Bellefonte, Pa., January 29, 1904.

180 Men Entombed in Coal Mine.

Explosion in Harwick Workings at Cheswick, Pa.-Many are Probably Dead.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 26.-From all that can be gathered, between 180 and 190 men are lying dead in the headings and passageways of the Harwick mine of the Allegheny Coal company at Cheswick, the result of a terrific explosion. Cage after cage has gone down into the mine and come to go up again, but only one miner of all those that went down to work has been brought to the surface. The rescued man is Adolph Gunia, and he is still in a semiconscious condition at the temporary hospital at the rude school nouse on the hillside above the mine.

In addition to the miners who were at work when the explosion occurred, it is now believed by practically all of the men of the rescue party who have come up the 220 foot vertical shaft for a warming and a breathing spell, that Selwyn M. Taylor, the Pittsburg mining engineer, who plotted the mine, and who was the first to reach the bottom after the explosion happened, is also now among the list of dead. Of those in the mine all are prob-

ably dead. The explosion occurred early in the morning, and the first warning was the sudden rumble underground, and then a sheet of flame followed up the deep shaft. Both mine cages were hurled through the tipple, 20 feet above the landing stage, and the three men on the tipple were hurled to the ground. A mule was thrown high above the shaft and fell dead on the ground. The

injured men were brought at once to

this city, where two of them have died

since. As soon as the rumble of the explosion and the crash at the pit mouth startled the little village, the wives and children of the men below rushed to the scene of the disaster, but to gain no encouragement. There was no way to get into the deep workings. The cages that let the men into the mines and brought them out again when the day's work was done were both de-

molished. All day long there was a jam of wailing women and children waiting about the mouth of the pit. There were calls for assistance and for surgical aid from the men in charge of the mine, but it was not until eight hours after the explosion that the first attempt at rescue was made. This was a failure, as the two men who volunteered were driven back by the foul

Selwyn M. Taylor and one of his assistants then signalled for the engineer to lower them into the shaft. Mr. Wood, one of the first of the rescue party hauled to the surface, told his story of the trip through the mine. He said:

'I was with Taylor, and we clambered over three or four falls. Taylor laid out the mine and seemed to know the way. There was one man alive at the foot of the shaft. He was sent up. and then we took the mule path on into the south level, where we saw two men who were alive, and notified those back of us, and then went on. We passed the third, fourth and fifth heading, and then through an overdrift into the air shaft. I began to feel dizzy and sick and then I saw Taylor stagger and fall. His lantern fell. I tried to lift him up, but could not carry him, and I made my own way to safety."

There was great rejoicing among the crowd of 700 or 800 who surrounded the mine this morning when the rescuers came to the surface and announced that Selwyn Taylor and from 50 to 75 miners had been found. Mr. Taylor, who was dead, was brought up in the first bucket. Rescuer North, who went down with Mr. Taylor on the first trip, and came back with young Gunia, remembered on his second trip the route Taylor had planned to take. He followed this, and discovered the engineer in room "B," near the south entrance, and with him, the 50 or 75 others, all uconscious, but alive. The supposition is that Taylor, knowing the mine so well, gathered the others to the room where they were found to await rescue.

H. F. Hutchinson, who gave out the lamps to the miners before they went

to work in the pit, said: "The time when the whistles blow and when every one is supposed to be at work at the mine, I had given out between 180 and 190 lamps.'

"That was one lamp to a man?" "Yes."

"Did any of those lamps come back?" "Not one."

