

Ink Stings.

STROM went to Milesburg, but he isn't going to Harrisburg.

Now watch the real improved O. I. C. get its front feet back into the public trough.

MALIN's cow market in Penn township didn't turn out according to "Me Too's" predictions.

We haven't much to be thankful for, but we are very thankful for what we did get.

The Democrats didn't get even a "look in" in Clinton county. All the offices went to the other fellows.

It has been worse before. Many's the time. Many's the time.

And they say EARLY-BIRD CHESTERFIELD TUTEN saw the new moon over his right shoulder the evening before the election.

Remember that the election closed Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. All your little scraps should have ended with the closing of the polls.

The result in Centre county, no matter how it might have turned out, couldn't have pleased everybody. But everybody will live on just the same.

When we see what boodle accomplishes in the adjoining counties of Clearfield and Clinton, we can congratulate ourselves that we are Centre county Democrats.

If your neighbor called you a liar and offered to smack your mouth before election. Forgive and forget it and be thankful that he didn't carry out his threat.

The scramble for the appointive offices has begun. S. E. Goss, of Ferguson, EDWARD HANCOCK, of Boggs, and J. H. OLIGER, of Spring, would like to be commissioners clerk.

It will be discovered, before three years go around, that Mr. HUMPTON can stand his defeat for Commissioner much better than the taxpayers, who allowed it to be accomplished will.

Phrophey and fulfillment are considerably apart in Col. REEDER's calculations on results in Centre county. His claim of 300 majority for PENNYPACKER turned out to be more than that for the other fellow.

Mr. LOWRY may not be quite as wealthy as he was a few weeks ago but he is evidently a wiser man. He, at least, knows what it is to be a candidate for a crowd that has other fellows it would rather have win.

HENRY LOWRY has the Keystone Gazette to thank for a very large slice of the sentiment that contributed to his defeat, while PHILIP MEYER should feel grateful to it for the way it helped him to victory.

With PATTON's majority run away a bove 2,000 in Clearfield county the hopelessness of HEINLE's fight becomes very apparent. He made a grand one, however, and comes out of it with flying colors though without the office.

Now that it is all over and done Juvenile JOHN didn't make such a bad showing with his Republican after all. What he did do was clean and fair and the public is of the opinion that it had far more potency than the up town dog's head.

There seems to be a vast difference in the people of New York and Pennsylvania. In the former State it has been discovered that the country-folk do the cheating and repeating at elections, while the city vote is honest. In Pennsylvania the exact reverse is the case.

When SOLOMON DRESSER was here a few weeks ago he boasted that he would make Centre a Republican county. When he returns and discovers the little that was accomplished with all his blaw and hoodle he may possibly revise his ideas—or try to steal another patent.

It is later on that the Democratic voters of the county will discover the mistake they have made in allowing Governor HASTINGS to boss the county assessments and the county finances. It is then that they will feel the effects of failing to elect so good a man as HUMPTON. We hope they will all live to learn and mark this prediction, that before two years go around three-fourths of the people of Centre county will feel like going out behind their barns and kicking themselves for placing the control of the county finances in the hands of those who will manage these affairs after the first of January next.

When It Will Come.

From the way they voted on Tuesday last the people of Pennsylvania are evidently contented with the kind of government they are having, and the kind they must surely know they will continue to get from the robbers and rooters who control the dominant party. And we pray the good Lord they may get all they want of it.

There is some times, a cure for vicious habits in a surfeit of those things which perverted tastes or base desires crave. Even the stomach rebels against the excesses that greed will stuff into it, and it may come to this with the tax payers and people of Pennsylvania. They may yet get enough of franchise steals, of ripper measures, of corporate control, of profligate administration and the private wrongs and public outrages they have voted to endorse and continue.

Until they do there is little hope for the redemption of Pennsylvania.

Democratic Watchman

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The Results of Tuesday's Voting.

