

May 31, 1865.

In consequence of the absence of both editors of this paper we are compelled to go to press without our usual variety of editorial and local matter.

Surrender of Johnston.

We congratulate our readers this week upon the glorious and browning victory of our armies. Gen. Johnston has surrendered his entire army to Gen. Sherman, on the basis agreed upon between Gen. Grant and Gen. Lee for the Army of Northern Virginia.

The surrender announces to the world that the South has given over rebellion, that the Independence of the Confederacy is unattainable, and that the country will remain undivided.

So far our work has been consummated. The settlement of vexed questions remains, but armed rebellion no longer does. We expect that the country will be annoyed for some time yet by guerrilla bands who will make treason the excuse of robbery.

Capture and Death of Booth.

The death of the assassin, traitor and felon will fill every loyal heart with joy. We at first felt grieved that he had not been taken alive and hung as a murderer, but reflection satisfies us that it is best as it is.

geance could inflict—death. After days of anxiety, alternate hope and despair, exposure and suffering, he was at last overtaken, mortally wounded, and died realizing his condition, his crime and his infamy.

By the recent order of the Secretary of War, stopping Government workshops, discharging clerks, employees, etc., it is estimated the Government expenses will be reduced a million and a half of dollars per day.

Messrs. Editors: Your reference, last week, to the Legislative apportionment of 1864, impels me to ask room for a very brief response.

It is proper to understand the reasons for our association with Washington county. One is general and political—another local, and as I conceive, to our decided advantage.

But consider the question in a local aspect. In any other association than with Washington, we must inevitably have been placed in a three county district—most probably with Armstrong and Butler—possibly with Lawrence and Butler. We could not again go with Butler alone, as that would reduce the latter county to a single Representative district, which her Senators and ours would in no case permit.

as we have accorded to us full Senatorial equality by a county nearly double ours in population. They might complain, as does Col. Hopkins bitterly, but not this out of place in our ranks, and in our end of the district.

I have heard the remark that your district has been reasonably cared for in this apportionment business. See: One county, with less than the ratio of taxable gets one Representative—another county, 2200 below the ratio, gets two Representatives; and these two counties together, 2000 below the Senatorial ratio, get a Senator.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The following Proclamation has been issued by President Johnson:

WHEREAS, By my proclamation of the 25th inst. Thursday, the 25th day of next month was recommended as a day for special humiliation and prayer in consequence of the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, late President; but,

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby suggest that the religious services recommended as a day for special humiliation and prayer in consequence of the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, late President, should be postponed until Thursday, the first day of June.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed—Done at the city of Washington, this 28th day of April, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and of the Independence of the United States of America the eighty-ninth.

ANDREW JOHNSON, President.

W. N. HUNTER, Secretary of State.

Terrible Calamity.

CAIRO, April 28.—The Steamer Sultana, from New Orleans on the evening of the 21st, arrived at Vicksburg with her boilers leaking badly. She remained there thirty hours repairing, taking off 1,998 Federal soldiers and thirty-five officers, lately released from Cahawba and Andersonville prisons.

MEMPHIS, April 28, via CAIRO, 29.

The Vicksburg Herald Extra, of the 25th, has a dispatch dated off the mouth of Red river, April 23d, stating that at nine o'clock that evening the famous rebel ram "Webb" ran out past the Mississippi river with lightning speed. When first discovered she had no light, emitted no smoke, and appeared like a huge mass. She was fired on from the monitor Manhattan, when she immediately showed signs of life and shot past the Manhattan, who signalled the fleet. The Lafayette started in pursuit. The officers of the Manhattan estimated the speed of the Webb at twenty-five miles per hour while passing them.

CAIRO April 30.

The steamer Mississippi, from New Orleans, arrived at Memphis, reported that the rebel ram Webb passed New Orleans in open day, at a rapid rate, displaying the stars and stripes, and after passing she hoisted the rebel flag. When a few miles above Fort St. Philip, her condensers got out of order, and she was blown up. As far as known she had inflicted no damage save cutting the telegraph line. A portion of her crew had arrived at New Orleans; the rest had left for parts unknown.

BOOTH, THE ASSASSIN, KILLED!

Harold, an Accomplice, Captured!

PARTICULARS, &c. &c.

Special Dispatch to N. Y. Tribune. WASHINGTON Thursday, April 27. We have just received from the Lieut. Col. Sgt. Boston Corbett, of Co. I, 16th New York Cavalry, the full particulars of the capture of Booth, and the circumstances which compelled him to shoot him.

