THE BEAVER ARGUS.

MARCH 1st, 1865.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

Col. M'Clure's Speech.—We hope our readers will not fail to read the great speech of Col. M'Clure, on our first page, delivered in the House of Representatives on the adoption of the Constitutional amendment to abolish slavery. It is a rich treat, and we wish all to enjoy it.

Pitts. Ft. Wayne & Chicago R.R.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of said Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the third Wednesday (15th) of March, instant, at 10 a. m.

Agricultural Meeting.—The members of the Beaver county Agricultural Society will hold the annual meeting, for the election of officers, at the Sheriff's office, in Beaver, on Monday, March 6th, at 1 p. m. By order of the Board.

J. S. Rutan, *Sec'y.*

National Hotel.—Joseph Hall, for a number of years the proprietor of the Beaver Hotel, has removed to, and now occupies, the National Hotel.—The National is the best Hotel in the county, and no man understands better how to keep a good house than Mr. Hall. Under his auspices we may safely promise the traveling public the best accomodations in Beaver. We will now have what we so much needed—a *good* Hotel.

☞ We clip the following notice of Rev. J. D. Knox, from the Pittsburg *Christian Advocate.* Rev. Knox is well known in this county, and we indorse all the *Advocate* says of him. The church has no more earnest or successful laborer. Our best wishes will follow him to his new field of labor.

Rev. J. D. Knox has consented to be transferred to the Kansas Conference. We regret to have to make the announcement. The Pittsburgh Conference will suffer loss in his going. Bro. Knox is an efficient and valuable laborer in the field of the ministry. Fifteen years of his life have been spent in the Pittsburg Conference, and he has materially improved every field of toil that he has been sent to cultivate. Kansas will find him a valuable man in planting the institutions of Methodism in that new State. Some of his friends in Rochester and Bridgewater have remembered him of late in a substantial manner.

Death of Adam Gormly, Esq.

We announced last week the death of Adam Gormly, Esq., of Beaver, an old citizen of Beaver county, and familiarly known by most if not all our readers. Mr. Gormly was for a number of years a leading citizen of the county, and held various offices of profit and trust by appointment and election. He was always noted for the promptness, honesty and ability with which he discharged every duty imposed on him. For a number of years he was proprietor of one of the principal Hotels of this place, and gained an enviable notoriety as an accommodating and pleasant landlord. He was compelled to retire from business about ten or twelve years since, owing to his failing health, and since that time he has suffered greatly from a disease that few, if any, understood. During all this time, when suffering the most intense agonies, he was ever cheerful, pleasant alike to all, and was never heard to murmur or complain. We never knew a man that could endure suffering with so much patience. A kind husband, an affectionate father, and a good citizen, he possessed all those qualities of head and heart that endear man to his family, friends and fellow men. He leaves a wife and two daughters to mourn his loss—What a loss is theirs? They will no longer be greeted by his cheerful, happy "good morning," or kind, affectionate "good night." His pleasant, approving smile will meet them no more. Yet their loss is his gain. He is free from suffering and relieved from pain. He has gone to a home prepared for him above, where neither sickness, sorrow nor pain can enter. During the last few hours of his life he suffered intensely, yet he never uttered a complaint, waiting patiently the hour of his departure. We love to record of those who die that they died the death of the righteous. Our sorrow is then mingled with joy—joy to know that to the dead death was but a passage to a higher, purer, holier, happier life—a life of perfect blessedness in Heaven. Such a death was that of him of whom we have just spoken, and into such a resurrection shall we appear.

MARRIED:

On the 16th inst., at the late residence of the bride's parents, "Four Mile Square," Beaver co., Pa., by the Rev. A. M. Jelly, of Philadelphia, Mr. James M Taggart of Sewickly, Pa., to Miss Mary Jelly, sister of the officiating Clergyman.

The Draft.

Executive Mansion,
Washington, Feb. 8th, 1865.

