

Wednesday, April 27, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

For President in 1864, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, OF ILLINOIS. For Vice President, ANDREW G. CURTIN, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

NOTICE.

HAVING sold to D. L. Imbrie, present Editor & Proprietor of the Beaver Argus, all the accounts for Subscription, Advertising, &c., all those indebted will please call and settle with him. T. C. NICHOLSON.

REMOVAL.—The ARGUS Office has been removed to the room over Dr. Cummins' Drug Store, nearly opposite our old office, where we may be found at all times, ready to attend to the wants of our friends and patrons. Entrance at the North side of the building.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.—Both branches of the Pennsylvania Legislature have passed the bill providing for a special election throughout the State on the first Tuesday in August next, at which the people shall decide whether the proposed amendment to the Constitution, permitting soldiers to vote shall be adopted. The Legislature is to meet on the 23d day of August to receive the returns.

FRANKLIN RAILROAD.—The Mercer Whig says: The engineers have completed the preliminary survey of the New Castle & Franklin railroad from New Castle to Mercer. This route is entirely practicable, and the cost of construction will not be greater than that of any other roads in this section of the country. The engineers will proceed at once with the survey of the road to Brownsville, and probably to Franklin.

George C. Bradshaw, Esq. It is our painful duty to record the death of our esteemed friend, George C. Bradshaw, Esq., late Treasurer of Beaver county, which occurred suddenly on the 26th inst. He was suffering from a severe cold, which, owing to a severe cough caught in the early part of the winter, became greatly irritated and finally communicated the inflammation to the lungs, causing his death.

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County Convention.

BEAVER, APRIL 25th, 1864. Republican County Convention met pursuant to call, in the Court House, and nominated Moses B. Welsh, Esq., as President, Agnew Duff and John Slentz as Vice Presidents, and Thos. McCord and S. A. Power, Secretaries.

DELEGATES. Beaver borough: M. B. Welsh, Jno. Canthey, Saml. Davenport and Jos. Ledlie. Bridgewater: Chas. Stone and Wm. Barns. Crippleware: John S. Herron, Wm. Thomas and Wm. Lindsey. Economy: Moses Hendrickson, Geo. Neely, J. S. Blazier and J. H. Beighley. Fallon: Moses Baldwin, Thomas Campbell and Socrates Dickey. Moon: D. B. Shors, J. R. Mohler and J. M. Elliott. New Brighton: Agnew Duff, Milkton Townsend, Thos. O. Waddle and T. M. McCord. Ohio: Jno. Slentz, Jno. Johnston, Noble Graham and James Braden. Patterson: J. Patterson and Arch. Robinson. Paltski: Simp. Cuthbertson and E. Smith. Raceoon: Jno. C. Christy, John K. Potter, P. L. Crail and David Ewing. Rochester boro: J. S. Darrag, S. J. Cross, Geo. Hines and S. A. Power. Wilson, Jacob Smith and Samuel Lawrence. Marion: Saml. McDaniels and Wm. Phillips. Freedom dist: J. Paul and James Marks.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.—Jas. Patterson, Saml. Davenport, J. C. Christy, Samuel Lawrence and Jno. S. Herron. On motion, adjourned to meet again at 1 o'clock, p. m. ADJOURNED SESSION. On motion, the committee on resolutions reported as follows: [The resolutions were handed to us, but have been mislaid. We understand they endorse the National Administration in the strongest terms, and instruct the delegate elect to vote for the re-nomination of President Lincoln.—Ed. ARGUS.] On motion, the Convention proceeded to nominate Delegates to the State Convention. Jas. S. Hout was, on motion, elected Representative Delegate by acclamation, and Samuel A. Power was elected Senatorial Delegate in connection with Butler county. On motion, proceeded to nominate and elect a Delegate to the National Convention. Geo. W. W. Irwin and B. R. Bradford, Esq. were placed in nomination. The ballot resulted in the election of Gen. Irwin, his associate appointed D. L. Imbrie, James Patterson and S. A. Power, Conferees. On motion, the Convention adjourned.

