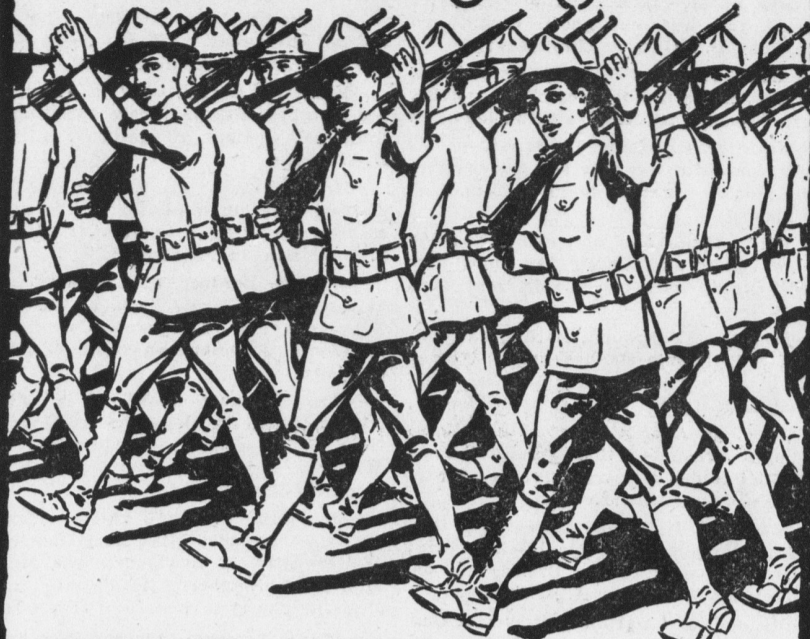


# "Come On, Boys!"

## Give the Guard a Fighting Chance



### Fight alongside Your Friends

### Fill up the National Guard

ALL BRANCHES OF ARMY SERVICE ARE OPEN TO YOU.

"They are mustering in the Guard." Four times within the memory of living men these things have sped from lip to lip throughout Pennsylvania. Four times, while men's lips have spread this terse message, men's hearts have sensed a stronger tension and men's pulses have known a quickening beat.

For men know that the simple announcement of this shifting of Guard control from State to Federal hands can have but one interpretation—the close approach of a great national crisis. Once—almost a lifetime ago—the tidings presaged the storm and fury of civil strife into which marched gallantly the youthful chivalry of Pennsylvania's militia, to emerge, four years later, stern and masterful conquerors.

A second time the message forecasted the clash of arms which broke the faltering grip of an old-world empire upon an unwilling new-world colony. And again file upon file of Pennsylvania youth was seen on its way to take response to the call for registration, now has another patriotic duty confronting it. Those who have registered are eligible for military service. Sooner or later they will be ordered to report for physical examination and, if up to the physical requirements, will be ordered into the military service.

There is no obligation, however, upon a registered man to await a formal call to arms. In fact, since it is more than likely he must go it is greatly to his own advantage to be the arranger himself, of where, when and how he shall go.

#### Guards Rank as Veterans.

It is a veteran force which will, on this occasion, represent Pennsylvania in the Federal service. The Guard is the Federal reserve, a military organization which has been in existence since the days of the Mexican border. Long hours of stiff practice military maneuver under the blistering rays of a tropical sun have case-hardened the guardsmen. And their efficiency has become a matter of national record.

"They did their bit" side by side with the regular army on the borderland, acquiring, by emulation, many of the campaigning tricks of the experienced soldier.

But efficient as is this fine State soldiery, its numerical strength is much below the war standard fixed by the Federal government. Some regiments can muster, at present, only two-thirds of the number they should have in their ranks.

Pennsylvania's young manhood which recently made such an heroic response to the call for registration, now has another patriotic duty confronting it. Those who have registered are eligible for military service. Sooner or later they will be ordered to report for physical examination and, if up to the physical requirements, will be ordered into the military service.

There is no obligation, however, upon a registered man to await a formal call to arms. In fact, since it is more than likely he must go it is greatly to his own advantage to be the arranger himself, of where, when and how he shall go.

