

## A LITTLE COUNTRY PAPER

I get a little paper from a little country town.  
A far cry from the dailies, that on Sunday weigh us down;  
It's printed every Friday, and it has no supplement.  
Nor colored rotogravure but I'm always glad it's sent.  
It gives no clever verses by the syndicated bards,  
But states that Mrs. Williams entertained some friends at cards;  
"Ye scribe" saw Judge McArthur shaking hands with friends today—  
It says the Curtis family sold out and moved away.  
On Boulder Dam it's silent, and there's nothing on finance—  
It tells the Rebekehs gave an installation dance.  
That Miss Day is returning soon to open up her school,  
That Alexander Hargrave lost a valuable mule.  
It's glad that Jimmy Gallagher can be around again,  
It claims that the alfalfa crop is much in need of rain;  
The supervisors voted for the road work to commence;  
Will Anderson hauled some lumber for his new garage and fence—  
The wordly ones may smile at it, but there are tender smiles—  
These home town items form a bond through many years and miles.  
Oh, little country paper, with your little weekly talks!  
I like to wander with you down remembered roads and walks.  
—By Clara McCreery

## CENSUS WILL COVER IMMENSE RANGE.

The coming census of the United States will be the most comprehensive statistical compilation ever undertaken in this or any other country. It will necessitate the employment of over 125,000 people to canvass the dwellings, farms, shops, factories, stores and other establishments for which data must be obtained. It will cover population, agriculture, irrigation and drainage, manufactures, mines, unemployment and distribution.  
The original purpose of the census when it was initiated 140 years ago was simply to ascertain the population of the several States as a basis for the apportionment of representatives, and the taking of a census decennially for this purpose is required by the Constitution of the United States.  
The earliest censuses were confined to the one subject of population. Censuses of manufactures were taken in 1810 and 1820; and statistics of agriculture, manufactures, and mining have been collected in every decennial census since and including that of 1840. A census of manufactures is now taken every two years, and a census of agriculture every five years.  
Now for the first time we are to have a census of distribution, which may be defined briefly as a gathering of statistics in regard to wholesale and retail trade. It will show the number of stores of different types and other distributing agencies; the number of persons employed by such establishments; the principal expenses including rent, interest and total wages paid; the stocks of goods on hand December 31, 1929, and the sales during the year 1929 broken down by commodity groups so far as practical. The inclusion of this subject of distribution means a very material addition to the work of taking the next census. It is estimated that it will be necessary to canvass nearly two million establishments.  
So far as possible the census will distinguish the main classes of goods dealt in, so as to present separate totals for important classes of commodities, such as, for instance, boots and shoes, clothing and groceries. But this classification cannot be carried out completely because many merchants do not keep their books in such a way as to be able to furnish separate figures for various classes of goods. In manufactures there has been a tendency in the direction of greater specialization or concentration upon the manufacture of some one line of products. But in retail trade, with the development of the department store, the mail-order house, and the modern so-called drug store carrying all sorts of other articles and drugs only incidentally, it seems as if the tendency were in the other direction.  
In order to make a complete canvass of distribution it is necessary to cover several different classes of distributors, such as jobbers, commission dealers, brokers, manufacturers' sales branches, importers and others, as well as retail and wholesale merchants. In cities, where these various classes are represented, it will be necessary to use a number of different schedules or questionnaires, since a schedule suitable for one class of distributors would not be applicable without change to other classes. There will be a special schedule, for instance, for drug stores, another for grocery stores, a third for other classes of retail stores, a fourth for wholesale dealers in food products, a fifth for other classes of wholesale stores, and so on—in all, some ten or a dozen different schedules. It is expected, however, that in the rural districts and small towns the census of distribution will be covered by one general schedule and the canvass will be supervised in this district by C. E. Yount, Census Supervisor, 4th District of Pennsylvania. The schedules will be col-

