P. GRAY MEEK.

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## County Committee Meeting.

The Democratic County Committee will meet in the Arbitration room in the Court House, Bellefonte, Pa., on Monday afternoon, April 22nd, 1901, at 1 o'clock sharp. The object of the meeting is to confirm the apportionment of delegates and to arrange for holding the Democratic Primaries. We would urge that every member of the committee be present either in person or by a substitute.

JOHN J. BOWER.

Chairman. No Sympathy For Them.

The Philadelphia "ripper" bill, that will rip out of the hands of the courts the power to name the tax-assessors of that city, passed the Legislature on Wednesday and by this time, we presume. has become a law. The fact that it will knock out of place Democratic officials whose aggregate salaries amount to over \$75,000 is but little to be deplored, for the simple fact that while pretending to be Democrats they never failed to give their best efforts to foment factional trouble and their utmost endeavors too, in building up Republican majorities.

When country Democrats understand that at present there are 271 men claiming go on forever, and dream of an eternal to be Democrats who hold office in the various departments of the government of Philadelphia the salaries of which aggregate over \$300,000, and that out of this long list of office holders enough of money cannot be raised to pay the taxes of delinquent Democrats in a single division there will be little sympathy extended to those of them "the ripper" ousts from place.

House Passed "Ripper" Act.

It Provides for Election of Philadelphia Board of Revision of Taxes by People. The Creasy Measure Taxing Corporations for Road Purposes Adopted by

HARRISBURG, April 10.—The Senate bill repealing the act creating the Philadelphia board of revision of taxes was taken up in the House this afternoon for final passage. Mr. Clarency, of Philadelphia, said a large percentage of the citizens of Philadelphia was satisfied with the present system of assessments of property and that they were opposed to any change in the law by the passage of this bill.

Mr. Creasy, of Columbia, was opposed to the bill because it took away from the board of judges the appointment of the members of the board of revision of taxes

by whom the assessors are appointed.

Mr. Creasy said that he would be satisfiion should be elected by the people if they times abroad, and even during revolutionwere given a chance to have their votes counted through an honest ballot system. Two years ago. when he was a candidate for State Treasurer, one of his colleagues on the ways and means committee from box against him before the pools opened.

had no hesitancy in saying that if this bill becomes a law the great Republican party will be in danger. He was opposed to the bill because he believed by so doing he was helping to break a ring. He voted for the Pittsburg "ripper" because he believed that by the passage of the bill he was helping to break a ring, but he now finds that be and 106 Members have been given he and 106 Members have been given a gold brick. He proposes to peel the gold off the brick and use it for some good pur-

Mr. Cooper said he did not understand the recent political movements in Pennsylvania, and to give the great leaders of the State a chance to be heard he moved to postpone consideration of the bill for the present. The motion failed by a vote of 78 yeas to 116 nays. The bill then passed finally by a vote of 116 to 78.

The bill now goes to the Senate for concurrence in the House amendments. The House then took up the companion bill providing for the election of board of revision of taxes at the next general elec-

The Creasy bill taxing corporations for road purposes passed finally by a vote of

The bill amending the act of 1895, relative to the rebuilding of county bridges over navigable streams by extending its provisions so as to authorize the rebuilding by the Commonwealth of county bridges which have become dangerous and unfit also passed finally.

ACTION ON BEDFORD BILL.

The Bedford ballot reform bill was taken up by the House this afternoon and read the third time and then laid aside for the present. When the Van Dyke primary election bill and the Guffey bill are reached tomorrow, similar action will be taken up-on them. Mr. Ikeler, of Columbia, who has charge of the Guffey bill, says none of the ballot bills will be taken up before next Wednesday, to allow the parties in charge of these measures an opportunity to formulate some measure, if possible, to meet with their united support.

A bill was introduced in the House to-

day by Mr. Smythe, of Philadelphia, which practically revives the ballot act in existence prior to the enactment of the Baker

The Beacom election contest bill was reached tonight on second reading, and dropped from the calendar on motion of its

dropped from the calendar on motion of its author, Mr. Beacom, of Westmoreland.

The order of to-night's session was bills on second reading. Among the measures passing this stage were bills providing an additional law judge from Luzerne county; validating official acts done and performed by burgesses holding office under irregular elections or appointments: licensing the elections or appointments; licensing the manufacture or sale of "Boiled" or "Process" butter and repealing the act exempting sewing machines and typewriting ma-chines leased or hired from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent.