#### War's Weird Shadow.

Less than three years ago peace-loving Americans paused in their placid progress to turn a startled eye toward a fearsome spectre, which, suddenly rearing itself in central Europe, stalked rapidly over teeming and prosperous lands, imprinting death and blight with every ghastly footstep.

It was—and is—an uncanny monster of blood, fire and steel, reflecting in its hideous outline the hatred and venom of its creators toward all mankind who do not accept the idea of national existence to which they have dedicated themselves. It is a monster of human flesh and guided by human intelligence on a career of surpassing devilry.

To the safe spectator on America's distant shore came the only a feeling of loathing for this unclean creature and its masters. It seemed unbelievable that a monstrosity so foul and malevolent could spring to life in this enlightened day.

Americans viewing its revolting progress with horrified eyes, did so with only the impersonal interest of unconcerned onlookers. Danger to their own free land—and free institutions—from the disportings of this monstrous thing appeared too remote to be given any consideration.

Its bloody wallowings so riveted the eye that for a time the grim purpose animating its ruthless onslaughts was entirely uncomprehended.

It was not until Belgium had been shattered almost beyond hope of restoration and liberty-loving France had been brought face-to-face with virtual annihilation, that America grasped the true significance of the demon machine and its workings.

#### Shall Liberty Vanish?

And who can doubt, today, that this significance is, in all probability, the obliteration of the liberal institutions to which free peoples are committed. Should this machine prevail, liberty, as we know it, must, in time, vanish from the face of the earth.

The nation stands today at a crossroad of destiny and the path to the goal of security looms rugged. Already it is resounding to the tread of armed men. The regular army is on the move and now the call has gone out for the country's second line of defense—the National Guard.

Pennsylvania once more is calling her loyal sons. It is a time of stir and bustle and refurbishing of sword and gun and bayonet from the banks of the Delaware to the shores of Lake Erie. Armories are ringing to the clang of weapons and stalwart young figures, there, are seen tugging at strap and buckle in the bundling of accoutrements.

More than usual, there is noted the prevalence of military uniforms in the street crowds. And the walls are everywhere proclaiming the need of filling up gaps in the various arms of the service.

The Guard is pulling itself together for another rally to the "front." There is every indication that its departure on this occasion will be more inspiring than ever as a display of a great State's military power.

The country is proud of its regular fighting men, but after all, the home sentiment clings more fondly to the fighting men of the Guard. Pride in the regular army units is impersonal because they are recruited from the country-at-large.

But with the Guard it is different. When a Guard regiment musters-in it carries with it to the firing line the good name of a particular community. In that steel-tipped column swinging so jauntily down the street, when the Guard is passing by, are boys from home.

#### Enlistment Beats Draft.

Isn't it better, by way of example, for an eligible man to enlist, now, in a crack Guard regiment of his home section, where he will stand shoulder-to-shoulder with friends, than to hold back until ordered to a newly assigned, perhaps, to a newly formed command where he will be a stranger among strangers?

There is the glory of regimental prestige—the satisfaction that springs from association with an organization of old and honored traditions—and the confidence that is begotten of comradeship to commend voluntary enlistment. All of these are assured to the man who picks a home regiment.

On the other hand, none of these things is assured to the man who waits back until ordered to a newly formed regiment to pick him. Voluntary enlistment gives a sure-thing choice. But the only sure thing in store for the man who waits is the sure thing that he will have to go, if he is fit to go.

The Guard offers the same inducement in variety of service that is offered by the regular army. Infantry, artillery, cavalry and engineers are open to recruiting.

This puts the Guard on the footing of the regular service, of which it is soon to be a part. From the recruiting end, Guard service is even more desirable with its opportunities afforded recruits to be placed in the ranks with the boys from home.

Always maintaining the highest pay of any army in the world, the Guard—both regulars and Guard—has taken a new lead far beyond even its old pay-roll standard. The rate of pay for enlisted men is now \$30 per month and upwards.