His Excellency, Governor Smith:

Complaint is made to me, by Vermont, that the assignment of her quota of the Draft on the pending call is intrinsically unjust, and also in bad faith of the Government's promise to fairly allow credits for men previously furnished. To illustrate, a *supposed* case is stated, as follows:

Vermont and New Hampshire must between them, furnish 6,000 men on the pending call, and, being equals, each must furnish as many as the other in the long run. But the government finds that, on former calls, Vermont furnished a surplus of 500 and New Hampshire a surplus of 1,500—these two surpluses, making 2,000 are added to the 6,000, making 8,000, to be furnished by the two states, or 4,000 each, less by credits. Then subtract Vermont's surplus of 500 from her 4,000, leaves 3,500 as her quota on the pending call, and likewise subtract New Hampshire's surplus of 1,500 from her 4,000, leaves 2,500 as her quota on the pending call. These 3,500 and 2,500 make precisely the 6,000 which the supposed case requires from the two States; and it is just, equal, for Vermont to furnish 1,000 more *now* than New Hampshire because New Hampshire has *heretofore* furnished a 1,000 more than Vermont, which equalizes the burthens of the two in the long run. And this result, so far from being bad faith to Vermont, is indispensable to keeping good faith with New Hampshire. By no other result can the 6,000 men be obtained from the two States, and at the same time, deal justly and keep faith with both, and we do but confuse ourselves in questioning the process by which the right result was reached. The supposed case, is perfect as an illustration. The pending call is *not* for 300,000 men subject to fair credits, but is for 300,000, remaining after all fair credits have been deducted; and it is impossible to concede what Vermont asks without coming out short of the 300,000 men, or making other localities pay for the partiality shown her.

Yours, Truly,
A. Lincoln.

War Department,
Adjutant General's Office,
Washington Feb. 17, 1865.

General Orders No. 22.

The following report of the Board appointed by the President of the United States to examine and correct the quotas of the several States and Districts, under the call for volunteers of December 19, 1864, is published for the information of all concerned.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 16, '65.

His Excellency, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.—*Sir:* The Board convened by the following order:

Executive Mansion,
Washington City,
Feb. 6, 1865.

Whereas, complaints are made in some localities respecting the assignments of quotas and credits allowed for the pending call of troops to fill up the armies, now, in order to determine all controversies in respect thereto, and to avoid any delay in filling up the armies, it is ordered: That the Attorney General, Brigadier-General Richard Delafield, and Colonel C. W. Foster, be, and they are hereby constituted a Board, to examine into the proper quotas and credits of the respective States and Districts, under the call of December 19, 1864, with directions that if any errors be found therein, to make such corrections as the law and facts may require, and report their determination to the Provost Marshal General. The determination of said Board to be final and conclusive, and the draft to be made in conformity therewith.

2d, The Provost Marshal General is ordered to make the draft in the respective Districts as speedily as the same can be done, after the 15th of this month.

(Signed) Abraham Lincoln.

have respectfully to report as follows:

The call for 300,000 men, made by the President, on the 19th of December, 1864, requires that that number shall be raised. But the law requires that the number of men previously furnished by different localities, and the periods of their service, shall be considered so as to equalize the draft.

The number of men liable to military duty is to be determined by the enrollment lists.

The number of men which had been furnished by the various localities, and their periods of service were ascertained, and previous accounts having been adjusted, the excesses, where they existed, were carried forward under the last draft.

The amount of service furnished is determined by multiplying the number of men raised by the number of years for which they enlisted.

Having thus ascertained the number of men enrolled on 31st day of December, 1864, the number of men furnished up to that date, the localities from which they come, and the periods of their service, it is proposed to distribute the call for 300,000 men among the several districts, and parts of districts according to the number enrolled in each, and the number of men furnished, and the periods of service previously rendered by each.

The rule by which this is accomplished is as follows:

Take the whole number of years of service furnished by the districts of the United States from the commencement of the rebellion to the 31st of December, 1864. From that sum deduct the whole number of men furnished from all the districts of the United States up to that date. The remainder will be the excess of years of service furnished by all the districts. Multiply the call of December 19, 1864 by three, to have the number of years of service upon that call, and to this add the excess, as ascertained above. Then as the number of men enrolled from the whole United States, up to the 31st of December, 1864, is to the period of service, as above ascertained, so is the number of men enrolled in a given district to the number of years of service it is required to furnish, including its *pro rata* share of the excess.

From this sum deduct the actual excess the district furnished, the remainder is the number of years of service which the district is required to furnish under the call of December 19, 1864, which, divided by three, gives the number of men required from the district.

As this call is for 300,000 men, that number cannot be reached by men going in for a period longer than one year. Inequalities produced by men going in under this call for longer periods than one year, must be equalized on future calls.

