the Capital for some years past, lest their sanguine assertions would prove correct in the election of Mackey, that candidate for the office of State Treasurer.

Defeat in politics is unknown in whatever shape it may come to the defeated parties; but to those whose whole political career has been illumined with success, defeat is thrice bitter. The Ring should settle up all old accounts at the capital for they are dying. The death knell of that ill famed body has sounded; the angel of retributive justice sweeps all their fond hopes away—the unexpended balance included. Power bids the Ring adieu; justice denies their acquaintance, honesty scorns them, and Pennsylvania feels a heavy burden lifted from her shoulders as her mortal enemies.

"Fold their tents like the Arabs,
And as silently steal away."

The ring passes out of existence as a living body. To-day its membership represents naught but the disappointments of greedy politicians. They can impose on the people no more—they are as dead as the cause of the Stuarts. They have held high command over some of our cringing, skulking representatives, and have made Harrisburg worse than "Malebolge" in 'Dante's Hell;' but their high career has been cut short.

I hear the New House in Beaver is a wonder—that its roots growth deep—that its top mounteth unto the high heavens, and that its four corners pointeth to the four corners of the earth. I am also informed that a new church is being built in the immediate vicinity of this wonderful structure. This is significant; it reminds me of the following lines which seemed formed for the occasion:

'Wherever God erects a house of prayer,
The devil's sure to build a chapel there.'

Not that I would pronounce the honorable gentleman a Devil, but merely thought that a good place to bring in a little poetry.

As the night is far advanced I must close, and if these lines should not suit the taste of some, I would ask them to try and think it was Charles Reade, Charles Dickens or some other big author is the writer. PITTSBURGH.

WASHINGTON Co. Pa., Jan. 24, '70.

EDITOR ARGUS: The noble and patriotic stand which has been taken by a portion of the Republican press of our State against money-ring-jobbers and public Treasury-sappers, of which the Pittsburgh *Commercial* and the Beaver ARGUS appear to have taken the lead is highly approved in this county by the honest masses of all parties, and richly entitles all such high toned and straight forward public journals to the confidence and gratitude of the people at large throughout the State.

There was some little excitement and a good deal of rejoicing some two weeks ago when the news reached us of the overthrow of the infamous Treasury-ring at the State Capitol with its "Mackey" and of the breaking of your little neighbor's "slate" in the general jumble which appears to have taken place in the hurry of voting upon the occasion, and of the election of Gen. Irwin to the State Treasurership, who is emphatically the man of the people, and the people's choice for that highly important and responsible office.

The praise worthy course of Mr. Buffington, member from this county, and the only representative of the people from the District in casting his vote and giving his aid to smash up the ring is greatly applauded and will endear him still more closely to the affections of his constituents of this county at least, where he has always been popular and respected not only for his intellectual attainments but for his integrity and honesty, whilst the course of the other members from the district, is greatly disapprobated and will it is apprehended secure their defeat if ever they come before the people again for re-election. If the Republican party is to be saved from destruction in our old Commonwealth, it must be purged from the political tricksters who have maneuvered and engineered their way into office the last three or four years, of which your county has now its full representation. Then as the Treasury ring gentry have exhibited their noses to full view in the late struggle for the State Treasurer, let them be marked and consigned to a political grave so deep that they would forever despair of a resurrection.

Yours Respectfully,
ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

Penn'a. Legislature.

SENATE, Jan. 24.—Bill's were introduced authorizing deserters' wives to sell their property, or sue for debts, and one to vote *for additional Supreme Judges in October* next; one relative to evidence on contract. The Senate, by repealing a section of last year's appropriation bill, restored the franking privilege and the odious 'Legislative Record.' A bill to abate the length of punishment, on account of good behavior, in county jails passed. Also, one to punish beggage-masters, hackmen, and others, for smashing baggage by rough handling. The Senate re-called the bill restoring the franking privilege, &c. A bill requiring two years study to qualify a person to fill medical prescriptions passed

HOUSE.—The Treasury investigating committee were required to extend their inquiries back three years. The Senate bill, restoring the franking privilege and the Bergner contract, was defeated. Our Representatives in Congress were instructed to sustain the tariff on iron.

SENATE, Jan. 25.—The "Record" bill was indefinitely postponed. The resolution to discharge the pasters and folders and all extra officers, was discussed until the hour of adjournment.

HOUSE.—Nothing of general interest transpired; local bills occupied the entire session.