Even at \$30 a month there is a big inducement to serve. Since every soldier is "found" for men in the service, expenditures need only be for a few personal luxuries. It is figured that a man may easily save two-thirds of his pay. There is a system in vogue by which the money may be left on deposit, and 4 per cent interest is allowed.

#### Army's Brighter Side.

And these are details not to be overlooked even by men who are keen in hot-hearted desire to serve their State and Nation. That there are many such is the confident hope of the Pennsylvania Guard.

It is men of that calibre who have made the Guard what it is today. And it is men of that calibre whom they are appealing to make the Guard what it must be in the future if it is to meet the high hopes of the State, the Nation and a stricken world.

The sky is over-cast, and the war-clouds have gathered. There is sore need here, and elsewhere, of that pictured uprising of patriot manhood to strike a blow for the Old Flag and the Old Land.

And now—what does the mustering-in of the National Guard mean to you? Has it stirred you to no sense of your personal responsibility in this great crisis?

Has it not caused you to feel that it is your duty to stand in those bristling ranks—your country's living walls of defense—just as much as it is the duty of those gallant men who have been standing there from the first moment of danger?

If it does not mean all of this—and more—to you, then you have failed to grasp its meaning.

Pennsylvania treasures grateful memories of sons who have nobly responded to her call in every grave hour of the past.

Shall Pennsylvania's call, today, find sons too indifferent to give heed in this the gravest moment of her history? There is one sure response: Fill up the National Guard.

#### The Majesty of Armenia.

From more than one area of the war zone, from Belgium, from Galicia, from Turkish Armenia, the same story reaches us; the same dread saga of the wanderings of whole populations under the spur of massacre, rape, hunger. Little children fall like flies by the way side and new children are born on the march. Mothers go mad. Girls throw themselves into the rivers. Men are killed and buried like dogs.

But Belgium has almost all the world for her friends and the faith in restoration goes before her exiles like a pillar of cloud by day and a pillar of fire by night. Even the Jews of the pale, torn and tossed between the alternate victors begin to find organized help and behold some faint gleam of Zion upon the political horizon. On Ararat alone no ark can rest. For Armenia alone there is the cry without answer, "Watchman, what of the night?"

Only for a minority can there be political redemption, let us at least bring physical salvation to their agonizing remnant.

Sister nations I have been accustomed to think the Armenians and the Jew. Both hail from sisterlands of the cradle of civilization. Both come trailing clouds of glory from the purple days of Persia and Babylon. Both have born the shock of the militant and medieval empires and of the migrant migrations of their races, and both hold to their original faith, for if the one was the first preacher of Jehovah the other was the first nation to profess Jesus. And sisters, too, in sorrow, although exiled, scattered, persecuted, massacred.

Sisters, forsooth, yet not equal in suffering. Hitherto through the long centuries the crown of martyrdom has been pre-eminently Israel's. And as day by day during this war of wars there came to me by dark letter or whisper the tale of her woes in the central war zone I said to myself surely the cup is full. Surely no people on earth has had such a measure of gall and vinegar to drain.

But I was mistaken. One people has suffered more. That people whose ancient realm held the legendary Eden has now for abiding place the pit of hell. I bow before this higher majesty of sorrow. I take the crown of thorns from Israel's head and I place it upon Armenia's.—By Israel Zangwill.

#### How France Finances the War.

France will require 11,600,000,000 francs a year, approximately, to meet her obligations and current expenditures after the war, according to an estimate of the finance committee of the Chamber of Deputies. Of this total it is estimated that nearly half, 5,500,000,000 francs, will be needed for normal appropriations, including interest on the national debt existing before the war, which was about 33,000,000,000 francs.

The remainder includes interest on national defense bonds, pensions, interest on 10,000,000,000 francs capital required to repair war damages, and

finance social legislation, such as a workingmen's pension system. This total represents only the financial charges incurred June 1, 1917. It will be necessary to add to it 150,000,000 francs for each month that the war goes on thereafter, the war expenditures now averaging 3,000,000,000 francs a month.