It will be perceived that though the aggregate of the excess furnished, is added to the whole call, the excess of each district is afterwards substracted from its quota. Thus the number of men called for, is neither increased nor diminished, but equality produced, considering the number of men, and the periods of their service. Localities which have heretofore furnished a greater amount of service have, in proportion to their enrollment, a less amount to furnish under this and *e converso.*

Men having heretofore enlisted enlisted for one, two and three years, it was necessary to take one of those periods as the basis of the calculation. As three years embraced both the other periods, it makes the calculation more simple to adopt that. The same result would be arrived at by adopting either one or two years as the basis, but the process of calculation would be more complicated.

Such we find to be the rule adopted by the Provost Marshal General. The rule is in conformity with the requirements of the laws of Congress, and is just and equitable.

We have carefully examined and proved the work done under this rule by the Provost Marshal General, and find that it has been done with fairness.

We file in the Provost Marshal General's office, our calculations of the quota of each and every district endorsed by us as correct,

James Speed,
Attorney Gen. of the United States.
Rich'd Delafield,
Brig. Gen. and Chief Eng. U.S.A.
C. W. Foster,
Col. and Asst. Adjutant General.

Approved Feb. 17, 1865.

A. Lincoln

By order of the Secretary of War:
E. D. Townsend,
Assistant Adjutant General.

Official.

List of Jurors for March Sessions, commencing 1st Monday.

GRAND JURORS.

New Brighton: Edward E Holmes, B R Bradford, Henry T Reeves;
Fallston: Thos Campbell;
Darlington: Geo W Carey;
Independence: John Ferguson;
Hopewell: Archibald Gillmore;
Bridgewater: Williamson Graham;
Ohio: Wallace Hunter, T. H Mason;
Harmony: Andrew Kotrba;
Freedom: Thos G Kerr;
Beaver Bor.: S B Mercer, Wm Orr, Wm Warrick, Azariah Wynn;
Big Beaver: John Marshall, Wm H Powers;
Glasgow: John McFall;
Hanover: Wm M'Clurg;
Raccoon: Robert Potter;
Patterson: Samuel R Patterson;
Chippewa: John W Welsh;
South Beaver: Wm M Wilson.

PETIT JURORS—1ST MONDAY.

Chippewa: Wm Anderson;
Moon: Robert Alcorn, Daniel Bruce, John M'Brier;
New Brighton: Charles Boak, Hiram Reed, Joseph Wilson;
Brighton Tp: Daniel Barndollar, G W Engle, Jr;
Phillipsburgh: Joseph Bentel, Francis LeGoulon;
North Sewickley: S C Clow, Robert Ferguson, David Graham, Thos Ramsey, James M Runyan;
New Sewickley: Henry Douglass Henry Goehring, George Teets, Jonas than Paul;
Rochester: F A Fortune, A T Shallenberger, Wm Porter;
Freedom: Samuel Furnier;
Hanover: Alexander G. Gibb;
South Beaver: John Garvin Sr, John Roberts;
Hopewell: Wm Johnston;
Economy: James Musgrave;
Pulaski: Alfred Moore;
Bridgewater: H C M'Cullough, James Porter;
Harmony: Lewis Pheil;
Beaver: Daniel Risinger;
Industry: Milton Reed, Richard Walton;
Raccoon: David Smith, Forbes Todd;

2ND WEEK.

Hanover: Alexander Adams, Saml Bigger, John B Crooks, John L Moore;
Rochester: Wm Alexander, Daniel Fitch, Jemuel Woodruff;
Moon: James Burnison;
New Sewickley: John Boren, Chas Barret, John Knoveshoe.
Darlington: James Caughey, John Hartshorn;
Ohio: Wm Cunningham, Milo R. Derringer.
Borough Tp: Lucian Conrad, Robert M'Creery;
Georgetown: Wm J Carneagey;
Economy: Thos Bunn, James Davis;
Raccoon: David Ewing;
South Beaver: Samuel Harbison, Jacob Smith;
Greene: Henry Kinsey, S Laughlin;
Industry: Samuel Mason, Wm Briggs;
Big Beaver: John M'Clure (of Wm)
Freedom: John Nickum, Thomas J Thompson;
Pulaski: Henry Phillis;
New Brighton: John Price, James Wilson;
Houkstown: Wm Stewart;
Phillipsburgh: Gilbert Trumpeter;
Brighton Tp: Andrew Watterson;
Franklin; John C Weller, John Y Zeigler.

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

On and after Dec. 18, 1864, Trains will leave Stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows: (Train leaving Chicago at 5,50 P. M. leaves daily.)

