

Bryan's Running Mate Severely Scores Opposition For Establishing Monopoly In Placing Law-Making Power In The Hands of the Speaker of Congress — Discussed Tariff at Length—Bryan Speaks On Trusts and Flays Republicans For Not Enforcing the Law.

Indianapolis, Aug. 25.—In the presence of William J. Bryan, the acknowledged head of the Democratic party in this nation, the leaders and many of the notables of that party, and a large and enthusiastic audience, John W. Kern, of Indianapolis, accepted the nomination for the vice presidency by the Democratic party. The address formally notifying Mr. Kern of his selection as the running mate of Mr. Bryan was made by Theodore A. Bell, of California, who was temporary chairman of the Denver convention, and who spoke for the notification committee. Mr. Bell was given the closest attention of his great audience, his clear-cut, actor-like face and vivid style of oratory creating a distinct impression upon his hearers.

When Mr. Kern arose to acknowledge the high honor accorded him by his party, he was given an ovation only slightly less demonstrative than that which later was given Mr. Bryan when the latter arose to conclude the day's program with his long-awaited address on "Trusts."

Mr. Kern's Address.

After felicitously acknowledging the honor that had been conferred upon him by the Denver convention and expressing his pleasure and satisfaction in being associated with Mr. Bryan on the ticket, Mr. Kern arraigned the Republican party for what he alleged was the establishment of a "parliamentary condition in the interest of monopoly, under which the sole power to determine whether a measure should be allowed to become a law or not was lodged in the speaker of the house of representatives, citing a number of cases in support of his contention. The principal part of his address was devoted to the tariff, as follows:

"The question of tariff taxation is one of vital interest. I am in hearty accord with our platform declarations on that subject.

"The Republican candidate for vice president in his recent speech of acceptance lauded the Dingley bill and declared that when enacted it was well adapted to existing conditions, but proceeded to add 'that the developments of industrial prosperity in a decade which, in volume and degree have surpassed our most rosy expectations, have so altered conditions that in certain details of schedules they no longer in every particular mete out justice to all.' For these reasons he declared in favor of a readjustment, based on the broad principles of protection for all American interests alike for labor and capital, for producers and consumers. The hundreds of thousands of American workmen who are now vainly seeking employment were doubtless delighted when they read about that 'industrial prosperity' which so surpassed our most rosy expectations. In thousands of American homes families will gather about dinner tables which for many months have not been encumbered with a beefsteak, and indulge in 'rosy expectations' of their own.

"If the wages of labor depend upon a high tariff, why should any man favor a reduction of that tariff? If, after eleven years of surpassing prosperity, brought about by the Dingley bill, business languishes, and labor suffers, why not excite some more 'rosy expectations' by raising the tariff rates, to the end that there may be a much-needed revival of business, and that labor may again find employment?"

"The voters of America are not likely to be deceived as to the tariff question by the stock arguments of the opposition.

"The average voter understands that the tariff is a tax to be paid by the consumer of the article taxed. He knows that taxes in excess of the needs of government are unjust and oppressive, and that extravagance in government administration indulged in for the mere purpose of creating a necessity for additional taxation is profligacy.

"He is also coming to know that the taxing power of the government in such ways that a few beneficiaries may enrich themselves by levying tribute upon the masses, is legalized robbery.

"Every legitimate business interest in the country is demanding tariff reform.

"The workingman understands that a restricted market means fewer furnaces and enforced idleness. He knows that American workmen, with their competition with workmen anywhere have nothing to fear when the products of their labor are set down side by side in the markets of the world. The American workingman has had bitter experiences under the operation of the Dingley bill. Under the shelter of this tariff wall trusts and combines have sprung up on every hand, and with extortionate prices confront the consumer on every occasion when he seeks to buy the necessities of life.

"The farmer understands that while he has to buy everything in a protected market, where, on nearly every purchase, he is compelled to pay tribute to the trusts and tariff beneficiaries, he is compelled to sell his surplus products in a free-trade market, where he comes in competition with all the rest of the world."

Advice.

