

J. WEYAND, Editor and Proprietor. January 18th, 1867.

Our venerable relative, 'Uncle Sam,' sent us a short time ago, a polite invitation to attend as a Juror, the United States Court, held at Pittsburgh on the 14th. Absence from home for some time will therefore be an unavoidable necessity.

United States Senators.

The past week has been prolific in making nominations for United States Senators. Some of these nominations have already resulted in elections, and before the week expires all of them will have received a majority of the votes of their respective Legislatures.

Gov. Simon Cameron, of this State, was nominated by the United States House of Representatives, from New York, and also nominated by the Republican caucus of the Legislature for the United States Senate on the 10th. He is now leaving his third term in the House, and will make an efficient and able Senator.

Hon. C. D. Drake, of Missouri, was also nominated on the 10th by the Unionists in the Legislature of that State. He is a Radical in politics, and both bold and able in the advocacy of his political opinions.

Gov. Morton, of Indiana, was also nominated last week by the Republicans in the Legislature of that State as their candidate for United States Senator. He is one of the best men for that position in the United States, and every loyal man in the country will rejoice to know that in the caucus but one vote was given against him.

A Remonstrance.

On Monday morning last a remonstrance, signed by eight hundred citizens of this county, was sent from this place, against the passage of a law by which the use of crude petroleum would be prohibited for illuminating purposes. We have no doubt but that every adult in this county would have appended his signature to this paper if time and opportunity had been given.

The Tax on Whisky.

Mr. Revenue Collector Wells, a 'My Policy' man, in his report urged a reduction of the tax on whisky. Wharton, of the Local, was also in favor of cutting the tax down; but the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives, not governed by the advice of either of these organs, has perversely concluded to leave the tax as it now is.

We do not now remember the reasons given by the Commissioner for this request, but it requires but little sagacity to understand why Wharton's long article was written advocating the same thing: He belongs to that large class of persons who possess an exaggerated faith in the utility of water for cooking uses and for purposes of navigation, but who nevertheless believe that as a 'thirst quencher' it is just the thing.

The Local seems to think that the proposition to pass a law prohibiting the use of crude petroleum is but a 'man of straw got up for our patriotic Assemblymen to kick over, and their meeting some, claim great merit for having done so.' This is only another evidence of the fact that the editors of the Senate only stupid retailers of public slang, and that they knew nothing of either the business interests of the county in which they live, or what is taking place in other localities to injure or affect these interests.

EDGAR COWAN, the present Senator from this State received the Democratic caucus nomination for U. S. Senator, and was voted for by the Democratic members of the Legislature yesterday. It matters but little whether a man has been a traitor to his country or to his party, he has only to ask latter-day Democracy for support, and he receives it at once.

The House Speakership Again.

In last week's Argus we took occasion to express our own views of the causes which led to Col. Quay's defeat for the House Speakership. Below will be found the opinion of the Philadelphia Transcript, a paper that has been determinedly in favor of General Cameron for the Senate, on the same subject. It will be seen that the same facts are given by the Transcript in connection with the Speakership that were submitted by us last week; and that Col. Quay's defeat was brought about by a coalition between the friends of Curtin, and because of his being the known choice of the latter for that position.

The Senatorial Struggle.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 5, 1867. The General Assembly of Pennsylvania convened on Friday last. The interest which centered in its convening was greatly increased, not so much by the mere choice of men to represent the organization of both branches as it was to show the strength of the division of the Republican party in the Legislature on the Senatorial question.

Ever since the adjournment of the last Assembly, the friends of Governor Curtin were busy consolidating a force to make him United States Senator. The soldier interest, so to call it, was wielded with great force in his favor before the masses of the people; and there is no denying that the Governor had attained a sort of effervescent popularity, which made him assume immense proportions to the gaze of politicians outside of the State, and which gave him that kind of flimsy strength at home that lasts only while it is left uncontested.

Here commenced the tug of war - The friends of Mr. Stevens and those of Mr. Frick did not feel strong enough to meet Mr. Quay, and at one time were partly inclined to yield him an election; but the friends of General Cameron did not partake of that opinion. General Cameron did not see that it was too sagacious not to see that Quay's election to the Speakership was an avowed Curtin candidate, and would give Curtin a prestige in the Republican caucus which could not be overcome.

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CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8, 1867. SENATE. Sundry miscellaneous and petitions of minor importance were presented and referred.