lected by specially well qualified enumerators selected for that purpose.  
In taking this census the Government counts upon the co-operation and support of the merchants and other distributors. While they are required by law to answer the questions on the census schedules and are subject to penalties if the Census Bureau justifies the expectation that they will recognize the importance of the census and willingly supply the information requested. The census takers are forbidden—under penalties, to reveal any information or data obtained through the census in regard to any individual person or individual establishment. No one except sworn employees of the Bureau will be permitted to examine the reports, and no information can or will be given out to any person outside the Bureau, whether in Government service or in private life, which would disclose, either exactly or approximately, any of the facts or figures in these reports. The data, as the law requires, will be used only for the statistical purposes for which it is supplied.  
The need for the kind of information which may be obtained through a distribution census is very generally realized, and has been urged upon the attention of the American people by the President of the United States, by the present Secretary of Commerce, by chambers of commerce, and business organizations, especially those concerned in trade and distribution. It is believed that one of the reasons why we have heretofore possessed relatively little comprehensive information about the movement of commodities. There is altogether too much waste in the present machinery of distribution. There is too wide a gap between what the consumer pays. More adequate information on this subject should point the way to economics that will in the end benefit the consumer as well as the distributor.  
Of course these results will not come about immediately. In this as in other things we cannot accomplish all we want to all at once. But the census of distribution will be the first step, a beginning in the progress towards improved conditions as regards economy and efficiency in the processes of distribution.  
That we should have the information called for by this census is to the interest of the individual business and industry generally. It should benefit the local community, as well as the country at large.  
**FARMER BENEFITS MOST FROM AIRPLANE**  
Farmers are more likely to get genuine benefits from the use of airplanes than their city brothers for many years to come, according to the findings of a survey by The Country Home.  
Planes, according to the magazine, have already appeared far more readily to the people of the Middle West and Far West than they have to New Yorkers, for example. "The restless daring spirit of the West unquestionably has had much to do with this lead in aviation," says the article. California has more pilots than any other State, New York has more planes than pilots.  
Air-mindedness is keenest in sections of the United States where terrain and weather are most favorable for flying. In rocky, foggy New England aviation has lagged as it has in the Allegheny region. As one goes westward the interest in flying picks up. Flat breasted Ohio, home of the Wrights, has pioneered in aviation. From Central Ohio to the Rocky Mountains one can fly safely over any route, knowing that aside from a few rough spots, a landing can be made anywhere. Professional pilots prefer even the Rocky mountains to the Alleghenies because the valleys are wider, less wooded and the air is clearer. Fogs, curse of the East, are infrequent.  
Distances are greater in the West and there is greater need for rapid travel. Cattle ranchers as well as farmers are learning the advantages of owning planes.  
The article cites numerous instances of time and money being saved by the use of planes. In one case thousands of acres of rice land was made productive after a crop failure by being replanted by planes in a few days. With the old methods the replanting could not have been accomplished in time for the crop to mature.  
**GOOD GOVERNMENT JOBS OPEN TO COMPETITORS.**  
The United States Civil Service Commission announces the following open competitive examinations:  
Chief telegraph inspector, \$2,600 a year; senior telegraph inspector, \$2,000 a year, Interstate Commerce Commission, for duty in Washington, D. C., or in field.  
Flat-bed bookkeeping machine operator, \$1,620 a year, Departmental Service, Washington, D. C.  
Teacher, junior high school (grades 7-9), \$1,680 a year; teacher, elementary (grades 1-6), \$1,500 a year, Indian Service. A deduction of \$180 a year will be made for quarters, fuel, and light.  
Taxation economist, \$3,800 to \$4,400 a year, Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, for duty at New Haven, Conn., and elsewhere.  
Associate business specialist (water and rail transportation), \$3,200 to \$3,700 a year, office of the Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors, Washington, D. C.  
All States except Maryland, Virginia, Vermont, Delaware, and the District of Columbia have received less than their share of appointments in the apportioned departmental service at Washington, D. C.  
Full information may be obtained from O. P. M. Smith, local secretary of the United States Civil Service Board of Examiners at the post office in Bellefonte.

