

FARM NOTES.

Salt put on manure heaps will tend to prevent firebranding.

If your old strawberry patch does not give promise of bearing a satisfactory crop of berries plow it and use it as a garden plot.

There is a difference of men as well as in animals. Some will get more profit from a given animal and a given amount of food than will another. Is not that your experience?

More pigs are lost in the summer season from improper feeding than from any other cause. They are compelled to consume foods that are not conducive to thrift, and which lead to disease in the herds. Some feeders keep sops in barrels, which ferment until sour, having a very disagreeable odor, the pigs being fed largely upon the sop. This kind of food is more injurious in summer than in winter, as it incites bowel disease. The best sop is milk and bran freshly made, with grass, vegetables and plenty of pure water, which will induce growth and keep the pigs in good condition.

The dairy business is one that is open to any enterprising farmer who will make it a point to deviate from the methods now practiced on some farms. A visit to many dairy farms will disclose the fact that but little regard is given to matters that are essential to securing high prices. Cleanliness in the stable is more important than in the dairy. Cows are frequently milked with their bodies plastered with manure, and even the teats and udders are often filthy. Milking is done in a hurry, and it goes to market containing filth in a soluble form which the strainer cannot remove. All dairy farms are not conducted in such a slovenly manner, but there are hundreds of dairy farms upon which thorough cleanliness is lacking. Each cow should be kept clean, her hide brushed, udder washed and the stalls made clean. There should be no filth in the stable, and the hands of the milkers should be washed clean before beginning the work of milking.

Care should be taken in cribbing corn to protect it against rats. Cribbs should be raised from the ground so that the floor can not be gnawed through and the posts should be so guarded that they cannot be climbed. I know of no better plan than the old one of covering the top of each post with a galvanized iron pan, extending out so that the rats cannot climb around it; strips of galvanized iron, flaring out around the top of the post, flaring outward and downward, like the eaves of a house, so that the rat can't pass the obstruction. Cribbs should not be near other buildings, and everywhere care should be taken to avoid building rat harbors. The pests of rats does not stop with mere loss of the grain they consume, although when corn is 50 cents per bushel this loss is well nigh intolerable; they visit dwelling and poultry yard, and everything about the farm suffers. All should begin at the beginning to reduce this nuisance by cribbing the corn so that there will be no encouragement to the rat family.

The careless dairyman has no possible excuse for existence. His cans are more than likely to be rinsed in run water. If hot water chases to be convenient, they may be scalded over in a week or two. If he makes butter at home, he does it without a thermometer. The youngest child who can turn the handle of the dasher is placed at the churn, and told to remain until he hears the buttermilk "blasting round!" This man, if he insists on keeping cows, should take his milk to a creamery and buy his butter there. He is a fossil, not a dairyman.

But, if a man can keep his milk clean every day in the year, if he can be interested in the business, if he can be thoroughly convinced of the virtues of water actually at boiling point as the only destruction of germs of ill flavor, if he can watch over his cream and control its ripening, and churn with his thermometer and his understanding as well as with his hands, if he can be enthusiastic over the grain of his water and keep before his mind's eye the perfect product, rather than the dollars and cents represented by it—then he has found his vocation and is likely to do it credit.—Edith Evans before the Arizona Agricultural Association.

The culture of celery has spread over all the United States. Originally it was a mere garden crop, being grown in very small quantities. Now, however, its culture has so extended that it may be considered both a garden and a field crop. It is grown from Maine to Louisiana and from the Atlantic to the Pacific. No less than 25 stations have made experiments with it and reported results in bulletins. Its first culture began near New York in 1558, and Peter Henderson was one of the first growers.

This plant grows wild in England and some parts of Europe. It has generally been supposed that celery was not cultivated till this century, but this is declared to be a mistake. It is declared that its cultivation dates back at least 2,000 years, though it was used only as a medicinal herb principally. Not till the century that just closed did it become a common garden vegetable. The plant has been developed in two ways; in one, the bottom has been enlarged into a turnip-like root. This is eaten by Europeans under the name of celeriac. In the other development the stalk has been rendered large and tender, and this is the form in which we know it in this country.

The land largely used for the growing of celery in this country is reclaimed swamp and marsh land. This gives a rich, deep, loose soil, just suited to celery. Such lands can be used only when thoroughly drained. Here it makes a larger growth than on the uplands, but the plant grown on the uplands is frequently of better flavor. The time of seed sowing depends on when the celery is wanted for use. To get an early crop seed can be sown in the house as early as February. The soil is kept moist and the boxes away from sunlight. When the plants begin to appear they should be gradually accustomed to the light. It is better to transplant them once or twice before removing them to the open garden.

