The state of the s map of the route at traveled by Sher-man's army, and the approaches to Richmond. This is one of the most correct and satisfactory maps we have seen. Our readers will have present ed here a full and satisfactory exhibition of where Sherman is, what he has done, and where he is going.

MEETING OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE -The Executive Committee of the Union Co. Committee are requested to meet at the office of Hice & Rutan, in Beaver, on Thursday, March 16th, at 1 p. m. All the members are requested to be present.

J. S. RUTAN, Ch'n.

Burning of Columbia. We announced two weeks since the capture of Columbia, the capitol of South Carolina, by Gen. Sherman .-We learn from recent official dispatches that the city was burned, by order of Gen. Sherman, shortly after its capture, because the citizens fired on our troops while passing through the streets, after its capture. We cannot but approve the act, although we regret the necessity of it. Columbia was a beautiful city, and its destruction caused a feeling of sorrow all over the North-sorrow, that its inhabitants were so rebellious and treacherous. The citizens brought ruin upon themselves. Had they treated our troops as they were treated at Savannah, they would have received like treatment in return. They would have sayed their property and their homes. In the destruction of Columbia, Sherman has proclaimed his policy, and we doubt if other cities will hereafter imitate its treachery. There must be a punishment meted out to traitors and scoundrels that will terrify them. When a city surrenders it is the basest treachery to secretly molest or injure the captors. Our troops, marching along the streets of a captured city, were fired on by the inhabitants, and a number killed and wounded. The penalty is the destruction of the city. No right feeling man can say the penalty was too sesettatives from Washington county on the adoption of the Constitution and they have. Henceforth we will al Amendment. It is an able speech adverse of captured cities in Sherman's streets of captured cities in Sherman's army. He has attricken terror into the hears of robols by his bold, vigorous, and decided policy. If rebits must be severely punished before they can be trusted, we are in favor of the ballition—mo greater pleasure. When I tirg out the punishment promptly—tirg out the punishm vere. Rebels had to learn a lesson,

Colfax was born in the city of New yet recorded, when we shall set the York, in March, 1823, and is descendican slavery. Of what infinitely ed from General Schuyler and Captain greater magnitude, then, does the tri. Colfax, both of whom fought in the umph appear when, after this baleful Revolution. At thirteen years of age power has raised its arm against the Government, and for four long, bitter years deluged the land with blood, bogan life as a printer, in which capa- desolated households, sundered the city he rose to a position of influence ties of kindled, broken family circles, and honor. About twenty years ago and spread weeping and lamentation he became the proprietor of the South and from ocean to ocean that now we on our part are utterly false. It is a Bend Register, and as a necessity of have it in a death grasp from which it war of slavery against the Governthis position became connected with cannot escape. I thank my God that ment, and in the struggle it becomes the politics of his State. His politi- I have been spared to see this day, and necessary to choose which must die.

Representative from Indiana in watched for the coming of the time should sacrifice every right—every right—every right—every this fact the crowd that assembled it has already attained. Neither and was again elected last fall should be crushed, and we could consider the cause of conflict for another term of two years. In the Thirty-Fifth Congress he was chosen Chairman of the Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads, and for one Post-offices and Post-roads, and for one the future of that man who lifts his of the Government. I envy not the future of that man who lifts his of the Government. of the Smithsonian Institute.

little below the medium height, has terpose an obstacle in the pathway traces of that overruling power which ron of cavalry, a battery of artillery, or men's faces; but let us judge not dark eyes and hair, and a very large which Providence has plainly marked moulds and governs all human action, and four companies of colored troops that we be not judged. The prayers forehead. He is a fluent-speaker, dis-tinct in his utterance, and impressive. the time will come, and soon, when the purposes. I believe that in the econ-or and Gouncilmen of Washington of neither has been answered fully.

