

INK SLINGS.

—It beats all how the rains keep up. —Belleville now has a new traffic ordinance. It looks like a good one and should be enforced promptly.

—Wouldn't it be lovely to be Easton, Pa., for the one day on which the two biggest circuses traveling are to exhibit there.

—Have you cleaned up? If not, there is yet time to be in line with your neighbors and have a healthy, attractive looking home to live in.

—What a splendid suggestion; that ROOSEVELT be made Dictator of Mexico, until a stable and peaceful government is established in that restless Republic. The Big Stick might be what is needed most down there.

—Anyway VILLA talks like a fighter when he says rather than unite with HUERTA's forces for a war against the United States: "If we are unable to avoid it we will face two enemies, the powerful stranger and the deprived compatriots."

—Go to Church Sunday in Bellefonte didn't exactly have the effect of crowding the church auditoriums, but many new faces were seen in unusual audiences and earnest prayers were offered that they might not remain new to places of worship.

—Slowly the State is waking up to the fact that a stitch in time saves nine and is planning to do a little repair work on state highways in Centre county. What a waste it is to let roads that have cost thousands in building go to destruction for the want of a few hundred in repairs.

—How are we going to mediate with HUERTA's government when we don't recognize its existence? CARRANZA's refusal to participate in mediation proceedings puts a different aspect on the whole Mexican situation and makes a muddle of it that is likely to become embarrassing to us.

—At the age of thirty-one Mrs. WINFIELD STONER, of Quarryville, Pa., is the mother of nine children and also champion cake baker among three hundred and fifty of her neighbors. If her nine consume cakes like one that we know of it is little wonder that she is the champion baker.

—May 19th is Primary day and from the present backward condition of farm work a light vote may be looked for from the country districts. Many farmers will be busy with corn planting about that time and that will affect their pocket-books more directly than RYAN's or McCORMICK's aspirations to be Governor.

—When BENSON, of McKean county, had a chance to vote for the late J. C. MEYER, of Centre county, for Speaker of the House of Representatives, did he do it? No! He voted for a Republican instead. Now he wants the Democrats of Centre county to vote to make him their nominee for Congress. Will they do it? We hope not.

—After the primaries, surely we ought to know who will be post-master of State College. A prominent State College citizen remarked yesterday that our used-to-be friend BOB FOSTER had already spent the equivalent of three years' salary, running to banquets and meetings where the men who make post-masters congregate and while that isn't likely to break BOB up it might break his heart if he doesn't get the plum.

—Judge BONNIVELL has challenged "Farmer" CREAMY to meet him in public debate and has offered to prove that "he has been a fawning dependent upon both GUFFEY and HALL, that he received money from both of them, not only as State chairman, but as a Member of the Legislature and that he is not fit to hold an administrative office." Poor CREAMY! He must stand convicted of these nasty charges unless he accepts the challenge and we fear he won't have the courage to do that.

—We do not believe any of the unpleasant rumors that are being whispered around concerning Rev. JOHN HEWITT's withdrawal from the Congressional race at the eleventh hour. Certainly if there is any ground for any of them he was not a party to the scheme. The result of the Primary will show, however, if some of his friends have tricked him, and the voters of Centre county as well. If BENSON runs strong in Centre county there will be ground, at least, for the suspicion that Rev. HEWITT was being played in order to keep off other Centre county aspirants and then throw the vote to BENSON.

—Judge BONNIVELL has publicly called "Farmer" CREAMY an "impudent" liar, a man without honor and a mottled reformer and threatens to show him up right unless he apologizes for making false statements concerning the Judge. For the sake of the fun that might follow we hope CREAMY won't apologize. If he doesn't Judge BONNIVELL will have to make good his threat and then the Pennsylvania Democrats will probably learn something of the hypocritical statesman from Columbia county who took \$2000 a year from JIM GUFFEY for being State chairman and would now have the public believe that all his services to the party have been gratuitously for its own good.

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Reason for Hysteria.

There is a reason for the hysteria of the PALMER-McCORMICK conspirators. They are employing every available expedient to win votes but small wonder. Self-preservation is the first law of nature and the personal liberty of some of these political pirates is involved. If Mr. RYAN is nominated for Governor and HENRY BUDD for Senator there is likely to be a judicial investigation of the accounts of the Democratic State committee of 1912 and since that campaign. The misappropriation of funds contributed by Democrats during that campaign and since is a question of direct interest to many Democrats. A searching investigation of the subject might involve criminal proceedings.

