

BEAVER ARGUMENT

Wednesday, Nov. 3, 1864

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor

For President in 1864

ABRAHAM LINCOLN

OF ILLINOIS.

Copperheads Changing Front.

Since the recent elections in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Iowa, there has been a very perceptible backing down on the part of Northern Copperheads generally.

With a mind most powerful, vigorous, quick, just and practical, and possessing extraordinary energy, he acquired knowledge with great facility, and being endowed with a retentive memory, he possessed great power and readiness in the use of his varied stores of professional and general information.

Dr. Cunningham was always a man of the strictest and purest integrity, of unblemished morality and possessed a high regard for piety, giving with a liberal hand and cheerful heart to the support of religion and of every useful and benevolent enterprise, and always gave his hearty support to the cause of humanity.

He was truly and wisely a devoted patriot, loving his country with an honesty and sincerity unsurpassed by any. Since the breaking out of the rebellion against our government, he has given his cordial and unqualified support to our National and State authorities in their efforts to restore the country to its former unity and prosperity.

Gov. Seymour says that with all solemnity they again dedicate themselves to their country. It is indeed a work of solemnity to christen so many renegades and receive them among the faithful.

Maj. Gen. Butler has been assigned to the command of the Eighteenth Army Corps, Department of Virginia and North Carolina, in place of Gen. Foster, who is ordered to report at Washington to the Adjutant General.

Death of Dr. Smith Cunningham

We deeply regret to announce the death of Dr. Cunningham, one of our most highly esteemed fellow citizens, and an eminent and skillful Physician.

He was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, on the 10th of January, 1804 and removed with his father's family to the State of Ohio, in the year 1818.

He was truly and wisely a devoted patriot, loving his country with an honesty and sincerity unsurpassed by any. Since the breaking out of the rebellion against our government, he has given his cordial and unqualified support to our National and State authorities in their efforts to restore the country to its former unity and prosperity.

Gov. Seymour says that with all solemnity they again dedicate themselves to their country. It is indeed a work of solemnity to christen so many renegades and receive them among the faithful.

Maj. Gen. Butler has been assigned to the command of the Eighteenth Army Corps, Department of Virginia and North Carolina, in place of Gen. Foster, who is ordered to report at Washington to the Adjutant General.

BEAVER COUNTY, Pa. And now to wit October 28th, A. D. 1864, it is ordered by the Court that the next Term be limited to one week, and that the Sheriff be directed not to serve the venire for Jurors for the second week of the Term, and to give notice to any persons summoned for the second week not to attend.

The Late and Approaching Contest—Union Men Preserve Their Organizations for the Great Result

We have just passed through the first great contest for the maintenance of our Republican Government, and the result exhibits to the world the gratifying evidence of the unflinching devotion of the people to our free institutions.

The first ground of objection made by the Star is, that we charged that the Convention that nominated Judge Woodward endorsed Vallandigham, and it tries to escape the fact by quoting the 7th resolution of the Convention, in these words:

Now, let us look a little at the above resolution. The Convention thanks "the lion-hearted Democracy" for what? For their manly vindication of the "great crime committed against it in the arrest and deportation of Clement L. Vallandigham."

It is generally thought in this country, that when a Convention nominates a candidate for Governor, that the man thus nominated is the exponent of the political views of the Convention which puts him forward as its candidate.

It will not do for the Star to say that the Convention did not endorse Vallandigham by such a resolution. Political Conventions are not in the habit of nominating candidates who are opposed to them politically.

But the funniest part of the Star's article is the following: "Our opponents have persisted in the assertion that we were opposed to the war, in favor of peace at any price, and disunionists at heart. How they managed to decide so many people, by these wholesale falsehoods, it is difficult to conceive."

Here is just where the laugh comes in. We look upon this as one of the best "goafs" of the season, and believe Artemus all hollow.

UPON THIS SUBJECT we will have more to say in our next paper, and show the great and vital necessity to keep up our present organization for the coming great national conflict which will decide our fate.

Democracy's Position

The Star of last week still continues to claim that the position of the Democracy is misrepresented during the late canvass, and devotes nearly a column and a half to an attempt to show that it is pleased to call "the infamy of our view of the case."

The first ground of objection made by the Star is, that we charged that the Convention that nominated Judge Woodward endorsed Vallandigham, and it tries to escape the fact by quoting the 7th resolution of the Convention, in these words:

Now, let us look a little at the above resolution. The Convention thanks "the lion-hearted Democracy" for what? For their manly vindication of the "great crime committed against it in the arrest and deportation of Clement L. Vallandigham."

