

The Sam Salter Case an Exact Parallel in Every Way.

Like that infamous Ballot Box Stuffer They Remained in Concealment Until Arrangements for Their Acquittal Were Made.

Progress of the Democratic Campaign

The Surrender of Sanderson and Huston a False Pretense to Promote the Success of the Machine Candidate.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 25. That history repeats itself is proverbial. When Samuel Salter was "caught with the goods on him" a few years ago, he "took a header," so to speak. He went to Mexico, the story goes, and remained a fugitive until arrangements for his "vindication" had been completed. At vast expense in money and morals John Weaver was elected District Attorney, defeated a candidate who had proved incorruptible. Then Salter surrendered to the authorities and submitted himself to the ordeal of a trial in the criminal courts. Of course he was acquitted. The evidence of his culpability was overwhelming. He had practically confessed his guilt. But the safety of those "higher up" required his acquittal and the programme was made to suit the exigencies.

When the capital graft investigation assumed the appearance of earnestness, six months ago, Contractor Sanderson and Architect Huston left the jurisdiction of the courts and remained away until arrangements for their acquittal had been perfected. Then, following the example of Salter, they surrendered. Last week they turned up in Harrisburg and gave bail for appearance in the Dauphin county criminal court, which they will probably be indicted during the present session of the court, but that is not certain. The machine District Attorney of that court is already protesting that the calendar is crowded with petty cases which may occupy the whole time of the Grand Jury. Only those concerned know exactly the terms of the agreement.

The Arrest a Colossal Fraud.

One thing is absolutely certain, however. They won't be tried before the election and if the machine candidate for State Treasurer is successful, it is not likely that they will be tried at all. The issuing of the warrants, the surrender and entering of bonds are the various parts of a big bluff. The arrest of Auditor General Snyder and former Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings Shumaker, is merely an incident of the farce. It is the stage setting of the play which gives verisimilitude to the plot. Sanderson and Huston are insignificant factors in the conspiracy. The prosecution of them alone would "be laughed out of court." The inculpation of some of the politicians was necessary to make the comedy effective. You can't fool a considerable number of people with an obvious humbug. The purpose of the thing is to fool the people into the belief that the Republican machine will purify itself if it gets the opportunity—that it will punish its own rascals. That would be a strong tax on popular credulity even if the plans had been better laid. The machine has never punished one of its criminals and never will. Even now the memory of Quay is revered above all other party leaders and he would have died in the penitentiary if he hadn't pleaded the statute of limitations. Every present manager of the organization hopes to see his monument erected in the State capitol to insult the conscience of the commonwealth. There has been no reform and there is no contrition. In fact there is nothing but a false pretense to deceive the people in order that the looting may be resumed.

Pennypacker the Arch-Conspirator.

If the purpose had been to "cleanse the Augean stables," Pennypacker would have been the first man to be summoned to the bar of justice. The charges against all are that they conspired to loot the treasury through collusion and the misinterpretation of the law in disbursing the funds of the State. It was Pennypacker's interpretation of the law that was adopted. It was he who said that the act authorizing the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings to "furnish, alter, repair or improve," conveyed the authority to complete the building notwithstanding the specific inhibition contained in the General Appropriation bills of 1901, 1903 and 1905. But he finds ample shelter in his relationship to Quay and secures immunity from the humiliation of arrest.

There would be no cause of complaint in the arrest of Auditor General Snyder and State Treasurer Mathews if there was even the shadow of a hope that it is a genuine effort to punish malefactors and enforce restitution of the golden treasure. But there is no such purpose. The machine candidate who helped to create the legislation under which the looting was made possible will not aid any movement to punish the criminals if successful. They are all active in supporting his candidacy. They are anxious for his election and he will favor them after the event if it occurs, notwithstanding his promises of improvement now. A leopard can't change his spots and a machine politician never betrays his friends. Quay taught the doctrine of honor among crooks.

Mr. Sheatz's Recreancy Revealed. The legislative work of Mr. Sheatz, already reviewed at some length in

mean officials will not antagonize because they are of the same party. The danger of having the State government "too unanimous" has been abundantly proved. The importance of having a man in the Treasury who is under no obligations to the Machine has been proved so completely that the meanest comprehension, if not hypnotized by partisanship, cannot fail to see it. Voters in the city who went back to the Organization in February have waked up to find themselves under the same old gang. The humbug of reform within the party has been exposed. The chances of electing Mr. Harman are good.