Quota of Beaver County. The following is the quotas assigned to the several sub-districts of Beaver county on the calls of the President for 700,000 men, with credits to April 25th, 1864 (not including veterans), showing the balance of quotas due from each:

Table listing quotas for various sub-districts in Beaver County, including Painski, Nor. Siewicki, Freedom, etc., with columns for name, quota, and balance.

JNO. CUTHBERTSON.

Captain & Provost Marshal, 24th Dist. New Brighton, April 25/64.

Militia to be Paid. The members of Company F, Capt. Ratan, 14th Regiment Pennsylvania Militia, will please call at my Office on Saturday, April 30th, for the purpose of signing the Pay Rolls preparatory to receiving their pay in a short time. The parents or friends of those who cannot be here to sign the Rolls and receive their pay can call at my office any time after the 28th inst., and get blank powers of attorney which they can send to members of the Company to be signed authorizing some one to sign the Rolls and draw their pay for them.

Powers of Attorney must be acknowledged before a Justice of the Peace or Colonel Commanding the regiment. The blanks must be taken at once, or they cannot be signed and returned before the payment will be made. JAMES S. ROYER, Captain.

P. S. Having to be absent for some days, members of the Company can call at the Store of L. N. Aikman and sign the rolls. I will return by the change of their votes.

Tribute of Respect.

The following preamble and resolutions were adopted by the Beaver Co. Medical Society at the last meeting. During the last half year, death has visited this Society, and removed from its membership Drs. Smith Cunningham and George W. Allison.

Dr. Cunningham was born in Lancaster county, Pa., on the 10th of Jan. 1804, but with his father removed to Ohio, in 1813. He left his home early in life, and by his own energy and industry, acquired a liberal education, and after a thorough course of medical studies, commenced the practice of his profession in Pittsburgh, Ohio, in 1829. In the fall of that year he changed his location to Beaver, Pa., where he followed his profession—the most of the time in partnership with the late Dr. Oliver Cunningham—until the disease that finally terminated his earthly career, put a stop to his arduous labors. Dr. Cunningham had an extensive practice, and was a skillful and successful physician; and enjoyed the full confidence of the community, but especially of the class that received his professional services. He twice represented this Society in the State Medical Society, at one of which he was its presiding officer. He died October 25th, 1863, in the 60th year of his age. Dr. Allison was the son of Hon. James Allison, late of Beaver; was born in Washington, Pa., in April, 1803. During his infancy his father removed to Beaver, where he resided until his death. In early life he enjoyed the advantage of the best schools in the west, at that period, and graduated with honor at Washington College. He studied medicine in the office of the late Dr. Milo Adams, of Beaver, and after attending a medical course, in the University of Maryland, commenced the practice of his profession at his home in Beaver, in the year 1828. The Doctor was a close student, and kept up with the progress made in the profession of his choice, and by earnest application became eminently a scientific and skillful physician. He obtained and maintained a large practice, enjoyed the confidence of his patients, and of the community, in which he lived. He twice represented the Beaver County Medical Society in the Pa. State Society, and at one meeting was one of its Vice Presidents. Dr. Allison died Dec. 7th, 1863, in the 61st year of his age.

Dr. Cunningham and Allison were both members of this society when it was first organized, and were among its oldest, most respected, and influential members. They were seldom absent from its meetings, and were always ready to participate in its councils and to contribute to its objects for which it was organized. Their full share of medical knowledge, which an industrious and studious application to their profession for a period of between thirty and forty years, enabled them to do. They were always courteous and honorable in their intercourse with those associated with them in the Association, which has done much toward softening and making endurable the responsible and arduous duties of the conscientious and care-worn physician, in his intercourse with his patients, and his professional brethren, wherever association has made them operative. While we, their surviving brethren, mourn their loss and submit to this afflictive dispensation of Divine Providence, which has removed them from us, it is becoming and right that we should express our appreciation of their many virtues and meritorious qualifications as professional brethren, citizens and gentlemen; therefore be it

Resolved, That we regard the death of our much esteemed and venerable brothers as a great loss to the profession, to the community in which they resided, and who enjoyed the advantage of their mature judgments and scientific and skillful professional services, in times of sickness and trial, for more than one third of a century; and especially to the members of the Beaver County Medical Society, to whom they had endeared themselves by their gentlemanly and courteous conduct; the wisdom of their counsels; the fidelity and ability with which they discharged their duties as members of the society.