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburg	210AM	640AM	200PM	300PM
Rochester	320 "	805 "	315 "	415 "
N. Brighton	337 "	820 "	330 "	430 "
Enon	423 "	915 "	424 "	522 "
Columbiana	501 "	1005 "	503 "	600 "
Salem	531 "	1038 "	535 "	633 "
Alliance	625 "	1140 "	635 "	735 "
Canton	712 "	1240PM	725 "	825 "
Massillon	735 "	100 "	750 "	855 "
Orrville	812 "	142 "	828 "	940 "
Wooster	848 "	218 "	905 "	1016 "
Loudonville	989 "	326 "	1000 "	1120 "
Mansfield	1030 "	425 "	1100 "	1213AM
	1100 "	[illegible]	1130 "	1245 "
Crestline	Ar 1130 "	640AM	1201AM	1 25 "
	De 1159 "	710 "	1229 "	153 "
Bucyrus	1240PM	757 "	109 "	230 "
U. Sandusky	115 "	885 "	144 "	301 "
Forest	234 "	1010 "	300 "	414 "
Lima	312 "	1059 "	345 "	450 "
Delphos	342 "	1184 "	417 "	520 "
Van Wert	520 "	130PM	600 "	700 "
Fort Wayne	604 "	228 "	646 "	745 "
Columbia	624 "	253 "	708 "	805 "
Huntsville	634 "	306 "	718 "	815 "
Pierceton	654 "	332 "	741 "	834 "
Warsaw	726 "	416 "	817 "	906 "
Bourbon	752 "	445 "	848 "	930 "
Plymouth	905 "	626 "	1011 "	1040 "
Wanatah	927 "	700 "	1037 "	1100 "
Valparaiso	953 "	742 "	1108 "	1126 "
Hobart	1015 "	811 "	1134 "	1149 "
Clarke	1045 "	851 "	1203PM	1215PM
Ill.C.RR.Cros	1055 "	901 "	1213 "	1225 "
R'Isl.RR J'n.	1120 "	930 "	1240 "	1250 "
Chicago				

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Chicago	450AM	620AM	550PM	1020PM
R.Isl.RR.Junc	620 "	645 "	617 "	1055 "
Ill C.RR.Cros	530 "	655 "	625 "	1105 "
Clarke	606 "	718 "	655 "	1148 "
Hobart	633 "	739 "	720 "	1209AM
Valparaso	700 "	800 "	745 "	1240 "
Wanatah	728 "	823 "	814 "	109 "
Plymouth	848 "	930 "	927 "	225 "
Bourbon	930 "	957 "	957 "	257 "
Warsaw	1008 "	1026 "	1029 "	337 "
Pierceton	1032 "	1047 "	1052 "	402 "
Huntsville	1043 "	1056 "	1102 "	413 "
Columbia	1117 "	1112 "	1120 "	432 "
Fort Wayne	1240PM	1215PM	1225AM	600 "
Van Wert	225 "	129 "	146 "	732 "
Delphos	312 "	202 "	224 "	808 "
Lima	347 "	234 "	300 "	845 "
Forest	525 "	353 "	417 "	1015 "
U.Sandusky	600 "	422 "	446 "	1047 "
Bucyrus	700 "	506 "	529 "	1129 "
Crestline	Ar 730 "	520 "	600 "	1201PM
	De 650AM	610 "	640 "	1245 "
Mansfield	730 "	646 "	713 "	116 "
Loudonville	855 "	737 "	759 "	159 "
Wooster	1015 "	830 "	848 "	247 "
Orrville	1050 "	900 "	917 "	313 "
Massillon	1140 "	935 "	956 "	347 "
Canton	1200 "	955 "	1017 "	405 "
Alliance	120PM	1040 "	1130 "	505 "
Salem	200 "	1116 "	1205PM	535 "
Columbiana	230 "	1140 "	1231 "	600 "
Enon	320 "	1220AM	112 "	635 "
N. Brighton	406 "	1258 "	155 "	710 "
Rochester	420 "	110 "	210 "	725 "
Pittsburgh	545 "	220 "	320 "	830 "

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAIL-ROAD.

