Aemocratic Matchman. Bellefonte, Pa., January 3, 1930

FARM NOTES.

-Taking evergreen trees and rubs from land that does not beng to the one who helps himself an offense carrying a penalty of 5 and cost of prosecution for each ee or shrub or part of a tree or rub removed. It costs less to buy e Christmas decorations.

-Dairy cows differ in their abil-to pay the farmer good prices for s grain and hay crops. Low-pro-icing cows should be culled out to crease the value of the herd as a arket for feeds consumed, say ate College dairy specialists.

-Honey producers will share a ize fund of \$232.50 at the coming ate Farm Products Show in Har-sburg. Awards will be made for mb and extracted honey, culinary oducts in which honey is substited for sugar, and honey candies.

-Mulch paper is said to be orth-while for certain early crops high market value and in some me gardens where it is desired eliminate cultivation and to utilspace to the best advantage.

-Short courses in agriculture and iry manufacturing will open at e Pennsylvania State College, nuary 2, 1930. They occur at a when work on some farms not pressing, so furnish ambious young folks an opportunity to prove their knowledge of agriiltural information. Apply at ice to the Dean, School of Agriilture, State College, Pa., for adissio

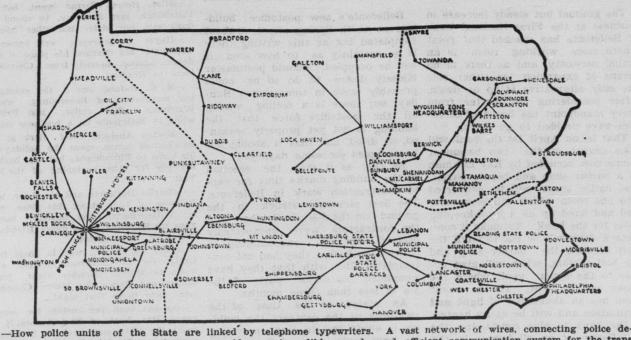
-To keep house plants in a salthy condition it is necessary to udy their requirements. Avoid iderwatering or overheating and aughts. Give sufficient light and casional doses of plant food, and ep foliage clean.

epartment of Agriculture, but the naller farm produces more of the incipal field crops than the larger

rm of the past. The average farm in this State about 20 acres smaller than that 1870.

The State produces wheat today the rate of about 112 bushels statoes at the rate of about 129 ishels, and feed crops at about 125 i4 bushels, per farm. The figures r the year, 1870 are only: wheat, 1 bushels; potatoes, 70 bushels; ed crops, 674 bushels per farm. The larger number of bushels to farm is being produced now on

le acre less than in 1870. The amount of crops grown on rage farm has increased 12 and the increase has been hed with only an increase cent in the acreage devote crops.



partments in nearly 100 cities and towns, provides an incredibly speedy and efficient communication system for the trans mission of police information throughout the State. There are four zones, Philadelphia, Wyoming (Luzerne county), Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, from which radiate channels to the outlying points. Each headquarters unit sends messages to the points within its zone (the boundaries of which are shown by the heavy broken lines) and to other points in the system. Main headquarters are at Harrisburg. The new police inter-communication system began to operate in Belle fonte on Monday, December 23rd.

HALF-BREED

BELLEFONE IS A LINK IN UNIQUE POLICE CHAIN

With the inauguration on Monday, December 23, of the State Police telephone typewriter service, Belle-fonte and 94 other cities and towns in Pnnsylvania were linked together as units in one of the most perfectly coordinated communication systems

in the world. From main headquarters, located in the capitol building at Harrisburg, a message to the effect that the service had been placed in operation was flashed to all points in the State-wide police system. Distribution of the first routine messages was begun an instant later, and thus actual establishment of the system had been completed. The service represents the cumu-

lative achievement of the State Police, the Pennsylvania Police Chief's -Farms have become smaller in Association and others, who for sev-ennsylvania during the past two eral years have been cooperating in enerations, according to the State the preparation of plans for the establishment of a communication system to expedite the transmission

of vital information to assist in the capture of criminals and the supression of crime.