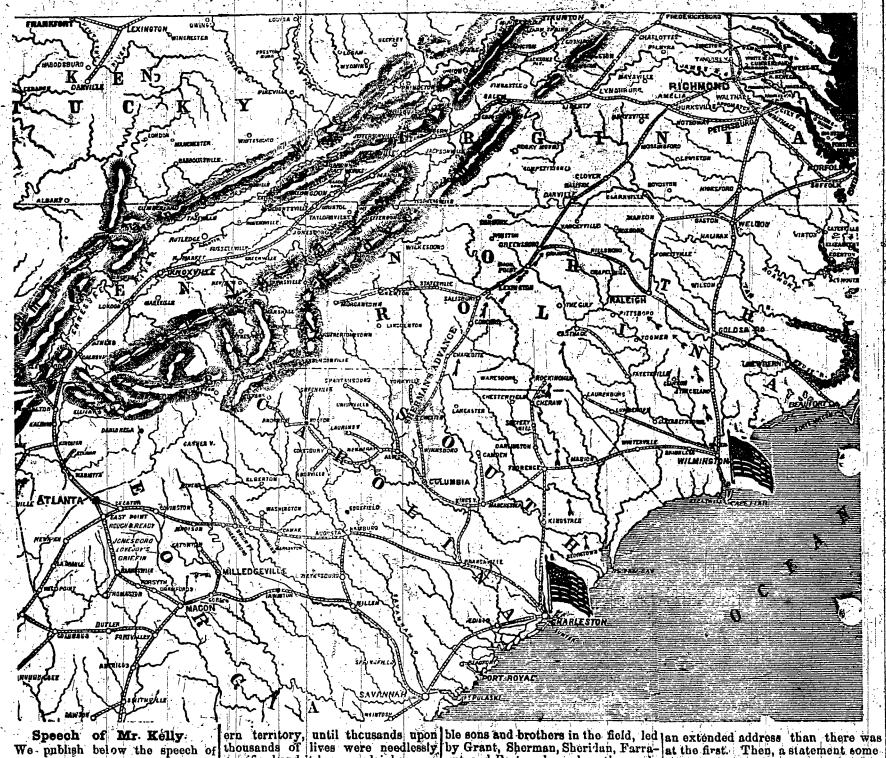
He is very bland and courteous in destinations will call product that mounts and governs an animal action, and four companies of colored troops that we be not judged. The purposes. I believe that in the econ-or and Gouncilmen of Washington of neither has been answered fully.

He is very bland and courteous in destinations will call product the mounts and governs an animal action, and four companies of colored troops that we be not judged. The purposes. He is very bland and courteous in de this measure will call upon the rocks events were ordered and directed for men from this city, and firemen from "Woe unto the world, because of

ATLANTA TO RICHMOND

MAP OF THE DIRECT ROUTE AS TRAVELLED BY GENERAL SHERMAN'S VICTORIOUS ARMY.

Showing Railways, Rivers and Locations of Atlanta, Milledgville, Savannah, Augusta, Columbia, Winnsboro Camden, Charlotte, Wilmington, Raleigh, Danville, Weldon and Richmond.



Hon. J. R. Kelly, one of our Representatives from Washington county,

nest Republican.

Mr. Colfax has been a member of Congress for ten years. He was elected Representative from Indiana in watched for the coming of the time should sacrifice every right—every this fact the crowd that assembled it has already attained. Neither party of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicted was exceedingly large, and thousands ticipated that the cause of conflicting the first twelve o'clock noon to do not the time to the haughty demands of the slave at twelve o'clock noon to do not the time to the haughty demands of the slave at twelve o'clock noon to do not the time to the haughty demands of the slave at twelve o'clock noon to do not the time to the time to the haughty demands of the slave at twelve o'clock noon to do not the time to the haughty demands of the twelve o'clock noon to do not the twelve o'clock noon to do not the twel ization, after which he became in ear- or an arid descrit longs for the cool together. Too often had we yielded or two years was one of the Regents the future of that man who lifts his of the Government.

sacrificed, and it became plainly appai gut and Porter, have done the work, what in detail of a course to be purfent to all that rebellion never could and now—so help me Heaven—Leball sued, seemed very fitting and proper be subdued while slavery—which fed not refuse to ratify and endorse their Now, at the expiration of four years,

the cheer of gladness with which that regenerated and purified, based upon tion.

proclamation was shalled by them. I the eternal and immusuble principles

I say then that all these charges

tines in his uterance, and impressive.