Resolved, That being fully sensible of the moral, social and professional worth of our deceased brothers, and of the valuable services they have rendered to the society and to the community, we do now direct to be entered on record on the minutes of this society this preamble and resolutions, as evidence of the high estimation their associates have ever held them, and the deep regret we feel for their loss.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the bereaved families and friends of our deceased brothers in their afflictions, and direct the Secretary of this society to transmit to each of their families a copy of these resolutions.

Resolved, That these resolutions accompany the Sanitary report of the Society to the State Medical Society for publication in the transactions of the Society, and that they be published in the county papers.

The Maryland Convention.

Governor Bradford has published a proclamation announcing the result of the late election in Maryland on the national Convention. The Governor states that the whole vote cast was 51,117, of which 31,598 were for, and 19,524 against a convention. He Assembles, as required by an act of Congress, proclaims that the convention authorized by the act will be convened in the city of Annapolis on Wednesday, the 27th instant, when the delegates legally elected thereto will assemble and enter on the discharge of their duties.

General Meredith, of Indiana, says a Washington dispatch of the 22d, was today put under arrest for not being in the city without leave, and disobeying the order issued about a month ago for him to report at Cairo.

The Members of the Bar.

Officers of the county, met in the Treasurer's Office, on Wednesday, April 20, 1864, to take some action in relation to the death of George C. Bradshaw, Esq., late Treasurer of Beaver county. On motion, John Canthey, Esq. was called to the chair, and J. S. Ratan appointed Secretary.

The Sanitary Commission, that looks simply to the temporal necessities of the soldier, in looking forward to the pressing demands that must be consequent upon the Spring campaign, are making most vigorous and successful efforts to increase their funds to millions of dollars. Their zeal and foresight reminds us of the necessity of keeping our various organizations, that have been in such successful operation during the last year, constantly and actively at work that we may be able to meet the demands that our country will be made upon us in our national work, viz: ministering to the spiritual and temporal wants of the soldiers at the same time. Through this agency, as God's instrumentality, many have already been brought into the Kingdom of God, and tens of thousands have been relieved of pain and suffering and their wants supplied.

The Army Committee of Beaver County therefore hope that every Soldier's Aid Society will, without delay, commence with new zeal and energy to prepare stores and collect funds for this purpose—sending the stores to Mr. J. C. Wilson, in Beaver, or to Mr. G. C. Speyer, in Rochester, or if more convenient forward them directly to Mr. W. P. Weyman, No. 76 Smithfield st., Pittsburg, distinctly marked. All monies should be sent to Dr. John Murray, Bridgewater, or if by mail, to Rochester, Beaver Co. We append the report of the Pitts. Army Commission, for the information of all contributors.

Report of W. P. Weyman, Receiver of Christian Commission, Store No. 76 Smithfield Street, Pittsburg, Pa. The Army Committee for the year ending April 1, 1864, have forwarded to our armies and distributed at home, hospital stores and reading matter to the amount of \$50,610, fully three-fourths of which has been sent to the army of the Cumberland, which has been placed under our special care, and looks to us for its chief supply. At Camp Howe we established a station during the fall of 1863, and also one at Camp Copeland at the beginning of March, which is now in full operation. The U. S. General Hospital has been visited weekly, and such stores as the men needed have been given to them by the ladies of the Subsistence Committee. A large quantity of lumber, bedding and clothing was furnished the Hospital during the month of March, in order to erect quarters and make them comfortable, to accommodate the large number of sick which were removed from Camp Copeland. Preaching has been going on every evening by the delegates of the Commission. 3,520 articles of hospital clothing have been given out and made up through the efforts of the ladies of the Subsistence Committee. The following is a list of stores distributed:

