

Democratic Watchman

Bellefonte, Pa., Oct. 21, 1904.

PAX VOBISCU.

When I die, shall I dream / Of my radiant hopes all gleam / Of the sunlight that touched the brown depths of my stream?

When I die, shall I grieve / For the dear, bending faces I leave / For the close-tangling meshes of love that they weave?

Ah, not so, / Let them go— / Hope, joy, even love that I know / Best of all the calm feeling / Of rest that is stealing

Thro' soul-fibres strained with the burdens we bear.

Just to be very still— / Void of will; / Just to lie like a stone, / Hours alone;

With no knowledge of Heaven, no thought and no prayer / With this blessed new freedom from being / From willing and doing and seeing / From loving, and hoping and sighing; / Done even the last act of dying;

Of all things bereft; / Nothing left— / Not even the need to draw breath— / This, this is the ruffing of Death.

—Grace Duffield Goodwin, in Harper's Bazar.

Fun for Halloween.

The jolliest sort of a party for Halloween is being planned by fifteen girls of the Gamma Delta Tau Sorority and it is to be hoped none of the young men who will receive invitations will read this article. But their ideas seem so novel I beg the privilege of telling some of them to aid other girls in having a successful evening. Quaint and artistic invitations are being made by the two artists of the clan who are using India ink for sketching the folded sheet of coarse brown paper. The proverbial witch with attendant cat is at the top of the sheet and underneath in quaint lettering are the words: "Would spend the evening with you, Monday, October thirty-first, at 213 Cedar Road. Her magic will call at 10 o'clock: R. S. V. P." These slips of paper are to be rolled in a corn husk and fastened with a long thorn.

Being leap year, it is designed that three buses will carry the young men to the party, so the time on each invitation will vary ten minutes, ranging from 7:30 to 8:10 so that all may be assembled by 8:30. Of course, if any of the young men find it impossible to attend, such information will be sent to 213 Cedar Road, though they may not know who is to be in the party. A girl dressed in sheer and pillow case and simulating dumbness (to further conceal her identity) will go in each bus and ringing the bell will present a card on which is written: "The carriage is at the door for Mr. ...". These three girls are of the same height and build and can be depended upon to maintain their parts without uttering a sound. When each has "collected" her five men, she will usher them into her house at 213 Cedar Road (where one of the jolliest girls in town lives) and will then disappear off the front steps—entering the house by the side entrance and taking her place in the "spook" parlor before the men come in. If possible the girls will secure the use of an empty house that night to make it all the more mystifying and will ask two jolly young widows to act as chaperones.

With a groan and a "Sh-b-hh" the men will be greeted by a girl dressed as a witch, and an attendant spook, when they enter the hall dimly lighted by the weird light from burning wood alcohol and salt. The witch will wear an ankle length skirt of bright striped material with small shawl tightly drawn about her shoulders over a ragged waist, and have on her head a gypsy kerchief. She will have her face darkened by a liberal use of cold coffee, several teeth will appear to be gone (covered by black wax and sticking plaster) and her hair will be quite unkempt; and she is spending her days practicing a most uncanny "cackle," with which to greet arrivals, to offset the groans uttered by the spook. This tall girl is fashioning a filmy robe of white cheese cloth over blue and will prepare this paste for covering arms, neck and face, one ounce each of barium sulphate and oxide of zinc mixed to a smooth paste with one-half an ounce of glycerin adding distilled water if necessary. This thick, milky fluid will be applied with a bit of velvet sponge until the flesh is not only colorless but statueque. Candles will be sparingly used to illuminate the dressing rooms and an ecoban lamp is to be put in the hall window for the occasion. When the men descend to the parlor, they will find the walls entirely covered with black cambric and in the very dim light spectral figures will be grouped. The girls have not yet decided whether they will have white cheese-cloth Grecian robes or use sheets and pillow cases. I think, however, they will find the cheese-cloth gowns more comfortable with white dominoes and powdered hair. The few lights burning will have a good effect from the white shades and the ceiling will be very little furniture is to be left in the downstairs rooms. In the library the beautiful mahogany reading table will be replaced by a pie kitchen table on which will be several tin milk pans. One will be filled with flour, dotted with marshmallows which are to be taken up by the teeth. Another will hold water into which is tossed a amount of the soup paste which comes in the form of initial letters—called Alphabet Noodles, I think. Each member of the party is to be blindfolded then dip up a ladleful of water, the initials secured being those of the future mate, an empty ladle signifying single blessedness. Three plates will be put on the table, one holding money, one flowers and the other empty. Each person after being blindfolded will be turned around three times then bidden to choose. The flowers signify marriage for love, the money for gain and the empty plate disappointment.