If either party has reason to rejoice over the result of the elections of Tuesday last it certainly is not the party that seemingly had the victory. From Massachusetts to Texas and from the Atlantic Coast States to the Rocky Mountains, with the single exception of Pennsylvania, the elections point to the beginning of the breaking up of Republicanism. Even in this machine shackled and repeater-ridden Commonwealth there are indications that the people are breaking away from the machine and that as soon as honest elections can be had there will be an end to ring-rule and Republican majorities within it. Overwhelming as the vote for Pennypacker appears to be it is not what the people of Pennsylvania made it, but what the ballot frauds in the two great cities of the State were able to accomplish. There must be a day of reckoning for this ballot fraud business and when it comes Pennsylvania will be Democratic.

Beginning with Massachusetts the Democrats succeeded in electing three of the fourteen members of Congress and in reducing the Republican majority on the state ticket to less than one-half what it has formerly been.

NEW HAMPSHIRE shows up with but 9000 Republican majority as against former majorities from twenty to thirty thousand.

RHODE ISLAND, for the first time in years and years, elects a Democratic Governor, and secures one of the two members of Congress.

NEW YORK, that has been considered hopelessly Republican is at this writing in doubt, both parties claiming the election of their Governor. The delegation in Congress from that State will be 18 Democrats and 19 Republicans while the Senate and Legislature will be chosen. The results puts New York in the doubtful column for the coming presidential election and gives hope that the end of imperialism and trusts is in sight.

NEW JERSEY comes to the front with decided Democratic gains in every district. While there was no state ticket in the field the contest was exceedingly spirited for Congressmen and Legislators and every indication gives color to the general belief that that hit-place of corporate franchises has surfeited of Republicanism and is ready to return to the faith that so long held it in the Democratic column.

DELAWARE for the first time in years elects its Democratic Congressmen and a Legislature that will secure to the Democracy at least one member of the United States Senate. A substantial gain.

MARYLAND, that has been considered substantially Republican since 1896, makes a Democratic gain of two Congressmen and shows a clean Democratic majority on its total vote.

Every State in the South, from the Maryland line to the Gulf of Mexico, comes up smiling with its increased majorities for their Democratic nominees and not in a single instance is there any sign of wavering or doubt as to conditions existing in that section. It is still solidly Democratic.

OHIO sticks to her Republican idols and shows an increased Republican majority for its state ticket. Of the twenty-one Congressmen elected but four are conceded to the Democracy.

INDIANA shows no decided victory for either side. The Republican state ticket has about 20,000 majority, or ten thousand less than usual, while the congressional delegation will have the same as in the present Congress, four Democrats and nine Republicans.

IOWA has not any encouragement for the Republicans. For the first time in eight years the Democrats succeeded in electing one member of Congress, and were able to reduce the majority of the Republican state ticket to less than one-half what it has formerly been.

MISSOURI's complete returns from all parts of the State show the election of the Democratic state ticket, a safe Democratic majority in the Legislature that will select a successor to United States Senator G. G. VEST, and the election of 15 Democrats out of 16 Congressmen. RICHARD BARTHOLD, who was re-elected to Congress from the Eleventh district, was the only successful Republican candidate. The Democratic majority in St. Louis on the state and city tickets is 7,000.

MINNESOTA, elects Governor VAN SANT (Rep.) who made a personal campaign for an endorsement of his action in starting the so-called anti-merger fight, by a plurality of between 40,000 and 50,000. Eight Congressmen have been elected by the Republicans. In the Fifth district half

the precincts give LIND (Dem.) over 600 the best of it, and his victory seems safe by over 1000.

NEBRASKA Republicans have elected five of the six Congressmen in Nebraska. The Second district is the only one carried by the Fusionists, Hitcock defeating Mercer. It is now claimed that Micoe, Republican, is elected Governor by about 2,000 with the entire Republican state ticket.

MICHIGAN revised returns show a total vote for Bliss (Rep.) of 47,414 and for Durand (Dem.) 47,650, giving Governor Bliss a plurality of 32,764. Governor Bliss ran 11,870 behind Fred M. Warner (Rep.), candidate for Secretary of State. In Detroit, Mayor William C. Maybury (Dem.) polled a total of 54,507, Dr. J. H. Corsten, his Republican opponent, getting 21,812, a plurality for Maybury of 2,695.

IN KANSAS the Republicans elect a good majority of the Legislature, and all state officers and a large part of the county officers.

WISCONSIN is Republican by less than 30,000 and one of its eleven members of Congress is a Democrat.