It is said that the force of the explosion was such that every man in the limited space underground must have been instantly killed by the concussion, and it is likely that the interior of the mine is badly wrecked and

caved. Any of the men who might possibly have escaped the shock of the explosion have been probably suffocated by the afterdamp, and mining men think it is hardly likely that any will be brought out alive. The mine, being a new one, and the entries and headings being driven only a short distance, reduces the chances of the men

for escape. They would practically have had no chance after they saw the firedamp coming toward them on the roof of the chamber in a sheet of flame. Following the usual custom of miners. they would throw themselves on their faces, extinguishing their lamps as rapidly as possible. Then, after the flash had passed, they would get up and run for the entrance or for a heading

In the opposite direction to that taken by the firedamp. The deadly afterdamp would overtake them, even if they were not picked up bodily as they ran from the gas, by the force of the explosion, and the only hope that any of them may have escaped and be alive at this time is that they may have secured a hold on the steel rails on which the cars run before the after-damp overtook them and glued their mouths to this. There is always a small, light current of air along the rail, even in the most extreme cases, and in similar explosions this light current has been known to save the lives of the miners.

At the entrance to the mine a great trial in the work of rescue have been the wives and daughters of the men entombed. Beneath the rough exterior of the manager of the mine, according to the men who toil for him, there beats a tender heart, but work was to be done, and as night crowded down over the hills and the women with sad eyes edged nearer to the edge of the black hole, he was forced to send them back. He tried to tell them what he wanted, that he would do the best he could, but still they looked at him appealingly. At last he put his big hands kindly on the shoulders of the foremost, and, turning to the pit, he pointed first there and then to the hamlet, and uttered the one word, "home." Then they went and left the men to do the work of rescue. But the lights were kept burning in their homes all night.

### JAILORS BEATEN INSENSIBLE

Desperate Attempt to Escape From Norristown, Pa., Prison Failed. Norristown, Pa., Jan. 25. - Warden Abraham Gotwals and Night Watchman Samuel Beckwith, of the Montgomery county jail, were murderously assaulted by two prisoners, who made a desperate attempt to escape, but failed. Beckwith was so badly battered up that he had to be taken to the Charity hospital. He received eight or 10 severe scalp wounds. At first it was thought that his skull was fractured. The warden has a half dozen wounds on the head, one of them being of a

serious nature. The prisoners who made the assault are Fred Bond and George Cornwallis. Both were awaiting trial at the March term of court on the charge of larceny. Cornwallis called Beckwith to the cell, saying that he believed that Bond, who occupied the same cell, was seriously ill. Beckwith summoned Warden Gotwals, who, not suspecting anything, immediately entered the cell. The instant he stepped inside, Cornwallis closed the door, and both prisoners seized iron bars and pounded be warden until he became unconscious. This was the work of but a moment. Then the two prisoners left the cell and assaulted Beckwith, who made a desperate attempt to help his chief. Beckwith, who is 70 years of age, was able to make but a weak defense, and under a rain of blows from the iron bars, sank insensible to the floor. Cornwallis then took Beckkwith's keys and revolver, and the two men started

for the main entrance. The noise of the assault aroused oththe corridor with a revolver and met the prisoners on the way to the gate. for farm machinery. Since the use of She pointed her weapon at them and such additional equipment must preordered them to return to their cells. This, with the screams of Mrs. Gotwals' 16-year-old daughter, frightened the men, and their retreated.

The warden revived enough to reach his office and telephone for the police. In the meantime the two escaped men were trying other exits, but did not know the combinations of the locks. Chief of Police Rodenbaugh was soon on the ground. Not being able to escape, the prisoners became thoroughly frightened, and when the chief told them to throw up their hands, they readily did so, begging for mercy, and crying: "Please don't shoot." They were placed in separate dungeons after being stripped and placed in irons.

# KILLED BY MOROS

Lieut. Campbell W. Flake Treacherously Slain Before Moro Cotta. Manila, Jan. 26.-It has just been learned that Lieutenant Campbell W. Flake, of the 22d Infantry, was killed while trying to enter Moro Cotta, Mindanao, for the purpose of examining

the locality. He was accompanied by

Private Foy, of the same regiment. Lieutenant Flake was shot treacherously, the Moros firing on the party while Major Bullard was parleying with them. Moro Cotta was at once taken by assault, with no further loss to the expeditionary forces. The estimated loss among the Moros is 20 killed

### COLONEL LYNCH RELEASED British Officer Was Sentenced to Life

Imprisonment For Treason. London, Jan. 25. - Colonel Arthur Lynch, who commanded the Irish brigade against the British forces during the war in South Africa, and who was afterwards convicted of treason and sentenced to imprisonment for life. was liberated yesterday morning "on license." Lynch has not received the royal pardon.

