The Witch of Cragenstone ----By ANITA CLAY MUNOZ, Author of "In Love and Truth" Geparight, 1905, by Anita Clay Munoz

"I' faith, a stranger just arrived, as I

am, hath had little chance to hear of the happenings round about," La Fabienne observed carelessly. "But this sober peopled village looketh not like a warring center. Here, good fellow, finish thine ale," he cried as the officer, opening his mouth to speak, was about to ask him a question, "so that I can offer thee some red wine that I have in yonder flagon on the table. So thou'rt not on thy way to join comrades?"

The captain finished his ale as directed, and the empty pewter tankard came down on the bench with a ringing sound.

"My business in the village," he said. lowering his voice and looking toward the door apprehensively, "hath a deal of secrecy about it, as my first and most important instructions were to hold converse with no one but the members of the council."

Sir Godfrey rose and, bringing the jug of wine, commenced to ply the man with liquor, laughing and jesting merrily as he did so.

At last the captain, who was very weary from his long day's march and whose face was red from excess of drinking, cried that he had had enough and must keep his senses, as he and his men were under orders to rise at daybreak.

"Uds daggers!" he continued under his breath, with a drunken laugh. "An the witch escapes any other way than up i' the air astride a broomstick I lose the king's favor."

"Thy business here concerneth a witch?" his companion questioned carelessly.

The captain was hiccoughing slightly, and he reeled and almost fell as the tugged at his boot.

"Beshew me, yes. Such devil's work and devil's luck as hath been mine this day doth keep me cursing. Two long weeks we have been buried in Sterndorf, an' just as we were expecting instructions to go back to London we were ordered here to capture some old beldam who hath been doing serious pranks and stirring up devils in the community."

"An old woman!" La Fabienne looked up eagerly. "Hast thou her name, man?

The captain fumbled among his papers and, drawing forth a sheet of parchment, spelled out with difficulty the name-"Margaret Mayland, accused by Josiah Taunston and Adam

unbuckled his sword. "Nay!" the officer cried hastily. "Thou'rt wrong there, friend! The king bothers not his head with such small kind as dwell hereabout. Why, his majesty's as variable as a woman, going from one side to the other as often as the wind changeth. Just now he's all for the papists, an' if there is a thing he is more against than another it is witchcraft. Uds blood! At the last burning at Sterndorf the woman's brother appealed to him, and the king sent word back that they could all

burn each other up an they so willed for aught he would interfere, and 'twould be a good riddance when 'twas over. He's changeable, but as a rule thou canst count on his not interfering at a witch burning."

"God's pity!" exclaimed La Fabienne under his breath. Then he continued hastily, seeing the man had grown more communicative, "The witch, methinks myself, 'twere well to capture, but the Frenchman of whom thou spokest, what want they of him?"

"It seemeth he hath great influence both at home and abroad," the captain whispered, looking furtively at the closed door. "If they can hold him safely in prison until the woman is tried and executed they will let him go, or mayhap prefer charges against him and bring him to trial also."

He threw himself down wearily on the pallet of straw in the corner.

"Poor devil!" observed La Fabienne lightly. "But 'tis ever the way of those that consort with evil. Marry! The wretch is fairly caught in the trap these God fearing Puritans have set for him."

His companion grunted a sleepy response

"If 'tis as thou hath stated, that all the roads are stoutly defended but the footpath through the mountain forest"-La Fabienne eyed the man narrowly-"the witch's accomplice, happen he got wind of his intended arrest, hath small hope of escape."

The captain laughed a drunken laugh of enjoyment; then, raising up in bed on his elbow, he said:

"My lord, 'tis truth thou speakest. The man is fairly caught. But if the wretch had knowledge of the hardships my men and I have endured today he would prefer the hanging that the people have in store for him to attempting escape through the forest. By blood and nails, it was an awful Japanese conditions of peace having policy which, on this subject, has alordeal, an' but for the fact that it was

locker, "that Gaston is not here. Hath | their construction.

thou the saddlebags packed? Methinks by now the horses should be fed and in readiness for our journey."

