

The editor being absent accounts for our lack of official and general editorial this week.

WENDELL PHILLIPS and Parker Pillsbury are both doing their utmost to bring Senator Pillsbury to the Southern States in order to disprove them. They could not find an opportunity to speak disparagingly of the movement to build a Union party in the rebel States, but notwithstanding their opposition the work goes bravely on.

JUDON KELLEY of this State arrived at New Orleans on Thursday last, from which point he commenced his stump tour through the Southern States. He was welcomed to the city by the Mayor, Council, and a large body of citizens. Being an effective speaker, a zealous Unionist, and well informed on all political questions of the day, his canvass will undoubtedly accomplish much good among the people he addresses.

A SPECIAL DISPATCH to the Pittsburgh Commercial, dated Richmond, May 13, says that Jeff Davis has been released on giving \$100,000 bail for trial at the next term of Court.

COLUMBUS DELANO (Rep.) of Ohio was defeated on 40 certificates of election to Congress last fall in the Zanesville district. He gave notice at once of a determination to contest for the seat. The testimony is now being taken, and the Zanesville Courier of the 6th speaks thus of the result: The taking of the testimony of the Delano-Morgan contest has progressed far enough to assure the result. A majority of the legal votes cast in the Thirtieth District last fall were cast by Union men, and Hon. Columbus Delano was fairly elected to Congress. This is already proven by the evidence taken, and plenty of votes to spare.

The Democracy of Allegheny county met in Convention at Pittsburgh, on Wednesday last and selected their delegates to attend a State Convention of their party at Harrisburg on the 11th of June. After these were selected, a resolution recommending Hon. Walter H. Lowrie as the candidate of the party for the Supreme Judgeship of the State, was unanimously adopted. Mr. L. has been on the Supreme Bench already, but will hardly make the nomination of his party much less an election again. If Judge Woodward is not re-nominated, Judge Sharswood of Philadelphia will be the Democratic candidate for that position. At least such are the "surface indications" at the present time.

Some base ruffian has invented a paragraph about Randall (P. M. G.) resigning. This statement is promptly denied by an anxious correspondent. We are assured that the story that Randall has resigned, or ever contemplated resigning, or ever intimated that in any possible contingency he would resign, is false. The assurance is scarcely necessary. We believe in Randall. He will hold to an office as long as any member of the Johnson party, which is saying a great deal. He may die; Heaven forbid—he may be chosen to a higher place, which the people would—but he will never resign. If any of our anxious politicians hope to get into Randall's shoes, let them be patient, and wait. With office holders like Randall it is only a question of time—but still it is a question of time.—N. Y. Tribune.

The State Rights Democrats carried Kentucky in the election of Saturday. Their popularity is probably less than last year, but majority of the vote is lighter. Several of their candidates had been in the Rebel Army, nearly every one had notoriously sympathized with the Rebellion. There will be some hard swearing required to seat their allegations in Congress, but Kentucky is still pro-Slavery, they why should she not be Rebel? Her voters are intent on keeping the negro under foot; they uphold the Rebel Democracy as the surest straight road to their end. They may feel remarkably loyal to Lincoln, nor farseeing but they know what they want, and vote the only ticket that promises to secure it.—N. Y. Tribune.

A FEW of the colored people of Paris, Tennessee, were quietly dancing a few evenings since, when ten white men rushed into the house, drove out the surprised, unarmed Black men, and ravished the women, one of whom was so injured by their ruffianism that she must die. Eight of the white miscreants have been arrested and are now in custody. We shall watch very closely the legal proceedings with regard to them. A gross outrage may be committed anywhere, and by whites or Blacks; but the law bears down on some people as it does not on others. Ten years ago, this hideous crime might have been perpetrated in any Southern State with perfect impunity. Now, we trust, it may not be, thanks to Emancipation and the Civil Rights Act. As our sometimes friend Emerson Etheridge, Conservative candidate for Governor of Tennessee on the platform of "Universal Amnesty, Impartial Suffrage," lives at Paris, we look to him to take care that those ravishers are so dealt with that they will conclude not to do so again.—N. Y. Tribune.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York Herald, who is playing the part of Jenkins for Mr. Seward, at Auburn, says that the present return home of the Secretary is only preliminary to his retirement from public life. As he is now sixty-six years old, he feels that the time has about arrived for him to seek quiet and seclusion. In private circles he is very enthusiastic over his recent achievement in securing for Uncle Sam the Russian American territory, whose possession he deems a crowning triumph of his diplomatic career, the benefit of which, though now involved in obscurity, will be claims, become of incalculable value as it is not very remote period.

Governor FIREBORN has appointed John Oliver, a colored man of Richmond, a notary public for the city of Richmond and county of Henrico. He is a man of respectability and intelligence, and is the first colored man ever appointed to such an office.

