

DEPLORABLE CONDITION IN NEAR EAST.

Last fall J. Calvitt Clarke, an enthusiastic worker in the cause of Near East relief, spoke in the Reformed church in Bellefonte and at Centre Hall in the interest of that worthy cause. Last spring he went to the cause. East to get a personal view of conditions there and the situation as he found it is graphically described in a letter sent to the New York headquarters, as follows:

"Conditions in Constantinople are bad—last night I found men and children sleeping in the streets—there are about five refugee camps in town filled with Armenians and Russians as well as with many Greeks who have fled from towns taken by the Turks. In many of these camps besides those sleeping out-doors on the ground and in rude slap-together shacks, one can actually find as many as twenty-five families, eating, sleeping and living in one room. All they possess in the world being a few things they were able to hastily gather together before their evacuation, and carry on their backs. Our committee gives a half loaf of bread a day to thousands of these refugees, but limits this distribution to the women and children except in cases of illness on the part of the men. I talked with many of the refugees and found a pitiful desire to work, and there is little if any work to be had, with the Turkish lira selling at about one-quarter of its normal value and with the city's population almost doubled on account of the refugees, with 20,000 homes in the city burned, and yet no money to rebuild. It is a difficult task indeed, to secure work of any kind. Men fight for it like savage animals and wages are so low as to cause suffering and want even among those who are employed. Nevertheless, the allied control, British, French and Italian, together with the wonderfully efficient work of the Near East relief is bringing order out of even this most difficult situation. Arrangements are being made by Near East relief to transfer 20,000 Greek refugees to Thrace. This will relieve the situation around Constantinople considerably. Those who are removed to Thrace will be provided with farms, the rent of which will be paid for one year by Near East relief. In this way, these fortunate people who are good farmers will be enabled to get on their feet again and a permanent practical piece of relief work

extremely worth while will be accomplished.

I have visited about fifteen or twenty orphanages conducted by Near East relief, or in some cases by the Armenians themselves, assisted by Near East relief and I have seen chubby, happy children, and the new arrivals, thin, poor, little things who look frightened as we approach them—and well they might fear strangers after the misery the Turks have brought upon them. I secured the stories of many of the children, but they are much the same, differing only in minor details—"I lived in—with my father, mother, three brothers and a sister. The Turks took my father away, and I saw a Turk kill my mother. My sister was carried off screaming. My brothers were sold to an Arab, so was I, but I ran away. I was caught by another Turk (or Arab, as the case might be), but finally managed to get away and was told of this orphanage, and I have been here three months now and I never want to go away." Or, in the case of a tattooed girl—a story of lust which seems impossible to have occurred to a twelve or thirteen year old girl. The stories are so much the same one rather takes them as a matter of course, but now, their tragedies are at an end, at least, they are safe in the orphanages.

The work is wonderfully worth while. Sooner or later conditions will improve; already in some places the Armenian men are marrying the older girls and returning to their farms or new ones in territory now secure. Every relief worker I have talked with feels sure of ultimate success if only America can send funds for a while longer. To be here makes one realize that we simply cannot quit now and lose all the results of the money we have already expended. In the end the sunrise of a better day is bound to come and the new Armenia will have been preserved because of hospitals, the orphanages of Near East relief, and over them all flies "Old Glory." God forbid we should have it down and close up this work of mercy. Well, I just know we won't.

I saw boxes marked "Near East Relief, Union Arcade," or rather the boards from boxes, the refugees have used them to build homes for themselves. In a warehouse here I picked up an old hat; almost all the clothing has been distributed, and winter is coming on with a most urgent need for more; on the band was "Reid and Fort, Philadelphia."

Titewad—I never deny my wife a single wish.

Nought—That's generous, but how in the world can you afford it?

Titewad—Afford it? Oh, it doesn't cost anything. If she wants to wish why shouldn't I allow her to do so?

—Buy your own paper and read it.

THE BEST WAY TO PREVENT TYPHOID FEVER.

