FARM NOTES.

-Melons should now make rapid growth as they must necessarily do so to produce fruit, owing to the late spring and the cool nights. A small quantity of nitrate of soda hoed into the ground around each hill will

such thick planting is sure to tax the plants for moisture should a dry season occur. If farmers will plant four feet apart each way, allowing not more than two stalks in a place, they will get fully as many bushels as with three stalks, and the ears will be larger.

-Clover is the best crop to plow under for wheat after the second crop of hay has been cut. The soil is then richer in fertilizing material than at any previous stage of growth. The shading of the soil by clover, and the fact that it adds nitrogen also makes it one of the most valuable crops that can be grown, as the value of the plant food to the soil is nearly equal to that of the crop itself.

-The first two or three years are the most important with a hedge, whether of Osage orange, arbor vitae or Japan privet. Set the plants two feet apart and cut them back as close to the ground as possible the first year, cutting close the second and third years also, in order to secure thick growth near the ground at the start. Of course such work should be done by an experienced person, but the majority of hedge growers do not bestow sufficient attention the first three years.

-Fish oil is the basis of nearly all the compounds for destroying lice on stock and to dissolve an ounce of napthaline (powdered) in a pint of kerosene (which may require several days,) and add it to que gallon of fish oil. Next add a gill of spirits of turpentine and a gill of carde. of turpentine and a gill of crude carbolic acid, placing the mixture in a jug for use when wanted, always shaking well before using. The mixture may be applied by spraying or with a sponge.

—Damp pastures or low lands are not conducive to the health of sheep, as they prefer upland pastures and a great variety of grasses. It is known that the quality of the food and the pasture has more influence on the wool than does climate. Fit sheep produce heavier and coarser fleeces than do those that are poorer in flesh. That the food is an important factor in affecting the quality of wool is shown by the lact that when fine-wool sheep have bein taken from the East to the West the fineness is not always retained, although the neep will gradually become larger and the fieeces

-When hens cease to lay the cause may be moulting or renewal of the fathers to the body. Discarding the old fethers and growing the new ones is a severe tax on the fowls, and they seldom lay (uring the process, as they cannot produce eggs and feathers at the same time. When feeding fowls, in order to make them lay, use meat, fowls, in order to make them la, use meat, either cheap portions such as live or chuck, or the commercial ground mea, allowing but little grain. Once a week, a mess, composed of one quart of ban, one of but little grain. Once a week, a mess, composed of one quart of ban, one of ground oats and half a pint of lisseed meal will be found beneficial. Nevr overfeed and avoid feeding three times day in the summer, allowing meals myrning and summer, allowing meals myrning and summer fook will usually declare it infallible. A dark blue linen, almost as heavy as denim or natural colored linen, Not a person rose, and the minister, who night only.

-Late vegetables are as important and easily obtainable as those that come early. Beets should be now well under way in growth, but another planting should be made for a later supply, as they become somewhat woody, and, though relished by animals, are not then desirable for a table. Late cabbages should be put out as soon as the time arrives, but the ground should first be made rich. Nitrate of soda is an excellent fertilizer for cabbage and the more they are cultivated the better they will thrive. String beans may be planted every two weeks, as they grow rapidly and are soon gone. Tomatoe are one of the best crops for the garden, as they give a supply until frost comes, and are also grown with but little labor considering their enormous yield. Turnips are now ready for the table for the early supply, and should be followed by a late aron. The and should be followed by a late crop. The value of a garden depends upon how it is plot should be made to produce both early and late crops, and at no time should the season to grow another crop before the frost.

-The three essentials in building a cow stable are light, temperature and ventilation. Stables built north and south and provided with plenty of windows will receive sun nearly all day. This is important, as sunlight is the best germicide known. Build the barns so that the direct rays can get in. Otherwise it will be impossible to keep the stable in best condition. Of course a large amount of window differences between these waists are so surface means a cold stable. This can be avoided by using double windows or hanging curtains inside the single windows, which practically amounts to double windows. The temperature of the cow stable ing and stitching. must be kept uniform. I used to think that a temperature of 50 degrees was about right, but now I keep my stables from 54 to 60 degrees. I know this is high, but I believe we get better results than from a lower temperature. Don't build a stable too high, as the higher the ceiling the more difficult to keep the barn warm and to keep the cows from taking cold. I have figured out that 500 cubic feet of air space for each animal is sufficient. My own stable is 36 feet wide and about 90 feet long. It contains stalls $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet wide so that the heads of the cattle are towards the wall. This makes cleaning less laborous and in every way I like this arrangement better than having the heads toward the middle of the building.