Thirty-five months of war at the end of June has cost about 87,000,000,000 francs, including advances to Allies. During the same time the Government receipts have averaged 4,128,000,000 francs a year.

The finance committee urges the adoption of the graduated income tax as one of the measures to provide the revenue France will need. It is estimated that it will produce a net gain

of about 366,000,000 francs a year. In addition the finance committee proposes an annual civic or individual tax of 3 francs upon all taxpayers residing in communes of less than 10,000 population, 6 francs in communes between 10,000 and 50,000, and 9 francs in towns of more than 50,000 population. This tax, it is estimated, will produce 42,000,000 francs a year.

# MONDAY

OH, that dreaded wash day! Isn't there *some way* to do it easier—*some way* to avoid that terrific kitchen heat, the back-breaking job of toting wood, shoveling coal and cleaning out ashes? Yes, madam, there is.

## NEW PERFECTION

### OIL COOK-STOVES

have chased this wash-day bugaboo away to stay. With a *Perfection* in your kitchen you won't have heat *all* the time, but just when you need it. The water gets hot—off goes the heat, fuel expense stops, the kitchen cools off. You save money, time and work.

And the *Perfection* will bake, boil, fry or roast at a minute's notice. Just light a match and it'll begin to "do things up brown."

Your dealer will explain its many fine points, such as the fireless cooker and the separate oven.

### THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY

Philadelphia and Pittsburgh



Your *Perfection*, or any other oil-burning device, simply *can't* give best results unless you use Rayolight Oil. It burns without sputter, smoke or smell. And it doesn't cost a penny more than the ordinary kinds. Always look for this sign:



62-18-9t.

## LYON & COMPANY.

### Mid-Summer Sale of White

We have too many Under Summer Muslins and will have to make a sale to reduce our stock. We have made special lots of the following:

#### NIGHT GOWNS.

Low neck, short sleeves, good quality nainsook, choice of lace or Embroidery and scalloped trimmed, value 75c, sale price 48c.

#### CORSET COVERS.

Lace or Embroidered trimmed, all sizes, qualities 35 cents and 50 cents, sale price 23c.

Better Quality in the exclusive Dove Brand, Made of fine Nainsook val. lace or fine embroidery trimmed, reinforced arm holes, well finished, quality 75c, sale price 48c.

Dove Brand, Silk Crepe de Chine Envelope Chemise, quality \$3.50, our price \$2.25.

Dove Brand, Silk Crepe de Chine Wash Satin Corset Covers, quality \$1.50, our price \$1.00.

■ Dove Brand Night Gowns, Umbrella Drawers, and Petticoats at less than cost to manufacture.

#### COAT SUITS AND COATS

We have a large assortment of Suits and Coats, all colors, all sizes, at greatly reduced prices.

#### SILK HOSE.

All our Silk Hose must be sold at a sacrifice during this sale. 65c Silk Boot, Black and White, our price 35c. Pure Silk Hose, black, white and colors, value \$1.35, our price 95 cents.

#### SILK GLOVES.

All sizes in Silk Gloves, colors black and white, \$1.00 quality, our price 75 cents.

#### SHOES!

SHOES!!

Why pay more for Shoes when we can sell you Shoes at the old price. Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes at the old price. Men's Shoes from \$1.75 a pair up. Ladies' Shoes from \$1.50 a pair up. Children's Shoes from 75 cents a pair up. Come in and look over our stock, you will surely be pleased and save money.

## Lyon & Co. Bellefonte.

60-10-1y

## The Wise Man's Way

IN business, the man who can see ahead usually moves with forethought and precision. The present interests him only as it affects the future—he is wise.

In buying clothes the same principle applies—and he who thinks not "how cheap" but "how good" buys

## High-Art Clothes

and in the longer life of these very dependable clothes, the lasting permanence of style and fit, he reaps the benefit of his foresightedness.

We show ALL the new correct styles and colorings—in all sizes.

## FAUBLE'S.

Allegheny St. 58-4 BELLEFONTE, PA.

