

Democrat Watchman

Bellefonte, Pa., October 21, 1910.

Big Democratic Vote In the City

Philadelphia Promises Great Gains for Ticket.

The Democrats of Philadelphia give promise of a splendid vote this year. In the work of registration the city executive committee has been both active and efficient...

This week's mass meetings are being held all over the city under the auspices of the city executive committee, State Chairman Arthur G. Dewalt, of Allentown; Hon. John G. Harman, of Bloomsburg, and other up state orators...

The value of this work will not only be felt in the city, but it will hearten the Democrats all over the state. Last year the Democratic candidate for justice of the supreme court won a majority of more than 40,000...

John O'Donnell, Esq., chairman of the Democratic city executive committee of Philadelphia, was in an exceedingly hopeful frame of mind after an analysis of the list of registered voters the other day. He said:

Chairman O'Donnell's Statement.

The Democrats throughout Philadelphia have been registered and that our party will pull a splendid vote at the November election. This gratifying outlook is the result of the systematic work of the committeemen in response to the appeal of this organization...

We feel sufficiently encouraged to warrant the declaration that if it were not for the presence of the candidates of the third ticket we would be absolutely certain of the election of Senator Grim as governor. The continuation of the third ticket in the field will only serve to divide the independent vote of Pennsylvania...

This a Democratic Year.

Senator Grim's eight years' record in the senate entitles him to the support of all friends of good government, because in every instance he fought intelligently and heroically every bit of legislation fathered by the Penrose machine...

The Democrats of Philadelphia, in common with the party everywhere, have awakened to the fact that this is a Democratic year. The triumph in Maine, the election of Democratic congressmen in the recent special elections and the bright prospects of success in states like New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Ohio have given our local Democrats such encouragement...

The delegates preferred Grim, and the party has warmly ratified that selection. Senator Grim has made sterling progress since he has been on the stump, and his revelations of bad legislation and inefficient administration at Harrisburg have won for him the approval of all good citizens who believe that Pennsylvania's redemption can only be accomplished by the rout of the Penrose machine.

Messages of Hope to Voters.

Now that we have succeeded in registering the Philadelphia Democrats we will bend our energies toward enlightening the people on the issues that confront them, and among other tasks will be the exposure of the hollow and false pretense of the third ticket. Meetings by congressional districts and wards will be held, and even division meetings will be arranged to carry our messages of good cheer and hope to every voter...

Some Issues With the Machine.

[From the Philadelphia Record.] In the admirable campaign which Webster Grim, the Democratic candidate for governor, is making he has defined some state issues which the Penrose machine and its candidates avoid as if they were loaded with dynamite. Senator Grim draws upon an experience in combating abuses in legislative and state government which is possessed by neither of his opponents...

Grim Entitled to Support.

[From the Catawissa News Item.] The advice given Senator Grim, the Democratic candidate for governor, by the state executive committee, not to withdraw in the interests of fusion, was sound, and the candidate showed his loyalty to the party by accepting the advice. The platform of the Democratic party embraces all that the Keystone Party stands for, and the Democratic candidates on that platform are able, honest and upright men, under obligations to no one but the party that nominated them...

More Power to Grim's Arm.

Candidate Grim is making a most favorable impression upon the voters of the state wherever he speaks in the course of his canvass. The groundswell that is lifting Democracy out of the rut of decrepitude and defeat elsewhere in the country is not unmet in Pennsylvania. More and more thinking men are beginning to see that needed reform and retrenchment can only be hoped for at the hands of a united opposition to the party in power. If Grim shall be unable to save himself he may get a stranglehold for Democracy in the legislature and in the congress delegation. More power to his arm!—Philadelphia Record.

In speaking of Aldrich, Cannon, Sherman, Guggenheim, Smoot, et al. Roosevelt assures us that they are "just like ourselves—probably not much better, and certainly no worse." What can the people hope for from a reformer who classifies himself with the above bunch? And if all Republicans are like Aldrich-Cannon-Guggenheim, would it not be well enough to turn the rascals out all along the line?

"Do you know anything, doctor," said Mrs. Franklin. "That will put a little color into my cheeks? I am so dreadfully pale." "Well, madam," replied Dr. Blunt, "perhaps if I tell you that you have a hole in your stocking about the size of a quarter it may have the desired effect."

Just Talking. Stella—I hear that Lizzie is talking of getting married again. Bella—I didn't know that she had been married once yet. Stella—She isn't. I said she was talking of it again.

Warned. "She told me that I might hope." "Better look out! I've known girls to say that when they intended to accept a chap."—Puck.

The Cavity. Cholly—The dentist told me I had a large cavity that needed filling. Ethel—Did he recommend any special course of study?

Diversity of opinion proves that things are only what we think them. Montaigne.

Brain of the Bee.

In a German scientific periodical C. Jonescu gives the results of his studies of the brain of the bee. As might be expected from its wonderful instincts, this is found to be very complex. The various divisions of the brain are described in detail, but perhaps the most interesting part is the comparison of the brains of queens, workers and drones. The worker has a larger brain than the queen, and as the difference between queen and worker is the result of diet during the grub stage it appears that the food which develops size of body and fertility is not best for the growth of brain. The "royal jelly" as a mental stimulus is a failure. In the drone the brain is not larger than in the worker, but the optic lobes are large, corresponding to the large eyes.

Didn't Wait the Attack.

At Boulogne during a royal reception some years ago a number of English ladies in their anxiety to see everything pressed with such force against the soldiers who were keeping the line that the soldiers were forced to give way and generally were, as policemen say, "hindered in the execution of their duty." The officer in command, observing the state of affairs, called out: "One roll of the drum! If they don't stand back kiss them all!" After the first sound of the drum the ladies took to flight. "If they had been French," said a Parisian journal, "they would have remained to a woman."