UTAH elects its Republican ticket and gives both branches of its Legislature to that party, which will secure the election of APOSTLE REED SMOOT, of the Mormon church, to the United States Senate.

Colorado, Montana, Idaho and Wyoming stick to Republicanism and will be represented in Washington by members of that political faith.

NEVADA goes Democratic and will return a Democratic United States Senator in place of Senator JONES, who was elected as a Republican.

CALIFORNIA elects its state ticket by a reduced Republican majority and shows a gain of two Democratic members of Congress.

The Result in Centre County.

While the result of Tuesday's contest in this county was not what the WATCHMAN had hoped it would be it was not altogether a surprise. It has been evident for several years that the margin of votes on which the Democracy has had to build its hope has been very small and this, coupled with the old fashioned notion that many of our voters have in the large precincts that the county is safely Democratic and their votes will not be needed, is the primary cause of the loss of the offices of Commissioner, Treasurer, Auditors and Coroner. Recognizing the fact that the margin is small and that every vote is needed it is readily seen how easy it is to overturn the will of the people by the corrupting influence of the great floods of money that were poured into this county through the candidacy of Mr. DRESSER and Mr. PATTON. Both are very rich men and a few thousand dollars, placed where those most eager to take it were to be located, was a matter of little consequence. To offset this powerful persuader the Democrats had practically nothing but the personalities of their nominees and it is surprising that more of them did not go down.

There is nothing in the returns to indicate that Centre is not a Democratic county. While there was an increased poll of from 1100 to 700 over the vote of 1899 the increase is remarkably proportionate between the two parties. This develops the fact that the Democratic strength is being augmented, for while the increase in the vote is confined almost exclusively to Republican precincts there is an evident falling off of the vote in the Democratic districts.

So far as estimating the relative strength of the parties from the vote on the head of the ticket or that for auditors—as was the practice years ago—is concerned, conditions are such now that a comparison would be altogether unreliable. With a voter once behind the curtain there is no accounting for the strangely marked up ballot that is made, so that the only fair estimate now-a-days must be based on a comparative table showing the average of the total votes.

The defeat of Mr. CARLIN is in no way a reflection on that worthy gentleman. Almost every penny of the vast sums put into the fight in the interest of DRESSER and PATTON was made to serve the purpose of HASTINGS to elect FOSTER at any price. The latter has been identified with the HASTINGS faction all his life and the reward of his fealty is shown in the result emphasizing the pre-election assertions of the WATCHMAN that the fight would be strenuous for Treasurer because of the additional incentive of having the county funds at the disposal of the HASTINGS bank.

Mr. HUMPTON's defeat was purely accidental. He was recognized in every quarter as being a desirable man for the office of Commissioner and it was generally believed that he would be elected under any conditions. Acting upon this belief there was an extraordinary effort put forth in behalf of his running mate, upon whom the entire brunt of the fight had settled, with the result that the failure to properly distribute the work compassed HUMPTON's downfall. He is young, however, and has the good sense to accept the outcome gracefully and it will be found, ere long, that a great mistake was made in defeating him.

Enforce the Constitution.

The anthracite coal strike is ended and apparently on terms that will be just to the miners. In other words Commissioner CARROLL D. WRIGHT announced the other day that if it is determined by the tribunal to allow the miners a raise in wages the change would date from November first. There can hardly be a doubt of the tribunal agreeing to an increase. The expenses of living have advanced greatly since the last adjustment of wages and the price of coal has gone up considerably since. Under the circumstances there ought to be some increase in the wages of the miners. It is to be hoped that they will also receive other concessions.

But the obligations of the authorities won't end with increasing the wages of the miners. They are entitled to justice in dealing with their employers. That is when they mine a ton of coal they are entitled to the wages agreed on for mining a ton, instead of a trifle more than half, as has been the custom and they are entitled to the supplies which they use in mining the coal at a just price at the company stores or the privilege of buying it at any other store which keeps it in stock. If those things are gained the miners will have little to complain of with respect to their greatest grievance. But the people still have grounds for complaint.

