Democratic Watchman Bellefonte, Pa., August 27, 1926.

SEVEN INDIANS LOCATED IN LEWISTOWN.

When Montcalm, in the years 1756-'68, aspired with the aid of his savage allies, the Hurons, Ojibways, and Onondagas, to crush the English on the frontier of Northern New York State, when his success in the taking of Fort William Henry seemed to have opened an unexcelled opportunity for the achievement of his dream, one great stumbling block stood in his way, the Mohawk tribe of Indians. Staunch friends of the English, they proved of inestimable value as scouts and sharp-shooters until that memorable day on the plains of Abraham, before France's last stronghold on the North American Continent, Quebec.

Today the remains of a once powerful nation, or the majority of them Regis, in the borderland between the growing of maize for a livelihood, save for a bit of fishing in the swirling waters of the St. Lwarence. They have taken to the cultivation of the soil and the weaving of baskets as only the first Americans can weave them. These facts were disclosed by Mrs. Sarah Back, full-blooded Mohawk, who with her daughter, Louise. aged 20, and a sister-in-law and brother, Mrs. Sunday and Richard Sunday, and their three children-two boys and a little girl-have come to live in Lewistown. Mrs. Back is a graduate of the Lincoln Institute in Philadelphia. The two families are living now at 160 Valley street.

"Some people seem to think that we are Mexicans," Mrs. Back told the reporter. "I wish that there be no mistake as to our race. We are Mohawk Indians," and there was a touch of justifiable pride in her voice as she made the last statement.

"My sister desired that her children be given a better education than it is possible for them to get on the reservation. The schools there are poor," she continued, "so we came to Pennsylvania. My brother is now working at the Mann Edge Axe factory, and his two boys are on farms. They like farm work. My daughter is working at the Susquehanna silk mill."

Mrs. Back told of the rapid increase in the value of land on the St. Regis reservation, how the Mohawks there are increasing in number, and of their agricultural efforts. The farms average about 50 acres and many of them are equipped with the most modern implements. Once a roving people, dependent upon the game and fish for sustenance, they have developed into a race of tillers of the soil. But the call of the timber still has its spell upon them, for many of the young men go into the timber for work, into the

great logging camps of the Adirondacks. Others find work as guides for

ATLANTIC'S GREAT "FLOATING ISLANDS."

Washington.—"Crossing the Atlan-tic has become different from what it was when the first steamship made the passage barely three generations ago,

or even when men and women not yet old made their first transit," says a bulletin from the Washington head-quarters of the National Geographic society. "The larger ships have come to be called 'ocean ferries,' and the name is in many ways appropriate. You do not expect to be tossed about much on a ferry; and you needn't be shaken up much now in crossing the Atlantic, unless you choose the stormiest seasons. Ferries run on close schedules; and when you go aboard a crack trans-Atlantic liner nowadays you know pretty well within a few hours when you will step ashore 3,200 miles away.

"The two biggest of them are practically great wandering steel islands that, defying the usual rules of geography, make themselves now a part of the Eastern hemisphere, now a part of live on the Indian Reservation of St. the Western. Their length approaches 1,000 feet, almost a fifth of a mile; United States and Canada. No longer their beams are 100 feet, as wide as a do they follow in the ways of their forefathers, dependent as the latter were on hunting, fishing, and the rises from a land area smaller than the hulls of these great ships.

"The ships are themselves practically great buildings, whose 'land' as well as their superstructures was fashioned by man; and they, too, house the population of a town. When you cross to Europe on such a boat it is no longer a matter of being marooned for a week or ten days with a small group of people. It is as though you spent six fleeting days (they are days of 24 hours) in a town whose population was far above the average in culture, prosperity, and intelligence; whose government func-tioned perfectly; and which maintained numerous attendants to look after your comfort.