Mr. Sumner presented claims of the New England Emigrants Aid Society for \$25,000 damages done to property in Leavenworth, Kansas Territory, by a mob some years ago. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Lane reported from the Committee on Pensions bills granting pensions to widows of deceased Union soldiers of East Tennessee, who were killed by the Rebel armies during the war when caught burning a bridge near Knoxville. The pension in each case is eight dollars per month, and dates from November, 1861.

Mr. Wade reported from the Committee on Territories, a bill annulling all laws and ordinances of the District of Columbia, and of several Territories making a distinction between persons on account of color, and for punishment of officers and persons who may attempt to execute any such laws or ordinances contrary to the provisions of this act.

Mr. Edwards moved to amend by adding the same amendment which had been attached to the Nebraska bill. Agreed to - says 21, yeas 28.

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Ways and Means - Messrs. Billings, Landon, Taylor, Glatz, Wallace, Company - Messrs. Jackson, Sherman, Billings, Howe, Lawrence, M'Connell.

Private Claims and Damages - Taylor, Stutzman, Fisher, James, Schall, Library - Messrs. Worthington, Cowley, Wallace - Messrs. Royer, Bigsby, Conall, McCandless, Schall.

Public Buildings - Messrs. Coleman, Brown, (Mercer) Glatz. New Counties and County Seats - Messrs. Brown, (Mercer) Haines, Shoemaker, Donovan, Seagriff.

Several local acts were read in relation to Philadelphia. Mr. Brown, Mercer, an act to regulate the carrying of passengers by railway companies; authorizes passengers to carry, without additional charge, one hundred pounds of baggage, not to exceed two hundred dollars in value.

Mr. Wallace, an act authorizing purchasers of railroads, canals, &c., under trust sales, to bid on the same under like powers, as if sold at judicial sale.

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Federal Relations - Messrs. Davis, Wagner, McGill, Fieboer, Lee, M'Creary, Mann, Pomypacker, Waddell, Donahugh, Jenks, Phelan, Boyle, Meyers and Tharp.

Pensions and Gratitudes - Messrs. Wingard, Subers, Waller, Armstrong, Brown, Gallagher, Colvill, Adair, Richards, Barrington, Nash, Calvin, Chalfant, and Fogel.

To Compare Bills - Messrs. Watt, Cameron, Chase, Steacy, Stehman, Boyd, Brown, Brennan and Kurtz. Election Districts - Messrs. Humphrey, Weller, Leech, Brown, Chase, Eby, Kimmell, Cameron, Day, Harner, Kline, Hunt, Jones and Collins.

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Estates and Estates - Messrs. Meacham, M'Creary, Mann, Quay, Shuman, Wallace, Webb, Whann, Harrison, Wingard, Jones, Kurtz, Koo, Hood and Fogel.

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C. U. MEYER & Co. WHOLESALE & RETAIL MANUFACTURERS OF TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

JAPANESE, PLISHED & PRESSED WARE. House Furnishing Articles. Also, a general assortment of Hardware.

Executors Sale of Real Estate. BY virtue of an authority contained in the last will of William Brittain, deceased, the undersigned will sell at public vendue on - out-of - on the premises, on

FRANKLIN TWP., Jan. 10, 1867. Editor Argus: Having had occasion to visit New Brighton several times within the last three weeks, I observed that the County Commissioners have had erected two wrought-iron tubular bridges, to supply the place of two wooden ones, which have rotted down - one at what is called Mecklem, on Brush creek, in Marior township, the other at the Pierce, or Fombelle saw-mill, in North Sawickly tp.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Public Sale. IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY, N. J., June 7, 1866. JOHN BARLOW vs. WILLIAM BARLOW, ANN BARLOW, DAVID BARLOW, THOS. BARLOW, ESTHER BARLOW, THOMAS SMITH, WILLIAM JOHN SIDNEY and JAMES SMITH, SARAH HATFIELD, WM. PULLAN, JAMES PULLAN, MARY WHITEHEAD, ESTHER WOOLLY, SAMUEL PARKINSON, LAVINA MORGAN, JANE INGHAM, SMITH BARBYSHAW, WM. SMITH, JONATHAN SMITH and JONAS SCHMIDT.

WANTED. AGENTS for the sale of WETBE'S PATENT GAS-COOKING STOVES. For the counties of Beaver, Lawrence and others. For sale by JACOB W. BRITAIN.

FOR SALE. 50 SHARES BEAVER COUNTY STOCK. This stock is now good interest on the investment, and is the best on hand. No. 21, Clair St., Philadelphia.