The system, installed by the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania, represents the most extensive project of its kind in the country. It is served by more than 3400 miles of telephone circuits. Commenting on the service Major Lynn C. Adams, Superintendent of

the State Police, said: "To obtain the maximum operating

efficiency, the State has been divided into four zones, namely Harrisburg, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, and Wyoming (Anthracite Section), with sendend. At the edge of the mesquite he

(Continued from page 6, Col. 4.) Miguel will find peace.' I wonder if he ever did. For it was not written that any of us should learn, although once it was given me to look behind the veil.

band was at its height. Alone as usual, I had been riding the foothill ranges and had stopped to let my horse drink at a halfdry buffalo wallow. My thoughts must have been far away, for, as I gathered in the reins, I found my-self looking down at a ragged

Mexican covering me with an auto-matic. Beside him stood a comrade. The latter, with many apologies, bound my wrists behind me. somewhere back in the From

mesquite they led two horses and together we headed south. An hour's zigzagging brought us to the base of a limestone cliff where two tents were pitched by a little stream. The place had the air of being a temporary camp. At an order from the Mexican behind me I dismounted and turned to look into the blue eyes of my former sheep herder.

Miguel stared in sudden astonishment, then whipping out a knife he cut the thongs at my wrists, 'Senor, before Our Lady I am sorry. Those men did not know. You are not hurt?"

I rubbed my wrists. "Not hurt, But you seek novel means of in-

viting guests. "I had no thought it would ever be you. See, I am desolate that this should be. But my men bring

stopped. "Often I think of you and of the times we sat by my fire. I asked

you many dark questions. It becomes a little clearer now that not for such as I are the laws of life and man. I have been set as a That came a year later, when the power of Miguel and his desert yours. Always I answered hatred yours. Always I answered hatred with hatred and blow by blow. Al-

ways my back to the wall. "Eh, Senor, it comes to me I shall But sometimes with die like that. it all I pity a little those men of the cities who go about their selling and buying and growing old and dis-trusting and fearing—at least I have escaped that, compadre, so do not feel too much sorrow for Miguelwhatever comes.

I understood. Yes, even for this hunted outlaw Miguel. I could not feel pity alone. Then he touched my hand.

"Adios, Senor." "Adios, Miguel."

And just before a clump of mes-

quite hid him from me, he turned and lifted his sombrero in farewell. After that events moved swiftly. Out in the foothills near Verde, north was found of the line, a rancher robbed and murdered. Now nei-ther then nor later did there exist a single clue linking the deed with Miguel's band. I'd stake a hundred head of cattle that he had nothing to do with it. Just the same someone had to pay.

So it came about that a squadron of cavalry from the fort and two hundred rurales joined forces to hunt Miguel down.

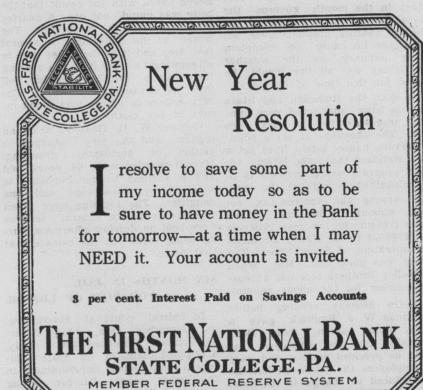
Weeks passed while they combed desert and foothills and laid elaborate ambusnes at e

Our Trust Department

TA7HILE the Trust Department of this bank is separate from the commercial department, all the resources of the institution, amounting to more than two and one-half million dollars, safeguard those who intrust such business to us.

As Executor, Administrator or Trustee, we can assure proper service, acting always under competent legal advice; which, joined with our long experience, makes us feel confident of the proper administration of any Trust business given us.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK BELLEFONTE, PA.



-In times past many people felt at turkeys could not be raised in mfinement but that they should we a large area over which to inge. This contention has chang-l now, however, and in several calities turkeys have been raised confinement with a great deal Success.

The Minnesota and Nebraska exeriment stations have been among le leaders in investigational work turkey production, in recent bars, with some such work being one at other experiment stations various parts of the country. At oth of the stations mentioned it found that better results ould be secured if the poults were used in confinement than if they allowed to range over a large the method once followed in y production, either on a small ge scale, are no doubt interin the practices to be adhered in this method of turkey raising. The United States Department of griculture has found that turkey oductnon has declined consistentsince 1890, in the face of an inease in the production of all othlines of poultry and live stock. his decrease in production cannot attributed to a decrease in deand, for the demand has always cceeded the production, or at least, tere has never been a surplus of irkys on the market with which contend.