6,133,500 Pennsylvania people get their drinking water from the 653 public water works operating under permits from the State Department of Health. The water supplies of these companies, 1464 of them, are examined by engineers of the Department of Health and the companies themselves make regular reports to the department. This year not one single water born case of typhoid fever has developed in communities thus guarded. The 1920 census gives the total population of Pennsylvania as 8,720,017, which means that more than two million people in the State are drinking water from sources not properly inspected. In many instances the source of supply is an uncovered spring or well, while in others a pipe line is used to which many houses are connected.

Typhoid fever is common where such conditions exist and the State Department of Health desires notification of companies operating without permission and without supervision, because under such circumstances the danger of a wide spread epidemic is imminent. Citizens who are anxious about the purity of the water supply should send the name of the water company to the Department of Health and they will be immediately advised as to whether or not the company operates under state provisions.

The purpose of the Department of Health is to protect the health of the people, not to hinder business. The Commissioner of Health says, "from a business standpoint, a typhoid epidemic is the worst thing that can happen to a water company. Moreover there is every reason to believe that the water company can be made financially responsible if it is proved that the typhoid fever is of water origin.

The H. C. Frick Coke company is an outstanding example in Pennsylvania of what a corporation can do to protect the health of its employees and their families. This company, working in close co-operation with the sanitary engineers of the State Department of Health, is putting in new sanitary filters, changing the water supply when indicated, improving general sewerage conditions in the mining towns, and spending money without stint to insure a pure water supply for their people. In all their plants they have established dispensaries with medical and nursing service.

Commenting on the attitude of the Frick company, the Commissioner of Health says, "that is a fine example of the powerful influence which can be exerted by 'big business' for a better health in Pennsylvania. This company has set no limit to a rational and complete health program. When

every employer of human nature takes this step the health problems of the State will be solved."—State Department of Health.

More Work for the Busy Bee.

Undoubtedly the most important invention ever produced by a woman was the machine for making artificial comb foundation for bees. The idea was originated by Frances A. Dunham, who patented the contrivance in 1881.

To produce material for comb building is for the bee very expensive. It uses up at least ten times as much of her gathered product, bulk for bulk, as is required for honey making. Hence the obvious economy of providing her with a ready-made comb of beeswax turned out from a machine. Another advantage is that all the cells of the artificial comb are made of "worker" size, so that the eggs laid in them by the queen bee (the mother of the hive) produce workers only and no idle drones.

The workers build up the cell walls on the "ground-floor" pattern furnished for them, and (barring those used for brood purposes) fill them with honey. Being relieved of the bother and expense of making their own comb foundation, their output of honey is proportionately augmented.

—Subscribe for the "Watchman."

Marriage Licenses.

Clarence L. Corl, State College, and Clara M. Witmer, Pennsylvania Furnace.

Harman P. Thomas, Philipsburg, and Hilma E. Johnson, Winburne.

Roy P. Curley, Bells Landing, and Virginia Grace Johnston, Curry Run.

Loren H. Scantlin and Mary A. Peters, Beech Creek.

John F. Harvey, State College, and Helen Leone Luse, Centre Hall.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

At This Season

Loss of Appetite

Is very common. In many cases it is due to impure blood, which cannot give the digestive organs the stimulus necessary for the proper performance of their functions.

Thousands know by experience that Hood's Sarsaparilla restores appetite and would advise you to give it a trial this season. It originated in the successful prescription of a famous physician. Get it today.

Take Hood's Pills if you happen to need a laxative—they don't gripe. 34

Shoes.

Shoes.

School Shoes

In a very short time school will open, and that boy and girl will need a good, sturdy pair of shoes. I have made a special effort to get a line of School Shoes that will stand the hard service that boys and girls give their footwear.

Our line is complete, and the prices are lower than at any other store and, above all, the quality is the best.

See Our Line

Before you Purchase your School Shoes

Yeager's Shoe Store

THE SHOE STORE FOR THE POOR MAN
Bush Arcade Building 58-27 BELLEFONTE, PA.

Come to the "Watchman" office for High Class Job work.

Lyon & Co. Lyon & Co.