In making floors for cow stables I like a cement floor. The objections to cement are that it is cold and slippery. The way to get around the first objection is to bed the cattle liberally and the second to roughen the last coat of cement before it has set. This will prevent slipping. has set. This will prevent slipping. Pro-

vide three or four box stalls in every barn.
Ventilation of the stable should be sufficient to carry out all moisture. The tube system suggested by Professor King is undoubtedly the most practical. These tubes must be tight, else they will not cause circulation. culation. Air will come in just below the eaves, he carried up into the rafters and allowed to settle toward the bottom, becoming partially warm before it reaches the cows. The in-take tubes should be sufficiently numerous to provide a five-inch tabe for each cow.—American AgriculturalFOR AND ABOUT WOMEN.

Regularity, quiet and fresh air are the things to keep a baby well and make it grow up strong. The child should be out of doors as much as possible in sunny days. It may be laid in the carriage, with a hood, facing the nurse so that she may watch it continually. A young baby should never be taken out in damp, toggy weather or in the night air.

Most babies enjoy being put on a mat-tress laid on the floor, care being taken that the draught does not come out from hoed into the ground around each hill will force them along.

—Corn is usually too thick, and, while good crops are grown every year with three and four stalks together in one hill, yet such thick planting is sure to tax the plants for moisture should a dry season occupant.

> No accessory of a gown is so in favor today as the large collar. It is made of most materials, thick and thin. It is sold by the shops at high and low prices and made at home by the expert needle woman. These models are of mull, embroidery, grass cloth, heavy lace, and ones extend into boleroes. The very cheap ones are not effective and a little time and work will result in a most extractive one. will result in a most attractive one. None has the narrow points at the bust that were worn last season. The really smart ones are down to the waist. They may be worn over almost any style of shirtwaist, except the plain tailor one.

COOKED MAYONNAISE DRESSING.-Three well beaten eggs, one tablespoonful of mustard, six tablespoonfuls of cream, six tablespoonfuls of vinegar, four tablespoonfuls of melted butter, one teaspoonful of salt and one-fourth teaspoonful of black

Beat thoroughly and cook in a double boiler. Stir while cooking.

One of the minor points of fashionable dressing is the wristband. So many of them are awkward and the hand looks very

A smart bolero accompanies most of the and wool which have been introduced this season. The short, square bolero, corded all over, or tucked in groups, is, perhaps, the most popular style.

There are few women outside the Eastern cities who properly appreciate the utility of linen suits in the summer weather. But if women, especially business women, would once realize the advantage of having several suits in the summer wardrobe, replacing maybe the heavier affairs of serge which usually do duty as utility frocks, there would be a transformation in the method of their manufacture, and better work would be turned out to meet the increased and more particular demand.

There are several wash materials most suitable for such frocks, and any of these is capable of the severity and plain finish most desirable in a work frock. One is brown Holland, that smooth, delightfully fresh fabric beloved of our English cous-ins. It never fades; it is like iron in its the woman who has once tested its virtues smooth in finish or even a simple denim of possibilities to a woman with a moderately good figure and either a clever needle or a teachable dressmaker.

White pique belts come with black harness buckles, with the metal not so heavy as in the nickel belt buckles. Here is something to wear with your light waists on which are smoked pearl buttons.

This is a white summer. To the white-clad golf-girl, the bicyclist, the automobilist, the yachtswoman and the horsewoman are added the white-robed bride, the graduate and the clubwoman. To be sure, there are women whose attire is not white A girl was married the other day who robed her six bridesmaids in black. But there are always eccentries.

The golf girl's white skirt is made of pique, duck, linen, crash or butcher's lin-To derive the most from it the en. Its material doesn't matter. It is scant; that is the main characteristic, scant from its waist to its hem, three or there be a vacant spot unless too late in four inches from the ground. Its scantiness and straightness surprises you. Perhaps it flares a little, but so little that it seems to fall as straight as a child's kilts. Its trimness and scantness and tailor-built severity are points on which it prides itself. It has no adornment, not even a strapped

> she possesses two dozen white pique shirt waists, no two of which are alike. Yet the er distinguish them. Not one of them has any added trimming. They are marked off each from each by slight variations of tuck-

> The white-gowned golf girl wears a white stock and a white pique hat. Her gloves are of a new white thread material that is beautifully washable. Her shoes are

The "they says" say that tan shoes are out of fashion. Nevertheless, the best shoe shops in New York are selling more of them than any others. Ask for low shoes, for golf boots or for bicycle boots, and if you don't specify black, tan will be brought you without question.

