

Democratic Watchman

Bellefonte, Pa., October 4, 1912.

Lehigh University President Joins New Association

LECTURE CAMPAIGN BEGINS

Water Conservation Association of Pennsylvania Willing to Give Free Illustrated Lecture on Floods to Any City Desiring One.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 3.—Announcement was made at the general offices of the new Water Conservation Association of Pennsylvania here today of the acquisition of Dr. Henry S. Drinker of South Bethlehem, president of Lehigh university, as a member of the executive committee. Dr. Drinker was chosen by the other members of the executive committee in accordance with the authority given them by the bylaws of the association and he has accepted the appointment.

The executive committee is now made up of A. B. Farquhar of York, president of the Pennsylvania branch of the National Conservation association; Dr. Drinker; John B. Eichenauer and George S. Davison of the Flood Commission of Pittsburgh; C. La Rue Munson of Williamsport and J. E. Aldred of New York. Morris Knowles, a Pittsburgh engineer, who recently addressed the Engineers' Society of Pennsylvania on "The State's Water Resources" at a meeting held here, is president of the association and W. B. Bennett of Harrisburg, a well known engineer, is secretary.

The Water Conservation association is now engaged in an active state-wide educational campaign for the purpose of informing the people of the great asset that is being permitted to go to waste because of inadequate regulation. The purpose of the association is to prevent costly floods and at the same time provide for wise utilization of the streams by benefiting navigation, creating water power and improving the supply of water for domestic and manufacturing purposes. President Knowles is making a series of addresses in the principal cities of the state for the purpose of stirring up interest in the water question. He is urging the formation of committees similar to the Flood Commission of Pittsburgh which was created by the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce in various cities having flood troubles in order that all such committees may combine for an effective fight in the next legislature.

Mr. Knowles has agreed to give a free illustrated lecture in any city desiring him to do so without cost of any kind. It was announced at the offices of the Water Conservation association today that any board of trade, chamber of commerce or similar organization desiring the services of Mr. Knowles should communicate with W. B. Bennett, Telegraph Building, Harrisburg, Pa., at once as the schedule of meetings is being rapidly filled up.

Control of State's Floods.

It was only a small appropriation of \$5,000 that was given by congress in the rivers and harbors bill for the investigation of a plan for a series of impounding reservoirs along the streams in this state.

The Lehigh valley is almost annually devastated to some extent or other by floods. The valleys of the Delaware, Susquehanna and Ohio rivers are not only the scene of disastrous freshets. But plans are now afoot for the increase of the state's revenues by the proper development of rivers and their forces. The valley of the Lehigh may not be included in the early work, but success in the bigger work will lead to work in the smaller territory.

The \$5,000 is to be spent by a board consisting of three army engineers, whose business it will be to investigate the system of impounding reservoirs that is recommended in the report of the Flood Commission of Pittsburgh to prevent disastrous floods and give a money value to the water that causes so much damage and distress during the flood seasons. The engineers of the Flood Commission after an expenditure of a large sum of money and a comprehensive study covering a period of four years assert that the reservoir system is feasible and practicable, but the United States government wishes a report from its own engineers and has delegated the task to the army corps.

If the army engineers do what is expected of them, and that is stamp their approval upon the surveys of the Flood Commission, it means not only the approval of the project so far as the Monongahela and Allegheny drainage basins are concerned, but also that storage reservoirs can be built in all parts of the state to prevent floods, to increase the navigable stage of the rivers and to develop water power. The prevention of floods means the saving of property of individuals and communities. Increasing the navigability of streams means the bettering of business conditions. The development of water power means increased revenues to the state. This shows briefly the importance of the state's water resources.—Allentown Call.

American named Short is so marry a countess. Must have more coin than his name would imply.

—Subscribe for the WATCHMAN.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Autumn Chills

Caused by the wet and changeable weather, are especially dangerous this year, because of the debilitating effects of an uncommonly trying summer. In their grip, the whole system suffers—CATARRH is produced or aggravated, the stomach and liver are deranged, indigestion and constipation occur, there are the chills of malaria, twinges of neuralgia and rheumatism, and liability to blood diseases like the grip, diphtheria, typhoid, scarlet fever, etc. It is important to take a reliable blood medicine to nourish and enrich the blood, cure or prevent autumn diseases and protect the general health. The best is

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA which makes rich, red, warm blood, benefiting the whole system. In usual liquid form or chocolate tablets known as Sarsatabs. 100 doses \$1.