When the President intervened to stop the strike he said there was a third party in interest, which was the public. Even if the miners get all they ask, therefore the accounts will not be settled until the complaints of the people are satisfied. The people have a right to demand the complete fulfillment of the laws. The coal trust has been violating the constitution of Pennsylvania every day since it was organized. It is the duty of the authorities to enforce the provisions of the constitution against the trust. Senators QUAY and PENROSE pretended a great concern for the miners recently. If they will enforce the organic law of the State the miners will be secure in their rights.

One Surprising Feature.

One of the singular features of the late campaign in this State was the apparent indifference of what may be justly called the moral element to the result. Here and there a preacher reverted to the subject of morality in politics, but it was something like a passing notice or casual observation and made no more impression on the public mind than the traditional water on a duck's back. Yet it may be assumed that if the clergy had taken hold of the matter in earnest and pressed it to a finish they would have been able to make themselves felt in the vote. At least we may be permitted to hope such is the case.

There never has been greater reason for considering that feature of the contest. It was a campaign which brought that question into bold relief. On one side the campaign was notoriously corrupt. The candidate had been nominated by the most open bribery and corruption. The head of the machine, himself, notoriously and flagrantly defiant of the laws of morality took command and put all the evil forces in motion to compass the success of his plans and with the infrequent and unimportant exceptions referred to the clergy remained silent. It would seem that ballot box stuffing and other forms of political venality give them no concern.

Even the prohibitionists took no notice of the palpable obligation which was upon them and it was even suspected by many during the campaign that some of the officials of that organization were on the payroll of the machine. The fact that they work so assiduously to take votes from PATTON who is, morally speaking, a model in order to make more certain the success of the QUAY machine would justify the suspicion that there was something wrong. In the campaign all the moral forces ought to have been moving together to beat the atrocious machine but as a matter of fact it was every fellow for himself and the devil take the hindmost.

Quay's Peculiar Case.

It is to be hoped that the threatened prosecution of Senator QUAY for violation of the civil service laws will not be abandoned now that the election is over. The charges are that the Senator, as chairman of the Republican state committee solicited contributions to the Republican campaign fund from federal officers. That is a crime if committed by any one. If a Senator or Representative in Congress does it a double crime is committed. That is to say it is a crime to ask an officer of the federal government to contribute and it is equally criminal for a Senator to ask any one. QUAY has publicly admitted that he violated both provisions of the law.

Soon after QUAY had collected all the money that he could hope to get he published a letter withdrawing the request for contributions alleging at the same time that he didn't know until then that it was against the law. A week later the Attorney General Sharply rebuked the Senator in report to the President and the President condemned the action in an order

directing the United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania to investigate and in the event the facts justified the action to begin proceedings. The District Attorney, who is a QUAY adherent, hasn't begun proceedings as yet and there are reasons to fear that he won't know that the election is over.

The President can hardly afford to allow this affair to drop out of sight in that way. He is under obligations to enforce the laws against all sorts of offenders. In fact it is infinitely more important that so glaring a case as QUAY's should be prosecuted than that some obscure criminal should be punished for passing counterfeit money, conducting an illicit still or using a cancelled postage stamp. If either of those crimes had been committed the punishment would have been swift and severe. The authorities can't endure that kind of crime. But it looks as if they looked with lenient eyes on crooks in high life and that QUAY will go scot free, though his guilt stands confessed.

Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., November 5.—Substantial gains for the Democrats are shown by the complete returns for the state ticket. They elected their candidate for Governor and Lieutenant Governor and their congressional candidate in the first district. Besides, they cut down the Republican lead in the lower House of the Legislature by securing thirty-six members as against a like number for the Republicans. The Senate, however, remains overwhelmingly Republican, with a representation of 28 to 37 members.

The Republican majority in the general assembly on joint ballot gives that party control of the appointive state and county offices. Mayor D. L. D. Granger (Democrat), of Providence, was elected congressman in the East district over Melville Ball (Republican), of Newport, the present incumbent. In the Second district, A. B. Capron (Republican), was re-elected by a plurality of 800 against 4,000 two years ago.