Amusing "fortunes" will be written on cards, enclosed in envelopes and tied upon a cord stretched across the room. Each person will be blindfolded, given a pair of scissors and told to clip a fortune.

During the evening the men will be given bows of different colored ribbon which they will fasten to chairs placed across the room back to back. Some one will play slow dreamy music while the girls enter blindfolded. When the music suddenly ceases in the middle of a measure, the girls must occupy the chair nearest and the young man giving her his colors will escort her to the dining room.

On entering the dining room a walnut shell is to be handed to each person, and the tiny strip of paper enclosed having been written on with milk will make some

startling disclosure when held over the heat from jack-o-lantern or chafing dish. Tamales, gingerbread and cider have been decided upon as the eats. Instead of one large cake individual cakes with the emblems of prophecy in are to be used. The historical ring, thimble and coin are to be supplemented with a pen, tiny mitten, a bangle horseshoe and heart. Each emblem will be encased in paraffin paper and dropped into the dough just before the cakes are put into the oven. As to tamales the "tenderfoot" lady who watched Guadalupe preparing them in Tia Juana gave this as the formula: "Make a mush of cornmeal, pepper, salt, pepper and water, and while it is cooking add a little more pepper. Chop cooked chicken giblets with red peppers and pack into corn husks with bits of olives, red peppers, raisins, the mush and a little more pepper." She had evidently tasted Colorado tamale, which, as its name implies is hot, and imagined that pepper was the principal ingredient.

American tamale, however, is prepared by chopping cold-boiled meat, veal or chicken being preferred. After washing six ripe peppers, stew until soft then discarding the dry outer skin, chop and add to the meat, stewing until the color is evenly distributed, having only sufficient water over the mixture to keep it from burning. Have prepared a soft mush of meal, salt and water and when sufficiently cool to handle make into cakes little larger than a silver dollar. Take a clean fresh corn husk and press into it alternate layers not over one-half inch in thickness of the mush and meat, adding occasionally an olive (seeded) and a raisin. When the husk is filled, tie the end securely and steam for one hour. Tamales should be served in the husks hot, and may be garnished with parsley or oress.

After the feast the unlucky persons who got no prize in their cake are to be given another chance with fate. A candle will be lifted from the jack-o-lantern (which is to be the sole table decoration), the person blindfolded turned twice around then bidden, with hands clasped behind, to approach the table and blow out the light.

The only characteristic decorations will be in the dining room which will have as many tiny jack-o-lanterns as there are guests, grouped on side-board and buffet. When the guests are ready to return to the parlors, each will carry one of these in his or her hand and to the music of a banjo trio will dance through the darkened rooms.

HALLOWE'EN DECORATIONS. If there are mantels in the house, fit the shelves with a board so the fringe of corn with upturned husks can be securely nailed in place. Secure some fine corn stalks having full tassels on, to bank each side of the fireplace and drape bitter-sweet over the mantels which should have a generous banking of either grain or branches of autumn leaves. If the fireplace is not needed, a huge jack-o-lantern set in a tangle of leaves and grasses will make an effective decoration. If one has patience to make them, a row of tiny lanterns made from gourds or oranges are very decorative arranged each side of the mantel, using the tiny candles for Christmas trees in them.

Mats of autumn leaves and doilies of corn husks should adorn the table with candlesticks formed from large radishes, carrots and cucumbers. Key rings make attractive salt cellars and hollowed-out turnips will hold sugar very acceptably. Long-necked squash can be arranged to form a center-piece over a tiny jack-o-lantern and the sides of a large pumpkin will furnish several shell plates. A group of red ears of corn hung from the chandelier may be as suggestive as the mistletoe bough.

For serving the salad, a unique dish is made from a fine white cabbage by cutting out the center then shaping the shell into four broad scallops outlining a face on each with olives. If the supper is to be passed, the root of the cabbage may be left on to serve as a handle and the outer leaves nicely curled down around it. Huge beets hollowed out make fine "dishes" in which to pass the nuts. Small bright red apples are very pretty to hold the dessert whether parfait or ice.

"Youth Bacillus" to Prolong Life. Metchnikoff's Preparation is Made of Milk—Microbes Are Added and Two Daily Doses Are Prescribed.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—Prof. Metchnikoff's new "youth bacillus," based on Pasteur's theory of the existence of beneficent as well as of maleficent microbes, continues to excite a half-dervise interest in the scientific world. Metchnikoff is indifferent to this feeling. He is certain he has discovered the long-sought secret of indefinite longevity.