Some stylish frocks lace down the back with ribbon through large eyelet holes.

The round bodice, with surplice neck, is being pushed forward as the only proper cut for the summer waist.

Baldness is the distinguishing characteristic of thin hair and thin skin, and seldom occurs among people who have thick hair and skins.

If the hair cells are alive, by proper treatment the hair may be benefited greatly, but once they are dead it will never

Dandruff, which is merely dried scales of the skin of the head, only exists where the scalp is unhealthy or dirty.

Hair that is thin and comes out easily

should be loosened every night before re-tiring and the scalp gently massaged with the tips of the fingers. It cannot stand much brushing and, if brushed at all, must be done lightly.

-Subscribe for the WATCHMAN.

Hot Weather Drinks.

Tempting Throat Ticklers Which are Easily Made. Dog-day Thirst-Ouenchers.

There are lots of delicious concoctions which women may prepare at home, and which the children may drink to their heart's content, without injury, says the Baltimore American. Drinks with fruit juices are healthful and nutritious and most refreshing.

Northerners are just beginning to appreciate the beneficial effects of limes and of grape fruits. If the juices of these fruits were kept in households and a little of them poured into water slightly sweetened and given to the children frequently dur-ing the day and often drunk by grown peo-ple there would not be half the sickness there usually is during the hot weather. For children's parties, for afternoon teas and for weddings orders for these crushed fruit juices are double what they were last

year. On one table place a punch bowl, half filled with chopped peaches sweetened, a pitcher of cream and some siphons of car-bonic water and some tall glasses on the same table and let every one mix his or her own peach nectar.

Strawberry, raspberry and pineapple nectars may be served in the same way. Put a big lump of ice in the bowl. Great bowls of lemonade with lime juice are always in good form. Punch bowls filled with iced coffee with whipped cream on top, and big glass bowls of iced tea, with a dash of rum and plenty of sliced lemons may be served.

GINGER ALE. Take three pounds of loaf sugar and dissolve it in two gallons of water, then add the well-beaten whites of three eggs and two ounces of ground jamaica ginger mois-tened in a little water before adding; then place all over the fire in a porcelain kettle and bring slowly to the boiling point, then skim and stand aside to settle; when cold add the juice of one large lemon and not quite half a yeast cake dissolved in a little lukewarm water; mix thoroughly and strain

Take two ounces of cream of tartar (buy it of a druggist) and the juice and rind of new skirts and they are especially popular in the lovely materials of fine wool or silk over seven quarts of boiling water, stir

> Into one quart of boiling water put two and one-half pounds of brown sugar, one-half pint of molasses, two ounces of tartaric acid; when cold add one-half ounce of flavoring extract, such as wintergreen or sassafras, stir well, bottle and set away in a cool place. When required to use put two tablespoons of this syrup in a glass of ice water and stir until well mixed, then add a small pinch of bicarbonate of soda and stir until it effervesces. You will find this a most refreshing glass of mead.

-Not a few clergymen would be glad to be the victims of such a practical joke as was recently played upon the Rev. Mr. Hageman, the story of which appears in the Oxford, Mich., Leader. At the annual meeting of the Congregational church the question of hiring a preacher came up for

All those in favor of retaining Elder

was present, felt as uncomfortable as posthe pretty French blue shade, offers untold sible, and heartily wished himself anywhere else. Then the good deacon who had put the question arose again, and said, with a twinkle of the eye:

"I see no one favors that motion, so I will put it again in this way: "All those in favor of keeping the Rev. Mr. Hageman at

an increase of salary will please rise."

Everyone got upon his feet. Then it dawned upon Mr. Hageman that he had victim of a joke, and a smile lighted his eyes and the color returned to his cheeks. Some of his best friends had planned the surprise, and the little scheme had worked to perfection .- Youth's Com-

-Nobody would suppose from the number of women typewriters always in search of employment that there would be the least difficulty in finding operators to do all the work required, but as a matter of fact there are many times when it is practically impossible to find anybody to take dictation at the time the work is desired. This comes from the fact that the stenographers and typewriters who work on their responsibility are few in number, and as a rule women are afraid to start in business for themselves, as the demand for their services in spite of the occasional difficulty of finding on eunemployed is slight. The only way they can assure themselves of a certain regular employment is by giving a fixed part of their time to a firm of lawyers or law reporters who pay their salary. Few of them nowadays are willing to start out on their own account even in one of the large office buildings where there are no other typewriters. The women typewriters say that the real demand for their services is very much less than it seems to be.—New York Sun.

