

FROM INDIA.

By One on Medical Duty in that Far Eastern Country. A Morning Stroll in Which Was Seen Much of Interest. How They Build in That Country. Gardens and Temples and Beauties on all Sides. Mixed with Desert Spots and Jungles.

JHANSI, SEPTEMBER 30th.

Dear Home Folk: I am alone this morning and after going through the hospital went off for a cross-country walk. I surely wish I could either have taken me all with me or had had a good camera so that I could have taken some of the native pictures I saw.

I can't realize how fast you are all rushing for here the weather is a cross between fall and spring. Occasionally, like today, it has reverted to pure summer and although it was but little after eight o'clock when I left the grounds it was rather hot.

The rains have been over for weeks, the grass is all gone and the yellow clay soil makes cross-country walking fairly easy, as the sun has baked it so hard it is like a floor. I crossed a native cricket ground, as smooth and level as a billiard table. I then decided to go over a hill to my left that I had seen many natives crossing, and upon which stands a large, good looking brick building—the Mac-

Donald High school. My way took me through high hedges of cactus (the old grand-father kind with long gray whiskers and big brown flowers.) Then I chanced upon some native houses, where all the women were cleaning up—re-smearing the stucco upon that part where the elements had worn it off and putting on a new lot of the green manure over doorsteps and lower portions of the house. In one part I saw them building a new house; some of the natives at one side were mixing earth dug from the hill, with water, and then it was carried in baskets to two others, each of whom had a square frame for molding and into this it was packed with their hands until it was hard and firm, then the mold was lifted and the brick left to the tender mercies of the sun. The house stood a few feet away, half completed, awaiting these finishing blocks. Thinking of our western idea of speed and seeing the size of the house, which was probably about 12x14 and not over ten or fifteen feet in height, and the workers six in number, I smiled at the amount of time spent so recklessly.

On I went and seeing what looked like a cross-cut, climbed over a stone wall and lo! I came upon some temples—old, black, dirty, and built, who knows when? They looked interesting and I went toward them but my curiosity waned at the sight of the dirt. Some women drawing water appealed to me and I went to see a great well with stone steps leading down in a circle along the sides clear to the water's edge. It was the first of the kind that I have seen; the women in their bright "sauris," the temples, the well and, to add spice, a vulture sat near, hoping that we would fall in and make a nice meal for him, would have made a picture well worth keeping.

I went on into what looked like a bog; the high marsh grass, a kind of water lily and some long-legged cranes proved the fact, if I had not sunk inches deep in the mud. The hedge of cacti and the dense tangle of underbrush was so beautiful that I scarcely thought that here also might lurk snakes and all sorts of nasty things. I am afraid I wanted to sit down and stay but there was always a beyond, so I selected a place in the prickly hedge that looked less objectionable and crawling up upon some stones stepped over, but horrors, what a dig those cacti gave me.

My next adventure was along a native path with wheat fields on either side. I walked the irrigation elevation and there were many native women going this same way; as I had met but few before I asked the reason. Some old lady, in a brilliant red "sauri," told me that they were all going to a well near by where the "waters were very sweet" and as I came to it I found it was popular. The coping was quite full of women in all conditions of dress; some were bathing, and the ones that had clothes on made a brilliant note of color against the brown plowed earth and the green palm trees. It was here that I, looking about, saw in the distance the blue of waters and many temples, and I knew I had almost reached some beautiful native gardens about six miles from the hospital. You may be sure I hurried on for it is truly a beautiful place. I saw some natives dressed in "doltis" and "pugras," sitting in flat-bottomed boats pushing through the mud, gathering up big, flat looking plants, picking from the roots a curious looking nut. A little further away others were shooting wild ducks, while along the edges of this big dam, or "tank," as it is called here, there were plenty of washer-women banging their clothes across the smooth stones, and of course there were a few sitting idly near, watching all the actors in this Sunday morning pastoral scene. The sky was as blue as any scene artist could imagine, the water looked as though blued and was very deep; framing the edges were the low, white, curiously built temples, except upon the side where I stood and here the brown earth with the massive granite boulders made one know that

all had not been formed by the hands of man. Over the heads of all of us waved the big brush of palms that grow in great numbers along this run-way, for this small valley down which I had unknowingly been walking, had been dammed by a high stone roadway and the temples set on top and below this dam.

For the first time since I came here I saw the luxuriant tangle of the typical tropical jungle, such as we saw in Panama. What these folks call jungle makes me think of the desert in the west; it is desolate beyond imagination, no self respecting living thing would live there, but in the mass below the Lachmittal dam—a what a charming leafy home all feathered "logue" might find.