**SALVATION ARMY IN AMERICA FIFTY YEARS.**  
Fifty years ago on March 10th the pioneer party of the Salvation Army landed at the Battery, New York City. The invaders were not numerically strong—just seven "ladies" and one man, Commissioner George Scott Ralston. One member only of the band survives today—Major Emma Westbook, now 86 years of age, who is still on active service. Her reminiscences of those early days are very interesting.  
This and the following facts are told in the history of the Salvation Army prepared at the local mission. A family named Shirley became converted in the Christian Mission as the Salvation Army was then called—in Coventry, England, in 1878. Emigrating to Philadelphia in 1879, they commenced, after the manner of their kind, evangelistic services in an old chair factory. The movement grew, and in 1880 the Shirleys appealed to General Booth to send help. Only two years old, the Salvation Army was numerically weak and the only force available to conquer the New World was the General's private Secretary, George Ralston and seven "Hallelujah lassies." Ralston was dubbed a "Commissioner" and dispatched with his seven amazons on a typically winter's day in February to New York.  
Ideas on uniforms were then hazy. Ralston, a son of the manse, and a quaint mixture of St. Francis and John Wesley, procured a piece of tin on which he printed in crude letters "Salvation Army." This he wore on his hat held in place by a piece of string. Setting out in the tracks of Columbus, he was arrayed for the first time in a semi-military coat. The effect was so pleasing that the lassies were arrayed in coats of exactly the same pattern, giving them the merit of being interchangeable. Their sole artistic touch was a "high crowned hat with a broad crimson band and gold letters bearing the legend "Salvation Army."  
The voyage was not without a noted character. Before leaving, a converted chimney sweep named Elijah Cadman, had prayed for a benediction that, if the lassies were not going to be faithful to their vows, Providence might remove them enroute by sinking the vessels. It certainly seemed as if his suggestion was going to be acted upon, for one of the cylinders burst, the sails blew overboard, the ship caught fire, and it became necessary in mid-ocean to transfer some of the passengers to another ship. But Ralston and his lassies stuck to "the ship that had been prayed for." The weather was rough. The lassies were sick and lay about the deck in the steerage. Ralston tried to divert them by suggesting they hold a service. But no one felt equal to preaching! He started to sing "We are going to wear a crown." But even that thought gave little comfort to the sea-sick warriors and Ralston retired, beaten for once.  
The work spread, new centres were opened, and the Salvation Army soon became established. At the end of the year 1880 Ralston was recalled to England. The first "War Cry" appeared in January 1881, being published in St. Louis, then the furthestmost point of the Army's advance. From these small beginnings the work has grown steadily, year by year. Commander Evangeline Booth assumed the national leadership in 1905, and under her vigorous and inspiring direction great strides have been made, until today the movement covers the whole country with a network of beneficent activities. The statistics for the last fiscal year show there are 1,735 corps or posts with 3,814 salaried officers and cadets and 24,881 unpaid local officers, 124 Men's Industrial Institutions, 35 Maternity Homes and Hospitals, 10 Children's Homes, 9 Women's Residences, 12 Settlements, 91 Employment Bureaus and 16 General Hospitals and Dispensaries, in which 49,224 patients were treated last year. The converts totalled 109,296 and 126,346 men and women were found employed. Publications issued during the year totalled 12,587,833 copies.  
The latest development is a Young Women's Residence to be erected on part of the present Headquarters site on 13th and 14 streets, New York City. This hotel will accommodate between 300 and 400 young business women, and has been made possible by the munificence of John Markle, who has given Commander Evangeline Booth, \$50,000 for the purpose. Adjoining the hotel, facing on 13th street, is the new headquarters administration building on 14th street, with two auditoriums, one holding 2,000 and the other 500. It is anticipated that these buildings will be opened in April, 1930.