During the process of organizing the conspiracy in 1911, JAMES I. BLAKESLIE gave frequent and expensive dinners which were paid for out of the treasury of the committee. During the campaign of 1912 money was freely squandered in entertainments at the expense of the committee. By no method of contortion can such expenditures of campaign funds be reconciled to the provisions of the corrupt practices act of the Legislature. Mr. PALMER's car fare and telephone bills are not legitimate campaign expenses when his trips and talks are in his personal interest. Mr. BLAKESLIE has neither legal nor moral right to waste the funds of the party in hospitality for his personal friends.

Then there is the \$15,000 which the treasurer of the Democratic National committee swears he paid for use in the campaign of this State in 1912. Presumably it was paid to Mr. PALMER but it has been publicly charged that there is no record of it in the sworn statement of receipts and disbursements on file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth at Harrisburg. An investigation might shed light upon this curious problem in finances and naturally those concerned are anxious to avert exposure. But they are not promoting that result by traducing other and better men. They can't fool the people by making false accusations. Mendacity never won an enduring victory.

Whatever other people think THEODORE ROOSEVELT ought to have a kindly feeling for the financial pirates who looted the New Haven railroad. A large part of the loot went into his campaign fund, according to the evidence before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Reasons for Blakeslie's Bi-Partisan Activities.

In a speech opening his campaign for re-election, delivered at Minersville, the other evening, Congressman LEE of Schuylkill county cast an illuminating side light upon the bi-partisan activities of JIM BLAKESLIE, messenger boy for the PALMER-McCormick office brokerage firm. One of Mr. BLAKESLIE's relatives is an unopposed candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress in the Schuylkill district and Mr. BLAKESLIE, who is Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, wants to keep as many Republican postmasters in office, until after the election, as possible, in order that they may help his Republican relative to the realization of his ambitions.

Congressman LEE is easily the most efficient and capable Democratic Representative in the Pennsylvania delegation. He has acquired the enmity of A. MITCHELL PALMER because he has neglected to beg the permission of that would-be political autocrat to serve his constituents when the opportunity is offered. Of course this makes BLAKESLIE his relentless enemy. The incentive of helping a relative was not necessary, therefore, to send BLAKESLIE, with a dagger in his hand, after LEE. But the fact that he may stab LEE and help his relative at the same time probably whets the edge of his desire to strike and he has already induced one postmaster to commit what looks very much like perjury in order to continue in office.

Neither PALMER, McCORMICK nor BLAKESLIE has any political convictions. PALMER hung on to GUFFEY and HALL as long as they paid for his services. McCORMICK's political career shows the alternation of profligacy and perfidy. If he is allowed to name the candidates he is profligate. If another than his choice is nominated he is perfidious. BLAKESLIE is simply a jumping jack, once more or less amusing, but now disgusting. And these three deliberate assassins of character claim the right to manage the Democratic party of Pennsylvania for their own personal profit and political advantage. Such assumption is insulting to the intelligence of the people of the State.

JIM BLAKESLIE can hardly divert public attention from his deal with the Republican postmaster of Mahanoy City by lying about others.

Reasons for Mr. Ryan's Confidence.

After a tour of the State, covering all sections and a period of four weeks, Mr. MICHAEL J. RYAN, city solicitor of Philadelphia, expressed the utmost confidence, the other day, of his nomination, on the 19th instant, as the Democratic candidate for Governor. Mr. RYAN is not unmindful of the elements against him. Wherever he has been he has seen the federal officials and those who hope to be appointed to office aligned against him. He has found at every step traces of the pernicious activity of the Democratic State committee in the interest of his opponent and discovered evidences of factional "bagmen" extorting funds to be used against him. But in the face of these conditions he is confident.

The reason for Mr. RYAN's confidence, in view of these adverse conditions, is that he has faith in the courage and patriotism of the "unowned, the unawed, the unbossed Democracy," to use his own language. These sturdy and sterling citizens are incorruptible and the party boss is as abhorrent to them as any other destroying evil. They resent the assumptions of three or four office brokers to control the Democratic party and rebuke the malignant spirit which traduces all who refuse to acquiesce in their usurpation of power. And Mr. RYAN knows that many men of this splendid type are vastly in the majority in the Democratic party of Pennsylvania.