This Girl Poison to Bugs. When a Fly Bites Her, It Immediately Drops

A young woman in Clyde, N. Y., has the peculiar quality of being poison to insects, says the New York World. The instant that a fly, mosquito, bee or other insect bites or stings her it drops dead. The bite leaves only a small red spot without the usual swelling or inflammation. Doctors say that her condition is due to

a peculiar state of the blood caused by having been poisoned at some time by insect bites, acting as an antitoxin or virus.

WHITE MAN TURNED YELLOW. -Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty, of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was yellow jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Ritters the monder. advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderadvised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful stomach and liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Only 25c. Sold by F. P. Green, druggist.

-Teacher-"And why should we endeavor to rise up by our own efforts?"

Johnny Wise—"Cause there's no tellin' when the alarm clock will go wrong." Unlike George, She Told a Lie.

A little 3-year-old girl who was tired of play and was restless because she had nothing to do pulled all the buds from a fuchsia that promised to become very beautiful in a few days. Her mother chided her for it. "But, mamma, I didn't do it," protested the child.

"Oh, yes, you did-I know you did. There was nobody else here who could have done it. Besides, I see the green stains on

The child regarded her fingers rather seriously. The evidence was too convincing. "Yes, mamma," she said, "I did pull off

Then the mother spoke of the distress she felt that her little girl had told her an untruth. She quite touched the child's heart and brought tears to her eyes. The mother also was crying before she got through.

"Oh, my little girl," she said, "you have always been so truthful. I can hardly realize that you have told me a falsehood. It will distress me whenever I think of it.' "Then, mamma," said the sympathetic

little philosopher, putting her arms around her mother's neck, "if you jus' stop finkin' about it, the dis-tress will go away. An' I won't fink about it eiver !"

Hats for Horses.

The Humane society of Washington has been agitating the question of hats for horses, and its efforts are bearing some fruit. The society is intending to have fruit. The society is intending to have made some dozen straw hats of the kind used for horses in the West Indies and in Europe, and will distribute them to the hackdrivers in order to place them where they will do most good. The hats are provided with holes in the top, through which the ears of the horse protude. The bonnet is tied neatly under the horses' chin, and as it is two feet and over in breadth, casts a shade that is ample to protect the whole a shade that is ample to protect the whole head and face. A place in the top of the hat above the horse's crown is made to receive a sponge that can be dampened in or-der to keep his topknot moist.

Castoria.

A S T O R I A S T O R I A S T O R I A S T O R I A S T O R I c C AAAAA CCC

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children-

Experience against Experiment

WHAT IS CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea-The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

CHAS. H. FLETCHER. IN USE FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

ON'T NEGLECT A COLD.

Don't neglect a cold, if you do, it may cost you your life. A cold attended to at once can easily be cured if you have a remedy, naturally, you want the best, and that is

KIL-KOLD

Guaranteed to cure you in 24 hours or money refunded. Price 25cts.
Take no substitute. Take our word for it, there is nothing just as good; refuse anything else; insist on KIL-KOLD.

At F. P. Green's or will be sent post paid for 25cts.

U. S. ARMY & NAVY TABLET CO.

3m No. 17 East 14th St., N. Y.

Jewelry.

WEDDING GIFTS

STERLING SILVER.

COMBINE

BEAUTY. USEFULNESS

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for these reasons nothing else is quite so fitting for the occa-

Articles for every use in the best expression of taste.

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Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN on good security and houses for rent.

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MCCALMONT & CO.--HAVE THE-LARGEST FARM SUPPLY HOUSE

> ---IN-CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

Their prices are right and their guarantee is behind the goods, which means many a dollar to the farmer. The more conservative farmer wants to see the goods before he buys, and buy where he can get repairs when needed, for he knows that the best machinery will wear out in time. Goods well bought is money saved. Money saved is money earned. Buy from the largest house, biggest stock lowest prices; where the guarantee is as good as a bond; where you can sell your corn, oats, wheat hay and straw for cash, at the highest market prices, and get time on what you buy. All who know the house know the high standard of the goods, and what their guarantee means to them.