**PATIENTS TREATED AT COUNTY HOSPITAL**  
Margaret Weaver, 7 year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Weaver, of State College, was admitted on Monday of last week for surgical treatment, and discharged on Tuesday.  
Helen, 10-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Stere, of Unionville, was admitted on Wednesday of last week for medical treatment.  
James Kreamer, of Pleasant Gap, a medical patient for the past week, was discharged Monday.  
William Mills, of Bellefonte, who had been a patient for the past month following a coasting accident, was discharged on Monday of last week.  
Mrs. Earl Harter, of Bellefonte, a surgical patient for eight days, was discharged last Monday.  
Jean Kreamer, of State College, was admitted on Monday of last week for surgical treatment.  
Mrs. Mary Billett, of Bellefonte, became a surgical patient on Monday of last week.  
Kenneth Ishler, of State College, was admitted on Monday of last week as a surgical patient.  
George Jodon, of Bellefonte, a surgical patient for the past 11 days, was discharged on Tuesday of last week.  
Mrs. Francis Myers, of State College, a surgical patient for the past two weeks, was discharged on Tuesday of last week.  
Mrs. D. M. Shay, of Bellefonte, a medical patient for over a month, was discharged on Tuesday of last week.  
Mrs. Leif Olsen and infant daughter, of Bellefonte, were discharged on Wednesday of last week.  
Miss Dorothy Whitecar, of Millheim, a student nurse, was admitted as a medical patient last Thursday.  
Miss Araminta Ishler, of Oak Hall, a student nurse, was admitted as a medical patient last Thursday.  
Peter R. Nerveras, of West Hazleton, became a surgical patient last Thursday.  
Mrs. Hazel Swartz, of State College, a surgical patient for the past ten days, was discharged last Thursday.  
Miss Catherine Hartie, of Bellefonte, who had been a medical patient, was discharged on Monday of last week.  
Joseph, eight-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hazel, of Bellefonte, was admitted for surgical treatment on Friday of last week, and discharged the same day.  
Harris Tierny, of Lemont, was admitted on Friday as a medical patient.  
Mary, eight-months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Pasuella, of Snow Shoe, was discharged last Friday after having been a surgical patient for forty-six days.  
Irvin Graham, of Boalsburg, who had been a surgical patient for two weeks, was discharged last Friday.  
Robert Lohr, of Pennsylvania Furnace, was discharged on Friday after having been a medical patient.  
William Howard, of Bellefonte, R. F. D., was admitted on Saturday for surgical treatment.  
Dorothy Parker, of Centre Hall, a surgical patient for a month, was discharged last Saturday.  
Clair W. Beightol, of Jacksonville, a surgical patient, was discharged on Saturday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Rockey, of Linden Hall, are the proud parents of a baby daughter, born last Saturday.  
Joseph Kirko, of Clarence, who had been a medical patient for two weeks, was discharged on Sunday.  
John R. Roberts, of State College, who had been a surgical patient for ten days, was discharged on Sunday.  
William McClure, of Bellefonte, a surgical patient for thirteen days, was discharged on Sunday.  
There were thirty-two patients in the hospital at the beginning of this week.

**CHIEF WITNESS IN CASE A DEAF AND DUMB MAN**  
A deaf and dumb man will be the chief witness in a case scheduled for trial at the May sessions of court, in Bellefonte, and attorneys are speculating as to how the district attorney is going to get his evidence.  
The case is from Liberty township and is the outcome of a woman having her husband arrested for non-support. In retaliation the husband informed members of the State highway patrol that his wife had sold a car which was owned jointly by her and her son and had signed the son's name to the transfer of title. Information was promptly made against the woman and her case is on the May court list.  
An investigation, however, revealed the fact that the son in question is deaf and dumb, but has held a driver's license and operated a car for four or five years. How he managed to get a license in the first place is hard to tell. He has no knowledge of the deaf and dumb language, cannot talk with his fingers or write, and his only means of communication with members of the family is by signs.  
If his name is written on paper he is able to make a fair copy of it, and it was in this way he signed his applications for automobile and driver's licenses. Just how he will give testimony in court is a puzzling question, and as it looks now the entire case against his mother will rest on the boy's testimony.