"What's the best way to save money?" asked the thrifty youth.

"Quit reading the racing news and the market quotations."—Washington Star.

BRYAN ON TRUSTS

Says Republicans Show Indifference to Real Reform.

Mr. Bryan's prepared address on "Trusts" concluded the day's program. The great audience literally rose to him with a swelling tide of cheers that was long in subsiding. It was a fine personal triumph for the thrice-named nominee of his party. Mr. Bryan said: "Nowhere does the Republican party show more indifference to real reform than in its treatment of the trust question.

"The Sherman anti-trust law was passed eighteen years ago. It has a criminal clause which provides a penitentiary punishment for those who conspire together in restraint of trade. Ever since the enactment of the law with the exception of four years, the Republican party has controlled the executive department of the government, and during two years of the four it controlled the house of representatives.

"Most of the trusts have never been disturbed, and those that have been prosecuted have not had their business seriously interrupted. The president has done something toward the enforcement of the law, but not nearly enough, and the Republican leaders have thwarted him at every point.

"Now let me contrast the Democratic platform with the Republican platform. Nowhere is the difference in the temper of the parties more noticeable; nowhere is the difference in the method of dealing with questions more manifest. Our platform says:

"A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. We, therefore, favor the vigorous enforcement of the criminal law against guilty magnates, and officials and demand the enactment of such additional legislation as may be necessary to make it impossible for a private monopoly to exist in the United States."

"Here is a plain, candid statement of the party's position. There is no quibbling, no evasion, no ambiguity. A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable. It is bad—in principle and in practice. No apology can be offered for it, and no people should endure it. Our party's position is entirely in harmony with the position of Jefferson.

"I have in discussing the tariff question presented one of our remedies—namely, the removal of the tariff from imports which compete with trust-made goods. This we believe would greatly lessen the extortion practiced by the trusts and bring about the dissolution of many monopolistic combines. But we are not satisfied merely with the lessening of extortion or with the dissolution of some of the trusts.

"The Democratic party does not content itself with a definition of the wrong or with a denunciation of it. It proceeds to outline remedies. The first is a law preventing a duplication of directors among competing corporations. No one can object to this remedy unless he is in sympathy with the trusts rather than with the people who are victimized by the trusts.

"The second remedy as stated in the platform is:

"A license system which will without abridging the right of each state to create corporations or its right to regulate as it will foreign corporations doing business within its limits make it necessary for a manufacturing or trading corporation engaged in interstate commerce to take out a federal license before it shall be permitted to control as much as 25 per cent of the product in which it deals the license to protect the public from watered stock, and to prohibit the control by such corporation of more than 50 per cent of the total amount of any product consumed in the United States."

"The Democratic party is the defender of competition and the only great party which is seeking to restore competition. The word 'socialistic' is hurled at the Democratic party and the Democratic platform. Now, as a matter of fact, it is not the Democratic party which has given encouragement to socialism. While professing to abhor socialism the Republican party has gone half way toward socialism in indorsing its fundamental principle. The Socialist bases his contention on the theory that competition is bad, and that an economic advance is to be found in monopoly. The Socialist, however, wants the public to have the benefit of the monopoly ownership and operation of all the means of production and distribution. The Republican party has gone almost as far as the Socialist party in the economic defense of the monopoly, but it permits the benefits of monopoly to be enjoyed by a comparatively few men who have secured a dominant influence in the government."

Take Mount Rose's Temperature.

Professor Alexandre G. M. Cadie, director of the weather bureau of the Pacific coast, is at Reno, Nev., to aid Professor Church, of the University of Nevada, in setting up the Ferguson meteorograph, a marvelous invention that registers automatically for forty days at a time the temperature, atmospheric pressure, humidity and other data of importance in determining weather conditions. It will be installed on Mount Rose, which is 10,800 feet high. It is one of the four or five such instruments in existence in the world. Such an instrument is on Mount Blanc, one in Rome and one in South America.

Fails to Wed, Girl Is Sued.