-SEE WHAT WE FURNISH :-

LIME-For Plastering or for Land. COAL-Both Anthracite and Bituminous. WOOD-Cut to the Stove Length or in the Cord. FARM IMPLEMENTS of Every Description. FERTILIZER-The Best Grades. PLASTER-Both Dark and Light. PHOSPHATE—The Very Best. SEEDS-Of all Kinds. WAGONS, Buggies and Sleighs.

In fact anything the Farmer or Builder Needs. The man who pays for what he gets wants the best his money will buy. There is no place on earth where one can do better than at

McCALMONT & CO'S.

BELLEFONTE, PA

New Advertisements

A NEW ADVERTISEMENT.—Elbert

Hubbard, the Master Roycrofter, says:
"Success is in the blood."
Which applies to the earth as well as men.
Which is so of Manure Spreader too.
Verily the blood, bone and sinew of the earth is its fertility.
It is abad thing to tamper with that fertility.
It is worse to neglect it.
Barnyard Manure is meat and strength to famished land when it is properly fed, but it is beyond the pale of human power to spread manure by hand and fork properly.
OUR NEW AMERICAN MANURE SPREADER will do it properly—just as nature calls for. Will do it in a croprerasing way.
Here are nine reasons for it:

1. It costs less.
2. Any kind of manure that is spreadable, it

. It costs less.
. Any kind of manure that is spreadable, it pulverizes precisely as fine or as coarse as wanted.

3. It spreads any quantity from the thinnest sprinkle to the heaviest layer.

4. The bottom slides in and out on 14 frictionless rollers.

5. The bottom winds back to place automatically.

5. The bottom winds back to place automatically.
6. The power is a sprocket and chain instead of a cog wheel gear.
7. It will fit any wagon truck; or we will furnish a detachable truck; or we will furnish it complete with our own special non-detachable truck.
8. It is the largest Spreader built—50, 60 and 100 bushels.

8. It is the largest Spreader built—50, 60 and 100 bushels.

9. By actual test the draft is a fraction under 23 per cent lighter than other Spreaders a third smaller.

In the name of economy and reason what farm machine will more quickly pay for itself? It betters the soil.

And that betters the crop.

Plainly the New American Manure Spreader is a gilt edge investment that pays a positive dividend every minute your crop is growing. To sum up; the plan and build of the New American Spreader is, we candidly believe, superior by long odds to any other Spreader. At every turn our aim has been to build a Spreader capable alike of doing better work than has heretofore been known, and capable of giving long service. of giving long service. It has something besides mere talk, therefore,

when we claim It is the largest Spreader made. It is the lightest in draft

It is the lightest in draft
Its purpose is far broader.
Its work is manifestly better.
It constitutes quite a little less.
All shafting is of first quality cold rolled steel;
bearings are babbetted; castings are of malleable grey iron; the lumber is air seasoned,
and specially selected, and joints painted.
When at Bellefonte, Pa., call at Palace Livery
Barn and see and examine for yourself the
finest and best Spreader in the World.
Any information you would like concerning the
same, call at Brockerhoff House, and inquire
for J. M. Howard, who will take pleasure in
explaining to you fully the merits of the New
American Spreader. All inquiries by mail
will be given prompt attention.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL tor of the Estate of Eliza Mapes, late of Beech Creek township, Clinton county, Pa., deceased, under and by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Clinton county, will offer at public sale on the premises in the township of Beech Creek on

FRIDAY, JUNE 28th, A. D., 1901. at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to wit: TRACT OF 191 ACRES.

TRACT OF 191 ACRES.