HOLE-IN-THE-DAY, the celebrated Chippewa chief, has married a white domestic of a hotel in Washington City. Mrs Hole-in-the-day is a young lady of modest and intelligent appearance. Her royal husband does not desire to take her to his harem of half-dozen or more Indian wives, but designs living in St Cloud, Minn., in the style and manner of "white folks."

Tax colored people of Baltimore presented the widow of Hon. Henry Winter Davis a full length portrait of her deceased husband, as a tribute of their gratitude to his memory for services rendered their race in helping them to freedom.

EDUCATION IN VIRGINIA.—The Legislature of Virginia has done a good thing in appropriating \$30,000 for the education of white and black children. Considering that this is done by a State where it was an offense three years ago to teach a slave to read, and where the condition of the free blacks was hardly any better, it indicates a glorious advance of public sentiment. It is also an act of wisdom.

CONGRESSMAN KELLEY, of Pennsylvania, instead of following Senator Wilson in his campaign through the South, is to proceed direct to New Orleans, and commence there to make a radical speech, making a tour through Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, North Carolina, and Tennessee. Senator Stewart, of Nevada, will go to Mississippi, where he proposes to address the white and colored people in reference to their duty under the Reconstruction Act.

A CONGRESSIONAL inquiry into the facts connected with the capture of Jeff. Davis fully confirmed the report that he was disguised in female garments when taken. He had on a lady's water-proof cloak, gathered at the waist and a shawl drawn over his head. He carried a tin pail upon his head, as if going for water. A pair of top-boots, which the cloak did not hide, betrayed him.

We believe in our soul that the whole party of ex-rebels have quaked more in their souls at the probable testimony as to Jeff's disguise when captured, than at the idea of having the old traitor hang. How are you chivalry?

The Situation in Maryland. Political movements in Maryland are becoming decidedly interesting. The Democratic element—the same that sympathized with the rebellion down to its close, have resolved to hold a State Convention to accomplish its object, through a remodeling of the State Constitution. The Union people of the State have called another convention which will meet on the 14th instant. To invoke the popular will, and it will appear to Congress to protect the loyal masses. The enfranchisement of the colored citizens will be fully proclaimed and demanded. On this interesting subject the Baltimore American says:

"It is but the renewal of the old conflict in a new form. It has to be met, and we have the right to demand of the General Government the necessary weapons to meet it. Some twenty-five or thirty thousand law-abiding men, who were with us during the war, and are so still, are kept from our ranks. This is an element of strength and a certainty of success, which the Congress of the United States ought to give us, and that, too, before and not after the conflict."

"Should the Congress meet in July, we can certainly ask them, not for military interference, but the enactment of a law, which will bring out the vote upon a question of impotence, equally vital to us and to the country, at large."

List of Nominations and Rejections.

WASHINGTON, May 10, 1867. A list of the nominations made by the President and rejected by the Senate during the special session of the Fortieth Congress has just been completed. It was printed for the confidential use of the Senate, but a copy has leaked out. The following are the number rejected for the positions named: Postmasters, 113; Collectors and Assessors of Revenue, 67; Surveyors of Customs, 13; Collectors of Customs, 5; Naval Officers, 6; Indian Agents, 2; Public Lands, 4; Pension Agents, 3; Consuls, 2; Consul Generals, 3; Minister to Austria, 2. There were twenty-six nominations made which were neither confirmed nor rejected, but were laid over. The most prominent of this number are Raymond of Austria, Capron for Agricultural Bureau, Sidney Howard Gay for Assessor in New York City, and C. S. Franklin for Naval Officer for New York. At the regular session of the Senate for the Fortieth Congress, the following is the number rejected: Postmasters, 100; Collectors and Assessors, 58; Austrian Mission, 2; Pension Agents, 5. During the session of the Senate for the Thirty-Ninth Congress the following were rejected: Postmasters, 96; Collectors, 83; Collectors of Customs, 22; Postmasters, 108.

Military Activity in France and Prussia.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The Herald's Paris correspondence, referring to war preparations of France, says: The military scenes witnessed in the streets of Paris, moving of artillery, guns, gun carriages and munitions were similar to those seen just previous to the Crimean and Italian campaigns. The Herald's Berlin correspondent says: Prussia made her preparations steadily and without any noise or excitement as in France, but on a very extensive scale. Orders for the mobilization of the Guards and the Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Army Corps were made. Mr. Geo. F. Peacock is to be paid the rare compliment of having a statue erected to his honor in London during his life time. It is to be placed in the open space in the year of the Merchants' Exchange, and the subscription is headed by the Prince of Wales.

Organization of the Beaver Co Sunday School Association.