"There are few shore comforts that you cannot have on such a ship. You sleep in beds, not bunks. There is running water in your stateroom. You

dine as you would at a great land hos-telry; and you will feel uncomfortable if you are not prepared to dress the part of a metropolitan diner. There are good orchestras which play for tea and for dances in a great ballroom each evening. The promenade deck on which you take your walks is nearly a quarter of a mile in circuit. There are numerous deck games, in-cluding two sorts of deck tennis, and even golf tournaments for the championship of the boat. On the lowest deck is a large swimming pool. There is a card room for votaries of bridge;

a well-stocked library; and a smoking room that surpasses in comfort that of many an exclusive club. There is a barber, a hair-dresser, a tailor, a doctor and dispensary, of course. Whether you are well or ill, and whether you crave mental diversion, athletic sports, or luxurious ease, you can find what you wish.

"Operating a ship of this sort is a tremendous enterprise. In the linen closets and in use are close to 200,000 pieces of linen. On the trip from New rk to Cherbourg the biggest liners sportsmen who stop at the hotels on might throw overboard a piece of linen every three seconds, leaving a 'hare and hound 'trail of towels, sheets, stewards' aprons, and the like entirely across the Atlantic, no two pieces many feet apart. And the ship would arrive on the other side with several thousand pieces left. "Far down in the hull of such a ship, in the section seen by few passengers and well below the water line, is the tremendous, complicated ma-chinery that shifts these 'islands' from hemisphere to hemisphere; in effect, huge power houses. "Four great shafts 161 inches busily engaged in the fashioning of artistic baskets from the wood of the are spinning around at 180 revolutions black ash which grows in swampy per minute, nakedly between their bearings and the turbines that turn them. Toward the rear of the hull you see them disappear through the steel wall. Just outside, fixed rigidly recent years become a work in which to the shafts, the big propellers are churning, pushing nearly 60,000 tons of steel and humanity through the ocean at 25 miles an hour. The bring ocean trickles in about these final shaft bearings in sturdy streams. You ers eagerly take up the product as ask the chief engineer about it with some nervousness. He laughs reassurance above the din. It is necessary that the packing be not too tight. And the pumps are always busy. They suck up these rills and many more like them and spew the water back "As a matter of fact the machinery reaches out into the ocean and sucks the sea into the ships in Gargantuan gulps. A pipe three feet through is the intake. Through it are pumped 22,000 tons of sea water per hour to condense the steam. As soon as it has served its purpose out it is push-

P PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THE COM-MONWEALTH, FOR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENEBAL AS-SEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PUBSUANCE OF ABTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITU-TION. TION.

> No. 1-A. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four of the Constitution of the Comonweatlh of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Com-monwealth of Pennsylvania in General As-sembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof: That section four of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania is hereby amended to read as follows:

Constitution of Pennsylvania is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel inva-sions, suppres insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed in the aggre-gate, at any one time, one million dollars; Provided, however, That the General As-sembly, irrespective of any debt, may au-thorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of one hundred millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuild-ing the highways of the Commonwealth; Provided further, however, That the Gen-eral Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of thirty-five millions of dol-lars for the payment of compensation to certain persons from this State who served in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States during the World War between the sixth day of April, one thous-and nine hundred and seventeen and the eleventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1-A. CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth

CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth

No. 2-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, author-izing the State to issue bonds to the amount of one hundred and fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Com-monwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amend-ment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in ac-cordance with the eighteenth article there-of:

That section four of article nine is here-by amended to read as follows:

by amended to read as follows: Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State except to supply casual deficiencies of revenues, repel in-vasions, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed in the aggre-gate, at any one time, one million dollars; Provided, however, That the General As-sembly, irrespective of any debt, may au-thorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of one hundred and fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Com-monwealth. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2-A.

CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

No. 3-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION Proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto an ad-ditional section.

section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Com-monwealth of Pennsylvania in General As-sembly met, That the following amend-ment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

the enlargement of existing State buildings and State Institutions. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 5-A.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

No. 6-A. A JOINT RESOLUTION

A JOINT RESOLUTION Proposing an amendment to article three of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Com-monwealth of Pennsylvania in General As-sembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania ment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof: That article three be amended by adding thereto the following: Section 35. The General Assembly may by general law make appropriations of money for assistance to aged indigent res-idents of the Commonwealth. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 6-A. CLYDE L KING

CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

No. 7-A. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Com-monwealth of Pennsylvania in General As-sembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the fol-the for amendment to the Constitution of 1 the same is helth of Pennsylvania be and the same is helth of Pennsylvania be and with the eighteen proposed in accordance with the eighteen proposed in accordance with the eighteen proposed in accordance with the eighteen and nsclice thereof: "Bettion 8. The debt of any city, bor-section 8. The debt of any city, bor-ough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, ex-cept as provided herein and in section fif-teen of this article, shall never ex-ceed seven (7) per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable prop-erty therein, and the debt of any county except as provided in section fifteen of this article shall never exceed the (10) per centum upon the assessed val-ue of the taxable realty therein; but the debt of the City of Philadelphia may be increased in such amount that the total tread of of any according the same as the indebtedness to an amount esseeding two (2) per centum upon such assessed val-tion of taxable realty in the case of other municipality or increase its indebtedness to an amount not exceeding the or taxable property in the case of other municipality or parcents, without the consent of the electors thereof at a public election in such maner as shall be provided by law; but the city of Philadel-phia may incur any debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount to exceeding three per centum of the valuation of tax-able realty in said city without the con-sent of the electors. In ascentialing the borowing capacity of the City of Philadel-phila may incur any debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount so to be expended upon any public unfilty or parcenter for a set the end the tax thereof at a publ

piers or quays, highways, tunnels or un-derground or overhead streets unless at a public election held therefor a majority of the electors voting thereon shall consent therefor thereto. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 9-A.

CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

No. 10-A

RESOLUTION Proposing an amendment to the Constitu-

Proposing an amendment to the Constitu-tion of Pennsylvania. Be it resolved that the folowing amend-ment to the Constitution of the Common-wealth of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof. That article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be amended by adding thereto the following section sixteen:

amended by adding thereto the following section sixteen: Section 16. The debt of any city of the second class shall never exceed ten per centum upon the assessed value of the tax-able property therein, nor shall any such city of the second class incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such as-sessed valuation of property without the consent of the electors thereof, at a public election, in such manner as shall be pro-vided by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 10-A. CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

No. 1-1926.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

No. 1—1926. A JOINT RESOLUTION Proposing an amendment to article eight, section seven, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Common monwealth of Pennsylvania in General As-sembly met, That the following amend-ment to the Constitution of the Common wealth of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof: That section seven, of article eight, is Section 7. All laws regulating the hold-ing of elections by the citizens, or for the registration of electors, shall be uniform throughout the State, except that laws reg-lating and requiring the registration of further, that the General Assembly shall by general law, permit the use of voting many provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class, and except further, that the General Assembly shall by general law, permit the use of voting many other county, city, borough or registering or recording and computing the vote, at all elections or primaries, in any other county, city, borough or the use of such voting machines or mer-chaised devices in any other county, city, borough or township, under such regula-tions with reference thereto as the Gener-al Assembly may from time to time pre-scribe. The General Assembly may, from time to time, prescribe the number and du-ties of election officers in any political sub-ties of election officers in any political sub-division of the Commonwealth in which vision of the commonwealth in whi

vices authorized by this section may be used. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1-1926.

CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an smeadment to article fifteen, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by adding thereto a new section to be known as section four thereof.

thereof. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Com-monwealth of Pennsylvania in General As-sembly met, That the following amend-ment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in ac-cordance with the eighteenth article there-of.