No. 1—All that certain messuage, tract or lot of land situated partly in Beech Creek township, in the County of Clinton and partly in Liberty township, centre county, and state of Pennsylvania, beginning at a corner in the line between the land of Robert Mann and the Brady farm and extending thence north 32 degrees east 66 perches to a Walnut root for a corner; thence north 15 degrees west 7 perches to a corner; thence north 84 degrees west 39 perches to a corner; thence north 84 degrees west 19 perches to a corner; thence north 84 degrees west 14 perches to a corner; thence north 51 degrees west 14 perches to a corner; thence north 38 degrees west 14 perches to a corner; thence north 38 degrees west 96 perches to a stone by a Chestnut tree for a corner; thence north 74 degrees west 148 perches to a heap of stones for a corner; thence south 60 degrees west 178 perches to a dead locust for a corner; thence south 6 degrees east 16 perches to a red oak tree for a corner; thence south 67 degrees east 20 perches to a Maple tree for a corner; thence south 67 degrees east 20 perches to a noak tree for a corner; thence south 67 degrees east 124 perches to a poplar tree for a corner; thence south 27 degrees east 148 perches to a corner; thence south 62 degrees east 15½ perches to a corner foot. Mann's land; thence by the same north 30 degrees east 15½ perches to a hemlock tree for a corner thence crossing Beech Creek along the same south 80 degrees east 18 perches to a Chestnut tree for a corner; thence south 56 degrees east 30 perches to a corner; thence south 56 degrees east 30 perches to a corner; thence south 56 degrees east 30 perches to a corner; thence south 56 degrees east 30 perches to a corner; thence south 59 degrees east 30 perches to a corner; thence south 59 degrees east 30 perches to a corner; thence south 59 degrees east 30 perches to a corner; thence south 59 degrees east 30 perches to a corner; thence south 59 degrees east 30 perches to a corner; thence south 59 degrees east 30 per grees east 30 perches to a corner; thence south 56 degrees east 180 perches to a corner; thence still along said creek south 70 degrees east 18½ perches to a corner; thence again crossing said creek south 56½ degrees east 24 perches to the place of beginning containing 191 acres and 112 perches, strict measure, of which about

50 ACRES ARE CLEARED, and having thereon erected a TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE AND BARN and necessary out buildings. Bei ng the same property conveyed to Eliza Mapes by B. Rush Petriken and wife by deed dated Oct. 18th, 1864, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Clinton county in Deed Book "O" page 105.

TRACT OF 110 ACRES.

TRACT OF 110 ACRES.

No. 2—All that certain lot or tract of land situated in Beech Creek township, County of Clinton and bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a Walnut root and extending north 17 degrees east 109 perches to a post; thence north 68 degrees west 126 perches to a post; thence south 29 degrees east 42 perches to a corner; thence south 29 degrees east 42 perches to a corner; thence south 8 degrees east 15 perches to a corner; thence south 84 degrees east 75 perches to a corner; thence south 61 degrees east 7 perches to a corner; thence south 15 degrees east 7 perches to the place of beginning, containing 110 acres and 76 perches, be the same more or less. The same being

MOUNTAIN LAND. with some timber scattered thereover, and being the same property conveyed by B. Rash Petriken and wife to Eliza Mapes by Deed dated August 24th, 1855 and recorded in the Recorder's office of Clinton County in Deed Book "Q" page 78, with the appurtenances.

TERMS OF SALE:—10 per cent on day of sale; one-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale and the balance in two equal annual pay-ments with interest, to be secured by a bond and mortgage on the premises. DAVID MAPES, Admr., Beech Creek, Pa T. M. STEVENSON, Atty., Lock Haven, Pa.

Real Estate.

Properties cared for and rents collected Loans Negotiated. Titles Examined

Certified Abstracts of Title furnished If you have a Farm or Town property for sale or rent place it in our hands.

If you wish to buy or rent a Farm or House consult us. If you wish to borrow money call Is your title clear? It is to your interest to know. It is our's to assure

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Green's Pharmacy.

OTHER HEADS

MAY ACHE,

but yours needn't after the hint we give you here. Green's Headache Cure always cures headache. It cures any kind of headache. More than that, it relieves sleeplessness, melancholy or dejection. Can't harm you, no matter how long you continue them, if you follow strictly the directions. It is worth something to have on hand a remedy that so quickly

and safely cures pain. PRICE 25 CENTS

GREEN'S PHARMACY,

HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, - PA.

Meat Markets.

GET THE BEST MEATS.

> You save nothing by buying, poor, thin or gristly meats. I use only the LARGEST, FATTEST, CATTLE, and supply my customers with the freshest, choicest, best blood and muscle making Steaks and Roasts. My prices are no higher than poorer meats are eisewhere.

I always have -DRESSED POULTRY, Game in season, and any kinds of good meats you want.

TRY MY SHOP 43-34-Iy P. L. BEEZER. High Street, Bellefonte.

SAVE IN YOUR MEAT BILLS.

There is no reason why you should use poor meat, or pay exorbitant prices for tender, juicy steaks. Good meat is abundant hereabouts, because good cattle, sheep and calves are to be had.

WE BUY ONLY THE BEST and we sell only that which is good. We don't promise to give it away, but we will furnish you GOOD MEAT, at prices that you have paid elsewhere for very poor.

-GIVE US A TRIAL-

and see if you don't save in the long run and have better Meats, Poultry and Game (in season) than have been furnished you.

GETTIG & KREAMER,
Butter 46-23-3t BELLEFONTE, PA. 44-18