**SIM'S CLOTHING STORE CLOSED ON MONDAY**  
The store of "Sim, the Clothier" was cleaned out of stock on Monday. All the furniture and fixtures have been sold and will be taken away this week. Some of the cases were purchased by Charles P. Long, of Spring Mills; others were sold to State College and Lock Haven parties, and some of the fixtures to the people who will occupy the room in the future.  
The room has been leased by the John Thrifty Stores company, a 5 cent to \$1.00 organization, with W. G. Salmon as manager. The room will be entirely overhauled and fitted up to meet the requirements of the new store, which will be open for business some time during the coming month.  
Verily Bellefonte is becoming a town of chain stores. At present there are two of the Weiss pure food grocery stores located here, two Clover Farm stores, two Shaffer stores and two A. & P. stores. In the five cent and upward line there is the McCrory and the G. C. Murphy Co., and now the John Thrifty will make three of that kind.  
Apropos of the business changes this spring, before the end of another week the Caldwell & Son plumbing establishment and the old Twimire tinning shop will both be moved from High street onto Bishop street. Both these stores have been located for many years in their present rooms and in their removal the downtown section will be left without a store of their kind.  
Next week the telegraph office will also be moved up town to the Brockhoff house block and Eckman's barber shop will be moved from the First National bank building into the old Valentine building, on High street. So far several of the rooms which will be vacated have not been rented.  
**METHODIST CONFERENCE CLOSED ON MONDAY**  
The annual sessions of the Central Pennsylvania conference of the Methodist Episcopal church closed at Harrisburg, on Monday afternoon, with the announcement of assignment of ministers by Bishop Richardson. The changes were not as many as had been anticipated. Rev. Homer C. Knox, who has been pastor of the Bellefonte church for five years, was assigned to Barnesboro and Rev. Horace Lincoln Jacobs was transferred to Bellefonte from Bedford.  
There were two changes in district superintendents. Rev. J. McK. Reiley, whose term as superintendent of the Altoona district expired, was assigned to the First church, Altoona, and was succeeded by Rev. E. Edgar Skillington, who had been pastor of the First church.  
Rev. A. L. Miller, of Lewisdown, was made superintendent of the Williamsport district, and Rev. W. L. Watkins, former superintendent, was sent to the Pine Street church, Williamsport, and Rev. J. H. Daugherty from Pine Street church to the First church, Lewisdown.  
The 1931 session of conference will be held at Carlisle.  
Announcement was made at Sunday's session of conference of a gift of \$50,000 from M. B. Rich, of Woolrich, to establish a chair of religious education at Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport.

**REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS**  
Nellie E. Lose, et bar, to Raymond J. Strohm, et al, tract in Bellefonte; \$1.  
Cora M. Tate, et bar, to Clarence Tate, tract in Spring township; \$1.  
John Rossmann, Admr., to John R. Taylor, tract in Gregg Twp.; \$155.  
M. L. Rishel, Admr., to W. H. Weaver, tract in Gregg Twp.; \$100.  
William H. Weaver to Thomas J. Decker, tract in Gregg Twp.; \$1050.  
William Flick to P. W. Kelley, tract in Snow Shoe Twp.; \$4210.  
Effe M. Motz to F. P. Guiser, et al, tract in Haines Twp.; \$500.  
Harry E. Butler, et ux, to A. M. Butler, tract in Howard Twp.; \$300.  
William R. Snook, et ux, to Glennshaw Sportsman's Club, tract in Miles Twp.; \$50.  
William Almond, Sr., to Lewis Finberg, et al, tract in Phillipsburg; \$375.  
John C. Hoffer, et al, to Anna S. Hoffer, et al, tract in Phillipsburg; \$1500.  
Nancy O. Benner to Philip E. Mersinger, et ux, tract in Potter Twp.; \$5,000.  
William M. Garner, et ux, to Clara T. Bateson, tract in State College; \$1.  
P. W. Kelley, et al, to Lehigh Valley Coal Co., tract in Snow Shoe Twp.; \$1.  
S. Ward Gramley, et ux, to Charles A. Miller, tract in Millheim; \$640.  
Andrew A. Borland, et ux, to Veda Alumni Association of the Penna. State College, tract in State College; \$4100.  
Tau Kappa Epsilon Fraternity to Phi Chapter House Corp. of the Tau Kappa Epsilon Fraternity of the Pennsylvania State College, tract in State College; \$1.  
O. W. Houtz, et ux, to H. E. Dickson, et ux, tract in State College; \$1.  
D. E. Washburn, et ux, to Louis Masullo, et ux, tract in Bellefonte; \$100.