Section 4. The General Assembly is hereby authorized to provide for the con-solidation of the county, poor districts, cities, boroughs and townships of the coun-

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

fited thereby, and, for this purpose, real estate so charged shall be classified as ur-ban, suburban and rural, and assessments made in accordance with such classifica-tions.

estate so charged shall be classified as ur-ban, suburban and rural, and assessments made in accordance with such classifica-tions. 7. For the creation, by the board of commissioners, of districts for the purpose of regulating the location, height, area, bulk and use of buildings and premises. 8. For the creation, by the board of commissioners, of special districts for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, main-taining, operating or contracting for, any puble property, work, improvement, utill-y or service, not for the exclusive benefit of any one municipal division, and for the payment of the costs and maintenance of such property, work, improvement, utility or service, there may be special taxes lev-ied throughout such special districts re-spectively, separate and apart from the general city tax. Provided, however, that it is the intent of this section that substantial powers be reserved to the cities, boroughs and town-ships situated in Allegheny County. To this end the charter shall provide for the continued existence of the said cities, bor-oughs and townships, as municipal divis-ions of the consolidated city, under their present names and forms of govern-ment of municipalities of their respective forms and classes, except as provided in the charter, and with their present bound-aries, provided that the city of Pittsburgh may be designated by a term other than city and may be divided into two or more municipal divisons of the consolidat-ed city may, with the consent of a major-ity of the electors voting thereon in each of such divisions at any general or special election, be united to form a single munic-ipal division. 1. The constitutional and legal capacity of municipal corporations. except as alim.

The constitutional and legal capacity

and continue to possess the following powers:

The constitutional and legal capacity of municipal corporations, except as limited in the charter.
The power to lay and collect taxes and to incur indebtedness, subject to the limitations which are or may be imposed by law upon cities, boroughs or townships of corresponding classification, for the purpose of carrying out any lawful power of said divisions.
The power to acquire, own, construct, maintain, operate or contract for all kinds of public property, works, improvements, utilities or services, which shall be within the municipal division, and principally for the use and benefit of the inhabitants thereof, provded this power shall not be taken to include the construction and maintenance of through-traffic streets and bridges, tunnels, subways and appurtenances thereof, nor main or trunk lines for sewer, power and water service, running through more than one municipal division, and designated as such by the board of commissioners.
The power to establish a limitation of indebtedness for the consolidated city and the municipal divisions thereof, provided the police force and fire department, with the necessary buildings, appurtenances and equipment therefor, which may be supplemental to the police force and fire department, with the necessary buildings appurtenances and equipment therefor, which may be supplemental to the consolidated city.
The power to establish a limitation of indebtedness for the consolidated city and the municipal divisions thereof shall not, in the aggregate, exceed the limits of the total indebtedness allowed by the charter to the consolidated city; Provided, however, That a municipal division may surrender, by majority vote of the electors voting thereon at any general or special election, any of its powers and solidated city; Provided, however, that a municipal division may surrender, by majority vote of the electors voting thereon at any general or special election, any of its powers a

missioners. The said charter may be amended by the Legislature, subject to ratification by a majority of the electors of the consolidat-ed city voting thereon at any general or special election; Provided, That no amend-ment reducing the powers of municipal di-visions shall be effective unless ratified by a majorty of the electors voting thereon in each of a majority of said divisions. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2-1926. CLYDE L. KING

the St. Lawrence, and their services are eagerly sought. It is an heritage passed down to them that they should know the waters of the St. Lawrence as few others can know them, in what coves the water tigers or channel muskies lurk; where the small-mouth and Oswego or large-mouth bass are to be found, and where the pickerel predominate. Lumbermen and sports-men seldom hesitate when an opportunity to secure a Mohawk's services arises, for the out-of-doors is their element.

Mrs. Back and her sister have been places of the north. They have already made a fine collection of them, which are on sale at their home. For Indian women, basket making has in the demand for their product has been difficult to supply. At present the chief worry of the local basket weavers is to secure the black ash for the work. On the reservation white tradfast as it is put out.