SENATE, Jan. 26.—The bill relative to a Board of Control over the State Treasury was reported favorably. The Governor's veto of the bill relative to the pay of the Clerk of Qr. Sessions of Schuylkill county was unanimously sustained. The bill to contract with Bergner to print the 'Legislative Record,' was called up. Mr. Billingfelt asserted that the matter had been "set up" since yesterday. It would unnecessarily duplicate the printing at the public expense. Mr. Lowry said he didn't want George Bergner to be his censor in abreviated speeches. He would rather have full reports. He wished to God they could get rid of this man, even by a large annual pension. He had for years been a barnacle upon the Treasury. He observed a prominent officeholder buttonholing members on this question, and hoped he would go back to his office. The Democrats joined extravagant Republicans—it is supposed with the understanding that the Democratic paper at Harrisburg is to receive a portion of the legalized steallings—and the infamous public plunder bill passed.

HOUSE—A bill making it a penal offence to issue policies of insurance except under charter from this or some other State, was passed. A bill was favorably reported to submit the question of liquor selling to a vote of the people of each election district, on petition to the Court of Quarter sessions by one-fourth of the voters. The Senate bill, allowing each member $100 for postage was passed.

SENATE. Jan. 27.—The bill for the publication of Department documents was so amended as to prohibit, after the expiration of the present contract, the printing more than half the present number. A number of bills and resolutions were offered. The Treasure Committee were authorized to extend their inquiries back for ten years—evidently for the purpose of showing (if Mackey was derelict) that he is not much worse than his predecessors. It not, for what?

HOUSE.—A bill to repeal that section of the Act of 1867, relating to judicial sales; and one requiring interrogatories to be filed in attachment cases on or before the return day of the writ, were passed. The Senate Bergner iniquity printing bill was defeated by a large majority.

SENATE, Jan. 28.—A bill was introduced providing for the reduction of the State debt, and one providing for the payment of $1,000 inaugural expenses. The bill to erect a new county in the oil regions passed second reading. Both Houses adjourned till Monday.

Forty-First Congress.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE, Jan. 24—After the presentation of petitions on various subjects, a resolution was offered inquiring by what authority General Terry was inquiring into the eligibility of State Senators and Representatives in Georgia. It was laid over. The joint resolution granting a pension to the widow of Abraham Lincoln was referred. The Senate then took up the bill to provide a national currency of coin notes, which was discussed until the hour of Executive Session; after which the Senate adjourned without further business.

HOUSE.—A great number of bills were introduced; among them was: One to increase the number of Supreme Judges; To regulate the manner of ratifying amendments to the Constitution; To build a railroad from Washington city to Schuylkill Co., Pa.; To grant 160 acres of land to soldiers who served in the late war; To adjust the payment of pensions on a gold basis; For the health and safety of coal miners. A resolution was adopted declaring the committee on elections a judicial body to act in such case as if under a special oath to decide according to the law and facts. A bill to provide for the consolidation of all the Indian tribes was passed. The Senate Amendments to the Virginia bill were then taken up, and after considerable discussion, passed; so, the bill now goes to the President. He will sign it at once. Adjourned.

SENATE, Jan. 25.—A bill was reported to relieve certain persons from political disabilities. The joint resolution relative to the seizure of whiskey in California was called up, but laid aside to resume the consideration of the bill to provide for a currency of specie paying notes, which was discussed at great length. Mr. Sumner moved an amendment by substituting his bill introduced some time ago, providing for the increase of bank circulation to five hundred million dollars, on the retirement of the present Greenbacks. The bill was discussed until the hour of adjournment.

HOUSE.—The bill preventing the sale of public lands, except to preemptionists, and actual settlers in California, passed.

A number of local bills were introduced and referred. The League Island Navy Yard bill was discussed till the close of the morning hour. The House decided that neither of the contestants for a seat in that body from the 4th Congressional district of South Carolina, will entitled it; but it was, however, again referred to the election committee. Nothing of interest occurred at the evening session.

SENATE, Jan. 26.—Mr. Howell was sworn in as Senator, in place of Mr. Grimes, resigned. Several petitions were presented for final suffrage, and other matters. Among the bills introduced was a supplement to the currency Act of June 3, 1864, it authorizes free banking under certain provisions.—Discussion was had on the bill for the disposal of the Fort Ridgley reservation lands, until the expiration of the morning hour, when the consideration of the currency bill was resumed, and continued till the hour of adjournment.