Every time VANCE C. McCORMICK's paper, the Harrisburg Patriot, denounces such faithful and earnest Democrats as HENRY BUDD, Major MOSES VEAL, RYERSON JENNINGS, Judge JENKINS and Magistrate EISENBROWN as "bi-partisan crooks," or "PENROSE followers," he makes hundreds of votes for MICHAEL J. RYAN, and like the consummate fool he is, he compels his paper to do that every morning. This accounts for the rapid increase of the strength of Mr. RYAN among the honest and thoughtful people of Pennsylvania and promises such a victory for him on the 19th of May as has never before been recorded for any candidate in the Commonwealth. But it will be the just verdict of an outraged people.

President WILSON gave as one of his reasons for sending Federal troops to Colorado the fact that Secretary of Labor WILSON was unable to secure an adjustment of the troubles there by arbitration. Secretary of Labor WILSON was too busy at the time fomenting war among the Democrats of Pennsylvania to attend to any official duties.

The Mexican Problem.

General CARRANZA, head of the Constitutionalists in Mexico, threatens to become a disturbing element in the proceedings looking to pacification. He refuses to agree to an armistice pending the negotiations. Of course if he persists in that policy the plan will have to be abandoned or else he will have to be suppressed. Either of these expedients is hazardous. If there can be no arbitration there must be the alternative, which is vigorous hostilities. That means the elimination of HUERTA by force first, and afterward the similar disposal of CARRANZA. It is surprising that he is not able to see this for himself. Everybody else sees it clearly.

President WILSON set out to give the people of Mexico a stable government. With abundance of wealth in soil and minerals good government in Mexico means happiness and prosperity. Intervention during the continuance of domestic turbulence would not have achieved this result. It would have been forcing an alien government upon an unwilling people. Governments thus created are never enduring or peaceful. President WILSON knew this and wisely acted accordingly. His treatment of the Mexican question has been both just and patriotic. It has shown him in a most favorable light. He was influenced by the purest motives to the wisest conclusions.

In any event HUERTA is impossible. CARRANZA is making himself equally dangerous and objectionable. If he had joined in the movement originated in the minds of the representatives of Argentina, Brazil and Chile, a settlement alike honorable to all concerned and helpful to civilization might have been secured. His refusal puts him in the attitude of a trouble breeder. Such men have no right to stand in the way of progress. It is the duty of civilization to silence them and the present may be a good time to begin the operation. The Mexican problem must be settled along the lines laid by President WILSON even if the elimination of HUERTA and CARRANZA both be necessary.

There is nothing in the argument that railroad profits are not as big as they used to be. They used to be bigger than they ought to be and excessive profits of railroads mean depleted balances for the people.

Secretary Wilson's Dirty Bargain.

There can be no misunderstanding of VANCE C. McCORMICK's record on the labor question. WILLIAM B. WILSON, Secretary of Labor in the cabinet of President WILSON, may betray labor interests and prostitute himself by perverting the facts, but the truth is a matter of record. In 1905 councils of Harrisburg passed an ordinance increasing the wages of laborers in the employ of that city from fifteen cents an hour to sixteen and two-third cents an hour. The rule was to work eight hours a day and the wages were considered inadequate by the men themselves and by councils. The difference was thirteen and one-third cents a day and McCORMICK, who was mayor at the time, vetoed the ordinance.

For years previous to the purchase of the Harrisburg Patriot by VANCE C. McCORMICK it was a Union shop. The Union label appeared at its mast head every morning. But the day McCORMICK assumed control the token of its sympathy with organized labor was left out and it has never been seen there since. This was VANCE McCORMICK's method of expressing antipathy to organized labor, of showing his contempt for the Typographical Union. And when the annual period for signing the scale arrived he refused to sign and precipitated a strike. After he found that he couldn't help himself he signed, but it was a forced process and he yielded most ungraciously.

WILLIAM B. WILSON has been marvelously favored by McCORMICK and PALMER, but he is paying a high price for their service. Besides they owed him all they gave him. The old Democratic organization had twice elected him to Congress but he joined in the reorganization movement and vilified those who had helped him. His third campaign was managed so stupidly by the reorganizers that he was defeated and as nobody else wanted the office of Secretary of Labor, PALMER and McCORMICK asked for it for him. And the betrayal of the interests of labor and treachery to those who first gave him a taste of public life is the price he is paying. It is a dirty bargain.