Speaking to "The Post's" correspondent this morning he said: "Thus far we have simply declared that this remedy destroys what we might call intestinal flora, which are notoriously abundant in pernicious microbes. In this way we arrest the gradual putrefaction of our bodies.

I prefer a special kind of coagulated milk, but it is hard to obtain. The substitute consists of ordinary milk boiled and skimmed. To this is added a quantity of my Bulgarian bacillus abounding throughout the Balkans. The taste is agreeable, but sugar may be added to suit particular palates. Two bowls at a temperature of 72 degrees should be taken daily.

"If taken regularly many years may be added to life, while the remedy is also a nearly certain cure for dyspepsia and anemia."

Dr. Koch takes the anti-Doyen side of the dispute now raging among the medical fraternity with regard to the Crocker case. "That kind of thing is unknown in Germany," he said. "There professional ethics ostracize a surgeon guilty of exploiting rich clients. In my opinion surgeons should have a sliding scale of fees, small or nothing in the case of the poor, but not passing a reasonable sum no matter how many millions the patient might possess."

Dickinson Wins New \$50,000 Gift. CARLEISLE, Pa., Oct. 14.—President George E. Reed, of Dickinson College, announced to the students in chapel to-day that \$50,000 had been practically secured by him. By thus raising this amount the college will receive an additional \$50,000 promised by a friend some time ago.

The Kaiser—And is your General Hittethpeaki breast of his times? The Czar—Oh, yes. He's not only abreast of his times, but so far he's managed to keep slightly in the lead of the Japs, thank God!

"You wouldn't believe me," he said, "if I were to tell you how much I love you!" "Oh, well," she replied, "why should you be afraid as long as you don't put it in writing?"

Tweed Ring "Graft." Two Hundred Millions Its Direct and Indirect Cost to New York.

The new courthouse was still far from complete and miserably furnished, yet it had already resulted in the neat outlay of \$11,000,000, when the most liberal estimate placed its value, finished and luxuriously furnished, at less than \$3,000,000.

A few items will be sufficient to show the scale upon which the ring had conducted its financial policy: Forty odd chairs and three tables had a record value of \$179,729.60. A charge for repairing fixtures, through J. H. Keyser & Co., was \$1,149,874.50.

Thermometers, \$7,500. Another charge for furniture, through Ingersoll & Co., \$240,564.63.

A single item of stationery was set down at \$139,495.61. What, in heaven's name, could the 61 cents have paid for with stationery bought at ring rates?

Then there were carpets, shades and curtains, also supplied by that marvelous firm, Ingersoll & Co., at the fairly comfortable figure of \$675,534.44. Nor must we overlook one G. S. Miller, a carpenter, who was set down as having received \$360,747.61 for one month's work.

But Garvey, Andrew J. Garvey, the plasterer! Generations of plasterers yet unborn will take off their hats to his memory! Two million eight hundred and seventy thousand four hundred and sixty-four dollars and six cents had he earned at his humble trade in the brief period of nine months.

It is unnecessary to go further into the details of this monster and monstrous fraud; \$5,683,246.83 had been paid through the single "firm" of Ingersoll & Co.

Matthew J. O'Rourke, who since that time made a careful study of the city's finances, states that, counting the vast issues of fraudulent bonds, the swindling of the city by wealthy tax dodgers, by franchises and favors granted, by blackmail and extortion, the total amount of the city's loss through the Tweed ring stands at not less than \$200,000,000.—Pearson's Weekly.

PROVERBS ABOUT CZARS.

A czar in the desert is only a man. The czar himself can get muddier if he steps in the mud.

Even the crown of the czar cannot cure headache. The czar's crows cannot have more than two horns.

A drop of water in the eye of the czar costs the country a great many handkerchiefs.

When the czar makes you a present of an egg he expects of you a hen. The czar can disturb the earth, but he cannot move it from its axis.

The czar knows not misery because he does not live in a cabin. The arm of the czar is long, but it cannot reach to the sky.

The voice of the czar has an echo even when there are no mountains. The ukases of the czar are worth nothing if God says not "Amen."

The horse which has once been mounted by the czar neighs continually.

Dress in Japan.