Sheatz and Reburn. From the Bellefonte Dem. Watchman Mayor Reburn, of Philadelphia, announces that "all the martyrs of 1905" are to be restored to office. By the "martyrs of 1905" he means those who were thrown out of office after the political convulsion of that year in that city. An extraordinary bold attempt had been made to steal the gas plant there and bestow it upon some friends of the machine and the public conscience revolted at the atrocity. As a result of the incident some of the machine officials were summarily discharged from office. The meaning of Mr. Reburn's announcement may be easily conjectured in view of that fact.

The election of the eminently respectable machine Mayor in Philadelphia has already restored most of the machine emissaries to office and the Mayor assures the others that their time is coming, law or no law. In other words, notwithstanding the civil service regulations which protect fit men in office and prevent unfit men from getting place, Mayor Reburn will get rid of one and secure the appointment of the other sort. Loyalty to the organization is the standard by which Mayor Reburn measures public service and the organization, according to his notion, is the machine. The policy which Mayor Reburn announces is precisely what is to be expected in the State in the event that Sheatz, the machine candidate, is elected to the office of State Treasurer. He was nominated by the machine to serve the machine. Primarily the machine cares nothing for Sheatz. Any other man of the same characteristics would do as well. But Sheatz is the available man at the time and was chosen because his false pretense of reform would help Penrose and hurt no machine Republican interest. If elected he will help the machine and in either event he will help Penrose.

Doesn't Believe in a Bogie. Correspondent in Phila. Ledger.

The writer does not believe the election of a Democratic Treasurer will imperil the business interests of this country or endanger Republican national success, and a number of voters interviewed, who have always voted the Republican ticket, are in entire accord with this view. Owen Wister is so widely and favorably known as a writer that no one will be surprised that he touched the very heart of the capitol graft scandal in an article which is published in Everybody's Magazine for October. It can hardly be said that he is either a muck raker or a sensation monger. But it is within the limit of conservatism to say that no other writer on the subject has criticized it so severely or denounced it more vehemently. He probably over-estimates the merits of the City Party of Philadelphia and certainly undervalues the part which Mr. Berry took in the exposure and checking of the looting operations. But he is neither too lenient nor too severe when he declares that the "people of Pennsylvania are not self-respecting," and that Philadelphia is "the dirtiest smear on the map of the United States." If the people of Pennsylvania were self respecting they would scourge the political pirates who have been preying on the industry and commerce of the people for years and if Philadelphia were not "the dirtiest smear on the map of the United States," the rotten machine wouldn't have been restored to power and plunder so soon after its overthrow two years ago. Mr. Wister's story of "The Keystone Crime," and of "Pennsylvania's Graft-cranked Capital," ought to be read and pondered by every citizen of the commonwealth.

If the enemies of Senator Penrose had controlled the convention which nominated John O. Sheatz for State Treasurer, Harry Walton wouldn't have been presiding officer and Wesley R. Andrews, Mr. Penrose Secretary would not have been chosen Chairman of the State Committee. It may safely be added that if Penrose hadn't been for Sheatz for State Treasurer, he wouldn't have been nominated. The Senator isn't as wise as Solomon, probably, or as cunning as the late Mr. Quay, but he knows when he controls a convention and just what to do with it when he has it in hand.

The friends of President Roosevelt in Pennsylvania are not promoting his policies or helping his political estate by supporting John O. Sheatz, the machine candidate, for State Treasurer. Mr. Sheatz is the candidate of a gang which would crucify rather than honor Roosevelt and his vote against the Creasy resolution endorsing the President railroad rate bill during the session of 1905 proves that he is in full accord with his political masters on that subject.