A detachment of 28 men, under command of Lieutenant Doherty with two of Colonel Baker's detectives, viz: Lieutenant Colonel Conger and Lieut. Baker, both late of Baker's District of Columbia Cavalry, proceeded to Port Royal in pursuit of Booth and Harold, they having received trustworthy information of their whereabouts from the negroes, and some confirmatory information from certain paroled Confederate soldiers.

They crossed the Rappahannock in a scow ferry-boat at Port Royal on Tuesday night, and had proceeded about three miles beyond that place when they ascertained that Booth was secreted upon the place of Henry Garrett. Mr. G. was called out and stated he had been there, but had not noticed Rebel cavalry; that their cavalry were crossing the river and that he must leave and secrete him self. Mr. G. seemed to give all the information he could, and his son, who accompanied the party here, was especially active in helping ferret him out.

He was supposed to have fled to the woods, but upon approaching the barn he was discovered secreted therein. When challenged to come out and surrender, he, in a very wild and excited tone, demanded to know who they supposed him to be, and by what authority; desiring to know of what crime he was charged, and evincing the greatest excitement, and talking very incoherently.

The officers demanded that he should come forth and give himself up. He refused to do so, and threatened to shoot whoever should approach. He said he was alone there, but would never surrender.

Corbett was stationed at a corner of the barn, where there was a board off, and was exposed to Booth's fire; he expressed a desire to go in and try and capture him, saying he was willing to venture his life in the encounter, and had much rather go in and attack him, than to stand in his exposed position; but it was so evident that Booth meant to kill his life as dearly as possible, that Lieut. Doherty would not permit him to enter.

The officers then gave Booth five minutes to surrender, or else the barn would be fired. Nearly a half hour was consumed in the parley, however, when fire was set to the barn. During the progress of the flames Booth was seen by Corbett, aiming his Spencer carbine at one of the men. Corbett, who is a deeply religious man, says he prayed fervently for Booth, and that God would have mercy upon his soul; and feeling that he was justified in shooting him to prevent the possible loss of the life of another innocent man, approached the crack in the barn, leveled his revolver and fired.

His shot, by a strange coincidence, entered his hand in almost precisely the same spot that President Lincoln was shot; the ball, however, passed through and out of upper part of his neck on the opposite side.

Booth instantly fell, and his carbine dropped heavily with him; he was standing at the time supported by a crutch; his body was instantly removed from the burning barn; this was just at daybreak yesterday, and he lived till about 7 o'clock.

In his leather belt which he wore was the "sic Semper Tyrannis" dirk, he so tragically brandished upon the stage, with clotted blood dried upon its blade. This knife, his carbine and two revolvers, which he also had upon his person, holding one in his left hand at the time of being shot, and while aiming his carbine, were all brought here and exhibited at 2 o'clock this a.m.

Harold says by his spur catching in the flag fastening the President's box, and tripping in his leap upon the stage. He suffered excruciating pain from this wound, the splintered end of the bone piercing the flesh.

Harold, says Booth had a third revolver, which was buried in the barn. Booth's general appearance was rough and untidy, strikingly in contrast with the halacious fop of others days. Corbett, who is a young man of Cromwellian faith, says he was anxious to be permitted to go in and encounter him, although he supposed his life would have been forfeit; yet he was of the opinion that at the moment Booth had engaged him the others could have sprung upon him and secured him alive. He says he would willingly have given up his own life if thereby the cause of justice could have been better subserved.

When he fired upon him, it was his hope to effectually disable him and not kill him, but his ball struck higher than he intended. He knew, however, from his threats, that he would either kill himself or some one else if he were not totally disabled.

Booth wanted to know where they would take him if he would give up. He was informed by the detectives that he must make an unconditional surrender.

He is said to have showered imprecation upon his confederates, who he said had promised to stand by him, but had all deserted him.

He was brought to the house of Mr. Garrett by a Confederate Captain, who told Mr. Garrett that he was a Marylander who was endeavoring to make his way to Johnston's army.

Several small squads of Rebel cavalry were seen hovering about and were no doubt attempting to cover his escape.

To the loyal negro races are our officers indebted for the trace which led to Booth's capture. It is said conclusive evidence is adduced showing the whole plot to have originated in the order called "Knights of the Golden Circle."