Between the sexes in Japan there is very little difference in the main features of dress, and little children are only beautiful little miniatures of their parents, more gayly and richly dressed. Under his kimono a man of the upper class wears a sort of kilted divided skirt, something approaching the nature of trousers. This is called the "hakama" and is always made of stiff silk. A woman wears instead an under kimono. Both sexes wear two little aprons round the loins, called "koshi-maki," and a sort of shirt called the "susoyoke." The narrow sash worn by a man is not an item of great importance, for, although it is always made of rich silk, it is not so much for show as for use, to keep the kimono in place.

Girls and the Old Schools. A ruling for a New Haven school made in 1884 reads, "And all girls be excluded as improper and inconsistent with such a grammar school as yet law enjoins and is the design of this settlement." One Benjamin Mudge, a New England schoolmaster of many years' service, has left the following interesting memorandum: "In all my school days, which ended in 1801, I never saw but three females in public schools in my life, and they were only in the afternoon to learn to write."

Mr. Mudge neglects to say, however, that the girls were permitted not only to the writing lessons, but they were also privileged to attend the general annual catechising.

Poet or Organ Grinder. "I sometimes feel," bitterly confided the wife of the great poet to her sister, "that I would have been happier with an organ grinder. Then we could at least pass the hat around unabashed. The pride that goes with great gifts too often walks hand in hand with starvation to satisfy an ordinary woman."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

His Case Hopeless. "There are at least a thousand good reasons why I should marry her."

"Well, what are they?"

"First, because I want to, and she herself is the other 999."—Town Topics.

No Faith in the Old Adage. "Do you believe that practice always makes perfect?"

"No. It hasn't made anything but a row ever since that idiot upstairs commenced with his flute."

Pattison Furniture Sold. Household Goods of Ex-Governor Go For One-Third of Their Value.

The household goods that belonged to the late ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison, which were sold at public sale yesterday at his late residence, No. 5920 Drexel road, Overbrook, brought a little more than \$2000, and it is estimated by dealers that they originally cost three times that amount. Among the things offered were paintings, statuary, candelabras, lace curtains, and solid mahogany furniture. The sale was largely attended, among those present being many friends of the ex-Governor and furniture and antique dealers. Mayor Weaver was present for a short time, but did not purchase anything. The sale was started at 10 o'clock, but two hours previous the house was thrown open and prospective buyers were permitted to go from room to room and examine everything.

The contents of the drawing room brought the best prices. A tapestry parlor suite of five pieces, which is estimated cost at least \$500, sold for \$80. A number of heavy damask curtains and Brussels lace curtains went for below cost, and handsomely decorated cabinets and bookcases sold for a mere song. A French bronze figure of an armor-bearer, said to have cost \$325, sold for \$50. A French bronze of Napoleon and a French bronze of a peasant each brought \$55. An ornate pedestal was disposed of for \$22. A French music cabinet for \$19 each and a handsome mantle clock and candelabras, worth about \$300, for \$50.

The paintings that brought the best prices were "Waiting for a Bite," by Atrecht, \$30; "Brig in Sounding Off the Coast," by W. C. Knell, \$25; "Don't Hurt the Baby," by Baur, \$22; "Return of the Hunter," by K. Cawsons, \$15. Other paintings and etchings brought low prices. One of the greatest bargains of the sale consisted of the heavy plush curtains in the library. There were eight strips, and they were sold for 75 cents a strip, while the poles and rings went for 20 cents each.

In the library a five-piece oak and leather library suite, said to be worth \$150, sold for \$39; the library table sold for \$5, and the library clock for \$21. A mounted deer's head brought \$5 and a revolving bookcase \$7.50. A large framed photograph of the Eighth Pennsylvania Regiment was knocked down at \$1.25.

In the dining-room a big oak extension table and 14 leather seat and back chairs were obtained at a great bargain. A half-dozen Oriental rugs which were used in the hall and drawing-room sold for about one-fourth the original cost. The bedroom furniture was bought for about half its value. The largest individual buyer was a man who gave the name of "Palmer." He refused to state his residence, but it is said he was a close friend and admirer of ex-Governor Pattison during his life.

Before the sale Mrs. Pattison had removed from the house all her wedding presents and many things which she desired to keep because of memories connected with them.

Florida and the Sunny South. Beginning October 15th, the Pennsylvania railroad company will sell winter excursion tickets to the resorts of Florida, the Carolinas, and other States in the South and Southwest, at greatly reduced rates. For specific rates, limits, and other conditions of tickets, consult any ticket agent.