I just wanted to spend the day sitting and enjoying it all but my watch told me it had taken me an hour to get so far from home and I knew breakfast would be waiting for me at the end of the next hour so turned my back upon all this delightfulness and started home by the beaten road. The coming back was unpleasant for it was dusty and hot over the sun-baked earth. I stumbled into some native cities; they were picturesque at a distance but repulsive at near view. The snarling, snapping dogs, the inches-deep dust and the never ending array of shrieking children jarred upon the quiet beauty that I was drunk with. I am afraid I did not smile my sweetest at their cry "salaam" to me and I know I was very hot and tired when finally I crossed ground. Going into the house I was somewhat mollified to find a good breakfast waiting for me then, having no one to tell it all to I went to bed.

(Continued next week.)

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Constitutional Amendments

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One. A JOINT RESOLUTION. Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:— That section four of article nine, which reads as follows:— "Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars."

Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars. Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1. ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two. A JOINT RESOLUTION. Proposing an amendment to section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, so as to permit special legislation regulating labor.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof. Amendment to Article Three, Section Seven. Section 2. Amend section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:— "Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension, or impairing of liens, townships, wards, boroughs, or school districts."

Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension, or impairing of liens, townships, wards, boroughs, or school districts; changing the names of persons or places; changing the venue in civil or criminal cases; Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys; Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between two or more other States; Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys; Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State; Authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children; Locating or changing county-sites, erecting new counties, or changing county lines; Incorporating cities, towns, or villages, or changing their charters; For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting; Granting divorces; Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits or school districts; Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, or school districts; Changing the law of descent or succession; Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery, or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate; Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables; Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes; Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment; Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding money legally paid into the treasury; Exempting property from taxation; Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing; Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof; Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down a railroad track; Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed; Nor shall any law be passed granting powers and privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for;—as to read as follows:— "Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension or impairing of liens; Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs, or school districts; Changing the names of persons or places; Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases;

Constitutional Amendments

Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys; Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which form boundaries between two or more other States; Vacating roads, town plats, streets or alleys; Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State; Authorizing the adoption, or legitimation of children; Locating or changing county-sites, erecting new counties or changing county lines; Incorporating cities, towns or villages, or changing their charters; For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting; Granting divorces; Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits or school districts; Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, or school districts; Changing the law of descent or succession; Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate; Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables; Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes; Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment; Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding money legally paid into the treasury; Exempting property from taxation; Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing; Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof; Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association, or individual the right to lay down a railroad track; Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed; Nor shall any law be passed granting powers or privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2. ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three. A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION. Proposing an amendment to section three of article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:— Section 2. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows:— "All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as determined by the electors in each of the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough and township judges, the terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day, namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto; Provided, That such elections shall always be held in an odd-numbered year," so as to read:— "Section 3. All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough and township judges, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day, namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto; Provided, That such elections shall be held in an odd-numbered year; Provided, That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time, whose terms of office may end in an odd-numbered year, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the next succeeding even-numbered year."

A true copy of Concurrent Resolution No. 3. ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Four. A JOINT RESOLUTION. Proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to taxation.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:— Section 2. Amend section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:— "All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity," so as to read as follows:— "All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity," so as to read as follows:— "All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity."

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4. ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Five. A JOINT RESOLUTION. Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:— Article IX. Section 15. No obligations which have been heretofore issued, or which may hereafter be issued, by any county or municipality, other than Philadelphia, to provide for the construction or acquisition of turnpikes, or for the maintenance of ground railways or street railways, or the appurtenances thereof, shall be considered as a debt of a municipality, within the meaning of section eight of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania or of this amendment, if the net revenue derived from said property for a period of five years, either before or after the acquisition thereof, or where the same is constructed by the county or municipality, after the completion thereof, shall have been sufficient to pay interest and sinking- and charges on said period upon said obligations, or if the said obligations shall be secured by liens upon the respective properties, and shall impose no municipal liability on any county or municipalities or counties shall issue obligations to provide for the construction of property, as herein provided, said municipalities or counties may also issue obligations to provide for the interest and sinking-fund charges accruing thereon until said property shall have been completed, and, in operation for a period of one year; and said municipalities and counties shall not be required to levy a tax to pay said interest and sinking-fund charges, as required by section ten of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, or of this amendment, if said increase of indebtedness shall have been asserted by three-fifths of the electors voting at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 5. ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

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