Vocations in Heaven Will be as on the Earth.

tuch is the Doctrine Preached by Rev. Minot Savage a New York Divine, in a Sermon on "The World Beyond the Grave."

NEW YORK, April 7.—Rev. Minot J. Savage, pastor of the Church of the Messiah, who has delivered many sermons thaf have attracted much notice by reason of their originality, preached to-day on "The World Beyond the Grave." Speaking of the possible disentanglement after death to relationships existing in this life he said:

"Will there be perfect happiness, perfect bliss in the other world? Perhaps I shall shock you when I say I do not expect it at all in my own case. This old idea that the minute you died you were either going to hell and be miserable as possible and continue to exist, or going to Heaven and be happy as you could be and continue to exist, both seems to me utterly absurd. I expect to go into the other world what I am now. I do not expect to be perfectly hap-

py. I believe there may be a good many sources of disquiet and discomfort for awhile over there; but if life is something grand, and there is hope for everybody, then there may be happiness unspeakably finer and nobler than that senseless and insipid happiness that has been painted to us of sitting on a cloud and do nothing except play a harp or hear someone else play.

"I believe over there there is to be field for the operation and development of all that we are. The astronomer shall still have heavens to study. He who is overwhelmed, as I have always been, by the infinitely little, shall have an opportunity to look into the secrets of the universe. Why may not poet write grander epics and dramas and lyrics than he ever wrote here? Why may not the historian have

grander themes to engage his pen? "Why may not the orators have audiences still to listen and applaud? Why may not the painter and the sculptor be able to outline and shape the images of beauty that they see in the outside world, or that they dream in the innermost cavities of their brains? I believe that the occupations over there shall be just as natural and

human as they are here.
"Why shouldn't we think of this finally as human, active life, and a life that can

Serious Times Coming, Declared the Kaiser.

German Emperor's Latest Speech to His Soldiers Tells Them the Authority of the Crown Must Be

BERLIN, April 7.—Careful investigation at Potsdam to-day regarding the circumstances in which Emperor William delivered his latest military address developed the information that during a review last Tuesday of a number of military bodies belonging to the Pottsdam garrison extraordinary precautions were taken to prevent any representative of the press or other civilian obtaining knowledge of his majesty's remarks, which were uttered in the Lustgarten, adjoining the royal castle. From persons who were present it was learned that the Kaiser spoke substantially as fol-

"A hand from out of the people was recently raised against me, to my intense sor-row. Evidently serious times are coming, which will try our mettle. I know that the army is true to its traditions and the solemn oath it has taken. I know it will remain steadfast and faithful to me.

"My conviction is especially strong regarding the guards and regarding this regiment now present, which is tied to the Hohenzollerns by indissoluble bonds, as that the members of the board of revis- the past has shown during the troublesome ary times at home.

'The authority of the crown must be maintained. Woe to the soldier who listens to the voice of the tempter!"

Orders seem to have been given by the Philadelphia put 200 votes in the ballot Prussian minister of the interior to sup-Mr. Cooper, of Delaware, said he was a Republican, and always had been, but he near Essen, during a recent meeting called

> Sailors Adrift on a Raft Kill and Eat Their Mates.

> Cannibalism Reduced the Twelve to Two Before They Finally Reached Land Six Week's After Being Wrecked-Ghastly Tale of the Eastern

London, April 8.-The Singapore correspondent of the "Daily Express" wires a ghastly story of cannibalism at sea brought to Singapore by two survivors of the Nova Scotian bark Angola, wrecked six days' sail from Manila, October 23rd last. The Correspondent says :

"The survivors, Johnnsen, a Swede, and Marticornu, a Spaniard, assert that the Angola struck a reef. Two rafts were built. The smaller, bearing five men, disappeared. The other with 12 men, drifted for 40 days. The sailors ate barnacles, seaweed and finally their boots.

"On the twenty-fifth day two became insane and killed themselves. The following day a Frenchman killed the mate with an axe, drank his blood and tried to eat for the uses intended and providing for changes in the location of bridges rebuilt, others. Next day the Frenchman was others. Next day the Frenchman was killed while attempting to murder the captain. The survivors, all of whom were now insane, ate the Frenchman's body.