Elsbeth drew her breath sharply. "'Twill be a glad hour when thou an' I are far away from this domain," she said. "Since we came here, sweet, I ha' been defiant, ever scornful o' the sneers of the people and their sinister glances, but this morning I woke from my fitful sleeping with terror in my heart and a dreadful fear that these villagers, led by thy cousin, would seek to wreak their hatred and intolerant vengeance on thee."

shoulder reassuringly.

"Thou'rt overworked, Elsbeth, and hath the megrims as a consequence," she said. "Why talk of fear when we have a strong protector so close at hand? Hast thou yet to learn, foolish old woman, that Sir Godfrey is a man to put dependence on? Last night when he left me he said, 'Trust me, Margaret,' and he needed not mine assurance to know that I did so with all my heart.'

Elsbeth walked to the window, looking out anxiously toward the village. "The hour of dawn is full upon us." she said solemnly, "an' neither thy lover nor his servant is approaching. Happen he meant the morrow, sweet?" Margaret frowned impatiently.

"Godfrey said this morning at daypreak, and he did not mean any other time," she said crossly. "Mark me, a La Fabienne would ne'er break his word to any one, much less to the woman he loves. See, Elsbeth," she cried a moment later, "the sun is only just above the mountain tops. 'Tis but now the break of day! They'll come anon!" The women moved about, completing their arrangements with nervous haste, from time to time pausing in their labors to listen for sounds of approaching horses' feet. Suddenly Elsbeth

clutched her companion's arm. "What "Hist!" she whispered. strange sounds fall on mine ears!

Dost not hear voices loud calling an' the tramp of many feet?" Both hastened to an aperture in the

hallway that commanded a better view of the road and gates. For a moment they looked on with beating hearts; then Margaret, uttering a groan, cowered against the wall, covering up her face with her hands.

"Oh, God's pity! If Godfrey hath met my cousin Josiah and in his just anger hath killed him!" she moaned. The other stood looking out of the window hopelessly. "Elsbeth, say that thou doth see my

Godfrey riding this way unmolested!" Margaret cried tearfully.

(To be Continued.)

Peace Envoys Make Progress.

The First Three Articles of Japan's Terms Agreed to. The Crisis Still to Come.

l'ortsmouth, N. H., Aug. 15. - Alwith the peace negotiations, three of the 12 articles which constitute the been agreed to by Mr. Witte and s difficult to retrace our steps as to Baron Rosen on behalf of Russia, trine, will find a more vigorous ex-

Today in the ordinary course of pro-

ceedings the first great stumbling block to a treaty of peace should be reached, as after Port Arthur and the leases of Liao Tung, which are included in article four, and which Mr. Witte is undoubtedly prepared, with slight modifications, to accept, comes article five-the cession of Sakhalin. But it is by no means certain that when this obstacle is reached it will not be postponed until all the articles upon which agreement is easy or possible are disposed of. If this course is followed, and the Associated Press Margaret patted the older woman's has high authority for the opinion that it will be, it will indicate a disposition to put off the real struggle to the very last, and the longer the conference endures the brighter the prospects of a treaty are likely to become. "Every day they sit," said a very high authority, "increases the chances for peace.

The language of the three articles adopted will form practically the text of the "treaty of Washington" if one is signed, subject, of course, to a final revision. Each side has agreed to the articles and they are included in the protocols of each day's session which are officially signed by the plenipotentiaries the next morning.

In addition to the minutes kept by each side, there is an abbrevited record of the discussions giving the arguments made on each side of every point, which are daily attested, so that when the conference is ended the record of the proceedings will be complete. Of course the agreement article by article does not bind either Russia or apan until a final agreement is reached and the treaty is signed.

It is, however, significant that Mr. Sato, while specifically stating that he did not speak officially, gave it as his opinion that each power had now bound itself to the articles agreed to. In the discussion of the second ar ticle (covering the evacuation of Manchuria), it is positively stated that Russia won a victory. Baron Komura, so it is declared, wanted to limit the obligation to evacuate Manchuria and to surrender special privileges in the province to Russia, whereas Mr. Witte contended that the obligation for evacuation and the surrender of special privileges should be mutual and that the evacuation of the troops should take place concurrently. Mr. Witte is said to have contended that he was defending not only the interests of Russia, but of all the neutral powers. On the other hand, the Japanese claim not only that they did not resist the provision for simultaneous evacuation by the troops of both countries, but the distinct credit for the strong stipulations regarding the preservation of the territorial integrity of China.