The soil must be made rich, if good results are expected. The plant feeds most used are nitrogen and potash. When the plants are about ten inches high, the celery that is wanted for fall use should be banked up to blanch it, and this operation should be repeated as the tops grow. The celery intended for winter storing should be earthed sufficiently to induce the stalks to grow upright.—Farmer's Review.

FOR AND ABOUT WOMEN.

A house is built of bricks and stones, of studds and posts and pliers. But a home is built of loving deeds that stand a thousand years.

A house, though but a humble cot, within its walls may hold A home of priceless beauty, rich in Love's eternal gold.

The men of earth build houses—halls and chambers, roofs and domes— But the women of the earth—God knows!—the women build the homes.

Ever could not stray from Paradise, for, oh, no matter where Her gracious presence lit the way, lo! Paradise was there.

Very artistic among the new wall-papers are the foliage-papers with floral "erows" —for instance, the paper for the side-walls will be in a design of clover leaves with a crown of big pink clover blossoms and daisies of plain green. Or fancy a room which has walls covered with a paper upon the cream white ground which is an effectively drawn and colored design of the green leaves and stems of the gladiolus "crowned" by a mass of gladioluses, in brilliant coloring and arranged in a hedge of flaming tints.

Lace collars are especially useful. For the amateur dressmaker a lace collar covers a multitude of sins. The cut of waist across the shoulders does not so much matter if there is a wide lace collar to cover it. The tendency toward Irish crochet and Irish lace of every description, both fine and coarse, is one of the noticeable features of fashion.

It should be a positive duty in every well-regulated home to come down to breakfast with a cheerful morning face, to greet with nothing and to talk of pleasant things.

The large hats draped around the brim with lace scarfs with hanging ends at the back are undeniably picturesque on the tall, lily-like type of femininity, but the roly-poly little woman may as well make up her mind that this sort of chapeau does not go well with her particular style of beauty.

Dr. S. Weir Mitchell deliberately maintains that for all the best purposes of female society it would be better that American girls were not educated at all until they were 17, than that they be overwrought, as they are at present. They study seven or eight hours a day when two or three would be sufficient to keep their intelligence in training—and all for what? To spend their after years on a sofa or sick room, and to be a burden instead of a help to those who are dearest to them.

It is a tremendous saying, from one speaking with authority, that as much domestic unhappiness is caused in America by nervousness among women as by drinking among men. Yet such is Dr. Mitchell's verdict.

If girls are maintained in a normal nervous condition until they are 17 they may study as hard as they please afterward without imperiling the woman's life. But let there be no mistake about it. Overwork and unnatural worry from 8 or 9 to 17 mean early and wretchedness from 17 until early death.

Every woman is dealing more or less earnestly just now with the question of her summer silk gown. The question is whether she shall buy a moire foulard, an embroidered pongee, a taffeta crepe or a sheeny figured loisine. Of course for the pure fashion of the thing a bicolor brown, hand-woven, embroidered pongee must be gravely considered. It comes done up in a box, needleworked in rich oriental designs and colors, and very often it shows a thread of gold among the beautiful teds or greens of the applied designs. There is nothing cooler and more durable than a pongee, and it positively invites the use of all semi-oriental jewelry, dull Burma-gold buckles set with cloudy emeralds, etc.

When it is a foulard or China silk that comes under discussion and incorporation into a gown for usual summer wearing, embroidered muslin or yellow batiste is what the dressmaker demands as the decorative associate of either.

The fashionable skirt of the moment is less trained, but still very long in front and at the sides, and just rounded at the back; they fit closely all round the hips, and are very full from the knee. For morning wear the tailor frock of course prevails, and either little boleros or long coats are worn. The little short jacket has almost entirely disappeared, and in its stead is a three-quarter length, with square back and straight front, much stitched and strapped and silk-embroidered. The smartest of all are made of black taffetas

In the spring, as in the fall, the natural thinning of her locks causes more than one woman to dream of permanent and premature baldness. In fact, while it is well enough to keep from worrying, still an impoverished scalp is not likely to rectify itself in a hurry and it isn't a case where time is of no account.

There are one or two important points that are worth noticing in connection with the care of hair. For one thing, the use of soda and of ammonia in washing the hair is not to be encouraged.