Democratic Campaign Progressing

Democratic Campaign Progressing. The Democratic campaign is making gratifying progress and no intelligent observer, familiar with the facts, can doubt that the election of John C. Harman to succeed Mr. Berry in the office of State Treasurer. The State committee has the most flattering reports from all sections of the State and outside of Philadelphia Mr. Sheatz is the most popular candidate for the office of State Treasurer. The State committee has the most flattering reports from all sections of the State and outside of Philadelphia Mr. Sheatz is the most popular candidate for the office of State Treasurer.

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A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Wednesday, September 18.

Friday, October 18, has been fixed as fall Arbor Day in Pennsylvania. The Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., will meet next year at St. Paul, Minn.

Augustin R. Smith has been appointed United States shipping commissioner at Philadelphia. General Luke E. Wright, retiring ambassador to Japan, was the guest of President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, N. Y.

One man was fatally injured and three others seriously hurt by the premature explosion of a charge of dynamite during the blasting of slag at the Carrie furnace of the Carnegie Steel company at Pittsburgh.

Thursday, September 19. Secretary of State Elihu Root will start on his trip to Mexico on September 25.

The Pennsylvania Council of the Order of Independent Americans will meet next year at Ford City.

Martin W. Malone, a post-office inspector, died at his home in Harrisburg of a complication of diseases.

Tobacco harvesting in Connecticut has begun, and the crop is so good in quality that raisers are predicting from 18 to 22 cents a pound for the leaf.

Friday, September 20.

Three young daughters of Samuel Cook were drowned by a cloudburst at Durango, Col.

According to the accounts of the census enumerators, the state of Oklahoma has a population of 1,414,042.

Frederick Z. Rooker, the first American Roman Catholic bishop of Jara, Philippine Islands, died from paralysis of the brain.

While replacing a belt on a wheel at the Riverside (N. J.) Metal works Joseph Krause was caught in the belt and whirled to death.

William Trentworth, a well-known Philadelphia newspaper man, was found dead in a hotel at Atlantic City, N. J., with the gas turned on.

Saturday, September 21.

Mrs. Margaret Kuraski is under arrest at Philadelphia, charged with poisoning her husband.

Major J. Barry Mahol, of Baltimore, was elected president of the League of American Municipalities.

Bucknell University at Lewisburg, Pa., opened with the largest enrollment of new students in its history.

Over 800 workmen were arrested at Lodz, Poland, for the murder of Marcus Silberstein, a wealthy mill owner.

The general store of E. J. Edward & Co. at Drifton, near Hazleton, Pa., was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$25,000.

Monday, September 23.

M. M. Zimmerman, of Lancaster, county, Pa., in drilling a well, struck a vein of coal at a depth of 40 feet.

Forty carloads of potatoes are shipped out of Lancaster county, Pa., every week, and dealers are paying 50 cents a bushel for all they can buy.

There was such strong disapproval of his references to the race question that Senator Tillman finished in a hall at Sacramento, Cal.

While an automobile party en route from Saybrook, Ill., Omaha, stopped at Peoria for repairs, George Youle, of Saybrook, aged 75, disappeared and nothing has been seen of him since.

Canned baked beans, which E. N. Gobrecht, his wife and two children ate for supper at Altoona, Pa., poisoned them, and it was some hours before the doctor was able to get them out of danger.

Tuesday, September 24.

The boiler of a locomotive on the Pennsylvania railroad exploded at Orrville, O., and three trainmen were killed.

James Lyons, 3 years old, secured a bottle of whisky in his home in Philadelphia, and died several hours after drinking it.

William H. Bayley, a close friend of the late President McKinley and a clerk in the United States pension bureau, died in Washington.

Rev. J. Patton Moore, a retired Methodist clergyman and former chaplain of the Pennsylvania house of representatives, died at Harrisburg after a long illness.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS

The Latest Closing Prices in the Principal Markets.

PHILADELPHIA - FLOUR steady; winter extras, new, \$3.30@3.50; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$3.30 @ 4; city mills, fancy, \$5.50@5.75. RYE FLOUR steady, at \$4.50 per barrel. WHEAT firm; No. 2 Pennsylvania red, \$1.01 1/2 @ 1.02. CORN firm; No. 2 yellow, local, 74@74 1/2. OATS quiet; No. 2 white, clipped, 59 1/2c; lower grades, 55 1/2c. HAY firm, at \$18.50 for large bales. PORK firm; family per barrel, \$20.50. BEEF steady; beef hams, per barrel, \$26@27. POULTRY: Live quiet; hens, 15@15 1/2c; old roosters, 11c. Dressed steady; choice fowls, 14c; old roosters, 9 1/2c. BUTTER firm; extra creamery, 28 1/2@29c. EGGS steady; selected, 26@28c; nearby, 25c; southern, 19@20c. POTATOES firm; per basket, 33@35c; North Carolina sweet potatoes, \$1.50@2.50 per barrel.