A Japaneese authority said: "The integrity of China is assured if the treaty of Washington is signed, as though very rapid progress was made Japan has insisted that this point be set forth in language that can neither be evaded nor misunderstood. Japan's ways been in line with the Hay doc-

PEACHES BRING RECORD PRICES

Crop Is Short, Many Farmers Having None at All.

Dover, Del., Aug. 15.-The farmers in this locality who are fortunate enough this year to have a peach crop are realizing sums of money heretofore unheard of for many years in Delaware. Last year's prices of 75 cents to \$1.25 per basket have jumped this year to \$1.65, and in some cases as high as \$1.90. Many believe that before the season is ended prices will range from \$2 to \$2.50 per basket.

Increase ' Miners' Wages.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 11.-Anthracite Coal Commissioner Neill reports the July average selling price of coal at tidewater at \$4.64, on which the sliding scale gives all miners of the anthracite region an increase of 2 per cent. over the basis fixed by the strike commission's award. This is an increase of 1 per cent. over the June wages.

Advertisements WE BAR Business Notice. CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER. Medical.

Travelers Guide.

DENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES. Schedule in effect May 28, 1905.

Trains arrive at and depart from BELLEFONTE

as follows :-VIA TYRONE-WESTWARD.
Leave Bellefonte, 9.53 a. m., week-days arrive at Tyrone, 11.05 a. m., at Altoona, 1.00 p. m., at Pittsburg 5.50 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p. m., week-days, arrive at Tyrone, 2.10 p. m., at Altoona, 3.10 p. m., at Pittsburg, 6.5 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 4.44 daily p. m., arrive at Ty-rone 6.00, at Aitoona, 6.55, at Pittsburg at 10.45. VIA TYRONE-EASTWARD.
Leave Bellefonte, 9.53 a. m., week-days, arrive at Tyrone, 11.05, a. m. at Harrisburg, 2.35 p. m., at Philadelphia, 5.47. p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 1.05 p. m., week-days, arrive at Tyrone, 2.10 p. m., at Harrisburg, 6.36 p. m., at Philadelphia, 10.47 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 4.44 p. m., daily, arrive at Ty-rone, 6.00 p. m. at Harrisburg, st 10.00 p. m. Philadelphia 4.23 a. m.
VIA LOCK HAVEN-WESTWARD.
Leave Bellefonte, 1.25 p. m., week-days, arrive at Lock Haver 2.10 p. m., arrive at Buffalo, 7.40 p. m.

p. m.

Lock Haver 2.10 p. m., arrive at Buffalo, 7.40 p. m.
VIA LOCK HAVEN-EASTWARD.
Leave Bellefonte, 9.32 a.m. week-days, arrive at Lock Haven 0.30, a. m. leave Williamsport, 12.35 p. m., arrive at Harrisburg, 3.20 p. m., at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 1.25 p. m., week-days, arrive at Lock Haves 2.10 p m., leave Williamsport, at 2.53, p. m., arrive Harrisburg, 5.00 p. m., Philadelphia 7.32 p. m.
Leave Belefonte, 8.16 p. m., week-days, arrive at Lock Haven, 9.15 p. m., leave Williamsport, 1.35 a. m., arrive at Harrisburg, 4.15 a. m., arrive at Harrisburg, 4.15 a. m., arrive at Philadelphia 5.1718 m.
Leave Belefonte, at 6.06 a. m., week-days arrive at Lock Haven, 9.15 p. m., leave Williamsport, 1.35 a. m., arrive at Philadelphia 3.17 p. m.
Leave Belefonte, 2.00 p. m., Week-days arrive at Lewisburg, at 3.95 a. m., Montandon, 9.15, Harrisburg, 4.35 p. m. at Montandon 4.45 p. Harrisburg, 7.00 p. m., Weikdephia at 10.47 p. m.

P. m. information, time tables, &c., cali on ticket agent, or address Thos. E. Wait. Passenger Agent Western District, No.360 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg.