Boston Corbett, the hero of the above narration, was born in London, but was brought to New-York by his father at eight years of age. He subsequently went to Boston, where he was converted, and was baptized a member of the Methodist Church.

He says, at that time, desiring to lead a new life, he changed his former given name, and was baptized "Boston." His subsequent residence has been New-York, where he enlisted into the 16th Cavalry.

He is as modest as he is devoted, and his Lieutenant pronounced him a most worthy soldier. He was offered one of Booth's pistols by the detective as a memento of the occasion, but he declined it, saying he desired no reminder of the duty he had performed, and desired to have it banished from his mind as soon as possible.

He was to day offered her \$100 for his own pistol, with which he had killed Booth, but he instantly replied, "That is not mine—it belongs to Government, and I would not sell it for any price."

STATE & COUNTY TAX.

The County Treasurer will attend in several townships and boroughs for the purpose of receiving the County and State taxes for the year 1865, at the times and places designated below, viz: C. Calceon's Georgetown, May 24, Jesse Smith's Glasgow & Ohio tp 26, Ader's 26, Bimber's 26, McOskey's 30, Stiers 31, W. Johnson's hotel; do do 2, do do 12, Ankeny's hotel; do do 14, R. Robertson's; do do 14, R. Eakin's; do do 16, Harro's House; do do 16, N. Hansen's; do do 20, Antonsen's store; do do 21, G. Hartzell's; do do 22, Geo. Raucher's; do do 23, Geo. Neely's; do do 23, Mrs. Cunningham's; do do 27, Johnson's hotel; do do 28, Graebing's hotel; do do 29, J. P. Dilworth's; do do 30, A. J. Cook's; do do 30, T. J. Tolle House; do do 6, Joe Lawrence's; do do 6, Kern's hotel; do do 7, M. B. Deringer's; do do 10, Swearingen's hotel; do do 12, H. H. Hutchison's; do do 12, H. M. M. Cuthbert's; do do 14, Short's store; do do 17, D. Ewing's; do do 18, John Holmes'; do do 19, Johnson's store; do do 20, R. Scott's; do do 21, Wm. Elliott's; do do 22, R. Wallace's.

SMITH'S FERRY AND LITTLE BEAVER PETROLEUM COMPANY.

CAPITAL STOCK.....\$80,000. 80,000 Shares of Par Value of.....\$1.00 each. WORKING CAPITAL.....\$13,000.

PRESIDENT, MATTISON DARRAGH.

TREASURER & SECRETARY, CHARLES B. HURST.

Directors: Mattison Darragh, Milo R. Adams, Charles Stone, Albany County, N. Y., James Darragh, John Biggar, Levi Brennanam, Robt. A. Cochran, Charles F. Kendall.

Office in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa. CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned administrator of the Estate of David W. Horner, deceased, will expose to public sale at auction, at the Court House in the Borough of Beaver, Pa., on Friday, the 2d day of June, 1865, the following described, to wit: Two lots of ground, situate in the Borough of New Brighton, in said county of Beaver, marked and numbered on the plan of Benjamin Towne's extension of said Borough of New Brighton, Nos. 7 and 8 lying together and enclosed under one fence, and bounded on the north by lot No. 6, on the west by Fourth Street or Bush alley, on the south by lot No. 9, and on the east by Fifth Street. The said lots being fifty feet front each, by one hundred and fifty feet deep.

TERMS.—One-half of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in one year from that date, with interest from same time, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

JOS. LEDLIER, Adm'r.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

A fine residence in Vanport, within one mile of Beaver, and within a few rods of Vanport Station, Pittsburgh & Cleveland Railroad, containing two and a half acres, with a variety of fruit.

Also, a three and a half acre lot, on the Ohio river, between the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad, and public road, with a few rods of Vanport station, beautifully located for private residence.

Also, one mile from Vanport station, ninety-seven acres of land, between twenty-five and thirty acres cleared, the balance timber land, and well watered. The farm is bounded by two hundred best selected young apple trees and a number of peach trees. Good localities for oil boring on all the above described property.