When A. MITCHELL PALMER was imploring WILLIAM J. BRENNEN, of Pittsburgh, to give his ambition to preside over the Democratic State convention of 1909 a boost, Mr. BRENNEN was no better and no worse than he is now. But Mr. PALMER now declares that Mr. BRENNEN's support of a candidate marks him as a corrupt man unfit for popular support.

Possibly Wants Another Chance to Bolt.

McKean county's candidate for Congressman, Mr. E. R. BENSON, spent a goodly portion of last week out in Clearfield trying to induce the good Democrats of that county to vote for him at the primaries, as against their own local candidate, Mr. W. E. TOBIAS, for the position. His principal argument, why they should do so, was that if nominated, he would receive more Republican votes than any other candidate and consequently was more certain of election. As if the Democrats of the district didn't care a bobee what kind of a man, or a Democrat, was placed upon the ticket, just so he could be elected. There may be some Democratic voters of that kind in the district, but the WATCHMAN is glad to believe that there are but few, and if Mr. BENSON has no other reasons to give them why he should be made the nominee he might as well go back to Mt. Jewett and continue his efforts to defeat and disband the Democratic organization in McKean county, a job he has been working at for a number of years.

It is a Democratic Congressman the Democrats of this district want a chance to vote for.—A man who can be depended upon to stand for Democratic ideas and Democratic measures, under any and all circumstances, and not a trimmer and bolter as Mr. BENSON proved himself to be only two years ago. It is proof of his Democracy, more than assurance of Republican support, that he needs to secure Democratic assistance from this end of the district. Our people despise a bolter, and if there is to be one sent to the next Congress they don't propose taking the obloquy of the act upon their shoulders. Mr. BENSON has proven himself one, and it will be a long time before he can make good Democrats believe he would not do the same dirty trick again if given the opportunity.

—There are a good many people who are curious to know how JIM BLAKESLIE managed to get Postmaster GRAHAM, of Mahanoy City, to swear that he didn't write a scurrilous letter to Judge BRUMM when the Postoffice Inspectors failed to apprehend it. Possibly BLAKESLIE is a hypocritist.

—The best Job Work done here.

Europe and Huerta.

From the Johnstown Democrat. European financiers who were the beneficiaries of the Diaz regime in Mexico naturally look upon any proposition likely to eliminate Huerta with concern. The present dictator in Mexico City has been relied upon to maintain the order established by Diaz, feebly attacked by Madero and buttressed by Huerta during his brief day of power. It follows very naturally, therefore, that the representatives of the interests that have plundered Mexico should endeavor to bring diplomatic pressure to bear in an effort to hold in the council room possessions more or less endangered by the pending Mexican revolution.

Europe has from the first refused to place the blame for Madero's murder upon the shoulders of Huerta. All that Europe has asked of the dictator was that he "establish order." When the record of the Pearson syndicate, of the innumerable Mexican land and oil companies is perused no wonder remains that "order" was the one thing the financiers interested most desired. Many of them were interested in holdings fledged only from the people of Mexico. The French, German and British syndicates that have operated in Mexico have not been organized upon a philanthropic basis by any means. If Huerta falls and the revolution succeeds there may be a day of rather rude accounting. Quite likely, even though the revolution does succeed, European investors will be awarded, by an international court if necessary, damages for losses actually sustained. The syndicates, however, do not want their money back. They have played for big stakes and many of them have played corruptly. Back of Huerta in Mexico stands The System, and it is because President Wilson's stand has endangered The System that his Mexican "army" has failed to arouse enthusiasm in Europe. There would be loud acclamations from the syndicates if the American government would crush the revolution for them.

Use of Military in Strike Troubles.

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger. The noisy protest by labor agitators against the employment of soldiers to quell strike disorders is without logic; the same protest would be made whatever form of force were used to prevent breaches of the peace or to protect property in times of violence. Labor seeks a privileged position. In its appeal for a free hand in its warfare with capital it wants the same powers of tyranny which emperors are accused of exercising. While violence is the natural weapon of the weak, two wrongs never made a right, and the path toward equity and industrial peace is made more difficult whenever the bayonet and the bludgeon are used to clear it.