"Cannibalism continued until only Johnnsen and Marticornu remained. On the forty-second day the raft stranded on Subi or Flat island, in the Natuna group

Singapore." CERTIFICATION OF THE STATE OF TH

(Northwest of Borneo). Johnnsen and Marticornu were awfully emaciated. Friendly Malays sent them by junk to

WASHINGTON, April 9 .- President Mc Kinley and a great concourse of distinguished citizens this afternoon witnessed guished citizens this afternoon witnessed the unveiling of the fine equestrian statue to General John A. Logan in Iowa Circle. General Granville M. Dodge, president of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, presided over the exercises.

A grandson of the famous leader—Master George Traject

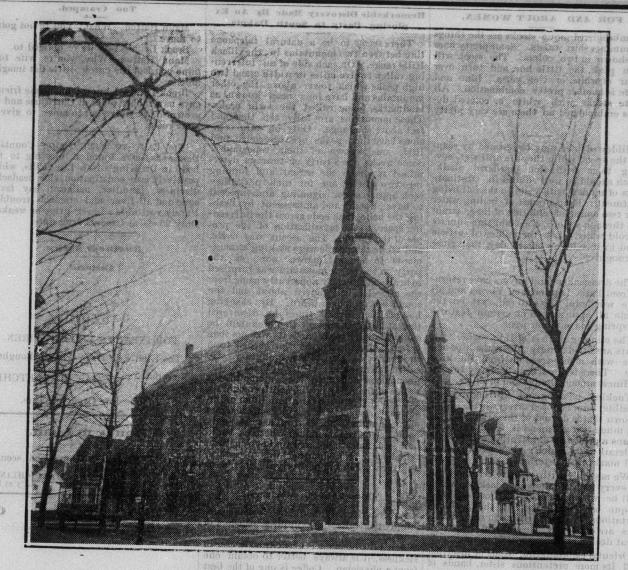
ter George Tucker—drew the silken cord which released the fluttering flags that draped the statue, and disclosed to view

the heroic bronze figure.

President McKinley then delivered a brief address, after which Senator Chauncey M. Depew delivered a fine oration.

The Rev. Dr. J. G. Butler closed the ceremonies with the benediction.

Subscribe for the WATCHMAN.



THE BELLEFONTE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH-REMODELLED AND REDEDICATED ON SUNDAY, APRIL 7th, 1901. Published by Courtesy of the Bellefonte Republican

the conditions best were fearful of the re-

sult, bu Mr. Powell left with promises

more than fulfilled. His system is a sim-

ple one. He sells bonds to the value of \$24

each, payable in two years and bearing 6

per cent interest. They are made payable

monthly, quarterly or annually and if paid

THE REMODELED METHODIST CHURCH.

Dedicated Under Most Auspicious Circumstances on Easter Sunday. A Powerful Sermon by Bishop Fowler. Powell's Original and Successful Money Getting Plan. The Changes that have been Made at a Cost of \$15.00

While Easter Sunday proved anything but a satisfactory day for dame Fashion it was more than auspicious for Methodism in Bellefonte, for notwithstanding the raw, chilly, showery April day the new-old church was opened with soul stirring services that were crowned by raising the entire indebtedness hanging over it.

Ever since last fall, when the work of renodeling began and the expense of it went steadily on into the thousands the members of the congregation had looked with fear and trembling toward the day set for the re-opening. With brave hearts and stolid determination they went on with the work, however, until their old church has been completely remodeled in its interior. The total cost of the work was estimated at \$15,000 and to raise that sum was the task set for Sunday.

The services were carried out exactly as announced by the program published in recent issues of this paper, but we want to note three of the special features. Bishop Charles H. Fowler, D. D. LLD.,

preached at the morning service from the gospel according to St. Matthew. "Come see the Place where the Lord Reigns" being his text. The duel event of a dedicatory service and an Easter Sunday gave the eloquent divine food for most beautiful thoughts and his masterful oratory clothed



Bishop CHARLES H. FOWLER, D.D. L.L.D. Who delivered the Dedicatory Address.

them in language that was soul searching. Bishop Fowler has the reputation of being the most eloquent of the eminent men in the Methodist church and he disappointed no one on Sunday.