It is generally thought in this country, that when a Convention nominates a candidate for Governor, that the man thus nominated is the exponent of the political views of the Convention which puts him forward as its candidate.

It will not do for the Star to say that the Convention did not endorse Vallandigham by such a resolution. Political Conventions are not in the habit of nominating candidates who are opposed to them politically.

But the funniest part of the Star's article is the following: "Our opponents have persisted in the assertion that we were opposed to the war, in favor of peace at any price, and disunionists at heart. How they managed to decide so many people, by these wholesale falsehoods, it is difficult to conceive."

Here is just where the laugh comes in. We look upon this as one of the best "goafs" of the season, and believe Artemus all hollow.

UPON THIS SUBJECT we will have more to say in our next paper, and show the great and vital necessity to keep up our present organization for the coming great national conflict which will decide our fate.

Presentation of a Rare Work of Pennsylvania Election Official Art to Gen. Irwin

The friends of W. W. Irwin, Com. Military General of the State, at the Harrisburg, Pa. Convention, conceived the idea of recognizing his great services as an officer, as well as acknowledging his many qualities as a man, by presenting him with some fitting testimonial. It was agreed upon to select and purchase a rare production of art, in the possession of Ward on Third street, the work of one of the most gifted artists in the country.

The first ground of objection made by the Star is, that we charged that the Convention that nominated Judge Woodward endorsed Vallandigham, and it tries to escape the fact by quoting the 7th resolution of the Convention, in these words:

Now, let us look a little at the above resolution. The Convention thanks "the lion-hearted Democracy" for what? For their manly vindication of the "great crime committed against it in the arrest and deportation of Clement L. Vallandigham."

It is generally thought in this country, that when a Convention nominates a candidate for Governor, that the man thus nominated is the exponent of the political views of the Convention which puts him forward as its candidate.

It will not do for the Star to say that the Convention did not endorse Vallandigham by such a resolution. Political Conventions are not in the habit of nominating candidates who are opposed to them politically.

But the funniest part of the Star's article is the following: "Our opponents have persisted in the assertion that we were opposed to the war, in favor of peace at any price, and disunionists at heart. How they managed to decide so many people, by these wholesale falsehoods, it is difficult to conceive."

Here is just where the laugh comes in. We look upon this as one of the best "goafs" of the season, and believe Artemus all hollow.

UPON THIS SUBJECT we will have more to say in our next paper, and show the great and vital necessity to keep up our present organization for the coming great national conflict which will decide our fate.

Pennsylvania Election Official

Table with columns for County, Maj. 1860, Maj. 1862, Maj. 1864, and Exemption List. Lists counties like Adams, Allegheny, Armstrong, Berks, Bedford, Berks, Blair, Bradford, Bucks, Cambria, Carbon, Chester, Clearfield, Clinton, Columbia, Cumberland, Dauphin, Delaware, Erie, Fayette, Franklin, Fulton, Greensburg, Huntingdon, Juniata, Lancaster, Lawrence, Lehigh, Luzerne, Lycoming, Mercer, Mifflin, Monroe, Montgomery, Northampton, Northumberland, Perry, Philadelphia, Potter, Schuylkill, Snyder, Somerset, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Tioga, Union, Venango, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Westmoreland, Wyoming, York, and Woodward's vote.

Thanksgiving Proclamation

WHEREAS, The President of the United States, by his Proclamation, bearing date on the third day of this month, has invited the citizens of the United States to set apart Thursday, the Twenty-Sixth Day of November, next, as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer.

For the general health and welfare of our people, and for the safety and welfare of our country, it is the duty of every citizen to observe the said day accordingly, and that they do especially pray for the continuance of the blessings which have been heaped upon us by the Divine Hand.

Given under my Hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this twenty-eighth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the Commonwealth of the eighty-eighth.

By the Governor: ELI SLIFER, Secy of the Com.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Col. Robert Nugent, A. A. P. M. General New York: The representations made by Dean Richmond and Peter Canger, in a printer circular dated October 27, 1863 in respect to the Provost Marshal General is untrue. It is not true that the State of New York is charged with a deficiency for every citizen who has paid the \$300 commutation money, receiving no credit therefor. On the contrary, the State receives the same credit for a man who has paid his commutation as if the drafted citizen had gone in person or furnished a substitute, and in like manner towns which have raised the money to pay their quota receives the same credit as if actual substitutes had been furnished. The President has ordered that every citizen who has paid the \$300 commutation shall receive the same credit, therefore as if he had procured a substitute, and is exonerated from military service for the time which he was drafted to wit: three years. As the misrepresentations of Dean Richmond and Peter Canger have been published and circulated for electioneering purposes, it is proper that you give them immediate correction.

Provost Marshal General