On and after Dec. 19, 1864, Trains will leave stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	C.Z&C Mail.	C.Z&C Accom
Cleveland	800AM	180PM	800AM	815PM
Euclid street	811 "	141 "	811 "	328 "
Hudson	915 "	242 "	915 "	450 "
Akron	.....	.....	1030 "	527 "
Orrville	.....	.....	1229PM	643 "
Millersburg	.....	.....	218 "	750 "
Ravenna	952 "	320 "	.....	.....
Alliance	1100 "	415 "	.....	.....
Bayard	1135 "	451 "	.....	.....
Wellsville	110PM	635 "	.....	.....

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	C.Z&C Accom	C.Z&C Exp's.
Wellsville	440AM	505PM	.....	.....
Bayard	621 "	640 "	.....	.....
Alliance	720 "	730 "	.....	.....
Ravanna	805 "	815 "	.....	.....
Millersburg	.....	.....	440AM	305PM
Orrville	.....	.....	552 "	505 "
Akron	.....	.....	700 "	720 "
Hudson	839 "	849 "	800 "	849 "
Euclid street	942 "	949 "	916 "	949 "
Cleveland	955 "	1000 "	930 "	1000 "

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Belaire	1050AM	415PM	950PM	.....
Bridgeport	1100 "	430 "	1002 "	.....
Lagrange	1142 "	525 "	1048 "	.....
Steubenville	1213PM	555 "	1105 "	620AM
Wellsville	130 "	700 "	1200 "	720 "
Smith's Ferry	152 "	.....	.....	750 "
Beaver	222 "	.....	.....	835 "
Rochester	230 "	755 "	100AM	845 "
Pittsburgh	345 "	900 "	210 "	1000 "

GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Pittsburgh	210AM	235PM	620AM	850PM
Rochester	330 "	355 "	735 "	515 "
Beaver	.....	.....	745 "	525 "
Smith's Ferry	.....	.....	820 "	605 "
Wellsville	480 "	500 "	842 "	645 "
Steubenville	525 "	550 "	945 "	800 "
Lagrange	550 "	715 "	1005 "	.....
Bridgeport	629AM	802 "	1100 "	.....
Bellaire	640 "	815 "	1115 "	.....

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves New Philadelphia at 1.20 P M
" Bayard at 6 45 P M

Arrives at Bayard at 4.10 P M
" New Philadelphia at 9.25 P M

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Beaver and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Sheriff's office in the borough of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, on

Saturday, March 4th, 1865,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to the following described lots of ground in the borough of Fallston, Beaver county, Pa., one lot thereof being part of Water lot No. 1, is bounded by a line running from the Beaver creek, between Water lots Nos. 1 and 2, south 64 degress west to the street or public road, on the upper side of the Fallston Water Company's race, thence by said street or road South 26 deg. east 50 feet, thence by part of said water lot No. 1, north 64 deg. east 33 feet, thence north 26 deg. west 10 feet, thence north 64 deg. east to the Beaver Creek, thence up said Creek 40 feet to water Lot No. 2, the place of beginning, on which is erected a two story frame building used as a Machine shop, and the necessary machinery appurtenant thereto. Also a small brick building used as an office. Also one other lot bounded as follows, beginning at a corner stone on the public road, adjoining lot No. 14, thence running North 26 deg. west 32 feet to a corner of lot No. 16, thence South 66 deg. west 12 perches or thereabouts, to lands of Thorniley's, thence South 26 deg. East 34 feet, thence North 65 deg. East 12 perches or thereabouts, to place of beginning. There is appurtenant to the above described lots three shares of water, each share equal to the 100th of all the water furnished by the Fallston water Company's race. Also, one other lot of ground in the borough of Fallston, bounded as follows: Beginning on the west side of front street, adjoining the North line of Childs & M'Connell's lot, thence up said street 73 feet, thence South 65 deg. west 192 feet, thence South 25 deg. east parallel with said street 73 feet to said lot of Childs & McConnell, thence along the same north 65 deg. east 192 feet to the place of beginning; on which are erected a brick foundry and machinery appurtenant thereto;—a frame patern Shop, and blacksmith shop.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of David McConnell at the suit of Joseph Smith.

No. 2. ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendants, of, in, and to the following lot of ground, being part of No. 178, in Pinney's plan of lots in the borough of Rochester, Beaver County, Pa., bounded on the north east by Brighton Street, on the south by Washington Street, and on the west by George P. Smith, on which is erected a two story stone house, frame stable and outbuildings; fruit trees on the lot, and a well of good water convenient.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Joseph A. Schonlau and Ferdinand Evers, at the suit of Fry and Carson.