BROKE INTO HIS HOUSE.—S. Le Quinn, of Cavendish, Vt., was robbed of his customary health by invasion of Chronic Constipation. When Dr. King's New Life Pills broke into his house, his trouble was arrested and now he's entirely cured. They're guaranteed to cure, 25c at Green's Drug Store.

Business Notice. CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER.

Medical. A LASTING EFFECT. THIS EVIDENCE SHOULD PROVE EVERY CLAIM MADE FOR DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS IN BELLEFONTE.

Relief from the pains and aches of a bad back is always welcome to every backache sufferer, but to cure a lame, weak or aching back is what's wanted. Cure it so it will stay cured. It can be done. Here's the strongest evidence to prove it.

Wm. E. Haines, employed at the Penna. R. R. Round house, and living at 133 W. Beaver St., says: "I have had no occasion to use any kidney medicine since 1898. It was at that time that I was cured by Doan's Kidney Pills and I made a statement for publication recommending them. The cure has proved to be permanent and it gives me pleasure to once more endorse Doan's Kidney Pills. Before I used this preparation I had been suffering for six years with a lameness of the back and a dull lingering aching over the kidneys accompanied with severe pain in the back. I could not get any rest at all, and was in fact unfit to work. Reading the many cures made in Bellefonte by Doan's Kidney Pills I got a box at the Bellefonte drug store. They satisfied the whole trouble, and during the past eight years I have had no return of it. With this proof I am well able to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McBurg Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan and take no substitute.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE SUPPOSITORY. D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, Pa., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksville, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 25 years I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists, and in Bellefonte by G. M. Parrish. Call for Free Sample.

MARTIN RUDY, Lancaster, Pa.

Buggies, Etc. BUGGIES AT KNOCK-DOWN PRICES. McQUISTION & CO.

offer a large assortment of Buggies and other wheeled vehicles to the trade just now. We are making a special drive on BUGGIES AT \$55.00 BUGGIES AT \$60.00 BUGGIES AT \$65.00 BUGGIES AT \$75.00

All high class, new vehicles, ready for your inspection. We guarantee every-thing we sell and sell only what stands our guarantee.

We have lately accumulated a line of GOOD SECOND HAND BUGGIES That we have built over and will sell cheap.

REPAIRING—Repairing of all sorts, painting, trimming is better done at the McQuiston shops than anywhere else.

McQUISTION & CO. BELLEFONTE, PA.

New Advertisements. HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—A very desirable home on east Bishop St., Bellefonte, is offered for sale. The house is modern and stands on a lot that also has a frontage on Logan St. Call on or write to Mrs. SARA A. TEATS, Bellefonte, Pa.

Saddlery. WHAT SHOULD YOU DO—DO YOU ASK? the answer is easy, and your duty is plain.... —BUY YOUR—

HARNESS, NETS, DUSTERS, WHIPS, PADS, COLLARS, AXEL GREASE and everything you want at SCHOFIELD'S.

SCHOFIELD'S has the largest stock of everything in his line, in the town or county.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND GET PRICES.

Building Business on Cheap John Goods is an impossibility—that's why we believe it is to your best interest to buy from us. Over thirty-two years in business ought to convince you that our goods and prices have been right.

After July 1st we will Break the Record on Collar Pads.

JAMES SCHOFIELD, Spring street, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Travelers Guide. NEW YORK & PITTSBURG CENTRAL R. R. CO. operating Pittsburgh, Johnstown, Ebensburg & Eastern R.R.

Trains leave Philadelphia 5:32, 7:10, 11:00 a. m., 2:30, 4:52 and 8:10 p. m. for Altoona, Houtzdale, Ramo and Fernwood (16 miles). Returning leave Fernwood 6:30, 8:45 a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:30 p. m., arriving Philadelphia 7:25, 9:45 a. m., 2:30, 4:37 and 8:45 p. m.

Connections.—With N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. and Penna. R. R. at Philadelphia and Penna. R. R. at Altoona, Houtzdale and Ramo. C. P. Hill, J. O. Keap, Gen. Passg'r. Agent, Philadelphia.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNA. Condensed Time Table effective June 15, 1904.

READ DOWN Nov. 24th, 1902. No. 1 No. 3 No. 5 No. 7 No. 9 No. 11

READ UP. No. 2 No. 4 No. 6 No. 8 No. 10 No. 12

11:45 8:30 Jersey Shore..... 3 16 7 40 12:20 9:10 Arr. Wms'PORT 1 Arr. 2:28 (Phila. & Reading Ry.) 7 30 6:50 PHILA..... 18 36 11 30

10:40 9:02 NEW YORK..... 14 26 7 30 p. m. a. m. Arr. (Via Phila.) Lve. a. m. p. m. 10. 40 Arr. NEW YORK..... Lv. 4 00 (Via Tanques)

Daily. Week Days. PHILADELPHIA SLEEPING CAR attached to East-bound train from Williamsport at 11:30 P. M. and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11:36.