Shirts, muslin, 6,549; Dried fruit, 22,187; Suits, blanket, 4,983; Wine & whiskey, 5,621; Drawers, muslin, 2,701; Poles, 115,846; Sheets, muslin, 4,278; Soap, lbs., 16,088; Slippers, 5,402; Corn starch, 1,043; Chocolate, 577; Dressing gowns, 484; Milk, lbs., 527; Comforters, 477; Sugar, lbs., 2,394; Blankets, 1,200; Crackers, lbs., 1,884; Pillows, 2,625; Soap, lbs., 1,488; Pillow cases, 1,743; Flannel, lbs., 1,488; Socks, pair, 6,256; Ginger, lbs., 400; Handkerchiefs, 4,311; Sage, lbs., 40; Towels, 2,221; Hoard, lbs., 48; Mittens, pair, 1,220; Gaiters, lbs., 40; Housewicks, 4,182; Honey, lbs., 49; Band ages, 7,177; Cologne, qt., 356; Pads and Rings, 2,308; Day blankets, 1,100; Rolls of musn, 4,627; Vegetables, bus 1,645; Arm slings, 71; Chairs, 1,095; Mosquito bars, 71; Chairs, 1,095; Lint, lbs., 1,325; Fans, 9,305; Buttol, gross, 256; Meats in cans, 410; Needles, 416; Oranges, doz., 205; Thread, lbs., 14; Lemons, doz., 168; Small's books, 93,517; Pens, doz., 1,839; Large bks, lib., 4,150; Lead pencils, 4,326; Hymnals, m. bk., 11,800; Envelopes, 37,710; Testaments, 12,801; Ink, qt., 46; Magnifying glass, 37,710; Stoves, 3; Cans of fruit, 6,850; Tents, 1; Also, 15,000 ft of lumber, nails, glass, &c.

Western Governors' Visit. A Washington dispatch of the 22d inst., says: The various of the object of the visit of Western Governors to the city of Washington, have tendered to the Government 100,000 men for one hundred days service from the date of muster; this force to take part in the great Potomac campaign, or to perform any other service the Government may require. The Governors propose to have these State troops regularly mustered into the United States service, and clothed, subsisted and paid by the Government. Of the total number, Ohio proposes to furnish 30,000, Indiana 30,000, Illinois 25,000, and Iowa 5,000. The Governors are confident of being able to put the whole force on duty in thirty days. The Government has not yet accepted the proposition. Michigan was not consulted in regard to it, but is expected to furnish 10,000 additional men. This movement was inaugurated by Gov. Morton.

From the Potomac Army. Dispatches from Washington, of the 22d inst., says: The Town is full of rumors of army movements. They are undoubtedly premature as far as serious operations are concerned, but the opening of Grant's campaign is not likely to be much longer delayed. Rebel deserters have an idea, which is gaining wide credence, with us, that there is some probability of Lee's anticipating Grant, and making aggressive movements himself. Counter reports come via refugees that the rebels are putting a second line of works around Richmond, and placing heavy siege guns on them, and that Lee will not fight Grant on the line of the Rapidan, but will fall back to Richmond where it is intended to make a desperate struggle. Rumors are also current that the rebels are in force in Shenandoah Valley, or elsewhere in the vicinity of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, are without the slightest foundation in truth.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.—The Chattanooga Gazette of Sunday says everything is very quiet at that place in the military line, with the exception of the moving of troops and 'm'itions of war. Immense supplies of subsistence are being accumulated in the Government warehouses, and every preparation being made for a successful campaign as soon as active operations begin. Our friends at the North can rely upon it that the armies in this department will do their duty. The soldiers are in comfortable quarters, enjoying good health, and are ready for the fray. They feel confident that the ensuing campaign is to be a decisive one.

ARREST OF GENERAL MEREDITH.—General Meredith, of Indiana, says a Washington dispatch of the 22d, was today put under arrest for not being in the city without leave, and disobeying the order issued about a month ago for him to report at Cairo.

The Christian Commission.

To the Auxiliary Societies of the Army Committee of Beaver County, the Commission desire to make a most earnest appeal on behalf of the Christian Commission, which we hope will be responded to with former liberality and promptness.