HOUSE.—A resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for a statement of the amount of interest paid on Pacific Railroad bonds, and other matters connected with those roads was adopted.—A resolution relative to the Avondale disaster was also adopted, inquiring whether Congress has power under the Constitution to legislate so as to prevent such occurrences. A resolution in reference to the pay of officers in the South—whether they are also paid by the State, as well as the United States—was adopted. The League Island bill, after some discussion, was laid on the table. Senate bill extending the limits of the Port of New Orleans, passed. The appropriation bill was then taken up and discussed until the hour of adjournment.

SENATE, Jan. 27.—The committee to whom the matter was submitted, reported favorably the joint resolution prohibiting department and other public officers from giving or receiving presents from one another. A bill to establish a port of delivery at Omaha was passed. The joint resolution authorizing the sale of the Cherokee lands in Kansas, was favorably reported. The Vice President informed the Senate that the President had signed the bill for the admission of Virginia. Mr. John F. Lewis presented his credentials and was sworn in as a Senator from Virginia. The currency bill was then taken up and discussed till adjournment.

HOUSE.—Among the bills introduced was one to carry the Japan indemnity fund to the credit of the U. S. Treasury. A bill was reported to authorize the construction of a railroad from Washington city by the nearest route to Cleveland, O., or Erie, Pa. Messrs. Platt, Ridgeway and Milnes, representatives from Virginia, were then sworn in. After a lengthy discussion of objections, Mr. Porter was also sworn in. The bill to abolish the franking privilege was taken up and passed. The committee on elections reported that John Covode was entitled to a seat from the 21st district of Pa. Mr. Dawes then spoke on the subject of retrenchment and reform, in reply to Mr. Butler, at great length. His speech attracted very general public attention—it was a masterly effort, and will have great weight on the public mind. Adjourned.

SENATE, Jan. 28.—Mr. John W. Johnson took the oath as Senator from Va. The Chair submitted a communication from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, relative to the cost of American pig iron, which was ordered to be printed. A resolution was adopted instructing the judiciary committee to inquire whether any more legislation was necessary for the organization of the Legislature of Georgia. A resolution was also adopted inquiring into the expediency of transferring to the surplus fund all balances of unexpended appropriations on the first of July next, except such permanent and indefinite appropriations as may be repealed without injury to the public service. A joint resolution authorizing the payment of bounties to colored seamen and soldiers without reference to former condition of servitude. After some other bills and resolutions relating to local matter were introduced, the Senate took up the Currency bill, which was discussed at some length; but it had to give place to the regular order—the consideration of the bill appropriating $30,000 to the poor of the District of Columbia, which was amended and passed.

HOUSE.—James K. Robinson, member elect from Virginia, was sworn in. Among the many bills introduced was one to amend the bankrupt act. A bill for the abolition of the office of Congressional printer, and of electing a Superintendent of public Printing at a salary of $4,000, to perform the same duties, was passed. The House decided that the representatives from Georgia were not entitled to a seat in the last Congress. A bill was offered to organize the Territory of Lincoln, and consolidate the Indian tribes into territorial government; also to provide a Territorial government for the District of Columbia. The appropriation bill was then discussed till the hour of adjournment.

Markets.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTS. GAZETTE,
MONDAY, Jan. 31, 1870.

FLOUR.—The market is rather firmer, and the demand better, though prices are unchanged. We continue to quote at $5.00@5.50 for spring, and $5.75@6 for winter wheat. Rye flour $5@5.25.

GRAIN.—The offerings of Wheat in this market continue very light but the mills are getting all they want from the west; good to choice, Red is still quoted at $1.15@1.18, and common to fair at $1.00@1.10. Oats continue dull and prices are weak; we continue to quote at 46c on wharf and track, and 48@50 in store. Rye, also, continues very dull, as there seems to be no demand of any consequence; still quoted at 85@90. Sale of 1 car choice shelled corn (yellow) at 85c; Ear is dull at 78@80c. Barley is dull and nominal at $1.00@1.10 for spring and fall.

HAY—Is quoted at $17@25.

HUSKS—Sales at 3 cents per pound.

HOMINY—Sales at $6.00@6.50 per bbl.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland white lime at $2@2.25 per bbl.

ONIONS—Sales at $2.50@3.00 per bbl., the outside figure for choice.

PROVISIONS—Market continues rather dull, though prices are without quotable change. Plain Shoulders, 14c; Sugar Cured do, 15c; Ribbed Sides, 16c; Clear do, 17@17½; Breakfast Bacon 19½c; Sugar Cured Hams, 19@19½c. Lard, 17c in tierces; 18@18½c in kegs and pails. Mess Pork $30.00.