The real secret of the success of the Federal troops in dealing with such emergencies as have arisen in Colorado is their neutral attitude. The militia is too near the scene of the controversy to be disinterested, and serves rather to intensify bitterness and prolong disorder. The remoteness of regulars from the dispute makes them invariably impartial and order is enforced whether it applies to lawbreaking employers or employed. Pennsylvania's experience with the State constabulary proves the superiority of a central authority and removed troops from local sympathies and prejudices. The degree of enmity displayed toward the State police by some of the labor leaders is a measure of their efficiency, and merely proves how superior they have proved as the defenders of law and order to either local police or militiamen lacking discipline and training.

Tolls Repealer Nearer Passage.

From the Harrisburg Star-Independent. With the Mexican excitement absorbing so much national attention the fight to repeal the exemption clause of the Panama Canal act almost has been lost sight of, but it is gratifying to the friends of the Administration to learn from Washington that the repealer bill is to come out of the Senate committee on Inter-oceanic Canals in a form that is satisfactory to the President. The fact that the bill is to be reported "without recommendation" does not mean that it is not a victory for the Administration. There was known to be strong opposition to the repealer within the committee, which showed itself when efforts were made to amend the bill in a way that would have been objectionable to the Democratic leaders in the Senate, but all of these objectionable amendments were defeated.

The only amendment that was tacked onto the bill by the committee is the following one, which does not materially weaken the measure, and which was conceded to win the votes of several committeemen who were wavering: "That neither the passage of this Act nor anything therein contained shall be construed as held as waiving, impairing or affecting any treaty or other right possessed by the United States. This amendment does not cripple the bill, and the measure's early passage by the Senate is looked for after Senator O'Gorman presents it for the committee.

A Family Army.

From the Christian Herald. When one thinks of war one has in mind big, stalwart men. But in this Mexican revolution women and children fight, too. Little boys 14 and 15 years old—shoulder a gun and march with the veterans. They suffer more, however, but they are brave little fellows, and rarely complain. I saw little chaps with their faces badly shot up—marked for life. Women and children follow the men into the worst of battles. For these Mexican armies have practically no commissary departments, and the wives usually travel with their husbands to provide them with food, for which they forage between battles. Can't you imagine the kind of a situation which this must develop?

SPAWLS FROM THE KEYSTONE.

—Two Johnstown children sampled headache powders thrown into their homes the other day and came down to the gates of death thereby. Fortunately they were saved by heroic exertions.

—Mrs. Maria O. Lingle, who has been a resident of Lock Haven for the last sixty years, celebrated the 91st anniversary of her birth last Tuesday. The lady enjoys good health and is able to sew or read without glasses.

—Miss Bertha Kyles, of Shawsville, Clearfield county, has entered a trespass suit in the Blair county court against E. B. Gulich, a prominent business man of Altoona, to recover \$10,000 damages for breach of promise to marry. The defendant recently married another girl.

—William Hughes and H. C. Estep live near Nant-y-Glo, Cambria county. The latter accused the former of the theft of coal and had him arrested on a criminal charge. The jury acquitted the accused who now turns around and sues Estep for slander, estimating his damages at \$5,000.

—A roll of currency said to contain \$1,800 was fished out of the ruins of the Homer Bierly building, at Flemington, by boys who were digging through the debris. It is believed the former owner secreted the money somewhere in the walls of the building, which was destroyed recently by a fire.

—In federal court at Harrisburg, on Tuesday, Harry West, accused of having forty-eight aliases, was sentenced to five years in prison by Federal Judge Witmer, after pleading guilty to forging the names of the treasurer of the United States and paymasters of the navy to warrants. He also impersonated a marine while passing the warrant.

—Three men were injured, fifteen others had narrow escapes and 6,000 drums of paroline were destroyed on Sunday in a fire at the Eclipse oil works of the Atlantic Refining company, Franklin. The damage is \$50,000. The paroline burned for five hours. For a time fear was felt that the flames would extend to tanks containing many thousand barrels of oil.

—With his feet submerged in the water of the Conemaugh river, John W. Breslin, aged 95 years, of 2422 Maple avenue, Altoona, was found lying dead one mile east of Summerhill, on the Pittsburgh division of the Pennsy., on Sunday. According to an investigation conducted by Coroner C. A. Fitzgerald, of Cambria county, Breslin died from exposure.