Miss Mary E. Barry, twenty-two years old, daughter of a widow of Hartford, Conn., finds her savings bank account attached in a suit for \$3000 brought against her by Timothy J. Curtin, of Springfield. Curtin says Miss Barry's failure to keep her engagement to wed has caused him this much damage.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

Wednesday, August 19.

The National Shorthand Reporters' association began its tenth annual convention at Milwaukee, Wis.

"Billy" Papke, of Illinois, had the better of a rough six-round bout with "Sailor" Burke, of New York, at the National Athletic club in New York.

Seven hundred Italian track laborers on the Northern Pacific railroad went on strike for higher wages. Nearly the entire Pacific division is affected.

The home of Wofford Tweed, on Laurel Mountain, near Greensboro, N. C., was destroyed by fire, and his wife, their three children and Mrs. Murray Tweed were burned to death and their bodies cremated in the flames.

Thursday, August 20.

Hector France, the French novelist and publicist, died in Paris.

The Pennsylvania grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, met in annual convention at Conneautville.

Two mines of the Berwind-White Coal company, at Windber, near Pittsburgh, were closed down for lack of water.

The machinists on the Gould railroad have voted to call a general strike, but efforts will be made to settle the dispute.

The ten-year-old daughter of John Stoltz, living at Armour, S. D., committed suicide, using a double-barreled shotgun to commit the deed.

Friday, August 21.

The Christian Missionary Alliance of Southern New York and Northern Pennsylvania held a conference at Binghamton, N. Y.

Captain Charles K. Jackson, seventy-one years old, a Great Lakes sailor for more than half a century, died at his home in Algonac, Mich.

A license was issued at Ellicott City, Md., for the marriage of Rev. George S. Fitzhugh, aged sixty-seven years, to Lulu V. Frazier, a girl ten years old.

Archbishop Falconio, apostolic delegate at Washington, has accepted an invitation to dedicate the newly established Franciscan seminary at Catskill, N. Y., on Sept. 17.

Saturday, August 22.

Seventy-six miners lost their lives by an explosion in the Maypoole mine at Wigan, England.

Leslie A. Fields was fined \$300 for offering for sale obscene postal cards on the Boardwalk at Atlantic City, N. J.

John V. Farwell, Chicago's pioneer merchant and capitalist, is dead. He had been head of the firm of J. V. Farwell & Co. since 1862.

Joseph Nushura, aged twenty-one, fell sixty feet down the Lackawanna shaft in Ollyphant, Pa., and every bone in his body was broken. He toppled from the carriage while ascending.

Encampment and Exhibition.

The 35th Annual Encampment and Exhibition of the Patrons of Husbandry, will be held at Grange Park, Centre Hall, September 12th to 18th, inclusive. Twenty-eight acres are devoted to camping and exhibition purposes, affording manufacturers and dealers in agricultural implements and live stock the best possible opportunity for establishing agencies, advertising and selling their wares, as here they come in direct contact with the farmers who use agricultural implements and machinery.

Terms for privileges are made satisfactory to exhibitors. Those shipping exhibits from the North and East, should ship by way of Montandon, over the Pennsylvania R. R. system, those from the West should ship by way of Tyrone and Bellefonte over the same system. Rates of freight will be one fare, returned free if unused, by securing a certificate from the Association that the articles were on exhibition. Ample

The Grangers' Encampment.

35th ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT AND EXHIBITION OF THE Patrons of Husbandry of Central Penna.

GRANGE PARK, CENTRE HALL, PA. SEPT. 12th to 18th INCLUSIVE.

Encampment Opens September 12. Exhibition Opens Monday, September 14.

The largest and best fair in Central Pennsylvania, by farmers and for farmers. Twenty-eight acres devoted to camping and exhibition purposes. Ample tent accommodations for all desiring to camp.

A large display of farm stock and poultry, farm implements, fruits, cereals and every production of farm and garden.

The Pennsylvania State College will make a large display of the work of the College and State Experiment Station.

ADMISSION FREE.