This decline in turkey production in be explained almost altogether y the fact that farmers have alays felt that turkeys should have alimited range. Because of fol-wing this mehtod of production turkeys came in contact with chicken yards, to the detriment the turkey business. The dis-use problem among turkeys which ome in contact with chickens eat enough that it has tended to it down on production among rmers and farmers' wives who ive, in the past raised turkeys id chickens together on the same

In the Nebraska investigation as found that the old method of ising the turkeys on the open nge with natural hatching and cooding by turkey hens was not accessful. On the other hand, arficial brooding and hatching, by eans of which feed and environent could be kept under the conol of the producer, was found yield very good results.

-Watch young and delicate birds bry closely as they are most sus-ptible to the deadly roup germs. he same is true of fowls sufferfrom common cold or catarrh. ne throat and nasal passages, be-g already sore and inflamed, are sily infected. Sick birds should ways be isolated. They can be uch more effectively treated when vay from the flock and they can-ot contaminate the healthier ones the disease should prove to be ntagious.

-The Aylesbury duck comes om the Vale of Aylesbury, from

ing and receiving machines at each in any horseman who rides the point. The central bureau, with respon-

Police Headquarter at Harrisburg, where two combination sending and receiving machines, and three additional receiving machines have been installed. This bureau also serves as his dark face. Also they had touch-

transmit simultaneously messages to the receiving stations within its divison and also to the central bureau at Harrisburg. Likewise, the central bureau can

send messages to its own territory to the other zone headquarters, and, when necessary, to all receiving stations in the State. In this way, nearly 100 points can receive messages at the same time.

The sending machines are equipped with a keyboard similar to that of a standard typewriter. When they are connected with receiving machines any message typed by the operator is received aid printed immediately by the distant rceiving apparatus.

paratus. The complete list of cities and towns in the Hariisburg zone fol-lows: Lock Haven, Williamsport, Mansfield, Harrisburg Carlisle Chambersburg, Bedford, Lewistown Mount Union, Huntingdon, Altoona Tyrone, Clearfield, Bellefonte, Leb-anon, Columbia, Lancaster York, Honcerer, Cottysburg, Somerset anon, Columbia, Lancaster York, Hanover, Gettysburg, Somerset Johnstown, Ebensburg, DuBois Ridgway, Emporium, Kane, Brad-ford, Warren, Corry and Galeton.

RICH LAND CLAIM IS DENIED INDIANS.

Rolling back the pages of his-tory 134 years, Attorney General Hamilton Ward has just decided the Cayuga Indians, now living on a reservation near Grand River, Canada, cannot come back to New York State.

The Cayugas claim that under the treaty of 1795 they are the lawful owners of hundreds of acres of land valued at millions of dollars

in the central part of the State near Cayuga Lake. Four of the Cayuga chiefs re-cently presented their claims to Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt.

"We no happy where we live now and we want to come back and live in this State or else have State pay us for land we own un-der old treaty," one of the chiefs told Governor Roosevelt in broken English.

The Governor turned the case over to Attorney General Ward. After a careful investigation of the claims of the Cayugas, Ward answered:

"I must answer on behalf of this State that we deem accounts be-State that we deem accounts be-tween you and us arising out of the treaty you mentioned, to be completely paid and settled." The Cayuga Indians, was explain-ed, were bitterly opposed to the signing of the treaty of 1795.

which fact it derives its name. It is the market duck of England. It has long body, deep keel, and legs placed a little behind the center of the body

desert hills. It is from them we learn of the soldiers and sometimes sibility for the operation of the serv-ice, has been establihed in State Dios, that has nothing to do with you who are my friend. See, you are free to go. And I shall ride with you. Only let us talk for a while." The years had added strength to headquarters for the Harrisburg zone. Each of the zone headquarters can Each of the zone headquarters can had given him freedom and a halfforgetfulness of his bruised youth and of Lolita's treachery.

I think, too, the memory of her vanished radiance must have borne him somber company. She must been in his thoughts always. have That last talk-I remember it almost word for word.

