Bellefonte, Pa., June 23, 1922.

COLDS MORE CONTAGIOUS THAN SCARLET FEVER.

From State Health Department.

Reports of the Bureau of Vital Statistics, State Department of Health, show that of the 11,738 deaths in Pennsylvania during March, 1922, 1019 were due to influenza and 2015 to pneumonia.

"These figures are sufficient proof that the so-called 'spring colds' are dangerous and should not be looked upon as mere sniffles—a something that will take care of itself," said the State Health Commissioner in commenting

"Colds are more contagious than scarlet fever," he continued, "and they ultimately kill more people than do all the eruptive diseases leading as they do to pneumonia and its sequels. Colds are transmitted from the nose or throat by tiny droplets coughed, sneezed or laughed into the air, particularly in a closed and overheated room; they are also transmitted by the hands and probably by means of eating utensils. This transmission could be prevented if the person suffering with a cold were isolated as is a scarlet fever patient. If the patient be not isolated, he should be masked and should wear gloves as a reminder not to shake hands or touch food utensils used by others. Even this would not prevent the spreading of a cold from one person to the entire family or office force."

Other diseases which largely affect the death rate of Pennsylvania are Bright's disease, from which 925 persons died in March; tuberculosis with a death toll of 812, and cancer which caused 669 deaths. 821 children, less than two years old, died during the

In spite of this mortality record, the stork is still ahead of the grim reaper, 19,721 births being recorded in March, 1922. There were 10,540 deaths in March, 1921, and 21,333

Real Estate Transfers.

Robert M. Lloyd's heirs to Wasyl Kozak, tract in Philipsburg; \$125. C. W. Furst, et al, to Paul H. Mc-Garvey, tract in Bellefonte; \$1.

F. H. Koons, et ux, to Wm. A. Gager, tract in College township; \$850. Robert Lowry, et ux, to Hugh M. Moore, tract in Rush township; \$325. James E. Pomeroy, et ux, to Evan G. Jones, tract in Philipsburg; \$1. James Bechtol's Admr., to Wm. Kessinger, tract in Liberty township;

W. W. Laird to Perry Reese, tract in Port Matilda; \$75.

P. E. Womelsdorf, et al, to Sophia Hauratt, tract in Philipsburg; \$700. Robert L. Brown, et ux, to J. Clyde Thomas, tract in Taylor township; \$1. Minnie M. Study to J. C. Thomas, tract in Taylor township; \$300.

Adam H. Krumrine, et ux, to N. A Hausem, tract in State College; \$450.

A. Borland, tract in College township;

R. L. Watts, et ux, to A. A. Borland, et ux, tract in State College;

E. M. Huyett, et al, to A. R. McNitt, tract in Walker, Spring and Marion townships; \$1.

K. E. Lamey to Robert W. Colyer, et al, tract in Millheim; \$1.

I. G. Gordon Foster, et al, to F. A. Miller, tract in State College; \$500. Edna A. Dinger to Esther M. Gilbert, tract in Philipsburg; \$5,500.

Wm. Barner, et ux, to Maude Benner, tract in Spring township; \$1,000. Emanuel Cronemiller, Admr., to R. | ized. B. Hosterman, tract in Aaronsburg;

David M. Stover, Exr., to Robert G. Hosterman, tract in Haines township;

G. William Wolfe, et ux, to Sarah Hosterman, tract in Haines township; John Guisewhite, et ux, to Robert

Hosterman, tract in Haines township; Thomas G. Wolfe, et al, to Robert Hosterman, tract in Haines township;

David Chambers, treasurer, to W. M. Grove, tract in Potter township;

Andrew Lytle, et ux, to P. E. Sowers, tract in College township; \$275. David Love's heirs to John A. Love et ux, tract in Spring township; \$850.

A. P. Wodward, et bar, to John M. Robb, tract in Howard; \$1,200. Charles W. Smith, Exr., to William H. Thompson, tract in Howard; \$10.

John M. Coxy, et ux, to H. D. Wea ver, tract in Milesburg; \$150. Charles W. Smith, Exr., to John Lyon, tract in Liberty township; \$100.

Marriage Licenses.

Samuel C. Hoy, Centre Hall, and Emma M. Yearick, Howard. Louis A. Dzwileski, State College, and Katherine E. Gronka, Glen Iron. Herman J. Hazel and Helen Grove,

Gilbert M. Boyer and Ann M. Labe

Bellefonte. Clair F. Burns and Blanche A Rossman, Pennsylvania Furnace. Harper S. Springer, Philadelphia, and Virda M. Hendrickson, Danville.