A Tale of Heroism.

"I went for a bath yesterday," said an Auvergnat. "I had been in the water some time when I suddenly perceived an enormous shark advancing toward me with its jaws open. What was I to do? When he was a yard off I dived, took out my pocketknife and ripped up the monster!" "What? Then you are in the habit of bathing with your clothes on," said one of the listeners.—From the French.

—Subscribe for the WATCHMAN.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

FEARED CONSUMPTION

Entirely Cured. Interesting Case. W. H. Burch, Birmingham, Pa., writes: "I was in a terribly run-down condition, my lungs were weak and sore, and I had a dull, heavy pain between the shoulders. I lost flesh very rapidly, and feared I was going into consumption. After taking four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I was entirely cured. I now weigh 210 pounds and never felt better." In cases where a strengthening, toning, appetite-giving medicine is needed, Hood's Sarsaparilla has effected thousands of cures. Get Hood's Sarsaparilla today, in usual liquid form or tablets called Sarsatabs. 55-41

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Hair Dresser.

FOR THE LADIES.—Miss Jennie Morgan in her rooms on Spring Street, is ready to meet any and all patients wishing treatment by electricity, treatments of the scalp, facial massage of neck and shoulder, etc. She has also for sale a large collection of real and imitation shell and jet combs and ornaments, small jewelry, belt and belt buckles, hair goods, and is able to supply you with all kinds of toilet articles. Salons. Extracts, and all of Hudnut's preparations. 50-16.

Travelers Guide.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table effective June 17, 1909.

Table with columns for READ DOWN, STATIONS, and READ UP. Lists stations like Bellefonte, Neshannock, Hecla Park, etc., with corresponding times.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Schedule to take effect Monday, Jan. 6, 1910.

Table with columns for WESTWARD Read down, STATIONS, and EASTWARD Read up. Lists stations like Westport, Reading, etc., with corresponding times.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Clothing. Clothing.

THE MAN

Who is particular about the clothes he wears is not half as particular as we are about the

Clothes we Sell

that's why you never take a chance at Faubles. We buy Only Good Clothes. We sell nothing but what we guarantee, and we feel safe in saying

The Best Clothes made in America are represented here. We know our assortment is many times larger than other Bellefonte stores; we are sure our prices are as low as Honest Merchandising will permit; we would like to show you the many advantages this store offers men who care to

Dress Well

One look at our this season's showing will make you a Fauble Customer and your clothes troubles will be over

Let Us See You

Always wear money back if you want it.

Fauble's

Constitutional Amendments

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY THE CLERK OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

NUMBER ONE. A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the following amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof: That section 26 of Article V., which reads as follows: "Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; and the General Assembly is hereby prohibited from creating other courts to exercise the powers vested by this Constitution in the judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:— Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; but notwithstanding any provisions of this Constitution, the General Assembly shall have full power to establish new courts, from time to time, as the same may be needed in any city or county, and to prescribe the powers and jurisdiction thereof, and to increase the number of judges in any courts now existing or hereafter created, or to reorganize the same, or to vest in other courts the jurisdiction theretofore exercised by courts not of record, and to abolish the same wherever it may be deemed necessary for the orderly and efficient administration of justice.

A true copy of Resolution No. 1. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

NUMBER TWO. RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to eliminate the requirement of payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote. Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof: That section one of article eight be amended, by striking out the fourth numbered paragraph thereof, so that the said section shall read as follows:— Section 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact. First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month. Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election. Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election. A true copy of Resolution No. 2. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

NUMBER THREE. A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Allegheny County. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof: That section six of article five be amended, by striking out the said section, and inserting in place thereof the following:— Section 6. In the county of Philadelphia all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the district courts and courts of common pleas, subject to such changes as may be made by the Constitution or by law, shall be in Philadelphia vested in five distinct and separate courts of equal and co-ordinate jurisdiction, composed of three judges each. The said courts in Philadelphia shall be designated respectively as the courts of common pleas number one, number two, number three, number four, and number five, but the number of said courts may be by law increased, from time to time, and shall be in like manner designated by successive numbers. The number of judges in any of said courts, or in any county where the establishment of an additional court may be authorized by law, may be increased, from time to time, and whenever such increase shall amount in the whole to three, such three judges shall compose a distinct and separate court as aforesaid, which shall be numbered as aforesaid. In Philadelphia all suits shall be instituted in the said courts of common pleas without designating the number of the said court, and the several courts shall distribute and apportion the business among them in such manner as shall be provided by rules of court, and each court, to which any suit shall be thus assigned, shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, subject to change of venue, as shall be provided by law. In the county of Allegheny all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in the several numbered courts of common pleas shall be vested in one court of common pleas composed of all the judges in commission in said courts. Such jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in equity which shall have been instituted in the several numbered courts, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of said court shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in said court may be by law increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January succeeding its adoption. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

NUMBER FOUR. A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania. Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:— AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE NINE, SECTION EIGHT. Section 2. Amend section eight, article nine, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:— "Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation," so as to read as follows:— "Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never exceed seven per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such assessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per centum, in the aggregate, at any one time, upon such valuation, except that any debt or debts hereinafter incurred by the city and county of Philadelphia for the construction and development of subways for transit purposes, or for the construction of wharves and docks, or the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of a system of wharves and docks, as public improvements, owned to be owned by said city and county of Philadelphia, and which shall be added to the city and county of Philadelphia current net revenue in excess of the interest on said debt or debts and of the annual installments necessary for the cancellation of said debt or debts, may be excluded in ascertaining the power of the city and county of Philadelphia to become otherwise indebted." Provided, That a sinking fund for their cancellation shall be established and maintained. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4. ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

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