The one causes it to break and fall out, the other has a whitening tendency. Two of the best shampooing mixtures have egg yolks as their foundation.

For instance, beat the yolk of an egg and half a teaspoonful of lemon juice together and add to the water in which the hair is washed, using clear water for rinsing. Again mix together one beaten yolk of egg and one ounce of rosemary spirits.

Other shampooing mixtures are: One ounce of powdered borax, twenty drops of camphor and ten drops of bergamot in two of water, one ounce of glycerine, two ounces of alcohol and ten drops of any chosen perfume in one quart of water, one ounce of powdered borax, one ounce of rosemary, one ounce of alcohol and three ounces of rosewater in one quart of water.

Using any of these mixtures, the proper way to shampoo the hair is to part it down the back of the head, comb the two strands out, trying them securely as near the head as possible and then wash both scalp and hair thoroughly.

The water must be tepid and the rinsing water cold. It is even better to braid the hair loosely before washing, as this prevents tangling. Whenever possible dry the hair in the sun. A dry massage with the finger tips should follow a shampoo, and if the hair is naturally dry a little almond oil rubbed in will nourish it. Nothing is quite so good for the scalp prone to dandruff as systematic massages. Any scalp is benefited by being gently massaged for twenty minutes every night with the fingers dipped in cold salt water.

Buy Your Harness at Home.

Buy at home; save money and see what you are getting. Don't buy a cart in a bag nor from pictures; come and see the goods. Low prices on reliable Harness.

We fit the harness to the horse. The habit of sending away for your harness wants is not justified, either in the advantage of prices or better quality. All we ask is that you compare our goods at the same prices, and let the man with the best goods and prices get your orders. We do not expect that you patronize us because we are neighbors and friends, but we would be glad to have you at least call in and give us a fair opportunity to convince you that it is to your best interest to give us your harness business. We want your business, and if we can sell you better harness for less money we think we ought to have it.

We are here to do business and, as we buy for cash, we can supply your harness wants for less money than any other concern in the county—big or small. Come in and let us figure with you on your wants.

It is not assuming too much to say, that having an experience of forty years in the business we are better qualified to know your wants and to manufacture what you want than you are likely to find in seed stores or hardware stores. Is not the local harnessmaker entitled to all of your trade? You never think, when your harness breaks or your collars need repairs, of taking them to feed stores or hardware men. Why not take care of the harnessmaker at home, who is obliged to do your repair work? Practice what you have taught—protect your local dealers.

SPECIAL OFFER. For the next 60 days we will close out all of our Robes, Blankets and Bells at cost to make room for the biggest line of heavy and light harness we have ever placed before the public.

We carry a fine line of men's working gloves and mittens. Every purchaser of \$5 is entitled to a present of a useful piece of merchandise.

Thirty-two years in business in Bellefonte is a safe guarantee. We are here to stay. Respt. yours, JAMES SCHOFIELD, Pa. 43-37

WIELDS A SHARP AX.—Millions marvel at the multitude of maladies cut off by Dr. King's New Life Pills—the most distressing too. Stomach, Liver and Bowel troubles—Dyspepsia, loss of appetite, jaundice, biliousness, fever, malaria, all fall before these wonder workers. 25c at Green's Pharmacy.

CASTORIA. C A S T O R I A C A S T O R I A C A S T O R I A C A S T O R I A C C C

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chase, F. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of children—Experience against Experiment

WHAT IS CASTORIA Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER. IN USE FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY. 464

MONEY TO LOAN on good security and houses for rent. J. M. KEICHLIN, Atty at Law. 43-14-17r.

Insurance. GEO. L. POTTER & CO., GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS, Represent the best companies, and write policies in Mutual and Stock Companies at reasonable rates. Office in First's building, opp. the Court House 22 5.

FIRE INSURANCE ACCIDENT INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE —AND— REAL ESTATE AGENCY. JOHN C. MILLER, No. 3 East High St. BELLEFONTE. 44-55-6m

GRANT HOOVER, RELIABLE FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND STEAM BOILER INSURANCE INCLUDING EMPLOYERS LIABILITY. SAMUEL E. GOSS is employed by this agency and is authorized to solicit risks for the same. Address, GRANT HOOVER, Office, 1st Floor, Crider's Stone Building. 45-18-17y BELLEFONTE, PA.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the estate of William Walker, late of Miles township deceased. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the executor, as shown by his account filed and confirmed absolutely, to and among those entitled to receive the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Tuesday, April 16th, 1902 at 10 o'clock a. m., at his office in Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa., when and where all persons are required to present their claims, or to be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund. JNO. J. BOWEE, Auditor. 47-11-31

REGISTER'S NOTICES. The following accounts have been examined, passed and filed of record in the Register's office for the inspection of heirs and legatees, creditors and all others in anywise interested, and will be presented to the Orphan's court of Centre county for confirmation on Wednesday, the 30th day of April, A. D. 1902.