TYPONE

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BALD LAGLE VALLEY BRANCH. Nov. 29th, 1903 Lv. A. M. e...... 8 10 one... 8 16 8 95 P. M. P.M 12 25 o 24 f 12.36 7 14 10 43

WHY IT SUCCEEDS.

BECAUSE I'TS FOR ONE THING ONLY, AND BE

FONTE IS LEARNING THIS.

Nothing can be good for everything. Doing one thing well brings success. Doan's Kidney Pills do one thing only. They're for sick kidneys : They cure backache, every kidney ill. Here is evidence to prove it.

Tring Tac

Browdie." he read slowly.

"And so thou takest the witch at daybreak?" La Fabienne observed lightly. "What reason for such haste, good fellow ?"

"I know not the reason of such haste, good sir. Diable! A soldier asks not reasons, but obeys orders."

La Fabienne yawned.

"Thy tale, forsooth, hath a touch of interest in it, friend, with a promise



His companion took the tankard.

of excitement for the morrow," he said. "Hast not a similar document, captain? Of what portent is that?" "This other paper?" The man lowered his voice. "Prithee, 'tis a warrant for the arrest and custody of some Frenchman she hath bewitched, or is an accomplice to the old hag in her bedevilment, I wot not which. My information is but vague."

He stretched out his arms and rubbed his eves sleepily.

"Methinks he doth live with her at the house. Our orders, however, are to take the woman first."

The soldier, having loosed his tongue by his many and frequent potations, continued with an air of mysterious secrecy. "I' truth, if they attempt to escape they will find that all the roads leading from the village are guarded." "Ha! Is't so?"

La Fabienne's manner betrayed such ill concealed astonishment and agitation that had his companion's senses not been dulled the fact would not have escaped his notice.

"Aye, comrade, by Puritans heavily armed and with orders to take them dead or alive. So, I ween, the poor devils' case hath not much of hope in it." By the uncertain light of the candle La Fabienne's face looked extremely white. Rising suddenly, he untied the lace bow at his throat.

"Come, let's to bed, good captain. must rise with thee at the dawn!" he cried boisterously. "Methinks 'twere rare sport to see a witch taken. What punishment is meted out to such?" "'Sdeath, hanging or burning," the other replied carelessly.

"Of a surety the king will interfere." La Fabienne's hand trembled as he

proceed, my fellows would have refused to advance. A curse on this scraggy top notch of nowhere!" he cried. "Tomorrow, our work done, we march down yon mountain road to London, or I'm but half a man and know not mine own will!"

As his companion did not reply or seem inclined to hold further converse. the captain stretched himself but on the pallet at full length and, throwing an arm up over his head, was soon sleeping soundly.

La Fabienne waited, making sure that the prostrate man was unconscious of all else but his dreams, then threw himself hopelessly into a chair and let the pent up feelings in his heart break through the quiet mask he had worn on his face, and an expression baffled and desperate took its place, while under his breath he cursed himself roundly for his stupid lack of foresight and his contempt for Josiah Taunston's plotting. Springing to his feet, he paced lightly up and down the room like one bereft. Once he paused at the aperture and looked long in the direction of the Mayland farm, the tops of the tall trees in the forest being all that was visible, then strode fierce ly across the room again as if unable to contain his emotions. Unlocking a chest that stood in the corner, he removed from it to his person a bag of gold and a brace of pistols, put on his hat and cape and noiselessly buckled

on his sword. "If I allowed her to attempt the forest she would die," he said under his breath, "and if I told her of my intention she would not let me go alone. Oh. God, 'tis hard!" He shook his head hopelessly.

The candle, now burned down to the edge of the socket, threw weird, smoky rays on La Fabienne's white face as he seated himself, in great perplexity and sore distress, upon the wooden bench.

"Margaret, oh, my love! God help There is no other way," he said mel after a few moments' consideration, and as his bent head fell forward on his hands the candle near him spluttered and went out as if in very sumpathy for his sorrow and despair. Rising, he groped his way to the door. down the stairway and out of the house so silently that no one, not even the innkeeper, sleeping in his chair by the chimney place, heard him or knew that he had gone.