Religious Maniac Beheads His Sister. Dunkirk, N. Y., Jan. 25.-Miss Hannah Hall, 30 years of age, was murdered at her home in Van Buren by her brother, Isaac Hall, who gave himself up to the police. Hall, who is 33 years old, declares that he obeyed a divine behest when he killed his sister. He attacked her while she was asleep, first shooting her. Then, dragging the wounded woman through the house, he cut her throat and finally placed her neck across a chopping block and completely severed the head from the body. Hall and his sister lived alone, both parents being dead. Until this time Hall was considered a model farmer, and his sister was a great favorite. Hall was religiously inclined, and there is no doubt that he suddenly became insand.

#### STATUES IN ITALY.

When a Monument Is Not a Monu-

ment In Rome or Florence. Rome is in the absurd condition of possessing a monument which the municipal authorities declared nonexistent. Long, long ago a monument was raised to the philosopher Spedalieri, but never unveiled, as there was a difference of opinion about the advisability of having the monument at all. So through sun and rain, wind and hail, the poor statue stood, swathed in its dingy drapery, an eyesore and object of derision to all.

Finally, in the dead of night, to put an end to the scandal and disputes, the police stripped off the old and rotten cloth, and in the morning the Eternal declared that poverty is a social disease City found herself enriched by the and ought to be scientifically studied and ownership of a new work of art. The cured just as if it were a matter of draincitizens laughed and crowded to see what had become a curiosity, but the city fathers were furious, said the police had overstepped their powers and absolutely refused to acknowledge the existence of the monument.

Florence has had a similar experience. A tablet to Gustavo Modena, in his day a celebrated actor and still more celebrated patriot, had been attached to the house in which he lived. But the authorities refused to allow it to be unveiled for fear of provoking an anti-Austrian demonstration, just as in these days when public feeling is in a state of effervescence. Day after day passed until the students made a sudden dash, and, stripping off the cloth, added another interest to the City of Lilies. The municipality here also was highly offended and informed the citi-

zens that the tablet does not exist. All this irresistibly raises the question, "When is a monument not a monument?" When it is in Italy!-Pall Mall Gazette.

### THE USE OF IRON.

Its Effect In the Industrial World as a Barometer of Trade.

There is an old industrial tradition that the iron market is the "barometer of trade." This saying has been ascribed to many modern authorities, ranging from Jay Gould to Andrew Carnegie. As a matter of fact, it is much older than any oracle of this century or the last. It had its origin in were simultaneously rising to importance. The basis for the tradition is that the use of iron and of its products is essential for the prosecution of virtually all other industries. Before the output of miscellaneous manufactures in a community can be much enlarged the industries concerned must be equipped with new tools and new machinery. Before a railroad system can be prepared to transport a greatly increased traffic it must have new rails, new bridges, new stations, new cars and new locomotives. In these days of the steel and iron office building a "boom' in the building trade cannot go far without increasing enormously the de mand for structural iron. Even in the agricultural industry it may be said rs in the jail. Mrs. Gotwals ran into that expansion and prosperity involve necessarily largely increased demand cede any increase in the business of these other trades it naturally follows, first, that demand in the iron market will be felt aggressively even before the other industries have shown full measure of activity, and, second, that if such other industries foresee a period of slack demand and idle mills the first thing they will do will be to reduce their orders from the iron and steel mills.-Alexander D. Noyes in Forum.

# Business Notice.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER.

Medical.

FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE CITIZEN'S STATEMENT IS INVALUABLE TO BELLEFONTE PEOPLE

When a resident of Bellefonte whose statement appears below who has no monetary or other interest in the article which he endorses who is anxious to do his acquaintances and fellow residents a good turn who publishes in this paper his experience with Doan's Kidney Pills that citizens must have good and sufficient reactions. citizens must have good and sufficient rea-son for doing so. The following should dis-pel any doubts which may have existed in the reader's mind on this subject:

William Valence, 226 High street, Night watchman says:" For 2 years or more off and on I had trouble with my back and pain: in the upper part of my spine accompanied by a disagreeable feeling in my head and acute lameness right over my kidneys. At first I thought it was my liver but later found it arose from the kidneys not acting properly. I read of the many cures that had been made in Bellefonte by Doan's Kidney Pills and I got them at F. Potts Green's drug store. They stopped the annoyance from the kidney's and removed the lameness and aching in my back. They did me any amount of good and I do not hesitate to recommend them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.
Foster Milburn Co. Buffalo, N. Y., sole
agent for the U.S.
Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

### Children Deprived of Childhood.

"The laws against childhood are shamelessly and heartlessly violated," said Rabbi Leon Harrison, of St. Louis, in a recent ad-

dress on social problems. The white-faced, puny children in stiffing factories are feeding machines all the livelong day. For them nothing but work, work, work, with poverty and squalor at

"Child labor, do you call it? It is the blasting of the future of these children. What progeny will they bring forth? What manner of harvest are we preparing for ourselves, O men and women America?"

### Poverty a Disease.

In a recent speech made in one of the largest halls in London John Burns, M. P.

age or water supply. "You cannot cure poverty by dealing with individuals," he said. "Poverty is a social thing, just as much as consump-tion is a social thing, and cannot be cured by giving treatment to individuals.

The duty of the city government is to do for the individual what he cannot do for himself, nothing more than this and nothing less. In every large and wealthy city poverty is a disgrace."

VIN-TE-NA, The World's Greatest Ton ic, will cure all forms of Cough, Bronchia Trouble, Coughs of long standing, and the earlier stages of Consumption. When fough syrup fail take VIN-TE-NA and if it achis to benefit you your money will be cleerfully refunded. All druggists. 44-45

-Rev. George W. McIlnay, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Spring Mills, is a popular preacher. He was given a birthday surprise party recently when about thirty members of the congregation called without the formality of previous After July 1st we will Break the Record notice, bringing suitable gifts, for each member of the family. He had previously received a splendid storm overcoat and a gold piece of substautial value.

SAVED FROM TERRIBLE DEATH .- The family of Mrs. M. L. Bobbitt of Bargerton, Tenn., saw her dying and were powerless o save her. The most skillful physicians nd every remedy used failed, while conumption was slowly but surely taking her In this terrible hour Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption turned despair into joy. The first bottle brought immediate relief and its continued use completely cured her. It's the most certain cure in the world for all throat and lung the earliest days of the period when troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c. and iron manufacture and the use of credit \$1.00 Trial bottles free at Green's drug

### New Advertisements.

# AYER'S

Falling hair means weak hair. Then strengthen your hair; feed it with the only hair food, Ayer's Hair Vigor. It checks falling hair, makes the hair

### HAIR VIGOR

grow, completely cures dandruff. And it always restores color to gray hair, all the rich, dark color of early life.

"My hair was falling out badly and was afraid I would loose it all. Then I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor. It quickly stopped the falling and made my hair all I could wish it to be." REBECCA E. ALLEN, Elizabeth, N. J.

J. C. AYER CO., \$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. Lowell, Mass.

-FOR-

# FALLING HAIR

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—The under-Executor's NOTICE.—The underment of Rose McCalmont Shortlidge, deceased,
late of the borough of Bellefonte, requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to her estate
to make immediate payment and those having
claims against said estate to present them, properly, authenticated for payment.