He is very bland and courtee control in the measure will call upon the rock of court of measor, and kind and affable in all his coil relations.

The following copy of a subpersion of the measure will call upon the rock of the measure will call the will be a measure will call the second of the measure will be a measure will call the second of the measure will be a measure will call the second of the measure will be a measure will call the second of the measure will b

Columbia will terrify other cities from following her example.

from following her example.

Hon. Schuyler Colfax.

We give on our first page a portrait of the reproach which it brought of the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, the retirated of the Hon. Schuyler Colfax.

I was at Nashville, Tennessee, under the right of property in man flesh and blood—the sanctity of the manual of the colfax to an impending civil to the c ical parties, and I shall never torget ed. I want to see this Government ion and divide the effects by negotia-

do not believe there was a man among of justice, recognizing the right of all Both parties deprecated war, but them who found fault with it. Every men to liberty and life, and with a one of them would make war rather one had been long convinced by bitter united and happy people take its prop than let the nation survive, and the giorious work of universal enlightence cighth of the whole population were under the direction of the Corporations of plishment of this end I have dedicated ally over the Union, but localized in all the energies of my being, and with the Southern part of it. These slaves this purpose in view I shall gast my constituted a peculiar and powerful. experience that the Government could er place above all other nations of the other would accept war rather than tot conquer the rebellion and preserve world—the pioneer and leader in the let it perish, and the warcame. Onewas somehow the cause of the war.cal connection was with the Whig party, so long as it retained its organization, after which he became an ear
are points—
the war, —
the war connection was with the Whig permitted to be a participant in this We could compromise no longer with blessed consummation of many a hope the accursed thing. No longer could the insurgents would read the Union the insurgents would read the Union was with the became an earization, after which he became an ear-. this interest, was the object for which WASHINGTON, March 4. the insurgents would rend the Union by war, while the Government claim President Lincoln was inaugurated ed no right to do more than to restrict STEPHEN A. CALDWELL. the insurgents would rend the Union

and consequently did not accompany against the other. It may seem of the Smithsonian Institute.

In his personal appearance he is a did I, by ary word or act of mine, inolimity in the consequently and not accompany against the consequently and consequently and not accompany against the consequently and consequ

the judgments of the Lord are true have been received and provide and righteons altogether.

and righteons altogether.

With majice toward none, with charity for all; with firmhoses in the right as God gives us to see the right as God gives us to see the right in service on to finish the work with the battle, and for his widow and the the battle, and for his widow and the among ourselves and that all nations.

After the conclusion of the reading of the Inaugural Address, a National salute was fired, and the procession then again moved up Pernsylvania Avenue, the President boing conveyed in a barouche. Seated with him was his son and Senator Foster. The President was escorted to the White

I particular, first he all received and received with all different section of the first particular section of the first particular section, have been procession the Inaugural Address, a National salute was fired, and the procession than a particular section of the reading of the Inaugural Address, a National salute was fired, and the procession then again moved up Pernsylvania Avenue, the President boing conveyed in a barouche. Seated with him was his son and Senator Foster. The President was escorted to the White President was escorted to the White House, after which the procession sep arated. Everything passed off in the Benj. Franktin, Chief of Police most quiet and orderly manner, and and Chestnut, Philadelphia: although thousands participated in the ceremonies, not an accident occurred to mar the pleasures of the day.

MAJ. GEN. MANCOCK'S First Army Corps of Veterans.

THE BIRNEY BRIGADE

Full Bounties and no Commissions.

NO STAR ON OUR FLAG SHALL EVER BE DIMMED!