CHAPTER XXII.

HE next morning at the earliest

birds had wakened, when the that received from the rising sun's reflection on the sky, Margaret Mayland, | could not find the money some other dressed in her riding habit of crimson cloth, moved about the house, busily road would become hypothecated to making her preparations for departure. the powers which advanced the "'Tis strange, Elsbeth," she said as money, as other Chinese roads are to

she finished fastening a large, square those which advanced the money for

neither of the two articles to which Mr. Witte in his reply returned an absolute negative was reached. The crisis, therefore, is still to come. It may be reached today, as the cession of Sakhalin comes fifth in the list. The three "articles" as they are officially designated in the brief communications authorized to be given to the press, which were disposed of are in substance as follows:

First-Russia's recognition of Japan's "preponderating influence" and special position in Korea, which Russia henceforth agrees is outside of her sphere of influence, Japan binding herself to recognize the suzerainty of the reigning family, but with the right to give advice and assistance to improve the civil administration of the empire. Second-Mutual obligation to evacuate Manchuria, each to surrender all special privileges in that province, mutual obligation to respect the "territorial integrity" of China and to maintain the principle of equal opportunity for the commerce and industry of all nations in that province (open door).

Third-The cession to China of the Chinese Eastern railroad from Harbin southward.

There never was any question about the acceptance on the part of Mr. Witte of these "articles," the first two covering in more emphatic form the contentions of Japan in the diplomatic struggle which preceded hostilities. The third is a natural consequence of the result of war. The cession of the railroad, the building of which cost Russia an immense sum, estimated by some at between \$100,000,000 and \$200,000,000, is to be ceded to China. Japan and China, therefore, will arrange between themselves the method by which the former is to be remunerated, and through this financial operation Japan might have a very considerable portion of her claim for the "expenses of the war" liquidated. The railroad is ostensibly the property of the Russo-Chinese bank, although built by government money advanced through the bank, and since its completion operated, managed and policed by the Russian government. Japan cannot take the railroad herself. To place herself in Russia's shoes regarding the railroad would be militarily to control the destinies of the three provinces of Manchuria which she has promised to return to China. But Japan is entitled to reimburse ment for the expense to which she hour of dawn, before even the has been put in restoring the railroad below the present position of Lineonly light on the earth was vitch's army, rebuilding the bridges and narrowing the gauge. If China power or powers might do so, and the

pression in the treaty of Washington. Condition of Jews In Russia Discussed

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 15.-A free exchange of views on the subject of the condition and treatment of the Jeews in Russia was had in a conference between Mr. Witte, Baron Rosen and Oscar Straus, Jacob H. Schiff, Isaac N. Seligman and Adolph Lewisohn, of New York, and Adolph Kraus, of Chicago. The statement was made by the delegation calling on the Russian plenipotentiaries that nothing tangible resulted from the discussion, but future benefit was looked for. The financial condition of Russia was not mentioned in the discussion, and was not suggested as a topic of discussion, according to Mr. Kraus.

TWELVE DEAD IN CRASH

Passenger Train On Nickel Plate Road Collided With Freight.

Cleveland, Aug. 14 .- A fast eastbound passenger train on the Nickel Plate road collided with a westbound freight train at Kishman, O., near Vermillion, resulting in the death of 12 persons, while at least 25 others were injured, eight of whom will probably die. The wreck, according to the officials of the company, was caused by a misunderstanding of orders, or neglect to obey them, on the part of the crew of the freight train.

The high speed of the passenger train threw its locomotive and first three coaches over on the engine of the freight train, telescoping the smoker and the car following. The forward cars of the freight train were splintered to fragments. Of the passengers in the smoker none escaped injury. Fortunately there was no fire, but the heavy timbers of the wrecked cars pinned down many and prevented them from getting out until assistance arrived.