We extend to all Centre countians an invitation to visit our store before purchasing their Fall and Winter outfit, as our buyer is now in the eastern markets and we are receiving daily consignments of all the new up-to-the-minute merchandise.

Our ready-to-wear department is sure to attract you, whether you are in need of a coat, suit, dress, blouse or a sweater. You will find all the up-to-date models here, and the style, quality and workmanship are the best that can be bought in ready-to-wear.

Silks

All the new shades in Canton Crepe. Crepe de Chines, Georgettes, Satins, Charmeuse, Messaline and Taffetas at reduced prices.

Draperies

Our Drapery department is a picture that will delight and please the eye. Everything wanted to beautify the home you can find on display here.

Last Week of Our Clearance Sale

Lyon & Co. 64-10 Lyon & Co.

When you come right down to reason, what is there to "discount" tires —

THE next time a friend comes to you all excited about some wonderful tire bargain—ask him how much value he ought to get for each dollar of tire money.

It's astonishing that any car owner today should not know all the tire service he is entitled to.

Nor how to check up between the economy of par quality on one hand—and big discounts, surplus stocks, discontinued lines and retreads on the other.

For two years U. S. Tire makers have been telling the American people all about tires.

They have laid open the tire business from every angle.

They have always led the fight for better tires.

They have consi-

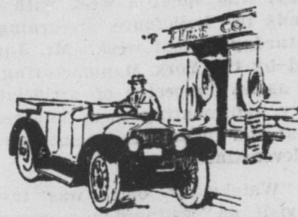
ently maintained quality first standards with certain economy for the tire buyer.

They have established 92 Factory Branches all over the country. Perfecting U. S. distribution so that you get a fresh, live tire every time you buy a U. S. Tire.

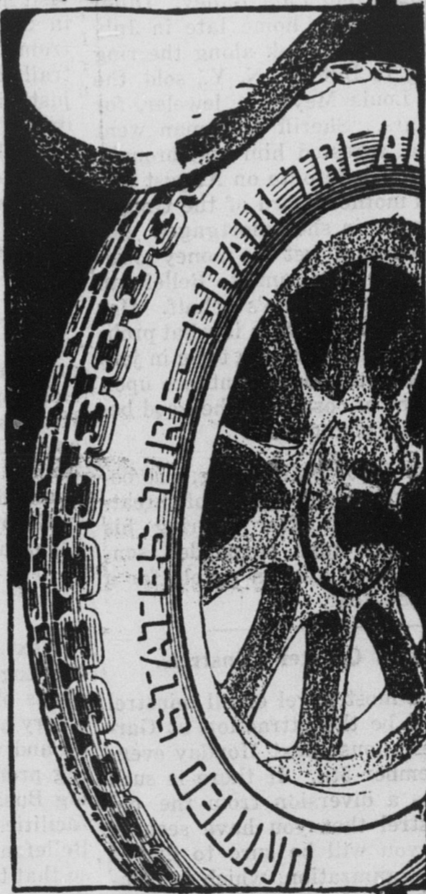
So when a man once decides on U. S. Tires he knows what he is getting in quality—service—economy.

In support of his own judgment he gets the pledged word and reputation of the largest and most successful tire concern in the world.

A sound reason for the fact that you see more U. S. Tires on more cars than ever this year.



"You get a fresh, live tire every time you buy a U. S. Tire."



The U. S. CHAIN TREAD

One of the few tires of which it may be said that they deliver economy year in and year out and tire after tire.

United States Tires United States Rubber Company

P. H. McGarvey, Bellefonte. L. L. Smith, Centre Hall. J. C. & J. B. Stere, Fleming. E. L. McClintock, Hublersburg. Rider Bros., Marengo.

C. E. Bartges, Madisonburg. J. Pritchard, Philipsburg. Broom's Garage, Millheim. Orviston Supply Co., Orviston. P. L. Guelich, Philipsburg. Boalsburg Bus Livery, Boalsburg, Pa.

Howard Vail, Philipsburg. Osman's Garage, Port Matilda. Haywood Tire Service Sta., Snow Shoe. Gentzel Garage, Spring Mills. Hubler Bros., State College.