"There is freedom here," he had said, "and I do not ask for more. Always the world has taken from me and I have no place in it. Once life gave me a great love, but so short a time-then it took that love away. Freedom I have, but I have bought that at a price, patron, and when that is gone, Miguel is done. Not overmuch do I love life and still less do I understand its ways. They

are not my ways. But out here is freedom and a kind of peace." So after all it was, perhaps, only half-heartedly I performed my duty to society by urging Miguel to return. I offered to make intercession for him. "Not always can you live this life of the hunted. Some day-"Si, si. Some day, patron, a lit-tle Mexican soldier looks down his rifle barrel. A bullet strikes, and so Miguel is done. Perhaps. But if I knew it would be a month from this day, I should never return. Law and justice, these are good things, mi patron, when it happens to be yourself who writes the law and deals out the justice. But for me would only mean the mumblings of strange old men over dusty books and wise, cruel sayings. And at the end long days where there is neither sunshine nor freedom-not

even a price. "No, Senor, not while I remember the grim walls of the prison near Santa Fe. Out here I am the law and I have the sunshine and the wind in my face. And the stars, "How should I go back and for what should I go back. Senor? What is there for Miguel the "breed," Senor? what is there for Miguel the "breed," in Verde? It is for the Miguels of the world that the good God made the desert. No, men have taken away my youth, my trust—and Lo-lita, too, they have taken. So I have no truce to make with them, or with men's ways. And even if they should offer me freedom, what would freedom back there be worth? "It was out here I first learned at Lolita's lips how sweet life might

be even for me. Out here I can forget to hate. And the memory of bitter days is not so keen out here. No, Senor, mi patron, it is kindly meant what you say, but I stay where I have been happy, out on the desert. Dios mio." he cried, and all the heartbreaks of a tortured soul entered his voice, "it was a black day when the big red ghringo looked into my mother's eyes." And so I departed. He rode with

me awhile. A silent ride, for some-how we knew, both of us, it was the

No news came and I began to hope that Miguel had hidden himself for all time. And something of this hope I had voiced to the little padre as we sat before the shapel one night in early June.

As I stopped to light a cigaret we heard from down the street the barking of a dozen dogs, then the low stamp of many horses and the rattle of steel on steel. I saw the padre stiffen. It was the return of the soldiers.

The captain halted before me. "Well?" I asked.

"Well, there was nothing yellow about that herder of yours," he laughed. "He held us single-handed in the month of a canyon while his gang cleared out. Then I got a detachment in behind him and before we opened fire I called on him to throw down his arms and come

out and take his medicine. "You know, that 'breed' just laughed. Just laughed and walked out to meet us with guns blazing in both hands. The boys crumpled him with a hail of lead and I rode up to him. The smile was gone, but the eyes had a look of surprise, a kind

eyes had a look of surprise, a kind of—oh, wonder. Well, it's good to be back in God's country." Then he barked an order and the column pounded by. The padre's eyes had sought the crucifix above the chapel door. With fingers that trembled, the little man of God traced the outline of the cross cross

"Pax," he murmured brokenly. "Pax."

Yes. Peace to his life-weary soul. -From Hearst's International Cosmopolitan.

100,000 SLEEP ON TRAINS EACH NIGHT.

One hundred thousand persons sleep on railroad trains the United States every night. A total equal to one third of the popula-tion of this country use sleeping cars every year. These figures were revealed by

James Keeley, assistant to the President of the Pullman company. To accommodate the ever growing number of sleepers, the company now has 9,000 cars in use, he stated.

"The American traveler enjoys the utmost luxury and satisfac-tion." Keeley said.

"With about 35,000,000 guests every year the Pullman Company guests veritable hotel. We have on is a hand between 8,000,000 and 9,000-000 household supplies including towels, pillow slips, sheets and blankets."

CHLOROFORM USED TO **KEEP CHICKS QUIET.**

Keeping abreast of the trend for improvement in every activity, chicken thieves have been using chloroform to simplify and remove the hazard from their chosen pursuit.

The favorite method seems to be to stick a spray gun through a crack in the chicken house wall. A few shots from it lulls the chickens gently into an unconscious and squawkless state and they fall to the floor. The rest is easy.



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