Bellefonte, Pa., September 8, 1922.

#### FELLOWSHIP.

By James Whitcomb Riley.

When a man ain't got a cent, An' he's feeling kind of blue, An' the clouds hang dark and heavy, An' won't let the sunshine through, It's a great thing, O my brethren, For a fellow just to lay His hand upon your shoulder

In a friendly sort of way. It makes a man feel queerish; It makes the teardrops start,

An' you sort of feel a flutter In the region of your heart; You can't look up and meet his eyes, You don't know what to say, When his hand is on your shoulder In a friendly sort of way.

O, the world's a curious compound With its honey and its gall, With its care and bitter crosses; But a good world after all. An' a good God must have made it-Leastwise, that is what I say, When a hand is on my shoulder In a frieendly sort of way.

#### "I'M A PENN STATE MAN."

starvation, massacres, prisons, marches, brutality, fighting, and then-typhus. A tottering refugee, his mind a blank, he could recall but two

State Man. This is the story of "Tommy" Srednik, of the class of 1912. Graduating in the course in chemistry in 1912, "Tommy" returned to Russia, his native land, to make good in his profession. In 1917, with his wife and child, he was living in Petrograd, where he held a responsible position in a manufacturing plant and was rapidly rising to leadership in his work.

Then came the Bolshevist revolution, and realizing to a degree what was coming, he started his wife and child across Siberia to Japan and America. As the revolution became more virulent, he himself was forced to flee. At Rostiv he attempted to save his money by expressing it to a bank in London, and then with a non-descript horde of refugees he tried desperately to leave Russia.

Followed the three years of horrible nightmare which he but dimly remembers. His one idea was to get to America to his wife and child. In February, 1920, he was found in Odessa, wrecked by typhus, his papers burned, his money gone, his mind shattered, but with two things clear; he wanted to get to America, and he was a Penn State man.

This statement which he reiterated with frantic earnestness, drew to him the attention of the American Red State College names: Dr. Sparks, Professor Willard, and Professor Pat-

Mrs. Margaret A. Caldwell, Red Cross nurse at Prote, became attracted by his case and wrote the details of it to Mr. John H. Caldwell, of Boston, urging him to make investigation and if possible to secure for Srednik a permit to enter the United States. An inquiry from Mr. Caldwell was received by the College and it was a matter of a few minutes to verify that Srednik was a Penn State man of the class of 1912.

Professor Willard, who alone of the three men mentioned was at the college at that time, convinced the authorities at Washington that the case was genuine and permit to sail was issued to "Tommy

The hardest blow of all, however, was still to fall. Upon his arrival in America, he found that his wife and child had died two years before of the influenza. Utterly without meansthe money he had sent to London having been confiscated by the Bolsheviki—and in shattered health, he began 31st. life again in Philadelphia.

Perhaps alone of all Penn State men, "Tommy" Srednik can say: lost my memory, but Penn State I did not forget; and because I did not forget her, I am still among the living.'

Forbid that any one be put to the test of Tommy Srednik, who, when his mind was otherwise blank, did not forget he was a Penn State Man. Alumni, students, and all the citizens may find a time when Penn State may be of aid. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is our campus and our field of public service. Now is the occasion of Penn State's need; now the opportunity for all to arise and meet it with a subscription to the \$2,000,000 Emergency Building Fund and thus become an honorary, if not active, Penn State

## Farmers Urged to Make Cider.

Farmers are urged to convert their surplus apples into cider vinegar, for which there is an excellent market in practically all sections of the State, according to James Foust, of the State Department of Agriculture.

Foust says it is an economic waste to allow apples to rot on the ground with apple cider vinegar bringing from 20 to 23 cents a gallon. He points out that under the rulings of the prohibition authorities, farmers may convert their apples into cider and keep the cider until it has turned to vinegar, without securing a permit of any kind, all technical rulings hav-

of any kind, all technical rulings having been set aside.

When the farmer sells cider, however, he is in danger of violating the prohibition laws of selling a beverage containing more than the legal amount of alcohol.

Farmers who desire to sell cider, should post themselves on the laws by securing the latest rulings of the prohibition enforcement officers, Foust

-The "Watchman" gives all the news while it is news.

erators have been wrangling since early in the spring. They are greatly involved and as is usually the case Station dealer. when the public suffers it takes snap judgment and damns everybody con-

vania, is so clear as to the probable cent. effect of the "Cleveland Agreement," under which the soft coal men went back to work on August 15th, that we have published it with the hope, that the "It means just two things—one, that this country is a long ways from being broke, and two, that automobiles are not regarded by the people of this country as a luxury to be the "Watchman's" readers, at least, of this country as a luxury to be will be better informed of a situation bought only in flush times. that all are vitally interested in.