J. W. GERHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD. Schedule to take effect Monday, Apr. 3rd, 1899.

WESTWARD read up. EASTWARD read down. No. 5 No. 3 No. 1 No. 2 No. 4

8:00 8:15 8:30 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:45 10:00 10:15 10:30 10:45 11:00 11:15 11:30 11:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:45 1:00 1:15 1:30 1:45 2:00 2:15 2:30 2:45 3:00 3:15 3:30 3:45 4:00 4:15 4:30 4:45 5:00 5:15 5:30 5:45 6:00 6:15 6:30 6:45 7:00 7:15 7:30 7:45 8:00 8:15 8:30 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:45 10:00 10:15 10:30 10:45 11:00 11:15 11:30 11:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:45 1:00 1:15 1:30 1:45 2:00 2:15 2:30 2:45 3:00 3:15 3:30 3:45 4:00 4:15 4:30 4:45 5:00 5:15 5:30 5:45 6:00 6:15 6:30 6:45 7:00 7:15 7:30 7:45 8:00 8:15 8:30 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:45 10:00 10:15 10:30 10:45 11:00 11:15 11:30 11:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:45 1:00 1:15 1:30 1:45 2:00 2:15 2:30 2:45 3:00 3:15 3:30 3:45 4:00 4:15 4:30 4:45 5:00 5:15 5:30 5:45 6:00 6:15 6:30 6:45 7:00 7:15 7:30 7:45 8:00 8:15 8:30 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:45 10:00 10:15 10:30 10:45 11:00 11:15 11:30 11:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:45 1:00 1:15 1:30 1:45 2:00 2:15 2:30 2:45 3:00 3:15 3:30 3:45 4:00 4:15 4:30 4:45 5:00 5:15 5:30 5:45 6:00 6:15 6:30 6:45 7:00 7:15 7:30 7:45 8:00 8:15 8:30 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:45 10:00 10:15 10:30 10:45 11:00 11:15 11:30 11:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:45 1:00 1:15 1:30 1:45 2:00 2:15 2:30 2:45 3:00 3:15 3:30 3:45 4:00 4:15 4:30 4:45 5:00 5:15 5:30 5:45 6:00 6:15 6:30 6:45 7:00 7:15 7:30 7:45 8:00 8:15 8:30 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:45 10:00 10:15 10:30 10:45 11:00 11:15 11:30 11:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:45 1:00 1:15 1:30 1:45 2:00 2:15 2:30 2:45 3:00 3:15 3:30 3:45 4:00 4:15 4:30 4:45 5:00 5:15 5:30 5:45 6:00 6:15 6:30 6:45 7:00 7:15 7:30 7:45 8:00 8:15 8:30 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:45 10:00 10:15 10:30 10:45 11:00 11:15 11:30 11:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:45 1:00 1:15 1:30 1:45 2:00 2:15 2:30 2:45 3:00 3:15 3:30 3:45 4:00 4:15 4:30 4:45 5:00 5:15 5:30 5:45 6:00 6:15 6:30 6:45 7:00 7:15 7:30 7:45 8:00 8:15 8:30 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:45 10:00 10:15 10:30 10:45 11:00 11:15 11:30 11:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:45 1:00 1:15 1:30 1:45 2:00 2:15 2:30 2:45 3:00 3:15 3:30 3:45 4:00 4:15 4:30 4:45 5:00 5:15 5:30 5:45 6:00 6:15 6:30 6:45 7:00 7:15 7:30 7:45 8:00 8:15 8:30 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:45 10:00 10:15 10:30 10:45 11:00 11:15 11:30 11:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:45 1:00 1:15 1:30 1:45 2:00 2:15 2:30 2:45 3:00 3:15 3:30 3:45 4:00 4:15 4:30 4:45 5:00 5:15 5:30 5:45 6:00 6:15 6:30 6:45 7:00 7:15 7:30 7:45 8:00 8:15 8:30 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:45 10:00 10:15 10:30 10:45 11:00 11:15 11:30 11:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:45 1:00 1:15 1:30 1:45 2:00 2:15 2:30 2:45 3:00 3:15 3:30 3:45 4:00 4:15 4:30