Geo. Dale, Geo. Gingrich, G. L. Goodhart, Com. 53-33-41

LEONARD RHONE, Chairman.

P. R. R. Eleven-Day Excursion.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD ELEVEN-DAY EXCURSION

TO OCEAN GROVE CAMP MEETING

ASBURY PARK OR LONG BRANCH

FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1908.

Round Trip \$5.75 from Bellefonte.

Tickets good going only on train leaving 6.35 a. m. Good returning on all regular trains.

COVERS CLOSING SUNDAY AND MONDAY

AND LABOR DAY AT THE SEASHORE.

Consult nearest Ticket Agents.

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager. 53-33-21

stabling for live stock and a special building for poultry with numerous exhibition buildings for other purposes.

The State College annually makes a large exhibit, which is entertaining and instructive.

Special amusements are provided for every day and evening.

The committee will erect one hundred and fifty tents which will be for rent to camping parties and private families. The size of the tents is 12x12 feet with 4 foot walls. Rental, \$3.00 for term of the picnic. Every tent will be floored and equipped with suitable furniture, such as cots, tables, lawn seats, etc. Parties must provide their own bed ticks, blankets, lamps, etc. Straw for ticks can be procured on the ground.

Several hundred farmers' families camp every year. There are numerous exhibitors of implements, live stock, etc., the attendees aggregating thousands daily.

Boarding can be had by regular boarders at twenty-five cents a meal—dinner thirty-five cents—or parties preferring can board themselves. Numerous stoves will be provided for the free use of camping parties. Where parties desire to camp in groups, if possible, an effort will be made to accommodate them.

The committee earnestly invite and urge everybody to bring at least a few meritorious articles for exhibition to assist in making the exhibition valuable. Grains and seeds should be placed in quart or pint glass jars. Fruit should be packed so as not to bruise in transit.

There are no competitive premiums or prizes, but a premium is given for every meritorious article. A premium of five cents in cash will be paid for every meritorious article placed on exhibition in the Agricultural and Horticultural Department. This will assure a premium to every exhibitor. The premium will be paid on the day the article is placed on exhibition. The large and commodious exhibition building for the accommodation of exhibits of Agricultural and Horticultural products, will make this department far superior to any similar exhibition in the state.

A special department of antiques and relics has been established and will be greatly enlarged this year. A premium of five cents will be paid for every article placed on exhibition in this department, and it is desired that every one should interest themselves to help bring out the antiques looked in wardrobes and attics so that people may see them.

The poultry building has been remodeled so as to make it an attractive feature at the Grange Fair. Poultry may be brought in boxes or coops as provided for the accommodation of exhibitors by the Encampment Committee. A premium of five cents in cash will be paid for every bird placed on exhibition.

Farmers should bring horses, cattle, sheep and swine for exhibition. No charge made for exhibition privileges for agricultural products or farm stock.

EXCURSION RAILROAD RATES.

Railroad excursion rates over all roads in Pennsylvania, from September 11th to 18th, good any day going and good on return until September 21st. Free sale of tickets to the public during the Encampment without card orders. Special trains over the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad during the Encampment.

Notice to Merchants.

All firms in Bellefonte with whom the Bellefonte Academy boarders are apt to deal are hereby given notice that if credit is given those students without the written authority of their parents or guardians, the latter will not be responsible for the bills so contracted.

I have been so advised by many of the parents of students and therefore desire in this way to give a timely warning in order that both the firms and the boys may be properly protected.

JAMES R. HUGHES, Principal.

Old Home Week at Renovo.

For the Old Home Week Celebration at Renovo, Pa., August 31 to September 5, the Pennsylvania Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Renovo, August 31 to September 5, good to return until September 7, inclusive, from Brookville, Kane, Eldred, Troy, South Danville, Shamokin, Herndon, Sellersgrove, Huntingdon, Altoona, Oseola Mills, Bellefonte, Lewisburg and stations intermediate to Renovo, at reduced rates (minimum rate 25c). Consult ticket agent. 53-33-21

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Let- ters of administration upon the estate of Jane B. Pearce, late of Potter township, deceased, having been granted the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

CHAS. P. HEWES, Administrator, Erie, Pa. 53-34-61

LIME BURNERS WANTED.—At Renovo (near Albany N. Y.) Must be thoroughly competent, sober and reliable. State fully experience and references. Steady jobs for two good men. Manhattan Lime Co., 3219 Newkirk Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. 53-33-11.