TO THE PEOPLE EVERYWHERE

'Rally round the Flag, boys'' and keep step to the Music of the Union.

BOUNTIES & PAY,

For one year, Government Bounty ror one year, Government Bounty Scity of Philadelphia:
Monthly key of U.S. Gov, \$16 per mo.
Clothing account, yearly
Ward Bounty (Average)
City relief for families of vols, \$6 pr mo

The net pay of a Veteran Volunteer for two

years in Hancock's Corps is, viz:

Government Bourty

City of Philadelphia

Monthly par of U.S. Goy, S16 per mo.

Clothing account; S42 per year, n.

Ward Bounts taverage he

City relief for family, S1 premonth

The net pay of Veteran Volunteer for

Organization to Raise the Brigade

DAVID FAUST.

JOHN W. EVERMAN.

JOSEPH F. TOBIAS.

D.S. WINEBRENER.

JETH B. SZITT.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF COMMITTEE, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Chief of Deterive Police of the City of Phil TREASURER,

MORTON MCMICHAEL, Ju. Cashier of First National Bank

President of the Schrollill Navigation CHÂRLES E. SMITH. President of the Reading Railroad Company THOMAS C. HAND,

BARTON H. JENKS, BARTON H. JENKS,
LEMUEL'CORFIN.
HENRY LEWIS, JE...
CHAS L. BORIE,
Of C. L. J. H. Boric
JOHN W. SEXTON,
Of Jay Cooke & Co. The THIRD REGIMENT will be raised un

der direction of the Corn Exchange. CHARLES KNECHTA President of the Corn Exchange. E. G. JAMES. JAMES L. WARD, JOSEPH W. MILLER, JAMES S. PEROT.

WASHINGTON, Ech. 13, 1865. Benj. Franktin, Chief of Police, Corner of Pills

Substitutes for enrolled men do not receive Substitutes for enrolled men do nes receive the Government Bounty Principals are received the Government bounty. Volumeers, substitutes, and representative recruits substitutes, and representative recruits residing in Philadelphia, are credited to that city in coming drafts. Pay commences from day the enlistment is perfected. Letter by mail W. S. HANCOCK, Mys. Geteral.

It is to be expressly understood that Veter, ans, either of the INFANTRY SERVICE CAVALRY, ARTILLERY, or NAVAL my be credited to the City, Fown, County or The following affidavit will exhibit at once the admirable demeanor of the recruit when they agrived at Washington, and how they were mustered in.

were mustered in Washington, and now the Washington D. C., Feb. 19, 1865 I hereby certify that as a Notary Public I

I hereby certify that as a Notary Public I was required to be present at Camp Stoneman, yesterday, the 18th, on the occasion of mastering in of Twenty-eight men, recruited by BEN-AMIN FRANKLIN, Esq. Chief of Detectives of Philadelphia. That they were all sworn in and uniformed in my presence, and they acknowledged that they had been paid all of the bounties promised them by Mr PRANKLIN.

"I further state, that all of the above men expressed themselves as satisfied with the conduct of Mr. Franklin. I further say, of my own knowledge, that efforts were made by persons about the Baltimore depot in Washington to induce the men to violate their engagements with Mr. Franklin, but to no effect. I say this for the dredit of the men, whose names are given above. See Circule.

CONCLUSION.

CONCLUSION

All Veterans who desire to have their interests looked after without being, swindled by sharpers are directed to the Recruiting Agency, 106 South SIXTH street, "Berry's Marquee, whore the Riffe is to be seen daily which the Veteran is ontitled to keep at the expiration of his ferm of service, which discharges sixteen thots per minute.

All communications on this subject after this explanation must be brief and to the point.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, 500 Chief Detretive Dep't Police, Mayor's Office, Phil. X. B. No Lonfers, Bounty Jumpers, or Commission Alon need apply, as no dealing will be allowed with them.

Remember, that each vetoran will be supplied with a patent-breech loading tile that can be fired off 16 times per minute.