- 1. The account of John L. Weaver, administrator, d. b. n. of the estate of John Geo. Weaver, late of Gregg township, deceased.
2. The account of W. T. Winklebeck and W. C. Jordan, administrators of etc., of Adam Jordan, late of Haines township, deceased.
3. The first account of Wm. H. Lambert and George E. Lambert, executors of the estate of H. J. Lambert, late of Miles township, deceased.
4. The account of R. Orlando Way, administrator of etc., of Mary I. Wilson, late of Unionville township, deceased.
5. First and final account of W. A. Neff, administrator of etc., of Lovinia Mann, late of Howard township, deceased.
6. The final account of Samuel Gramley, executor of Sarah Shaffer, late of Miles township, deceased.
7. The first and final account of J. S. Housman, administrator of etc., of Mary M. Wright, late of Potter township, deceased.
8. The first and final account of J. S. Housman, administrator of etc., of Franklin Wright, late of Potter township, deceased.
9. Account of J. D. Shupert, guardian of Jean S. Kelly, filed by John M. Shupert, et al. executors.
10. First and final account of Mary Campbell, executrix of the last will and testament of John Campbell, late of Huston township, deceased.
11. The second and final account of Sarah J. Hall and Charles G. Hall, executors of etc., of Aaron R. Hall, late of Union township, deceased.
12. First and final account of Hannah Long, executrix of etc., of Conrad Long, late of Howard township, deceased, as filed by John M. Long, her executor.
13. The first partial account of David S. Bechdel, guardian of Claire R. Schenck, minor child of E. Irvin Schenck, late of Liberty township, deceased.
14. Account of J. B. Fisher, executor of the last will and testament of Daniel Fisher, late of Potter township, deceased.
15. The first and final account of George M. Boal, administrator of etc., of James C. Boal, late of Centre Hall, deceased.
16. The first and final account of D. W. Holt and James H. Alport, administrators cum testamento annexo of Catherine Holt, late of the borough of Philipsburg, deceased.
17. First and final account of William A. Guiswhite, executor of the last will and testament of Charles W. Miller, late of Haines township, deceased.
18. The first partial account of Jared Harper and Christie A. Harper, executors of William Harper, late of the borough of Bellefonte, deceased.
19. First and final account of Luther M. Stover and William W. Wance, executors of the last will and testament of David W. Stover, late of Haines township, deceased.
20. The account of John McGowan, administrator of etc., of Patrick McGowan, late of Snow Shoe township, deceased.
21. Ninth (9) annual statement of John P. Harris, trustee appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre County, under the last will and testament of William A. Thomas, late of the borough of Bellefonte, deceased, being the thirty-fifth (35) annual statement of said trust.
22. The first and final account of W. O. Reaick and D. H. Reaick, executors of the last will and testament of Geo. P. Reaick, late of Gregg township, deceased.
23. The account of James A. Musser, executor of Jonathan Musser, late of Haines township, deceased.
24. Supplemental account of Wash Garbrick and Samuel M. Long, executors of etc., of George Korman, late of Gregg township, deceased. A. G. ARCHIE, Register. Bellefonte, Pa., April 1st, 1902.

Wall Papering and Painting. ECKENROTH THE OLD RELIABLE PAINTER —AND— PAPER HANGER

Our entire stock of Wall Paper, Window Shades and Picture Frame Mouldings. I have the exclusive sale of Robert Graves Co., and M. H. Burges Sons & Co. Fine Florals and Tapestry effects. They are the Finest Wall Papers ever brought to this city. It will pay you to examine my stock and prices before going elsewhere. First class mechanics to put the paper on the wall and apply the paint to the woodwork. All work guaranteed in every respect.

E. J. ECKENROTH, 47-3 Bush Arcade, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Wall Papering and Painting. TO THE PUBLIC: Just a few words to let you know that I am still in business and better prepared than ever to serve you. I will be found at the old stand, with the same old methods and fine workmen that have been so satisfactory to you in the past. Remember, that Robert H. Montgomery is the successor to Eckenroth & Montgomery and is in business and solicits your patronage. Yours ROBERT H. MONTGOMERY, Crider's Stone Building, BELLEFONTE, PA. 47-5

McAlmont & Co.