FIRST .- Abandonment of the "Central Competitive Feld" as a method of wage negotiations .- For 25 years a basic wage scale has been negotiated in four States of the Middle west, effective for two year periods. These wage scales were invariably forced on Central Pennsylvania and the mining districts in 24 States without regard to the competitive conditions surrounding them, and caused frequent and serious trouble. Our employees Three years of untold hardships, a mad jumble of fear, cholera, plague, starvation massages prisons many demand. This possistent was a single grievance or figures showed out of the figures showed out of the figures of the have been drawn into two national demand. This persistent cause of strikes has now been removed.

SECOND.—Immediate resumption of work on wages and conditions of things: That he wanted to go to America, and that he was a Penn his Washington conference, proposed his Washington conference, proposed a return to the "status quo" pending a thorough investigation of all phases of the industry, with arbitration of wages and other disputes. This fixed the terms of any provisional wage

scale. THIRD .- Renewal until April 1st, 1923, of former wage contracts.— Wages payable until April 1st, 1923, tion. Sufficient time does not remain to conduct the necessary hearings and make any complicated revisions or adjustments in the provisional wage rates, which are effective for several months.

States.
To assure the neutrality and the prestige of this Commission it has been agreed that a joint national committee of miners and operators will endeavor to select a panel which commands mutual and public respect.
Speaking plainly, both the operators and mine workers want practical men of national prominence and highest of national prominence and highest of national prominence and highest of the control of national prominence and highest of the control of national prominence and highest of the control of nations.

direct, but the actual solution, and the actual solution, and the actual living, is up to us as individual.

From the beginning of time, the actual advance of humanity has been promoted by individuals. In reading history we read more about the great personages that rise here and there, and which predominated in certain areas, than we read of armies, countries or of nations.

Which reads as follows:

"Section 8. No railroad, railway, or other transportation company shall grant free passes or passes at a discount to any person, except officers or employees of the company and clergymen.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. Sea to Prote, Turkey, with the first of national prominence and highest tries or of nations. lot of refugees. By the middele of character and are fearful of a comminers. Therefore, they have made the President's approval a condition of the naming of a commission, and have furthermore asked him to appoint it.

The true philosopher, then, is not

agree on a panel. The personnel of this Commission is of extreme importance.

FIFTH.—Collective Bargaining restored .- The deck having been cleared of obsolete and dangerous practices the U. M. W. of A. and the operators agree to assemble on October 2nd, and to attempt by collective bargaining to establish a new and equitable system of negotiating wage-agreements.

SIXTH .- Future Wage-Agreements —Beginning January 3rd it is arranged that such scale committees, as may be designated at the convention of January 2nd, will immediately undertake the negotiation of wage-agreements to replace those expiring March

These scale committees will have the recommendation of the Commission of Inquiry as their guide.

SEVENTH. — Protection against another strike in April.—The public's greatest protection against another strike in the spring lies in full publicity as to the causes of national strikes and full knowledge of the conditions existing in all bituminous fields. These facts should be developed and

published in full by the Commission of Inquiry in January, 1923. The recommendations of the Commission should be published at the

same time. If another disastrous tie-up of the nation's fuel supply occurs, on account of a failure of either party to comply reasonably with the recommendation of the Commission, the responsibility can be easily and promptly fixed. The Administration can then art to protect the consumer, backed by the irresistible force of public opinion, based on knowledge of the facts.

Vacation is Over. Again the school bell rings at morning and at noon; again with tens of thousands the hardest kind of work has begun, the renewal of which is a mental and physical

strain to all except the most rugged. roses in her cheeks, and the little boy whose lips were then so red you would have insisted that they had been "kissed by strawberries," have already lost something of the appearance of health.

Now is a time when many children should be given a tonic, which may prevent much serious trouble. No other is so highly to be recommended as Hood's Sarsaparilla, which strengthens the nerves, kidneys acted irregularly. Doan's perfects digestion and assimilation. It Kidney Pills, purchased at the Mott saparilla, which strengthens the nerves, aids mental development by building up Drug Co., were not long in bringing

the whole system. Equally good as a medicinal preparation are Hood's Pills, which are so well adapted for both children and adults. In small doses they are a gentle laxative, in larger doses an active cathartic.