SPREAD OF THE FEVER

Fifty-five New Cases and Twelve More Deaths in New Orleans. New Orleans, La., Aug. 15.-Official report of yellow fever up to last night is as follows: New cases, 55; total to date, 1018; deaths, 12; total to date, 166; new sub-foci, 8; total sub-foci to

With the exception of a few squares, all New Orleans below Canal street is now generally infected with yellow While most havoc has been fever. caused in this portion of New Orleans, where foreigners live, the disease has spread to many places in what is known as the American quarter, above Canal street. Most cases in the American quarter are isolated, however. The health officers are still unable to assert whether the high water mark of daily new cases has been reached. About 15 per cent. of all those thus far stricken with yellow fever has recovered, the deaths being about one in every six persons infected.

Here is evidence to prove it. Mrs. James A. Miller, of Tyrone, Pa., living at 1828 Columbia Ave., says: "My husband suffered from rheumatism for years, but it was only a short time ago that he began to complain continually about his back. It kept aching worse and worse until at last he had to lay off work and called in a doctor who told him he had lumbago. His physician gave him some kind of medicine but it did him no good. One day when he was lying on the lounge anable to move without scream-ing with pain, a neighbor who dropped in advised him to try Doan's Kidney Pills. He got a box and they certainly have given him surprising relief. They did him so much good that I know he has no hesitation in recommending them to anyone suffering as he did." Plenty more proof like this from Belle-fonte people. Call at F. Potts Green's drug store and ask what his customers drug store and ask what his customers For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take

Travelers Guide.

ENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNA

Condensed Time Table effective Nov. 28, 1904.

Stations

A. m. p. m. p. m. Lve. Ar. p. m. p. m. a. m. 7 10 16 40 12 30 BELLEFONTE. 9 20 5 10 9 40

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NEW YORK.

ROAD.

STATIONS.

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8 3C 8 33 8 35 8 42 8 49 8 58 9 07 9 15 9 18 9 32 9 41 9 49 9 53 9 55 9 10 08 12 49 7 1 47 8 40 1 47 8 46 10 11 1 55 8 58 P.M. P. M. A. M. Lv. DILES A cure guaranteed if you use ATT. A. M. P. M. P.M. **RUDYS PILE SUPPOSITORY** L RUDYS PILE SUPPOSITORY D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give uni-versal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarks-burg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 23 years I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists, and in Bellefonte by C. M. Parrish Call for Free Sample. 50-22-1y MARTIN RUDY, Lancaster, Pa.

On Sundays there is one train each way on the B. E. V. It runs on the same schedule as the morning train leaving Tyrone at 8:10 a. m., week days. And the afternoon train leaving Lock Haven at 3:45.

| EAST WARD. | | Nov. 29th 1903. | WESTWABE | | |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|----------|--------------|--|
| MAIL. | EXP. | STATIONS. | MAIL. | EXP. | |
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| 2 00 | 6 40 | | 9 00 | 4 20 | |
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| 2 08 | 6 48 | Pleasant Gap | 8 52 | 4 13 | |
| 2 11 | 6 51 | Peru. | 8 49 | 4 10 | |
| 2 17 | 6 57 | Dale Summit | 8 43 | 4 04 | |
| 2 21 | 7 02 | Lemont | 8 39 | 4 00 | |
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| 2 41 | 7 22 | | 8 18 | 3 38 | |
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EASTWARD. UPPER END. WESTWARD. (N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R.) Nov. 29th.1903 Lve. A. M. 9 18Scotia...... 9 03Fairbrook..... 8 57Musser..... **†4 30 7 30** (Via Phila.) Lve. a. m. p. m. tweek Days Ar a.NEW YORK... Lv (Via Tamaqua) 8 45Hostler..... 8 39Loveville.... 8 37 .Furnace Road. 8 26Dungarvin... 8 18 Warrior's Mark 8 09 Pannington WALLACE H. GEPHART. dent. 3 05 8 09Pen 2 56 7 58S 2 50 7 56T P. M. A. M. Lve. 11 30 11 42 11 54 BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAIL. Tyrone Ar. A. M. P. M. BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH. Schedule to take effect Monday, May 29, 1905. Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 29th 1903. read up Mix | Mix | Stations. Mix | Mix | Mix fNo. 2 tNo. 4 No. 5 UOI 9 53 LV ...
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7 31 ...Bloomsdorf... 7 40 7 35 Pine Grove M'ls 7 35 F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

houses for rent. J. M. KEICHLINE, 45-14-1yr.

date. 210.