COURT OF APPEALS.

THE Commissioners of Beaver county will attend, for the purpose of hearing Appeals in the several townships, as follows, vir. Big Beaver, Mrs. Miller's, Monday, March 20, do do do 21, S. Beaver, John Rowe's Wednesday, do 22, do 22, do 24, d

Ohio, M. B. Deringer's Thursday, Brighton, R. Eakin's, Friday, Industry, David Eakin's, Saturday, The Committee who have charge of the orChippewa, Azariah Inman's, Monday, do 25,
anization of the Brigade are:
O. W. DAVIS.
HENRY C. HOWELL
GEORGE RULLOCK
DAVID FAUST.

OAVID FAUST.

Industry, David Rakin's, Saturday, do 25,
Patterson, John Sims'. Tuesday, do 25,
North Sewickly, N. Hazen's Wednesday do 26,
Franklin, Jos. Phillis' Thursday, do 36,
Pulaski, Elwood Thomas', Savurday, April Committee of the orCommittee who have charge of the orPatterson, John Sims'. Tuesday, do 26,
Patterson, John Sims'. Tuesday, do 36,
Pulaski, Elwood Thomas', Savurday, April Committee of the orPatterson, John Sims'. Tuesday, do 25,
Patterson, Jo

Pulaski, Elwood Thomas', Swarday, April Georgetown, C Calhoun's, Monday, a.m., do Glasgow, John M Fall's, do p.m., do Borough, Commis ne s office, Tuestay, do do Boro', tp. do do do do do N. Brighton, Keystone hatel, Wednesday do f Fallston, Saml Edgar's, Thunsday, do to Bridgaystan Hanny Authania White Fallston, Sami Edgar's, Thursday, 16 Bridgewater, Henry Aukeny's Friday, 17 Phillipsburg, H. Bimber's, Saturday, 18 Harmoity, Economy hotel, Monday, 18 Economy, Geo. Neely's, Tuesday, 18 New Sewickly, G. Rauscher's, Wednes yeld Freedom, S. Furnier's, Tursday, 18 of Freedom, S. Furnier's, Tursday, 18 of Freedom, 18 Furnier's, Tursday, 18 of Freedom, 18 Furnier's, Tursday, 18 of Freedom, 18 of F

Rochester bor, W.D.Johnston's, Friday'de do tp, 6 do do Saurday do Raccon, David Ewing's Monday, do E Greene, B Swearingen's, Tuesday, do Hookstown, do do do 18 Frankfort, J. M Carcheon's, Wednesday do 18

Hanover, Robt Harshe's, Thursday, do 20. Independence, W. Johnston: Friday do 21. Hopewell, S. house, Scottsville, Saurily do 21. Moon, Wm Elliott, Esq's, Monday, do 21. The principal Assessors of their respective

districts, are required to attend on the day of Appeals, with their Guide Duplicates. Also all persons claiming exemption from Millian Enrollment, will give their attendance mail days of Appeal, and make known the tause upon which they claim exemption. Be oder
W. S. BARCLAY Clerk
Commissioner's Office,).
March 93 1920.

March 2d, 1865.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Office of the Comptroller of Currency WASHINGTON, Dec. 20, 1864.

HEREAS, by satisfactory evidence promade to appear that "The National Banks Beaver county" in the Borough of New Brit. on, in the county of Beaver, and State ! Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under rennsylvania, has been duly organized met and according to the requirements of the Act of congress entitled "An Act to provide National Currency, secured by pledge of United States Bonds, and to provide for its circulation and redemption thereof sprovide June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be compiled. provisions of said Act required to be with before commencing the business ing under said Act:
Now therefore, I Hugh M Cullech, Company of the Company of th

troller of the Currency, do hereby cerlify the "Pho National Bank of Beaver county" in the Borough of New Brighton in the count, of Beaver, and State of the County of

SEAL In testimony whereof, wines my hand and seal of office, 20th day of December, 1864, HUGH M'CULLOCH,