Malcolm B. Weaver, Bellefonte, and Dorothy M. Lucas, Boalsburg. Gilbert S. Aikey and Ida K. Ging-

Wm. J. Carroll and Margaret C. Rosenhoover, Bellefonte.

-The "Watchman" gives all the news while it is news.

PUT BIBLE ABOVE ALL ELSE

Writer's Poetic Description of Kir. David's Love of the Scriptures of His Day.

In the days of King David the Bible was a scanty book; yet he loved it well, and found daily wonders in it. Genesis, with its sublime narration of how God made the worlds, with its glimpses of patriarchal piety, and dark disclosures of gigantic sin; Exodus, with its glorious marchings through that great wilderness, its thrilling memorials of Jehovah's outstretched arm, and the volume of the written law; Leviticus, through whose flickering vistas David's eye discerned in single blessedness and die a bachethe shadows of better things to come; Numbers, with its natural history of the heart of man; Deuteronomy, with its vindication of the ways of God; Joshua and Judges, with their chap-ters of providence, their stirring incidents, and peaceful episodes; the memoir of Job, so fraught with spiritual experience; and the domestic annals of Ruth, which told to her grandson such a tale of divine foreknowledge and love and care, all converging Bible, and he desired it beyond all his at such a disadvantage; yet it will be no easy task for them to get a bright,

But you have yet an ampler Biblea Bible with psalms and prophets in it—a Bible with gospels and epistles. -James Hamilton.

UNPLEASANT LADY TO MEET In Greek Mythology, Mere Sight of Medusa Turned the Beholder Into Stone.

The Gorgons were three monstrous females who figure to some extent in Greek mythology, particularly the Gorgon Medusa, who was slain by the great hero Perseus. She was originally a beautiful girl whose hair was her principal charm, but she dared to vie in beauty with Minerva, and the resentful goddess changed her form in revenge. She had enormous swine-like teeth, sharp claws and, instead of hair, a head of live serpents. Her aspect was so frightful that the sight of her turned beholders to stone, and her cave was surrounded by the petrified forms of men and animals which had chanced to catch sight of her.

Perseus was sent to destroy her by King Polydectes of Seriphus. As he enjoyed the favor of Minerva and Mercury, these two deities aided him in his enterprise, Minerva lending him her shield and Mercury his winged sandals. He approached the Gorgon while she slept and, taking care not to look directly at her, but guided by her image reflected in the polished shield, cut off her head and gave it to Minerva.

Eskimo Ivory Carving.

the most widely followed professions in the Far North is that of the ivory carver, and it is not only an industry but a pastime as well, filling David Chambers, treasurer, to Har-ry Lutz, tract in Spring township; lengthy Arctic winter. The Eskimos many of the long evenings of the have never attained the perfection of Annie T. H. Henszey, et bar, to A. the Chinese artisans, due partly to the greater crudity of their methods and partly to the fact that they use the ivory of the walrus instead of that of the elephant, but some of their products show nevertheless a great measure of artistry.

The stock articles which the Eskimos manufacture are beads, cribbage boards, napkin rings and crochet needles. They are made, usually, from the outer portion of the walrus tusk, as the interior is a bony substance, mottled in appearance. The most prized articles are furnished from walrus ivory dug up from where it has lain for ages and become semi-fossil-

Kerasund, City of Romance.

Kerasund (in Anatolia on the Black sea) is known as the loveliest city on the Turkish side of the Black sea. No one knows how ancient it is. The Greeks say that the name means "Land of Cherries," and that the Emfrom Rome to get cherries for his On a tiny island near the shore

there is a ruined castle where one of the daughters of King Mithridates was imprisoned for displeasing her royal parent. And there is a pile of stones that is said to have been an altar erected to Mars, who once visited the island. Jason, according to legend, rested there, too, when he was going through this country in search of the golden fleece.

"He Bibles" in Demand.

When the first English Bible was being published, after the King James translation in 1611, a typographical error crept into a verse of the third chapter of Ruth, verse 15, so that it read, "and he went into the city." Quite a number of copies of the ponderous volume had been issued before the error was 'discovered and the missing "s" prefixed to make "he" into "she." Comparatively few of the first edition Bibles are now in existence, for most of them were chained in the churches and literally read to shreds. Of those that are left, the "he Bibles" are naturally in greatest demand by collectors, says the Detroit News.

Different Line of Thought. "Why don't we have grand orations such as the old-time statesmen used

to make?" "I am afraid," replied Senator Sorghum, "that conditions don't favor eloquence in governmental affairs. What the people are interested in are facts and figures. Arithmetic has taken the place of rhetoric."