JOHN S. WALKER, Executor,
49-2-6t
Bellefonte, Pa.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. — Letters testamentary on the estate of Katie Murray, late of Patton township, deceased, having been granted the undersigned all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement and those having claims should present them, properly authenticated, for payment. ly authenticated, for payment.
D. L. MEEK, Administrator, 49-1-6t

# Green's Pharmacy.

# OUR BORAX

A glance at our Store

Window will show where the Borax we sell comes

from and because it comes from the right place is the reason it is unex-

GREEN'S PHARMACY Bush House Block.

BELLEFONTE, PA. 44-26-1 v

### Saddlery.

### WHAT SHOULD YOU DO-

DO YOU ASK?

the answer is easy, and your duty is plain .....

-BUY YOUR-HARNESS, NETS,

DUSTERS, WHIPS, PADS, COLLARS, AXEL GREASE and everything you

SCHOFIELD'S.

want at

SCHOFIELD has the largest stock of everything in his line, in the town or

CALL AND EXAMINE AND GET PRICES.

Building Business on Cheap John Goods is an impossibility—that's why we believe it is to your best interest to buy from us. Over thirty-two years in business ought to convince you that our goods and prices have been right.

on Collar Pads.

JAMES SCHOFIELD, Spring street, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Restaurant.

# CITY RESTAURANT.

I have purchased the restaurant of Jas. I. McClure, on Bishop street. It will be my effort and pleasure to serve you to the best of my ability. You will find my restaurant restaurant CLEAN,

FRESH and TIDY. Meals furnished at all hours. Fruits and delicacies to order. Game in season.

COME IN AND TRY IT. CHAS. A. HAZEL.

### Plumbing etc.

CHOOSE YOUR PLUMBER chose your doctor-for effectiveness of work rather than for lowness of price. Judge of our ability as you judged of his-by the work already done. Many very particular people have judged us in this way, and have chosen

us as their plumbers. R. J. SCHAD & BRO. No. 6 N. Allegheny St., BELLEFONTE, PA.

# Travelers Guide.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNA. Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN					_	Nov. 24th, 1902.	READ UP.						
No	1	No 5		No 3		1107. 2401, 1902.		HOLDERS POST LESS		No 4		No 2	
a. n	n.	p.	m.	p. 1	n.	Lve. Ar.	p.	m.	p.	m.	a.	m.	
<b>†7</b> (	00	+6	45	12	40	BELLEFONTE.	9	25	5	15	9	35	
7						Nigh		12		02	9	22	
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7 5		7	07	3	03	HECLA PARK	9	00	4	50	9	10	
7 5	25		09	3	05	Dun kles	8	58	4	48	9	0	
7 :		7	13	3	09	Hublersburg	8	54	4	44		03	
7 3		7	17	3	13	Snydertown	8	50	4	40	8	59	
7 1	35	7	19	3	15	Nittany	8	47	4	37	8	56	
7 3	37	7	21	3	17	Huston	8	44	4	34	8	53	
7 4	41	7	25	3	21	Lamar	8	41	4	31	8	50	
7 4	13	7	27	3	23	Clintondale	8	38	4	28	8	47	
7 4	17	7	31	3	27	Krider's Siding.	8	33	4	23		43	
7 1	51	7	35	3	31	Mackeyville	8	28	4	18		38	
7 :	57		41	3		Cedar Spring				12			
8 (	0ú	7	44	3	40	Salona	8	20	1	10	8	31	

8 05 7 50 3 45 ...MILL HALL... | 18 15 | 14 05 | 18 25 | (Beech Creek R. †8 36 11 30 NEW YORK....... †4 25 7 30 (Via Phila.) Arr. Lve. a. m. p. m. 10 40 9 02 m. a. m. Arr. (Via Tima.) Lve. a. m. 1 + Week Days Ar ... NEW YORK... Lv 4 00 (Via Tamaqua)

\*Daily. †Week Days. PHILADELPHIA SLEEPING CAR attached to East-bound train from Williamsport at 11,30 P. M, and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11,36. J. W. GEPHART. General Superintendent.

RELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAIL-

ROAD.