Titles made good. Possession given immediately. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber at his residence in Vanport, 8 B. Wilson, Esq., or J. C. Wilson, in Beaver, Penna.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Beaver County, Pa., in and for the County of Beaver, bearing date the 22d day of June, 1864, in the matter of the partition of the real estate of Jacob Whittier, deceased, do hereby give notice to all persons interested in the partition of the real estate of said Whittier, that on Friday, the 22d day of June, 1865, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the undersigned will divide the real estate of said Whittier, into two equal parts, to wit: A certain parcel of land of the County of Beaver, bounded on the north by the heirs of Rossell, on the east by the heirs of the Ohio river, and on the south by Jacob Whittier, and containing three acres or thereabouts, containing thereon one single log dwelling house, with kitchen, about 27 log acres cleared, and a few acres of woodland, and an orchard of apple, peach and cherry trees, and a spring of good water. The said parcel of land is situated in the land of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad runs through the same.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money in hand on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the remainder in two equal instalments, from that date, with interest from that time, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

JOS. LEDLIER, Adm'r.

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TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, and the remainder in two equal instalments from that date, with interest from same time, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

FRANCIS L. GOULSON, Adm'r.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

IN the matter of the partition of the real estate of Robert Ritchie, deceased, do hereby give notice to all persons interested in the partition of the real estate of said Ritchie, that on Friday, the 2d day of June, 1865, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the undersigned will divide the real estate of said Ritchie, into two equal parts, to wit: A certain parcel of land of the County of Beaver, bounded on the north by the heirs of Rossell, on the east by the heirs of the Ohio river, and on the south by Jacob Whittier, and containing three acres or thereabouts, containing thereon one single log dwelling house, with kitchen, about 27 log acres cleared, and a few acres of woodland, and an orchard of apple, peach and cherry trees, and a spring of good water. The said parcel of land is situated in the land of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad runs through the same.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money in hand on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the remainder in two equal instalments, from that date, with interest from that time, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

JOS. LEDLIER, Adm'r.

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers at private sale a brick house formerly occupied by the Borough of Rochester.

It is one of the largest and most comfortable private residences in the county, with excellent stable and out-buildings, fruit trees and shrubbery.

For further particulars apply to the PORTER, Esq., on the premises, or to the undersigned corner of Penn and Hand Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. H. DICKSON.

CHARLES B. HURST, NOTARY PUBLIC.

OFFICE IN THE DIAMOND ROCHES-TER, PA. In the Room lately occupied by F. A. Fortune.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. WHEREAS letters testamentary were granted to the undersigned in the estate of Mrs. A. P. Fortune, late of Beaver County, Pa., do hereby give notice to all persons interested in the partition of the real estate of said Fortune, that on Friday, the 2d day of June, 1865, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the undersigned will divide the real estate of said Fortune, into two equal parts, to wit: A certain parcel of land of the County of Beaver, bounded on the north by the heirs of Rossell, on the east by the heirs of the Ohio river, and on the south by Jacob Whittier, and containing three acres or thereabouts, containing thereon one single log dwelling house, with kitchen, about 27 log acres cleared, and a few acres of woodland, and an orchard of apple, peach and cherry trees, and a spring of good water. The said parcel of land is situated in the land of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad runs through the same.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, and the remainder in two equal instalments from that date, with interest from same time, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

JOS. LEDLIER, Adm'r.

\$100 REWARD.

A THIEF entered the warehouse of the store of the subscriber, by boring the door on Friday night, April 21st, and carried off three dolls of Ladies' Congress Gaiters, and one pair of Ladies' Fine Morocco Boots. I will pay the above reward for the conviction of the thief and recovery of the goods.

A. C. HURST, Bridgewater, Pa., April 22, 1865.

CHAS. B. HURST, Conveyancer & Real Estate and General Agency Office.

THE subscriber having opened an office at Rochester, (in the room lately occupied by F. A. Fortune) respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public in general, in the purchase and sale of Real Estate, &c. &c.

References to John A. Coughey, Jos. Plummer, Wm. H. Smith & Co., Pittsburgh, Rochester, May 3rd 65:3m

A NORMAL Musical Class.

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF Professor A. N. JOHNSON, Author of "The Empire" and "Thorough Base." will be formed at the Beaver Seminary and Normal Musical Institute, on Friday, July 16th, 1865, and continue four weeks.

The instruction will be in cultivation of the voice, Harmony, Through Base and Musical composition, and will continue daily five hours. The attention of those desiring to teach or perform Sacred Music, either Vocal or Instrumental, is called to this rare opportunity for improvement.

Lessons are \$7.00. Board in the Institution \$15.00 for the session. For particulars address Rev. R. T. TAYLOR.