Hoover Motor Co., Goodyear Service

"Despite generally adverse business conditions and the fact that thousands of cars went out of service, the peo-The following statement by the Watkins Coal company, one of the large producers of western Pennsyl-

"It means just two things-one,

"As a matter of fact Americans bought within the past twelve months nearly as many cars as the rest of the world owns together. Statisticians figure that there are about 12,800,000 cars running in the world, all of which, but about 2,000,000 are owned in this country."

tion of 732,348 owns more cars than any foreign country in the world."— Exchange.

## BEING YOUTHFUL

PHILOSOPHERS. When we hear the word "philoso-

pher" spoken, most of us naturally connect it with some gray-bearded patriarch. We are given to believe that are not subject to revision or arbitra- all philosophers are old, and that philosophy, as a thing to contemplate, is meant only for old men.

The truth is quite the contrary.

Philosophy, as a rule of life, is as much for young people as for old. Indeed, every young man or young wom-FOURTH .- Provisions for impar- an should develop an individual rule tial Commission of Inquiry to make an of life, based upon uplifting princiexhaustive study of whole industry, ples, and make that a "living philosowith recommendations.—Both the phy." No matter what our education United Mine Workers and the operators signing the Cleveland Agreement ing we elect to follow, we still have have agreed to submit every fact and figure of their industrial activities to outside organization can solve these a public committee approved or apfor us-they can help and guide and pointed by the President of the United | direct, but the actual solution, and the

The greatest individual, and there-June he had recovered his memory to the degree that he could give three State College pages. Dr. Scorles ion and appointed on the eye of an himself. But He did not call the could give three ion and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself a philosopher was the line and appointed on the eye of an himself and appointed and appointed on the eye of an himself and appointed on the eye of an himself and appointed appointed and appointed and appointed appointed and appointed and appointed appointed appointed appointed appointed appointed appointed appoin ion and appointed on the eve of an himself a philosopher. His philosopher election. On the other hand they recognize that the public and the Administration will probably distrust a comister," and in this He let the truth be ister," and in this He let the truth be mission named by the operators and known that he who would be great,

> in his discretion in case they cannot so much the one who advises as who actually lives. He teaches by doing. And all of us, old and young alike, can be philosophers of that sort. The

the Penn State man was in charge of the building up of a hospital train to accompany the troops.

## MEDICAL.

## A Useful Pain

Bellefonte People Should Heed Its Warning.

Have you a sharp pain or a dull ache across the small of your back? Do you realize that it's often a timely sign of kidney weakness? Prompt enewal of which is a mental and physical treatment is a safeguard against more train to all except the most rugged.

The little girl who a short time ago had Kidney Pills. Profit by a Bellefonte resident's experience.

Mrs. Mary Lose, 212 E. Bishop St. says: "A few years ago my kidneys became affected and I suffered awfully. I was hardly ever free from distressing backaches. I was so miserable I could scarcely keep going to do my housework. I also had spells of dizziness and frequent headaches. My relief. I have depended on Doan's ever since when I have had an attack and I know they are reliable."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simthey are a gentle laxative, in larger an active cathartic.

67-35

—Subscribe for the "Watchman."

The oct, at an dealers. Bond shift single ply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Lose had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

63-35

A LUCID DISCUSSION OF THE BITUMINOUS COAL SITUATION.

Everybody is concerned about the coal situation and few know anything about the real questions over which the miners, the carriers and the operators have been wrangling since early in the spring. They are great-

#### Number One. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section one (1) of article fifteen (XV) of the Con-stitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section one of article fifteen, which "Section 1. Cities may be chartered whenever a majority of the electors of any town or borough having a population of at least ten thousand shall vote at any general election in favor of the same," be and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows: as follows:

figure that there are about 12,800,000 cars running in the world, all of which, but about 2,000,000 are owned in this country."

Some interesting figures in regard to automobiles owned have been collected. For example, Great Britain has about 497,000 cars, Canada 463,000, France, 236,000, Germany 91,000 and the next one down the list is Argentine with 75,000.

There are only twelve States, his figures showed out of 45 in this country which do not own more cars than Argentine.

"This State alone with a registration of 732,348 owns more cars than any foreign country in the world."