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Mr. J. E. Gilbert, of Buffalo, N. Y., editor of the Sunday School Standard, was introduced, and delivered an entertaining address on the History of the Sunday School Movement. He said that the Sunday School may be briefly defined as the Church reaching after the children, and its history as the Church's effort to gather the children into her bosom and nurture them for immortality. The instruction of children in the anti-Messianic Jewish Church bears a strong resemblance to our present Sunday School work. During the first century and the greater part of the second century of Christianity, there is no history of any religious movements corresponding to that of Sunday Schools; but that near the close of the second century, schools for the religious instruction of children were revived; and that before the close of the fifth century, they had become almost universal in the Church. The schools had arrived at a greater degree of perfection than we of the nineteenth century are disposed to give credence—they were systematically managed, graded, and classified. From the sixth to the sixteenth century there was a gradual decadence and disappearance of Sunday Schools and also of the preaching of the Gospel throughout Christendom. But after this long gloomy night, a bright sunrise arose; and among the many changes and reformations of the sixteenth century, it brought the dawn of another period of Sunday Schools. The speaker then briefly sketched the various movements, organizations, and societies, that have been in the interest of the Sunday School cause up to the present time; and then added that to-day two continents behold with mingled feelings of pride and astonishment the vast proportions which the Sunday Schools have assumed. To foster the Sunday School is the primary duty of the Church; and to carry forward this work successfully, the Church must devote abundantly of her means, the choicest of her talent and piety, and her prayers to the Head of the Church for his blessing.

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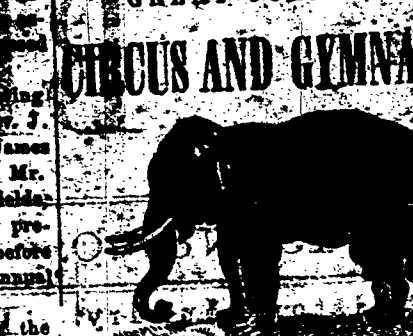
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Admission to Grand Combination 500. Children 25. The performing school numbers. Thirty Lady and Gentlemen Artists. Brilliant and finished representatives of all that is charming, intrepid and graceful in the modern phrases of Aeneas exploits.



It is no vain boast to assert, that in all that can render a place of public amusement respectable, interesting and instructive, this stands prominently above any similar organization of the age.

For Assembly: T. J. CHAMBERLAIN, Rochester borough CAPT. JAMES DARRAGH, Borough W.P. CO. THOMAS J. POWER, Rochester bor. S. B. WATSON, Beaver borough. THOMAS NICHOLSON, Hanover twp. S. G. CAUGHEY, South Beaver tp.

For Associate Judge: DR. M. LAWRENCE, Greene tp For Prothonotary: ROBERT DICKEY, Brighton township JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver borough. M. B. WELSH, Beaver borough.

For Treasurer: CAPT. E. BARNES, Borough township. JACOB ENL, Eden township. JAMES WILSON, New Brighton.

For Commissioner: WILLIAM EWING, Raceoon township. JOSEPH A. FLEMING, Moon township. JOHN C. CHRISTY, Raceoon tp. FINLEY ANDERSON, Beaver.

Jury Commissioner: JOSEPH C. WILSON, Beaver borough GEORGE T. SHANNON, Hopewell twp. For Poor House Director: SAMUEL McMANAMY, Economy twp.

For Trustees of Academy: S. J. CROSS, Rochester borough. JOHN BADCLAY, Beaver. The call is unavoidably crowded on this week. Primary meeting June 1st. General Convention on June 3rd, 1867.

Declination. WALLACE'S ROW, May 9th, 1867. Mr. Editor: Dear Sir—I notice my name announced in the Beaver Argus as a candidate for the Office of County Attorney and I wish, through the same medium, to tender to my friends my sincere thanks for this manifestation of their kindness. Fully recognizing the justice of the Soldiers' claim upon the people, I cannot entertain the idea of being a candidate at this time. C. P. WALLACE.

Trial List for June Term 1867. Comy of Penn. and v. G. W. Shrodes. Nancy Ewing, et al. vs. Jos. Frank, et al. H. M. Kenzie, et al. vs. Thos. Poe, et al. H. T. Price & Co. vs. Smith & Reno. J. F. Williams & Co. vs. Ed. Morrow. Robert Morgan vs. Hugh Anderson. James Colton & Co. vs. Wm. M. Shirley. John Beatty's Exor.' vs. N.C. B.V.R. Co. Haberman & Co. vs. John Graham, et al. Samuel Morrow vs. Thos. Greenlee. Henry Barr. vs. Geo. W. Barclay. G. W. Alexander's hrs vs. A. J. Chambers, et al. W. H. Deary vs. Mrs. Wm. H. Hamilton. Thos. H. Jackson vs. W. S. Morlan, et al. M. WEYAND, Prothonotary. (Local copy).