The vote cast was the largest in the State.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 5.—Complete returns from San Francisco and partial returns from all over the State indicate that George C. Pardee, the Republican candidate for Governor, is elected by a majority of 2,000 to 3,000. The plurality of 9,000 given by San Francisco to F. K. Lane, the Democratic nominee, has been almost wiped out by Republican majorities in the interior counties. The Republicans undoubtedly have elected him.

The Legislature, which will choose a United States Senator, is largely Republican on joint ballot. The Republicans have vote of 204 Republicans to 179 Democrats, with one district, the Eight Tennessee, and two California districts so much in doubt that the official returns will be needed to decide the result. The totals given are believed to be correct, although there are a few districts, such as two in Colorado and one in Minnesota where the Republican and Democratic party managers, respectively, do not concede defeat, but the general result could not be affected even should their claims prove well founded.

The First and Second districts are still undecided, with Democratic leaning.

Next House Will be Republicans.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—The latest returns received up to 10.30 o'clock tonight show that the Republicans (including in the description the fusionists elected from the Pittsburgh-Allegheny district in Pennsylvania) will control the next house by a vote of 204 Republicans to 179 Democrats, with one district, the Eight Tennessee, and two California districts so much in doubt that the official returns will be needed to decide the result. The totals given are believed to be correct, although there are a few districts, such as two in Colorado and one in Minnesota where the Republican and Democratic party managers, respectively, do not concede defeat, but the general result could not be affected even should their claims prove well founded.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE, November 5.—Complete returns from city and State show that Maryland's representation in the next house will be four Republicans and two Democrats—a gain of two seats for the Democrats. Except in city two districts—the Third and Fourth—the candidates were elected by comfortable pluralities. Wachter, Republican, in the Third, has 159 plurality, with one precinct in dispute, which, when counted, it is thought, will swell his plurality over Meyer, Democrat, to 200. Denny, Democrat, in the Fourth, has 395 plurality over Schirm, Republican.

Two loan ordinances for municipal improvements in this city were endorsed by nearly 30,000 majority.

Idaho.

BOISE, Ida., November 5.—Returns from the state confirm figures sent out last night showing the election of the entire Republican state and congressional ticket. A Republican majority on joint ballot seems assured and W. E. Corang probably will succeed Senator Heitfeld in the Senate.

Democratic State Chairman Donnelly concedes the election of the entire Republican ticket, but claims that the Republicans will have one less than a majority on joint ballot in the Legislature. Republican leaders claim their majority will be thirteen.

Pennsylvania's Congressional Delegation.

PHILADELPHIA, November 5.—Of the thirty-two Pennsylvania Congressmen elected yesterday twenty-eight Republicans and four Democrats, the latter being George F. Howell, Tenth district; Marcus C. Kline, Thirteenth district; Charles H. Dickerman, Sixteenth district; and Joseph H. Skull, Twenty-sixth district.

Kansas.

TOPEKA, November 5.—The Republican victory in Kansas is complete. A good majority of the Legislature, all the state offices and a large part of the county offices were taken by the Republicans.

Spawns from the Keystone.

A twelve-year-old child of Alexander Heckman, residing near Temple, Berks county, was accidentally shot and killed by a younger brother Saturday afternoon. The father, who had been hunting, left his gun standing in the kitchen.

Marshall Johnson, of Cross Forks, who was struck on the back of the head by a flying log four weeks ago, his skull being split from the base to the nose, is still alive. Physicians said that he could not live more than a few hours, and have repeated the assertion at every visit since.

Pennsylvania railroad stock was placed upon a full six per cent. basis on Saturday by action of its directors in declaring a semi-annual dividend of three per cent. for a year. The dividend declared is payable on and after November 29th, to stockholders of record at the close of business on November 5th.

Hearing a man trying to unlock her front door and discovering that her house was surrounded during the absence of her husband Friday night, Mrs. J. H. Anderson, of Sharon Hill, near Chester got a revolver, opened a window and fired. Three men soon scampered down the road and there was no burglary.

The Altoona hospital during the past year has been crowded, and there is hardly a time that its fifty-two beds are not occupied. During the month of October there were 925 patients treated at the hospital. At the present time the regular quarters are too small to accommodate the patients and extra cots have been placed in the sun parlors.