RED HEADED GIRLS. By L. A. Miller.

I was asked recently by a young friend, if it would be advisable for him to marry a red-headed girl. He said he was very favorably impressed with a certain young red-head, she ap-pealed to him most favorably, so much so that he had about come to the conclusion that he might as well change from single blessedness to a married There was a time when redheads were taboed, but a change is apparent. It is claimed now that red hair is slightly above par; and is the coming style. Why not? The redheaded girl has been held in the background long enough, and the red-headed man has had to struggle along

ed the place at last. The turn was made in recent years at the Jersey coast and Asbury Park. At these pleasure resorts there is a greater yearning for red hair now than there formerly was for blondes. He thinks the red will be more difficult to get than any other color, because there is no known dye that will on himself, or rather on David's son change a darker colored hair to red; and David's Lord; these were David's the blondes and tow-heads will not be

> clear red. Red hair is considered a reliable sign of ill-temper. It is not, however, a popular belief to the contrary, not-withstanding. Some of the best na-tured people in the world are red-headed and some of the most active brains are nestled beneath hirsuites of deepest auburn tints. The impression that red hair is indicative of illtemper probably arises from the fact that most red-haired people are more sensitive than those with black or brown hair, but their sensitiveness is not necessarily ill-conditional. They flash up quickly, and if ill-natured, as some are, they get angry in a minute, but their anger is of the flashy sort hot while it lasts, but cools rapidly. It leaves but few dregs behind; spite-fulness or bitterness. If the hair happens to be kinky, as well as red, the owner is likely to be a spitfire. In such instances young man, beware, be on your guard!

This, however, applies to other shades as well as red. Red hair is significant of warmth; not merely because it is the color of hot coals, scorching blazes and red hot iron, but heart, deep sympathy and active generosity. The possessor of a red head crowding one another too closely to is rarely of a mean or niggardly disposition. It has been said that redhaired persons rarely grow rich, yet they are seldom poor. Such is probably the case, as they are generally industrious, frugal, temperate, and withal generous and liberal. They themselves and like to see

houses, lands or bonds. Those in charge of charitable institutions say they have calls for assistance from a larger percentage of redhaired women than of any other color, except gray. The latter, however, is not taken into account, as it is common to all colors and belongs to the stage of decrepitude. The reason that more red-haired young women have to seek for assistance is probably because more of them marry rakes and scalawags than their darker sisters. They love quickly, and too often allow their ardent, impetuous natures to judgment. Instead of asking what kind of a fellow he is, they merely satisfy themselves that they love him. His faults almost become virtues in their eyes. They lose sight of self and live only for him. Even when he has shown his unworthiness by neglect, abuse, and coldness, they still cling to him, returning as often as he may open his arms. They forgive and forget, and forget while life lasts, and die forgiving and forget-ting the wrongs that have been done

The complexion that goes with red hair is certainly the most delicate and beautiful of all others. Clear, transparent, fresh and bright, it is ever the admiration or envy of those of darker peror Caligula sent here all the way tinge. The bronze of the Indian, the duskiness of the Spaniard, no matter how delicate, is course beside it. The peculiarly fine quality of this complexion is largely due to the thinness and

transparency of the skin. This condition may exist in connection with other than sanguine temperaments, and produce striking effects, yet it lacks that shell-like tint which is so much admired, and which no powder or lotion has ever yet produced. It is the color of life reflected directly from the life currents as they bound and ripple along their devious and varied courses. As the brightest skies are often flecked with murky clouds, so the clearest and freshest complexions are apt to be marred by

freckles. The red-headed girl, no doubt often wishes her skin was as free from blotches as that of her dusky sister. Were she to examine the skin of the brunette with a magnifying glass she would find it more freckled and blotched than her own, the only difference being that the defects do not show so distinctly. It may not be generally known, yet it is true, that dull complexions are mainly due to fine freckles located under a thick epidermis, or outer skin.

it can be brightened up by the judi-cious application of a little paint or powder. Of course, the girls are about all cognizant of this fact. The brunette and blonde have had a long. uninterrupted sway. They ruled and reigned in court and circles of fashion for ages, laughing at the feeble efforts of sanguine curls or silvered tresses to gain a footing. Who knows but the craze that had its origin on the red coast of Jersey, may spread and spread until it includes the entire

world of fashion?

royalty will stand up for their rights and parade their bright tresses to the best advantage they may yet have it to say, in the parlance of the day, that they have painted the fashionable world red. This is the first chance they have had in a long time and they had better make good use of it, because, judging from the past, the redhead cycle is either a long one or revolves very slowly. History, perhaps, will afford the names of many noted women whose tresses were more than

It is claimed that Adam and Eve were both of sanguine temperament, and, therefore, red-headed. The name and, therefore, red-neaded. The name
—Adam—signifies red, which gives
color to the claim. The Hebrew race
is considerably off color if that be
true; however, they only claim direct
descent from Abraham. The activity
of the red-headed has a tendency to lor until red hair has come to be regarded as a calamity. It is said to be shorten their lives. Their pulse is quicker, their blood flows faster and a long lane that has no turn. The red-headed lane seems to have reachtheir tongues wag faster, their tears flow more freely and dry sooner, than those who have more time to talk, laugh and weep.