To Consumptives.

THE advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, etc. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.
May13:1y

Errors of Youth.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

☞ TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cts. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this may send their address and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & Co., *Augusta, Me.*
oct27:3m.

Married.

FULLER—OLCOTT—*Jan. 1st, by Rev.* Joseph Hollingshead, Mr. Wm. Fuller and Mrs. Mary Ann Olcott of Bridgewater, Beaver county Pa.

ONSTOTT—MARKEY—On Thursday, Jan. 27, 1870, by the Rev. J. M. Shields, Mr. E. G. Onstott and Miss Lizzie N. Markey, both of Phillipsburg, Pa.

REID—MORTON—On the same day, by the same, Mr. Wm. H. Reid of Wellsburgh, West Virginia, and Miss Lillian Alice Morton of Rochester, Pa.

Died.

ENGLE—On the 25th of Jan. 1869, in Brighton tp., Beaver Co., Pa. Florence, youngest daughter of George and Amanda Engle aged 9 years, 3 months and eight days.

KENNEDY—At his residence in Chippewa tp., James Kennedy esq., ex-Sheriff of Beaver county, aged about 67 years.

New Advertisements.

New Brighton Seminary.

Rev. N. B. JOHNSTON, *Principal.*
Mrs. M. B. JOHNSTON, *Vice Principal and Preceptress.*

THIS Institution, with a full course of Teachers, will be open for boarders and day scholars, on **The First Monday (4th) of April Next** Spring Term three months.

The course of study for young ladies is complete. A Normal Department for Teachers, with Special Drill and Appropriate Lectures. First class Teachers of Piano and Vocal Music, Painting and Drawing.

Boys and Young Men admitted as Day Scholars, and fitted for business, or prepared for advanced College classes.

The location is beautiful, the house commodious and the rooms refitted and well furnished for boarders.

To obtain full information as to rates of Tuition, Boarding, &c., send for a Circular. Prior to the first of March, address the Principal at New Castle, Pa.; after that date at New Brighton, Pa.
feb2:3t

PROPOSALS FOR COUNTY HOME.—The undersigned will receive proposals for the furnishing of the materials and building a County Home, on the County Poor Farm, on the month of Raccoon Creek, Moon township, until Friday, March 4th, 1870, at 10 o'clock, a. m. The building to be of brick, one hundred by forty-four feet; two stories, with stone basement.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners' Office, Beaver, Pa. Security for the faithful performance of the work will be required. All proposals to be sealed, and directed to "Directors of the County Poor, Beaver County, Pa., and marked "Proposals for County Home."

JOHN SLENTZ,
S. MCNAMARA, } Direct's Poor, &c.
R. B. COOPER.
Radical and Local copy 3 times, and send bill to H. Hice.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Bids will be received for the erection of a Church at Industry, up to Saturday, February 12, 1870.—Plans and specifications can be seen at

JOHN WOOLSLAIR'S,
feb2:2w] Industry, Beaver Co., Pa.

Book Agents Wanted for

Struggles and Triumphs Of

P. T. Barnum.

Written by Himself, In One Large Octavo Volume—Nearly 800 Pages Printed in English and German—33 Elegant Full Page Engravings.

It Embraces FORTY YEARS RECOLLECTIONS of his busy life, as a Merchant, Manager, Banker, Lecturer and Showman, and gives accounts of his Imprisonment, his Failures, his Successful European Tours, and important Historical and Personal Reminiscences; replete with Humor, Anecdotes and entertaining Narrative. No book published so acceptable to all classes. Every one wants it. Agents are selling from 50 to 100 a week. We offer extra terms. Our Illustrated Catalogue and Terms to Agents sent free. J. B. BURR & CO.
Jan2:3m] Publishers, Hartford, Conn

S. B. WILSON.....JOHN J. WICKHAM.

WILSON & WICKHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

jan.19:3m.] BEAVER, PA.

Iron City College.

The Most Complete Business College in the United States,

Affording facilities for acquiring a thorough practical business education, possessed by no other School in the country.

Since its incorporation in 1853, nearly Sixteen Thousand Students, representatives from every State in the Union, have attended here.

No vacations. Students enter at any time, and receive private instruction throughout the entire course.

N. B.—Circulars with full particulars and all necessary information, on addressing

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