H. F. Dello, a farmer of Fulton county, recently plowed up a bottle containing one hundred \$50 bank notes and \$5 gold pieces. The money when spread out and counted almost took his breath, and he ran at once to his home, a mile distant. It is supposed to have been buried by Lewis, a high-wayman, who operated in that section fifty years ago.

In West Altoona late Monday night while a party became hilarious at the home of Mrs. Rachel Lingenfelter, they became annoyed at the actions of a crowd of boys who congregated on the outside. A shot was fired from within, which took effect in the neck of 15 year old Ambrose Gehl. He died shortly after. Blaine and Berry Dodson were arrested charged with the crime.

Helen Stack, aged 22 years, was burned to death and her brother, Patrick, was painfully burned in a fire which destroyed their home two miles from Bradford early Monday morning. Several farm hands had narrow escapes. They found safety by jumping from upper windows. A lamp exploded in Miss Stack's room and the flames quickly spread, destroying the home before aid could reach the spot.

Edgar W. Hunt, aged 19 years, an employe of the York Bridge company, through a wound received by the discharge of his gun Friday afternoon, died at the York Hospital that evening. He and a friend were on a hunting expedition and stopped at Highland park for a rest, taking a seat on the back of a bench. Upon attempting to step down, his foot or pantaloons caught the trigger, discharging the gun.

Rev. Isaac Krider has been elected as pastor of the Hartleton charge, same to take effect on Dec. 1st. Rev. Krider has been pastor of the Lutheran church at Duncansville for the past twelve and one-half years. During that time he married 129 couples, officiated at 233 funerals, baptized 291 persons and received 418 persons into church fellowship. In pastoral work during that period he traveled over 20,000 miles, and raised for all objects and salary \$15,000.

By the death of Hiram Augustus Corson, a bachelor farmer of Linden, a number of charitable institutions in Williamsport and Linden have received bequests. To the Williamsport Home of the Friendless he bequeathed \$500, Dickinson Seminary \$300, Y. M. C. A. \$300, Newberry and Lind co. M. E. churches each \$900 to be used in helping young men to prepare for the ministry and the balance to the Memorial Baptist and Linden Methodist Episcopal churches.

The Blair county banking company, a financial institution organized in Tyrone in 1874, will shortly be merged into the Blair county National bank, a new concern recently organized with the following list of officers: President, Alexander G. Morris; vice president, James N. Thompson; cashier, Thomas J. Gates; directors, A. G. Morris, H. L. Sholley, A. B. Gilliam, H. M. Gray, J. N. Thompson, S. E. Stewart and W. L. Hicks. It is expected that it will be ready to open Dec. 1st next with a capital of \$100,000 and a surplus of \$25,000.

G. H. Walters, known to thousands of Atlantic City visitors as "Prof." Walters, an eccentric boardwalk character, is dying in a cottage on North Vermont avenue from pneumonia. He is now under the care of the city authorities. Walters' home is in Westminster, Md., but he has been a character in Atlantic City for ten years or more. He claims that he is a college graduate and that he studied to become a pharmacist, but was forced to give it up on account of impaired health.

Fifteen Birmingham boys who observed Halloween rather enthusiastically, found themselves defendants in a suit before Justice J. M. Stonerode last Saturday, the prosecutor, William Hamer, charging the lads with destroying his fence, window panes and other property to the damage of about \$8. Joseph Madison told the tale for the prosecutor, and Edward Crowell Jr., talked eloquently for the young defendants, tracing the privileges accorded on Halloween in Birmingham since that village was founded more than a century ago. The "squire fined each of the boys 44 cents, and the result was hailed as a victory for lawyer pro tem Crowell.

Leo Monaghan, aged 15 years, of Lock Haven, and a boy named Wilson, were hunting on the mountain at Wetham. They had shot a pleasant and a squirrel and while walking along saw the fresh tracks of a bear. A short distance away Leo saw something black in the bushes. He stepped over into a clump of bushes that was ahead of the animal. Leo waited and when the bear was within about six feet of him he shot it. He only had No. 6 shot in his gun, but the bear got the full charge. The animal bellowed loudly, whereupon Leo shot it again, this time killing it. He and his companion dragged the bear down the mountain to the river and had it taken home. The bear weighed about 150 pounds.