Band the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Cities may be chartered whenever a majority of the electors of any general or municipal election in favor of the same. Cities, or cities of any particular class, may be given the right and power to frame and adopt their own authority of local self-government, subject, however, to such restrictions, limitations, and regulations, as may be imposed by the Legislature. Laws also may be enacted affecting the organization and government of cities and boroughs, which shall become effective in any city or borough only when submitted to the electors thereof, and approved by a majority of those voting thereon.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.

BERNARD J. MYERS. Secretary of the Commonwealth.

P CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THE COMMONWEALTH, FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH. IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

## Number One-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article seven-teen, section eight, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the granting of free passes or passes at a discount to clergymen.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section eight of article seventeen, which reads as follows:

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

# NUMBER 2-A.

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Gen-

commonweath of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section four of article nine, which reads as follows:

and all of us, old and young alike, can be philosophers of that sort. The poet Whittier has told us in one of his immortal lines: "To worship right is to love each other."

Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invisions, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million dollars: Provided, however, That the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the pay authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the pay authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the pay authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the pay authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the pay existing feet; and the debt created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the pay authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth: Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth: Provided further, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and the debt created to supply debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth.

November, one thousand hine hundred and eighteen.

Section 2. Said proposed amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-four, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification or the rejection of said amendment. Said election shall be opened, held, and closed upon said election day at the places and within the hours at and within which said election is directed to be opened, held, and closed, and in accordance with the provisions of the laws of Pennsylvania governing elections. Such amendment shall be printed upon the ballots in the form and manner prescribed by the election laws of Pennsylvania, and shall in all respects conform to the requirement of such laws.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2-A.

BERNARD J. MYERS, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

#### Number 3-A. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine section four, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of one hundred millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

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That section four of article nine, which reads as follows: "Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue,

repel invasion, suppress isurrection. defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million dollars: Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds, to the amount of fifty millions of dollars, for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth," be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million dollars: Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds, to the amount of one hundred millions of dollars, for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3-A.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3-A.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A true copy of Joint Resolution No.

BERNARD J. MYERS.

## Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four-A. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Sen-Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the following amendment to section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section one of article fourteen, which reads as follows:

"Section 1. County officers shall con-

"Section 1. County officers shall consist of sheriffs, coroners, prothonotaries, registers of wills, recorders of deeds, comissioners, treasurers, surveyors, auditors or controllers, clerks of the courts, district attorneys, and such others as may, from time to time, be established by law; and no sheriff or treasurer shall be eligible for the term next succeeding the one for which he may be elected," be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. County officers shall consist of sheriffs, coroners, prothonotaries, registers of wills, recorders of deeds, compared to the control of the contr missioners, treasurers, surveyors, auditors or controllers, clerks of the courts, district attempts. ors or controllers, clerks of the courts, district attorneys, and such others as may, from time to time, be established by law; and no sheriff, except sheriffs in counties having a population of less than fifty thousand inhabitants, and no treasurer shall be eligible for the term next succeeding the one for which he may be elected.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. BERNARD J. MYERS. Secretary of the Commonwealth.

## Number 5-A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION Proposing an amendment to article nine, section one, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to permit the exemption from taxation of real and personal property owned, occupied, or used by any branch or post or camp of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Spanish-American War Veterans, the American Legion, the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania is hereby proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section one of article nine be amended so as to read as follows:

All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the terri-

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section one of article pine which

eenth aritcle thereof:—

That section one of article nine, which reads as follows:

"All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity," be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

as follows:

All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but subjects of taxation may be classified for the purpose of laying graded and progressive taxes, and, in the case of inheritance and income taxes, exemptions may be granted; and the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. as follows:

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 6-A.

BERNARD J. MYERS, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

#### Number 7-A. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article three (III) of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That article three be amended by adding thereto the following: Ing thereto the following:

Section 34. The Legislature shall have power to classify counties, cities, boroughs, school districts, and townships according to population, and all laws passed relating to each class, and all laws passed relating to, and regulating procedure and proceedings in court with reference to, any class, shall be deemed general legislation within the meaning of this Constitution; but counties shall not be divided into more than eight classes, cities into not more than seven classes, school districts into not more than five classes, and boroughs into not more than three classes.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 7-A.

# Fauble's

A Men's Store you will like.

Always on the square.

Only the Best Merchandise in the Market can find room Here.

We try to have you like us.

The Merchandise, the Service, the Value all combine to make you sure that ours is the best Men's Store in Central Pennsylvania.

A. Fauble