☞ Purchasers will take notice that 10 per cent. upon all amounts of their bids will be required in hand. All bids under $50 will be required in cash at the time of the sale. If these conditions are not complied with the property will be re-sold.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, feb14'65.

License Notice.

The following named persons have filed their petitions in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Beaver county, for License at March Sessions, 1865:

HOTELS, &c.

Charles F Kearchner.....Phillipsburg.
Daniel Barnard.....New Brighton.
John Grabing.....New Galilee.
Francis Blount.....New Brighton.
Alex. Clark.....Beaver.

To sell liquor in quantities not less than one quart, with goods, wares and merchandize:

Mary Alexander.....Rochester.

feb9 JOHN A. FRAZIER, Cl'k.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas letters of administration on the estate of Thos. Horne, late of Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Penna., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JOHN REEVES, Adm'r.,
feb1'65 New Brighton.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

All persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's Office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, in and for the county of Beaver, on Wednesday, the 8th day of March, 1865, for confirmation and allowance.

The final real estate account of John Allison and George W. Hamilton, administrators of the estate of John R. Shannon, dec'd.

The final account of Samuel Harpit, executor of the last will and testament of Mary M'Minn, dec'd.

The final account of Daniel Figley, executor of the last will and testament of William Figley, dec'd.

The account of D. L. Imbrie, Trustee to make sale of the real estate of Jno Main, dec'd.

The final account of James Sterling, administrator of the estate of Thomas N. Thornsburg, dec'd.

The final account of James W. Pander, administrator of the estate of Jacob Young, decd.

The final account of Wm. Leaf, administrator of the estate of Saml Stiles, dec'd.

The final account of Hugh Martin, executor of the last will and testament of Maria A. W. Eakin, dec'd.

The final account of James P. Martin, administrator of the estate of Rebecca McKnight, dec'd.

The final account of David Leonard, administrator of the estate of Edward Leonard, decd.

The final accounts (real and personal) of James Burneson and Thomas Reed, executors of the last will of Samuel Burneson, dec'd.

The final account of John and Cornelius Shane, administrators of the estate of Timothy Shane, dec'd.

The final accounts (real and personal) of John Whisler, adm'r. *cum testamento annexo* of Jackson Whisler, dec'd.

The final account of Joseph C. Wilson, executor of the last will and testament of Matilda Cunningham, dec'd.

The final account of Detmer Shaner, executor and trustee to sell certain real estate (to wit, 300 acres) of David Shaner, dec'd.

The final account of John Peirsol, trustee to make sale of the real estate of Jacob Peirsol, dec'd.

The final account of Andrew D. Gilliland, administrator of the estate of Matthew Gilliland, dec'd., who was administrator *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo* of the estate of Samuel Caughey, dec'd.

The final account of Andrew Watterson, executor of the last will and testament of John Hunter, dec'd.

The final accounts of David Ferguson, guardian of Margaret J. and Robert Ferguson, minor children of said guardian.

The final account of Joseph Duncan, guardian of Mary Ann Conlson, minor child of Elwood Coulson, dec'd.

The final account of James Jackson, guardian of Clarinda J. Jackson, minor heir of Samuel Jackson, dec'd.

The final account of D. A. Cunningham, guardian of Wm. J. McFadden, minor son of James M'Fadden, dec'd.

The account of Rev. R. S. Morton, guardian of Isabella Calhoon, minor daughter of Thos. Calhoon, dec'd.

A. R. MOORE,
Beaver, Feb. 8th, '65. Register.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between A. G. M'Creary, S. B. Briggs, and Benjamin Todd, under the style and firm of "M'Creary, Briggs & Co.," for the purpose of carrying on the business of milling, dealing in grain, flour, feed, &c., at the Industry Mills, Beaver County, Pa., has been dissolved by mutual consent. The books are in the hands of their successors, Briggs & Bro., at the Mills aforesaid, who are authorized to settle all business of the firm.

A. G. M'CREARY,
S. B. BRIGGS,
feb22'65 BENJAMIN TODD.

NOTICE.

National Bank of Beaver County
New Brighton, Feb. 1, 1865.

The Stockholders of "The National Bank of Beaver County" are hereby notified that the unpaid portion of the Capital Stock is required to be paid at the Banking house in instalments as follows, viz: Twenty-five per cent. thereof, on the first day of March next, and a like instalment upon the first days of May, July and September next thereafter.