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Gens. Butler and Smith.

BALTIMORE, April 24.—The American having copied from the New York World what was represented to be an extract from a letter from Gen. Butler, threatening to resign on account of the appointment of Gen. Smith to the command of the Peninsula, has received the following despatch from the General, dated:

Baltimore American. My attention is called to an article in your paper headed "A Protest from Gen. Butler," which purports that I have written the silly paragraph therein contained. I have written no such letter—it is not the kind of a letter I am accustomed to write. There has been no shadow of occasion for it, and more than the consideration to which I am entitled has been shown me by the Government in relation to my present command. I should not break my habit of not contradicting reports save that, if not contradicted, it may affect others than myself. Signed, B. F. BUTLER, Maj. Gen Com Dep. of V. & N. C.

Plymouth, N. C.

Plymouth is situated on the right bank of the Roanoke, eight miles above its entrance into Albemarle Sound. It was first occupied by the Union forces in February, 1862, immediately after the capture of Roanoke Island by Gen. Burnside. It was not then defended by any fortification, but one was erected above the town, commanding it, and the river, and named Fort Gray. When the rumors of a foray by the rebel rangers from above assumed a form which entitled them to evidence, obstructions were placed in the river, six miles above the town, in order to prevent the descent of the rebel boats. General Wessels, commander of the post, is a Brigadier General of volunteers, and was commissioned as such, April 25th, 1862. He is a Major in the Seventh Infantry, a graduate of West Point, and entered the service July 1, 1853.

CINCINNATI, April 24.—Gov. Morton has issued a proclamation to the people of Indiana, saying that the Governors of Ohio, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and Indiana offered to raise for the service of the General Government eighty thousand men, for the period of one hundred days, to perform in such military service as might be required of them in any State. The Governor calls for 20,000 volunteers. He says that the importance of making the coming campaign successful and decisive is not to be overestimated, and feels confident that this call will be promptly and fully responded to.

CINCINNATI, April 24.—Gov. Brough has issued an order calling the National Guard of Ohio into active service for 100 days. They will be clothed, armed, equipped and paid by the United States Government. They are marching for a decisive blow, and the citizen soldiery will share the glory of the crowing victories of the campaign by relieving our veteran regiments from post and garrison duty, to allow them to engage in the more arduous duties of the field.

St. Louis, April 23.—Edward B. Benton, a native of Wallum, Va., and for nearly two years past a resident of Port Pillow, who was in the fort during the Forts attack, was examined at Gen. Roberston's Headquarters on Tuesday last, and fully corroborated all previous reports of rebel barbarities there and made an additional statement that bloodhounds were used to discover the hiding places of those who escaped the massacre. He says that reliable reports state that Major Bradford was shot and hung near Covington.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—There is a general impression in this city that active movements in Virginia will not be much longer delayed by the armies on both sides. Rumors prevalent to-day in relation to Warren's corps, Va., but one entitled to more credit is that our troops merely fell back a few miles from that place for proper purposes. General Burnside is in Washington.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 19.—Gov. Murphy was inaugurated yesterday. Over ten thousand citizens and soldiers were present. A grand procession of the military, members of the Legislature, State officers, Citizens and Freedmen preceded the ceremonies, which were very impressive, and elicited the most enthusiastic cheering. The city was brilliantly illuminated at night. The Governor's Message was sent to the Legislature last week.

One of the objects with which the rebels propose to undertake a grand invasion of the North this Spring, is recruiting. The Montgomery (Ala.) Mail, in a recent article on the subject, says: "Let us invade them with our whole force. Missouri, Kentucky, Maryland, and the copperheads will sell our ranks. The Copperheads are exercising themselves, as in Coles county, Ill., for instance, preparatory to enlist when the stars and bars make their appearance."

NOT TO BE PAID.—It is not expected that the bill to pay Status for militia called out to repel invasions, such as John Morgan's raid, will pass this session. Men like the Ohio squirrel hunters are not anxious for pay for what was a labor of love, and the treasury has more pressing demands upon it now.