An interesting feature about the Mohawk people is their rapid increase in population during the past ten years. It has been necessary for them to purchase land on the Canadian side of the reservation, according to Mrs. into the sea. Back. One village is located in the reservation on the point of St. Regis extending into the St. Lawrence. The nearest large town in the region is

Ogdensburg. Within the memory of Mrs. Back, who is 52 years old, many changes have taken place among her people. When she left the Indian school 35 years ago, the Mohawks were ap- "The hull has a double bottom. Beproaching a crisis. The large game tween the two floors are pumped bewas becoming scarce, and trapping no fore each voyage 6,000 tons of fresh tonger could be relied upon as a livelihood. Within that time she has wit- gers." nessed the turning to the plow, and increase in prosperity of the tribe. Today every one wants a farm, but working conditions are difficult on the reservation and Mrs. Back desired to leave the farm for a town where more opportunity would be found .- Lewistown Sentinel.

Real Estate Transfers.

Esther B. Frank to Liddie Parker, tract in Philipsburg; \$500.

Reese Williams to Reese Williams, ux, tract in Philipsburg; \$1.

Edward L. Gates to Matilda Gates, act in S. Philipsburg; \$1.

Alexander W. Stewart, et ux, to Alma R. Leathers, tract in State College; \$9200.

÷ .00.

Lyman L. Smith, et ux, to Walter \$6750.

water to serve machinery and passen-

Town of 340 Boasts \$2,500,000 in Banks.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa.-A unique village, tucked away in Clayton county, has come into the limelight through its bank report, recently filed with the State Banking department.

The village is Garnavillo, boasting Charles E. Myers, et ux, to Clyde A. Johnson, et ux, tract in State Col-Its population is 340. The Farmers' bank was organized two years ago and 85 per cent. of its stock is owned by farmers. No person may own more than ten shares of stock and some own only two. The deposits to-

Garnavillo has no poor and it is said that every family owns its own home. The village has no jail. It has ge; \$9200. Bertha Bauer, et bar, to Ernest T. rdo., et al, tract in Bellefonte; been so many years since there was an arrest that the oldest inhabitant has forgotten the date.

Lyman L. Smith, et ux, to Walter -----Seventy-six per cent. of all mo-R. Hosterman, tract in Centre Hall; tor cars sold in the United States are bought on the deferred-payment plan.

be and the same is hereby proposed in ac-cordance with the eighteenth article thereof

That article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be amended by adding thereto the following new section:

amended by adding thereto the following new section: Section 16. The General Assembly may authorize the City of Pittsburgh to levy special assessments against both abuiting and non-abuiting property, peculiarly benefited, for the payment of any public improvement whatsoever; to lay out and build as additional public improvements. for the payment of which properties pe-culiarly benefited shall be liable to spe-ctal assessments, rapid transit railway sys-tems, drainage and severage systems, flood protective works, wharves, piers and quays, highway tunnels and bridges, and underground and overhead streets, supple-menting original streets or street systems; to levy general and special taxes and spe-cial assessments therefor either before or after the laying out and construction thereof; and to provide that fill special taxes and special assessments so levied whether payable presently when so levied or in installments over a period of years shall be credits or offsets to indebtedness incurred for such purposes in calculating the debt of such city; to provide for the use and operation of any rapid transit sys-tem by private corporations organized for that purpose. No law passed in pursuance hereof shall authorize the construction of any rapid transit railway system, flood protective works, wharves, piers or quays, highway tunnels or underground or over-head streets, unless at a public election held therefor a majority of the electors voting thereon shall consent thereto. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3-A. CLYDE L. KING,

CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

No. 4-A. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a

section. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Com-monwealth of Pennsylvania in General As-sembly met, That the following amend-ment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in ac-cordance with the eighteenth article there-of:

That article nine be amended by adding thereto the following section:

thereto the following section: Section 19. In addition to the purposes stated in article nine, section four, of this Constitution, the State may be authorized to issue bonds to the amount of fifty mil-lions of dollars (\$50,000,000) for the ac-quisition of lands and buildings and the construction and improvement of state-owned buildings and the equipment there-of for the care and maintenance of penal offenders, delinquents, mental defectives, epileptics, and persons mentally diseased. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4-A. CLYDE L, KING

a true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4-A. CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth. No. 5-A.
 A JOINT RESOLUTION
 Proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto a sec- tion.
 Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Com- monwealth of Pennsylvania in General As- sembly met, That the following amend- ment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in ac- cordance with the eighteenth article there- of.
 That article nine of the Constitution of hereby amended by adding thereto the following section 1. That the State may be au- thorized by haw to create debt and to is- sue bonds not exceeding in the aggregate on hundred millions of dollars, for the capital Park; for the acquisition of lands and the construction thereon of State buildings and State Institutions; and for

CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

No. 8-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto sec-tion Oue B.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Com-monwealth of Pennsylvania in General As-sembly met, That the following amend-ment to the Constitution of the Common-wealth of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania is hereby amended by ad-ding thereto section 1 B, which reads as

follows: Section 1 B. Taxation laws may grant exemptions or rebates to residents, or es-tates of residents, of other States which grant similar exemptions or rebates to residents, or estates of residents, of Pennsylvania.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 8-A. CLYDE L. KING, Secretary of the Commonwealth

No. 9-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

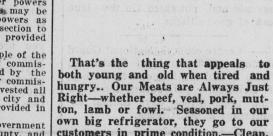
Proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by adding thereto an additional section. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Com-monwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amend-ment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in ac-cordance with the eighteenth article thereof

That article nine of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be amended by adding thereto the following

solidation of the county, poor districts, cities, boroughs and townships of the coun-ty of Allegheny, and the offices thereof, in-to a consolidated city and county, with the constitutional and legal capacity of a mu-nicipal corporation, to be known as the City of Pittsburgh, and to provide for a charter for its government. The said char-ter shall be submitted to the electors of said county, at a special election to be pro-vided for therein. If the majority of the electors voting thereon in each of a ma-jority of the cities, boroughs and town-ships thereof, vote in the affirmative, the act shall take effect for the whole county. If rejected, the said charter may be resub-mitted to the electors in original, new or modified form, at any subsequent election until adopted. It shall be competent, subject to the po-lice power of the State, for the Legisla-ture to provide in said charter: I. For the exercise, by the consolidated city, of all the powers and duties vested in the county of Allegheny, and the poor districts thereof, and such other powers as are specifically reserved by this section to the municipal divisions herein provided for. 2. For the election by the people of the

are specifically reserved by this section to the municipal divisions herein provided for.
2. For the election by the people of the consolidated city, of a board of commissioners, the number to be fixed by the charter, in lieu of present county commissioners, in which board shall be vested all the powers of the consolidated city and county, except as otherwise provided in the charter.
3. For the organization of a government for the consolidated city and county, and for the consolidated city and for the election or appointment of the constitutional and other necessary officers thereof, and for the procedure thereof, and for the powers and duties.
4. For the organization of all courts, other than those of record, in the consolidated city, and for the powers and duties.
5. For the the powers and justices of the magistrates, aldermen and justices of the conferred by law.
5. For the transfer to the consolidated city of the property and indebtedness of the county of Allegheny, and the poor districts thereof, and of such property and indebtedness, and for this purpose, any taxation therein shall be uniform taxation within the meaning and intent of other provisions of this Constitution.
6. For the assessment of property for the provisions of this Constitution.

6. For the assessment of property for taxation, the levying and collection of tax-es, and the payment of the cost of any public improvement, in whole or in part, by special assessment upon abutting and non-abutting property materially bene-

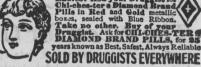


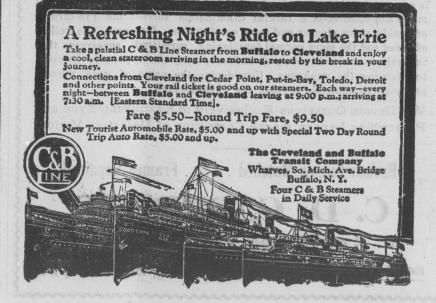
ton, lamb or fowl. Seasoned in our own big refrigerator, they go to our customers in prime condition .--- Clean, Sanitary, Wholesome.

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P. L. Beezer Estate Market on the Diamond BELLEFONTE, PA. CHICHESTER S PILLS





POULTRY

The Season's Delicacy