BALTIMORE - WHEAT firm; No. 2 spot, \$1.02 1/2 @ 1.03; steamer No. 2 spot, 98 1/2 @ 98 3/4c; southern, 97c @ 1.01 1/2. CORN easy; mixed spot, 65 @ 65 1/2c; steamer mixed, 61c. OATS - New oats sluggish; white, No. 2, 57 @ 57 1/2c; No. 3, 54 @ 54 1/2c; No. 4, 50 1/2 @ 51c; mixed, No. 2, 55 @ 55 1/2c; No. 3, 52 @ 52 1/2c; No. 4, 51 @ 51 1/2c. BUTTER easy; creamery separator extras, 27 1/2 @ 28c; held, 21 @ 22c; prints, 28 @ 29c; Maryland and Pennsylvania, 20 @ 21c. EGGS firm; fancy Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia, 23c; West Virginia, 22c; southern, 20 @ 21c.

Live Stock Markets.

PITTSBURG (Union Stock Yards) - CATTLE firm; choice, \$6.35 @ 6.50; prime, \$6 @ 6.30. SHEEP slow; prime wethers, \$5.50 @ 5.55; culls and common, \$2 @ 3; lambs, \$5 @ 7; veal calves, \$8 @ 8.50. HOGS active; prime heavies, \$6.45 @ 6.50; mediums and Yerkers, \$5.90 @ 6.05; pigs, \$6.25 @ 6.40; roughs, \$5 @ 5.75.

SHOES

FOR

The New Season

Came in nicely. The late styles are on exhibition and all are invited to look them over. We offer the best in styles and makes and always save you money.

Yeager & Davis

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lyon & Co.

Lyon & Co.

LYON & CO.

We are showing new Fall Goods all over the store, every department is bright with new goods. Everything that is new and stylish in Dress Goods. A full line of Plaids from 10c. up to the all Wool and Silk mixed at \$1.00 per yard. All Wool novelties in the new checks and stripes all new colors from 50c. to \$1.50. The largest line of Black Dress Stuffs and best assortment of Black Dress Goods in the town. Everything new. Broadcloths, fancy weaves, stripes and figured effects from 50c. to \$1.75. Special line of Grays in voils. The Wool Batist and novelty checks.

LADIES' WINTER COATS.

A large assortment of Ladies' Coats in black and all the new colors in the new loose and half fitting models and full lengths, lined and unlined, from \$7 to \$25.00.

MISSSES COATS.

Misses Coats, everything in the new plain cloths and plaids, all the new colors and models from \$9.90 to \$18.00.

CHILDREN'S COATS.

Children's Coats, new styles, and all the latest colorings. Also white, all colors, in Bear Skins and Astrakhan and lowest prices. Caps to match.

NOTIONS.

Everything new in Trimmings, Notions, Laces and Embroideries, Hosiery, Gloves and Corsets.

CLOTHING.

We have just received a new line of Men's, Boy's and Children's Clothing. Men's Suits from \$5.00 to \$20.00. Boy's Suits from \$3.50 to \$10.00. Children's Suits from \$1.50 to \$5.00. Men's Overcoats from \$1.50 to \$25.00. Boy's Overcoats from \$2.50 to \$7.50. Children's Overcoats from \$1.00 to \$5.00.

SHOES.

A full line of Men's Working Shoes. A full line of Men's Dress Shoes. A full line of Boy's Working Shoes. A full line of Boy's Dress Shoes. A full line of Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

UNDERWEAR.

A complete line of Men's, Women's and Children's Fall and Winter weights in Wool and Cotton Underwear.

Come in and see all our new goods before you buy and you will save money.

Lyon & Co.

Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.