Schedule to take effect Monday, Apr. 3rd, 1899 read up STATIONS. †No. 5 | †No. 3 | No. fNo. 2 +No. 4

A. M. A.M. Lv Ar. 19 30 6 30 ... Belleforte.... 10 37 6 35 ... Coleville.... 5 10 42 6 38 ... Morris... Whitmer... 10 56 6 50 ... Fillmore... 11 02 6 55 ... Briarly... 11 08 7 00 ... Moddles... 11 08 7 03 ... Lambourn... 11 20 7 12 ... Krumrine... 5 00 11 35 7 25 ...State College... 8 00 1 30 5 45 5 26 5 11 24 7 27 .....Strubles...... 7 45 1 34 5 26 5 15 15 7 35 Pine Grove Cro. 7 35 H. F. THOMAS, Supt.

### Travelers Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES. Schedule in effect November 29th 1903.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.53 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 11.05 a. m., at Altoona, 1.00 p. m., at Pittsburg, 5.50 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p. m., arrive at Tyrone, 2.10 p. m., at Altoona, 3.10 p. m., at Pittsburg, 6.55 p. m.

p. m., at Altoona, 3.10 p. m., at Pittsburg, 6.55 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 4.44 p. m., arrive at Tyrone, 6.00, at Altoona, 6.55, at Pittsburg at 10.45.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.53 a. m., arrive at Tyrone, 11.05, a. m. at Harrisburg, 2.40 p. m., at Philadelphia, 5.47. p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 1.05 p. m., arrive at Tyrone, 2.10 p. m., at Harrisburg, 6.35 p. m., at Philadelphia, 9.28 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 4.44 p. m., arrive at Tyrone, 6.00 p. m., at Harrisburg, at 10.00 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—WESTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 1.25 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p. m., arrive at Buffalo, 7.40 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.32 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven 10.30, a. m. leave Williamsport, 12.40 p. m., arrive at Harrisburg, 3.15 p. m., at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 1.25 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven 10.30, a. m. leave Williamsport, 12.40 p. m., arrive at Bellefonte, 1.25 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 p. m.

rive at Harrisburg, 5.35 p. m. at 6.23 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 1.25 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p. m., leave Williamsport, at 2.53, p. m., arrived Harrisburg, 5.00 p. m., Philadelphia arrived Harrisodis, 7.32 p. m. 1.32 p. m. Leave Bellefonte, 8.16 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 9.15 p. m., leave Williamsport, 1.35 a. m., arrive at Harrisburg, 4.15 a. m., arrive at Philadelphia at 7.17 a. m.

Via Lewisburg.

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte, at 6.40 a. m., arrive at Lewisburg, at 9.05 a. m., Montandon, 9.15, Harrisburg, 11.30 a. m., Philadelphia, 3.17 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 2:00 p. m., arrive at Lewisburg, 4.25, p. m. at Harrisburg, 6.50 p. m., Philadelphia at 10.47 p. m.

For full information, time tables, &c., call on ticket agent, or address Thos. E. Watt. Passenger Agent Western District, No.360 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD, R. R.

NORTHWARD Nov. 29th 1903 

On SUNDAYS - a train leaves Tyrone at 8:00 a. m. making all the regular stops through to Grampian, arriving there at 11:05. Returning it leaves Grampian at 2:50 p. m., and arrives in Tyrone at 5:35

# BALD LAGLE VALLEY BRANCH.

Nov. 29th, 1903 

On Sundays there is one train each way on the B. E. V. It runs on the same schedule as the morning train leaving Tyrone at 8:10 a. m., week days. And the afternoon train leaving Lock

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD.

P. M. A. M. Ar. LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD.

EASTWARD. UPPER END. Nov. 29th,1903 

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH. Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 29th 1903. Mix | Mix | Stations. | Mix | Mix 5 00 9 53 Lv....Bellefonte... 5 10 10 01 .....Milesburg. 

"f" stop on signal. Week days only.
W, W. ATTERBURY, J R. WOOD. General Passenger Agent.

### Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN on good security for rent.
J. M. KEICHLINE,