—Burglars early Sunday morning entered the fruit store owned by Louis Anos at Port Alleghe, McKean county, and robbed the safe of \$800 in cash. The robbery was not discovered until Monday morning when Anos opened his store. The safe was opened by the combination, and Louis Papis of Olean, who sold the safe to Anos, is being sought by the police.

—Five persons were injured, one probably fatally, and thirteen others are under arrest as a result of a riot between Roman Catholics and Greek Catholics of Butler township, Butler county. There has been bitter feeling between the religious bodies for several weeks. The Butler troop of the Pennsylvania state constabulary was rushed to the scene and quickly quelled the disturbance. Further trouble is feared and the state troopers will remain in the district for the present.

—It is reliably reported from Mapleton that there are twelve to fourteen cases of genuine influenza in that town. They have been found mostly in one of the outlying portions of the town. Dr. H. C. Frontz, county medical inspector, has been in conference with Drs. Simpson and Spangler of that place. Some of the cases are almost well, and some are at the worst at the present time. Absolute quarantine has been placed over the cases, and strict precautions are being taken to stamp the disease out.

—William R. Baum, the railway mail clerk, who stole \$20,000 from the United States mail on July 4, 1912, sentenced to Harrisburg on Monday to three years in prison and \$100 fine after a confession in United States court. He said that he had taken the key to the pouch containing the money from the pocket of the man who had spent most of the cash in playing stocks and lifting mortgages from properties which he owned. He made restitution to the amount of \$12,000, having sold his home and farm to raise the money.

—Miss Margaret Discavage, 18 years old, of Lost Creek, Schuylkill county, committed suicide Saturday. The young woman was in love with Joseph Mill, 21 years old, of the same village, and had an appointment with him. She was about to leave the house when her family remonstrated and refused to permit her to leave. It is said she dashed upstairs in a fit of temper, took a revolver from the pocket of her brother's clothing and fired a bullet through her heart. The family is prostrated and it is feared Joseph may kill his mother, who is in a critical condition over the affliction.

—The worst fire in the history of St. Marys Friday night completely destroyed the big kindling wood mill of the Standard Wood company, entailing a loss of \$125,000. The origin of the fire is not known, but is believed to have started from overheated steam pipes in the dry kiln. The flames spread to the storehouse, where over 2,000,000 bundles of kindling wood were stored. These were soon a mass of flames. Fearing that the flames would spread to the large mill owned by the Kaul & Hall Co., nearby, several buildings were dynamited. The plant will not be rebuilt, owing to a limited supply of timber in the locality.

—The Pennsylvania and Southwestern Railway company has taken over the Pittsburgh, Biga-hamton and Eastern Railroad company, at one time heading towards Phillipsburg, including a million dollars' worth of property in Bradford and Lycoming counties. The work of building this road was started several years ago, and after more than twenty miles of road had been graded and many bridges erected, work was suspended. The merger and taking over of the property by the Pennsylvania and Southwestern company is believed to mean that the road will be completed.

—Three thousand dollars in real money and \$3000 in counterfeit coin were found on Tuesday while tearing down houses in Mulberry street, Harrisburg. The \$3000 in real money had been hidden in the house of Frank Monath, Court and Mulberry streets, by Monath's mother. Monath, in moving, discovered gold coins hidden in upholstery. A thorough search revealed coin in furniture, under carpets, in secret recesses, in stairways and other peculiar hiding places. A pot of counterfeit coins, half dollars and quarters, was found by workmen tearing down the house at 222 Mulberry street. It is believed by the police that this was the hiding place used by Pietro Stella, alias Frank Kelly, who is now serving two years in the Eastern Penitentiary for having passed counterfeit coins.

—For their "kindness and self-sacrifice," Mr. and Mrs. George Smith, of Sunbury, were bequeathed nearly \$8,000 by the will of John Fell, 80, for years a beggar at Northumberland. The will was probated on Monday shortly before the relatives of Fell arrived at Northumberland to contest the document. Fell, who was believed to be almost penniless, went to the home of the Smiths several days previous and asked for shelter. He said he was friendless, that he felt ill and believed he was going to die. Although the Smiths had only one bed, they gave it to the old man, and themselves slept on the floor. The next day Mrs. Smith said Fell gave her a check for \$507 on a Northumberland bank and \$55 in cash. Before he died Sunday night he made a will leaving his entire estate, said to consist of \$7,000 in a Wilkes-Barre bank and stocks valued at \$800 to the Smiths.