By order of the Board.

EDWARD HOOPS,
feb. 8 '65. Cashier

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE REGULATING PILLS

Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression.—They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or immoderate menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Flushes, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect speedy cure.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but Ladies must bear in mind that there is *one condition* of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a *peculiar result.* The condition referred to is *pregnancy*—the result, *miscarriage.* Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it. *They cannot do harm* in any other way.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Are the *only medicine* that *married and single ladies* have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon now. *Beware of imitations!* These Pills form the *Finest Preparation ever put forward,* with *immediate and persistent success.*—DON'T BE DECEIVED. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you *want the best and most reliable Female Medicine in the world,* which is comprised in

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!

They have received, and are now receiving the sanction of the most *eminent* Physicians in America.

Explicit Directions with each Box—the price, One Dollar per box, containing from 50 to 60 pills.

Pills, sent *by mail, promptly,* by remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorized Agent, in current funds. *Sold by Druggists generally.*

HUTCHINGS & HILLIER, *Proprietors,*
81 Cedar street, New York.

☞ Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. S. Smith, Bridgewater; Dr. Marquis and J. H. Hannen, Rochester; John Moore, Beaver, and by all Druggists at New Brighton. [nov28:1y

Notice in the Orphans' Court.

The following appraisements under the Act of Assembly, of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300, have been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, of Beaver county, to wit:

Personal property to amount of $300, by widow of John Moody, dec'd. Jas. Moody and Samuel Moody Adm'rs.

Personal property to amount of $300, by widow of Lorenzo Childs, dec'd. Deborah E. Childs and John Childs Adm'rs.

Personal property to amount of $57,65, by widow of Jacob Young, dec'd. James W. Pander Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $171,66, by widow of M. C. Robbs, dec'd. Samuel Gormley Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $300,40 by widow of William Wilde dec'd. Cynthia Wilde Adm'x.

Personal property to amount of $263,47, by widow of John Seawright, dec'd. James Smith Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $300, by widow of Andrew Caler, dec'd. Jacob Caler Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $300 by widow of John Godleib Bock, dec'd. Anna Bock Adm'x.

Real estate to amount of $140, by widow of Thomas Horne, dec'd. John Reeves Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $300, by widow of Eugene Fleeson dec'd. David Kennedy Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $299,34, by widow of George W. Fulton, dec'd. Agnew Duff Adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $154,30, by widow of James Shillito, dec'd. W. W. Shillito adm'r.

Notice is hereby given to creditors, heirs, legatees, distributees, and all others interested, to appear at the next term of said Court, and not later than the third day, being the 8th of March next, to shew cause, if any they have, against the final confirmation of the above appraisements.

feb8 JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clerk.

BIOKRENE OR LIFE-REJUVENATOR.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK! OUTH TO THE AGED!

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

Biokrene

Cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most *delightful, desirable and novel* effect upon the nervous system; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their *natural vigor,* will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

Biokrene.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Dispairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weakness of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief to Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One dollar per Bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by Druggist generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing HUTCHINGS & HILLIER, *Proprietors,*
81 Cedar Street, New York.

☞ Sold at Marquis' Drug store, Rochester, one door below Post Office, and wholesale and retail by Dr. Smith, Bridgewater, Beaver county. [nov23:1y

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA,

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR

Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases.

From Emery Estes, a well-known merchant of Oxford, Maine.

"I have sold large quantities of your Sarsaparilla, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Res. Robt. Strattle, Bridell, England.

"I only do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you publish of the medicinal virtues of your Sarsaparilla. My daughter, aged ten, had an afflicting humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your Sarsaparilla. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Dunstable, Cape May Co., N.J.

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your Sarsaparilla, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely-known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enamelled papers in Nashua, N. H.

"I had for several years a very troublesome humor in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your Sarsaparilla. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as any body's; and I am without a single symptom of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your Sarsaparilla."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Robt. Sawin, Houston St., New York.

"Dr. Ayer: I seldom fail to remove *Eruptions* and *Scrofulous Sores* by the persevering use of your Sarsaparilla, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the Sarsaparilla you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. E. Johnston, Esq., Wakeman, Ohio.

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicines. The sivers were so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your Sarsaparilla. Took two bottles, and some of your Pills. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as my body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Mouro, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your Sarsaparilla in my family, for general debility, and for purifying the blood, with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tunkhannock Democrat, Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrupt wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hope from, we began giving your Sarsaparilla, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's ey