DEATH OF GENERAL TOTTER.—General Totton, Chief of Engineers, died on Friday, in his eightieth year. He was appointed Major General in the regular army just before his death.

The Surrender of Plymouth.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 24.—An officer has just arrived from Roanoke Island, bringing the following news: The vessels surrendered the following day, Wednesday, the 30th inst., after five days' fighting. Our loss was 150 killed, and 2,500 prisoners. The rebel loss was 100 killed.

The Southern rebels, as well as some folks in the North, are fond of shaking their heads in view of Lee's campaign in Virginia, with the remark that though General Grant has heretofore been successful in beating the rebel generals, he has never yet encountered General Lee. That is true enough. But do these people ever think that if Lee had not been true to Grant, he never would have fought Lee? Grant has never fought Lee, if Lee were true to Grant?

A burglar-proof vault has been invented, in which a space between two of the plates is filled with balls about one inch in diameter, entirely loose. The plates cannot be drilled through, as a drill cannot rotate with the tool instead of being perforated by the process. One of these vaults has recently been erected in the Custom House in Chicago.

The most plausible conjectures concerning Gen. Grant's plan of operations for the spring campaign, is that which assigns a force of sixty thousand men, including six divisions of Ninth Army Corps, to advance directly against Richmond, by way of the Peninsula, Gen. W. F. Smith commanding, while Gen. Meade's army takes care of Lee and Longstreet.

From full accounts of the battles in Louisiana, we learn that the fighting on the 8th inst. was very severe on the Union troops, who were under the immediate command of Gen. Banks. On the 9th, however, Gen. A. J. Smith, commanding the Vicksburg expedition, came up promptly, and after a severe battle, forced our defeat into a victory.

Gen. Scott, who is in excellent health, considering his great age, is preparing an auto biography of his life and times, which will contain some of the most interesting facts of a portion of his work, and the whole will soon be given to the public.

ARMY MARCHING.—A company from Washington of the 20th Regt. of Infantry, were sent to the front on the 23d inst., to be stationed at the mouth of the Potomac. Reason—Indecent relations to soldiers are likely to make.

Duty on PRINTING PAPER.—When the House comes to pass the tariff imported articles, the members of Ways and Means will warmly urge the duty on printing paper for this year. They express the opinion that it will be able to carry it.

A monument of pure marble is to be erected in honor of Col. Saml. Colt in the town of Hartford, Conn. It will be in the shape of a pedestal, and will be erected in the city of Hartford, Conn. It will be in the shape of a pedestal, and will be erected in the city of Hartford, Conn.

The American war is not going on in the localities of Rome. Pompeii is to-day surrounded on every side by a large number of similar plantations, and the neighborhood is as fertile as Castlemaine.

Only five days now remain to payers of taxes to make returns for their incomes for 1863. If returns are not made for the first day of the month, besides other penalties which will be added to the tax.

Dr. Thos. Donduon, of Wellsville, Ohio, having located at the Southern extremity of the National Hotel, in this place.

MARRIED: April 19th, by Rev John D. Boyd, Mr. WILLIAM GRAMER, of Bridgewater, to Miss PHILLIS REED, of Chester, Pa.

DIED: On the 23d of April, at the United Hotel, Philadelphia, Miss MARY daughter of J. & C. SHIVLER, of Kenton township, aged 16 years, 5 months and 8 days.

On the 21st inst., at the residence of his uncle, John Farrell, Vanport, Mrs. HENRY NELSON, aged 19 years, 9 months and 2 days. The deceased was of Blair county, Pa.

In the Army of the Potomac on the 14th inst., of Pneumonia, G. S. BAILEY, of Co. I, 140th Regt. P. V. Died in the morning of life. Having lived but a score of years. Died in the camp of the army.

With his comrades volunteers. Died away at the Rapidan river. Many miles from the loved ones at home. Died in his tent, surrounded by his volunteer messmates alone.

Died, as have thousands before him. In defence of freedom and right. Died, to as much honor entitled. As though he had fell in the fight.

Died where no father or mother Could wipe the death-damp from his brow. Died a believer in Christ. And rejoices in Heaven now. Moon tp., Apr. 24/64.