Excursions.

Pennsylvania R.R.

Personally-Conducted Excursions TO Niagara Falls

October 10, 1912.

\$7.10 ROUND-TRIP FROM BELLEFONTE.

Pictureque Susquehanna Valley Route

Tickets good going on Special Train and connecting trains, and good returning on regular trains within FIFTEEN DAYS. Stop-off within limit allowed at Buffalo returning.

Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents.

Tours to Thousand Islands, July 18, August 15 and 22; Maritime Provinces, July 24; Montreal, July 31; Adirondacks, July 31; Muskoka Lakes, August 1; Quebec, August 7; Yellowstone Park, August 10; Great Lakes, September 12. 57-25-144.

Constitutional Amendments

DROPPED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SENATE OF THE COMMONWEALTH IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty million dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section four of article nine, which reads as follows:

"Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiency in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars."

Be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiency in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars. Provided, however, That the General Assembly, irrespective of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty million dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth."

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.

ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, so as to permit special legislation regulating labor.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment to Article Three, Section Seven.

Section 2. Amend section seven, article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension or impairment of liens:

"Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs, or school districts;

"Changing the names of persons or places;

"Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases;

"Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys;

"Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which are not boundaries between this and any other State;

"Locating roads, town plats, streets or public grounds not of the State;

"Authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children;

"Locating or changing county-seats, erecting new counties, or changing county lines;

"Incorporating cities, towns, or villages, or changing their charters;

"For the opening and conducting of elections, or fixing or changing the place of voting;

"Granting divorces;

"Erecting new townships or boroughs, changing township lines, borough limits or school districts;

"Creating offices, or prescribing the powers and duties of officers in counties, cities, boroughs, townships, election or school districts;

"Changing the law of descent or succession;

"Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery, or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate;

"Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables;

"Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes;

"Fixing the rate of interest;

"Affecting the estates of minors or persons under disability, except after due notice to all parties in interest, to be recited in the special enactment;

"Remitting fines, penalties and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the treasury;

"Exempting property from taxation;

"Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing;

"Creating corporations, or amending, renewing or extending the charters thereof;

"Granting to any corporation, association or individual any special or exclusive privilege or immunity, or to any corporation, association, or individual the right to lay down a railroad track;

"Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law; but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed;

"Nor shall any law be passed granting powers and privileges in any case where the granting of such powers and privileges shall have been provided for by general law, nor where the courts have jurisdiction to grant the same or give the relief asked for."—so as to read as follows:

Section 7. The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law authorizing the creation, extension or impairment of liens:

"Regulating the affairs of counties, cities, townships, wards, boroughs, or school districts;

"Changing the names of persons or places;

"Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases;

"Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys;

Constitutional Amendments

Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which are not boundaries between this and any other State;

"Locating roads, town plats, streets or alleys;

"Relating to cemeteries, graveyards, or public grounds not of the State;

"Authorizing the adoption, or legitimation of children;

"Locating or changing county-seats, erecting new counties, or changing county lines;

"Incorporating cities, towns or villages, or changing their charters;

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"Regulating the practice or jurisdiction of, or changing the rules of evidence in, any judicial proceeding or inquiry before courts, aldermen, justices of the peace, sheriffs, commissioners, arbitrators, auditors, masters in chancery, or other tribunals, or providing or changing methods for the collection of debts, or the enforcing of judgments, or prescribing the effect of judicial sales of real estate;

"Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables;

"Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes;

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"Regulating labor, trade, mining or manufacturing;

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"Changing the venue in civil or criminal cases;

"Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering or maintaining roads, highways, streets or alleys;

"Relating to ferries or bridges, or incorporating ferry or bridge companies, except for the erection of bridges crossing streams which are not boundaries between this and any other State;

"Locating roads, town plats, streets or public grounds not of the State;

"Authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children;

"Locating or changing county-seats, erecting new counties, or changing county lines;

"Incorporating cities, towns, or villages, or changing their charters;

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"Granting divorces;

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"Regulating the fees, or extending the powers and duties of aldermen, justices of the peace, magistrates or constables;

"Regulating the management of public schools, the building or repairing of school houses and the raising of money for such purposes;

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5,000 loss of one hand and one foot.

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This is a GENUINE BARGAIN.

And at 28 c. per pound and 30c. per pound we are giving very high value for the price named. On our entire line of Coffee you will always get better value here for the price charged. Give us a fair trial on our coffees and you will find the proof in the goods.

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