WANTED.—Man of ability, large acquaintance and thorough knowledge of his county as local representative to solicit subscriptions for large morning newspaper. Salary reference. Address with full particulars, H. C. DeVine, Box 1235, Philadelphia, Pa. 53-33-31

Buggies.

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, ETC.

Whether you are a farmer, in the lively business, or living a life of ease, we can sell you the best.

NEW BUGGIES, NEW CARRIAGES, NEW RUNABOUTS, ETC., with or without Rubber Tires.

SECOND-HAND BUGGIES, CARRIAGES AND RUNABOUTS

Almost as good as new, at as reasonable prices as you can get them anywhere.

RUBBER TIRES A SPECIALTY.

AUTOMOBILES painted and repaired.

S. A. McQUISTON & CO. 53-18-1m.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.—A Beagle dog, gone on two years old, collar chain and all. Apply to JAMES MURRAY, Bellefonte, Pa. 53-23-21.

UPHOLSTERING.—Have your Sofas, Chairs, Mattresses or anything in that line to repair. If you have, call H. M. Bidwell on Commercial Phone. He will come to see you about it. 53-4-21

SMALL FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber, on account of the loss of his eyesight, offers for sale his HOME AND FARM situated near Runville station on the Snow Shoe railroad, consisting of three acres of land with good house, barn and out-buildings, all in excellent repair. Plenty of fruit of all kinds, and an excellent supply of never failing water. It is a comfortable house in a good neighborhood, close to church and schools and will be sold cheap. Apply to MICHAEL SENNET, Runville, Pa. 53-29-1f

Sand.

WILLIAM BURNSIDE—

Miner and Shipper of SAND

FOR ALL PURPOSES

SILICA SAND for Concrete work

PLASTER SAND— FOUNDATION SAND— FOUNDRY SAND—

We also blend Sand as to color and quality to secure satisfactory results for special purposes. Make your wants known.

SCOTIA SAND CO., BENOUE P. O., Centre Co., Pa. Commercial Phone 53-28-3m

The Summer Vacation Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS

TO NIAGARA FALLS

September 9, 23, and October 7, 1908

Round Trip Rate \$7.10 FROM BELLEFONTE

Tickets good going on train leaving at 1:25 p. m., connecting with SPECIAL TRAIN of Pullman Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Day Coaches running via the

PICTURESQUE SUSQUEHANNA VALLEY ROUTE

Tickets good returning on regular trains within FIFTEEN DAYS, including date of excursion. Stop-off within limits allowed at Buffalo returning. Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents.

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager. 53-26-01-eow

Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent.

Bellefonte Lumber Company.

It is said by those who know that while nothing is more uncertain than one person's life, yet there is nothing MORE CERTAIN, than the average length of the years of a thousand people.

We might say it is the same with window glass. You can never tell when any one light may be broken, but you can tell almost surely how many will be broken out of a thousand. There are many broken in poor quality lots, and fewer in high grade glass.

And just the same also as with the length of life of a man, or a thousand men, the average can be lengthened by care and skill—when applied to glass—in the selection of material and science in the making.

We handle only the best American Hand Blown Tank Glass.

BELLEFONTE LUMBER CO., 52-2-1Y Bellefonte, Pa.

Wall Paper, Paints, Etc.

PAINT YOUR HOUSE

In attractive colors and it will stand out from its neighbors.

OUR EXPERIENCE

In combining colors harmoniously is at your service, with Pure White Lead and Oil to back us up.

THE NEW WALL PAPERS

We have can be made to give many novel forms of decoration. We'd be glad to suggest original treatment for your house—They need not be expensive. Wall papers, Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Paints, Oil, Glass, &c., at

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