**Orphans' Court Sale.**  
ESTATE OF GEORGE W. NEARHOOF, DECEASED.—By virtue of an order of the orphans' court of Centre county the undersigned administratrix of the estate of George W. Nearhoof, late of Taylor township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, deceased, will expose to public sale at the store of J. T. Beckwith, at Hannah Furnace, in Taylor township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, on SATURDAY the FIFTH day of APRIL A. D. 1930, at TWO o'clock P. M., the following Described Real Estate:  
ALL that parcel of land situate in Taylor Township, Centre County, and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining late sold to Nearhoof, Weaver, Lewis and other lands, being part of a survey in the name of Samuel Downing bounded and described as follows, to wit:  
BEGINNING on the division line between Joseph and Samuel Downing, at the Northwest corner of farm sold to Nearhoof; thence North 52 1/2 degrees East Sixty-nine (69) Perches; thence by other lands North 46 degrees West One Hundred Forty (140) Perches to the back line of the Downing surveys; thence by said back line South 53 1/2 degrees West Sixty-nine (69) Perches to the corner of Joseph Downing tract; thence by the division line between Joseph and Samuel Downing South 46 degrees East One Hundred Forty-One (141) Perches to the place of beginning. Containing Sixty (60) acres or more of land.  
TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of the purchase price on the day of sale; the balance of one-half on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed, and the remaining one-half in one year with interest at six per cent, to be secured by bond and mortgage of the purchaser with adequate fire insurance on the buildings.  
MARRI NEARHOOF, administratrix of the estate of George W. Nearhoof, deceased, Fort Matilda, Pa.  
Hicks & Owens, Atty. Tyrone, Pa. 75-11-31

**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE**—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Ellen M. Stuart, late of State College borough, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to same are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims against said estate must present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.  
HAROLD B. SHATTUCK, Executor,  
RAY D. GILLILAND, Executor,  
W. Harrison Walker, State College, Pa. 74-11-31

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE**—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Josephine Alexander, late of the Borough of State College, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims against the same must present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.  
CAREY C. ALEXANDER, Administrator,  
W. Harrison Walker, State College, Pa. 75-11-31

**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE**—Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Minerva Fite, late of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are directed to make payment of such indebtedness and those having claims should present them, properly authenticated, for payment.  
SCOTT TATE, ALVA HENDERSHOT, Executors of Minerva Fite, Dec'd.,  
Bellefonte, R. F. D., Pa.  
William Groh Runke, Atty., Bellefonte, Pa. 76-8-31

**NOTICE OF PRIMARY ELECTION TO BE HELD MAY 20, 1930.**—In accordance with the provisions of Section (4) of the Uniform Primary Act, approved July 12, 1913 (P. L. 719) Notice is hereby given that there are to be nominated at the Spring Primary Election, to be held on TUESDAY, May 20th, 1930, in the COUNTY OF CENTRE, and to be voted for at the General Election, to be held on Tuesday, November 4, 1930, Candidates for the following named offices:  
United States Senator (to supply vacancy).  
Governor.  
Lieutenant Governor.  
Secretary Internal Affairs.  
Judge of the Supreme Court.  
Two Judges of the Superior Court.  
Representative in Congress.  
Senator in General Assembly.  
Representative in General Assembly.  
Republican County Chairman.  
Republican State Chairman.  
Republican Member State Committee.  
Democratic County Chairman.  
Democratic Vice Chairman.  
Democratic Member State Committee.  
Upon the days above named the polls will be open from 7 o'clock A. M. to 7 o'clock P. M.  
HOWARD M. MILES, JOHN S. SPEARLY, NEWTON J. WILSON, County Commissioners  
Attest, Fred B. Healy, Chief Clerk. 75-12-31

**SHERIFF'S SALE**—By virtue of a writ of LEVARI Facias issue of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in borough of Bellefonte on FRIDAY, APRIL 11th, 1930.  
The Following Property:  
ALL that certain message, tenement and tract of land situate in the Township of Ferguson, Centre County, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:—  
BEGINNING at a stone thence by land formerly of John C. Miller, now Isaac Miller, North 58 degrees West 27 1/2 perches to stones; thence by land formerly of Sibb, Stearns & Company, now J. W. Miller, South 50 degrees West 152 perches to stones by fallen pine; thence by land of Charles Miller, North 52 degrees East 128 perches to the place of beginning, containing 236 acres, 18 perches and allowances.  
Being the same land that was conveyed to Harry G. Sunday in the name of Harry G. Sunday by Deed of Deeds of W. Sunday and wife dated March 10th, 1921 and recorded in the office for the recording of Deeds of Centre County in Deed Book 127 page 250.  
Sold, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Harry G. Sunday and wife by Sheriff of Centre County and J. Fred and Anna M. Neff, Terre tenants.  
Sale to commence at 1:30 o'clock p. m. of said day.  
H. E. DUNLAP, Sheriff Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., March 17th, 1930. 75-12-31