THE FOOD OF FISHES.

Within the last few years there has been gathered much interesting infor-mation with respect to the wonderful and invisible supply accorded by na-ture for the feeding of the millions upon millions of fishes going to make up her oceanic population.

The most minute examination of shallow waters near the shore will not throw much light upon the question of what food the fishes find when out in the open seas. The conditions in the two cases differ widely. Indeed, the sea in its own domain, far from the shallow water fringe along the shore, is said to be void of vegetable life, and contains no growth of weeds or plants to harbor swarms of possible food creatures, except in limited spaces, as for instance, in the case of the floating weeds of the Sargasso

A receptacle filled with water drawn from the Atlantic Ocean is to the eye simply so much transparent brine, unfouled with weeds, void of fish, and, in most cases, not visibly infested with any form of floating marine organism.

Still, at any moment, shoals of fish

numbering perhaps millions may elect to enter this foodless waste. The herring shoals disappear into the deep Atlantic and return in good condition, oily and exuberant. The question naturally arises, upon what have they lived in the meantime? Not, it is certain, on smaller fishes caught in because it takes its color from blood rather than from an opaque pigment secreted by the hair follicle. It is also significant of a warm, responsive ring travel in a serried shoal a mile square and perhaps thirty feet deep,

admit a free quest for food. The answer to the question is the universal presence of those microscopic creatures that in some parts of the ocean are so thickly massed in the water as to discolor its surface and afford abundant food for the whale. These are not known to pervade every drop of surface water in numbers others do the same. Men of this type rarely become wealthy in this world's For the purposes, herefor, of the hergoods, because they find so many places to put their money where it places to put their money where it vertebrate fish, shell-fish and zoophytes, the upper waters of the ocean are, in fact, a kind of soup, highly nutritious and exactly suited to their needs.

These microscopic forms of life are the basis of all the life of the oceans. Some are water-fleas, others occupy shells like miniature bivalves, others again are in the form of the one-eyed microscopic monsters of the pools, the cyclops. They multiply at an amazing rate, increasing from one to more than 400,000 in a year.

It has has been pointed out that the existence of these creatures is one of the greatest economic triumphs of nature. It is by them that the refuse of the sea is disposed of and the waters are kept sweet. Dead animal and vegetable matter feeds them, and they in turn are converted into the food fishes

Didn't Recognize Himself.

A rather foolish young man went to the doctor and told him he had seen a ghost. "Piffle," said the doctor. Where did you see it, and what was

"Well, I was walking through a churchyard last night," blurted out the trembling fellow, and right beside the wall I saw the ghost." "What was this delusion like?"

asked the doctor a little more inter-"It had long ears and looked like a

"Go home," advised the doctor.
"You have been frightened by your own shadow."

-It doesn't matter much what kind of "pants" Ambassador Harvey wears, but a fool's cap is necessary to decorate him properly.

MEDICAL.

Plenty of Proof From People You Know-From Belle-fonte Citizens.

The greatest skeptic can hardly fail to be convinced by evidence like this. It is impossible to produce better proof of merit than the testimony of residents of Bellefonte, of people who can be seen at any time. Read the

following case of it: Charles Nighthart, 331 E. Bishop St., Bellefonte, says: "I became run down with kidney trouble and felt If freckles deaden the complexion tired and worn out in the morning. I could hardly get to work. There was a steady, dull ache across my back and when I stooped or lifted, catches took me just over my kidneys. I also had dizzy spells and the action of my kidneys was irregular. I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills helping others and I bought some at the Mott Drug Co. They strengthened my back and

kidneys. Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't he red coast of Jersey, may spread and spread until it includes the entire vorld of fashion?

If only the red-haired daughters of Indee ooc, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Nighthart had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. 67-25

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Authentic styles fashioned from approved fabrics; delightful variety; savings in the prices, is the slogan in this store.

Cool, lovely woven tissues and colored batiste, all colors, 36 inches wide, only 50c.

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