A LOSS OF TIME IS A LOSS OF MONEY.

Why tinker and fool around wearing out your patience and wasting your time, trying to get your spring work done with broken or worn out implements. Farm hands demand high wages, you can't afford to waste their time, patching up and repairing old tools. That won't pay. Come to us and we will furnish you the

FINEST IMPLEMENTS and your work will go on smoothly and profitably. You will get more done in a day and you won't be losing money by wasting your time. Then when you have good implements, don't forget that

FRESH SEEDS AND GOOD PHOSPHATE are the next thing needed. These we have also. Come in and see us and we will try to start you right in the farming business this spring. McALMONT & CO. BELLEFONTE, PA. 46-4-13

New Advertisements.

\$3 A DAY steady employment for Men or Women. Send us your address and we will show you how to make \$3 a day absolutely sure. We furnish the work and teach you free. You work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain fully. Remember you clear a profit of \$3 a day and have steady work the year round. Enclose a self-addressed envelope. Romar Ross Farm Company, Dept. A, G. Box 1451, Nicetown Station, Phila. Pa. 47-13-3m

THE NEW EDISON PHONOGRAPH. We are Direct Agents PRICES FROM \$10 to \$100. Genuine Edison Records \$5.00 per dozen or 50c. singly. Will deliver machines and instruct you how to make your own records and operate machine. 10 years experience in phonograph business. Send for catalogue. J. H. WARD, Pine Grove Mills, Pa. 47-5

PATENTS. TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC. Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. BRANCH OFFICE, 625 F ST., WASHINGTON, D. C. 46-43

New Advertisements.

PENNYROYAL PILLS. Original and only genuine. Safe. Always reliable. Ladies ask druggist for Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other, refuse dangerous substitutes and imitations. Buy of your druggist or send for stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies" in letter, by return mail. 10,000 testimonials. Sold by all druggists. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. Madison Square, Phila., Pa. 47-14-1y Mention this paper.

Pure Milk and Butter. THE PURE MILK AND BUTTER THE YEAR ROUND FROM ROCK FARMS. The Pure Milk and Cream from the Rock Farms is delivered to customers in Bellefonte daily. Fresh Gilt Edge Butter is delivered three times a week. You can make yearly contracts for milk, cream or butter by calling on or addressing J. HARRIS HOY, Manager, Office, No. 8 So. Allegheny St. Bellefonte, Pa. 43-46-1y

Flour and Feed. CURTIS Y. WAGNER, BROOKERHOFF MILLS, BELLEFONTE, PA. Manufacturer and wholesaler of roller flour, FEED, CORN MEAL, Etc. Also Dealer in Grain. Manufactures and has on hand at all times the following brands of high grade flour: WHITE STAR, OUR BEST, HIGH GRADE, VICTORY PATENT, FANCY PATENT—formerly Phoenix Mills high grade brand.

The only place in the county where SPRAY, an extraordinary fine grade of Spring wheat Patent Flour can be obtained. ALSO: INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD. FEED OF ALL KINDS. Whole or Manufactured. All kinds of Grain bought at office. Exchange Flour for Wheat. OFFICE AND STORE, Bishop Street, Bellefonte. MILL, ROOPSBURG. 46-19-1y

Meat Markets. GET THE BEST MEATS. You save nothing by buying, poor, thin or gristly meats. I use only the LARGEST, FATTEST, CATTLE, and supply my customers with the freshest, choicest, best blood and muscle making Steaks and Roasts. My prices are no higher than poorer meats are elsewhere. 's always have DRESSED POULTRY. Game in season, and any kinds of good meats you want. Try My Shop. P. L. BEEZER, High Street, Bellefonte. 43-34-1y

SAVE IN YOUR MEAT BILLS. There is no reason why you should use poor meat, or pay exorbitant prices for tender, juicy steaks. Good meat is abundant hereabouts, because good cattle, sheep and calves are to be had. WE BUY ONLY THE BEST and we sell only that which is good. We don't promise to give it away, but we will furnish you GOOD MEAT, at prices that you will have paid elsewhere for very poor. —GIVE US A TRIAL— and see if you don't save in the long run and have better Meats, Poultry and Game (in season) than have been furnished you. GOTTIG & BREMER, Bellefonte, Pa. Bush House Block 44-13