The real work of the day and the task that seemed most impossible of accom-plishment at this time was assigned to J. W. Powell, a lay brother from Buffalo, N. Y., whose successful attempt at raising the debt of several Buffalo churches, a few years ago, has forced him into the posi-tion of a semi-professional church beggar. Mr. Powell is a young man, jolly, whole souled and to ordinary appearances nothing more than the successful head of a fruit and produce commission house in Buffalo, the Pan-American city. But he is, in reality, far more than that. He is a wonder as a money getter and will be remembered as a benefactor as long as the Methodist church in Bellefonte stands. Only the Sunday before he had cleaned up an indebtedness of \$45,000 on a church in Wilkesbarre and came here with a record that has the first failure yet to sully it. Those who knew

Why Cuba Objects.

From the Pittsburg Post.

After considering the subject for five reeks the Cuban constitutional convention has delivered its judgment on the Platt conditions passed by Congress and approved by the President. It is clear and decided. The motion to accept the conditions tions was overwhelmingly defeated, there being only two votes in favor and twenty-four against. Public opinion in Cuba is no doubt with the convention, and is hardening against the conditions. Unless there should be some change there will be a long interval of doubt and unrest, and possibly of danger. The President has not a free hand to change or modify the conditions, as Congress made them absolute. The situation is unfortunate. The section objected to most strongly by the Cuban conthemselves unworthy of trust, and certain-

before three months carry no interest.
At the morning service the system netted about \$8,000 and the balance was made up at night. Among the larger subscriptions were those of Governor Hastings for

\$2,000, F. W. Crider \$1,200, Judge Love

\$480, the Ladies Aid Society \$1,000, the

Mrs. Hastings also presented the church with the handsome new pipe organ

that adds so much to the musical attrac-

tiveness of the church and the decoration. The entire amount of \$15,000 was covered,

leaving a balance of several hundred dollars. The Easter exercises by the Sunday school were perhaps the most interesting of the kind ever held, made so by the import-

ant persons who participated in them. It was the occasion of the graduation of quite

a class of little folks from the primary de-

partment and after they had repeated the decalogue, the beatitudes, the 23rd psalm

and the Lord's prayer in concert, Bishop Fowler made a pleasant little address for them, and conferred their diplomas on them. Then Rev. Dr. Spencer, of New York, presiding elder J. Ellis Bell, of Al-

toona and Hon. John Field, of Philadel-phia, all spoke to the children.

The first Methodist church was erected

in Bellefonte in 1822 and in June of the

next year a Sunday school was organized. In 1832 there were three classes in the town

and it was included in the Penns-valley circuit. The present church, which stands

It is a two story red brick edifice with

Sunday school and library rooms on the

first floor and church on the second. Very

little change has been made in the exter-

nal appearance. The building has been re-painted and penciled, the wall at the east-

ern end torn away and rebuilt on the line

pies the one to the right.

The Pastor

can be lighted alternately. Around the pulpit and altar rail are bunch lights with wrought iron chandeliers. The pipe organ is placed in the right althe pulpit in the center and from the left one a staircase leads to the primary Sunday school room below. A magnificent body brussels carpet, heavily padded, covers the entire floor. It is of olive green and brown mixture and cost Rev. WILFORD P. SHRINER.

pearance of massiveness.

about \$667. whose untiring work brought about the work of remodeling. The decorations are very simple on the side walls, but quite lavish on the ceiling. The prevailing colors are nile green and pink, blended by clever wash effects. A Sunday School \$600 and the Epworth League \$500; John Meese \$312. In addition to their cash subscription deep white scroll frieze is the only ornamentation on the walls other than the fine

The entrance has not been changed in

any way except as to the landing of the stairs. Instead of landing in a lobby out-

side the church auditorium as they did be-

under the gallery which is torn clear away,

to be taken up with seats, and making the

large west window a part of the interior decorations. A straight aisle runs across

the church from door to door; leading off

from it toward the pulpit are four aisles, two along the side walls and two in the cen-

tre, thus there is no centre or main aisle.

The seats in the recess back of the main cross aisle are in a solid tier and the floor

under them is level. From that point for-

ward the floor is inclined from an elevation

of 21 inches. The seating, wainscoating,

pulpit furniture, choir box and other wood

work is all handsome. It is dark English

The seats are ar-

oak, very heavy, giving the elegant ap-

ranged in circular form and though without

cushions are very comfortable. The lighting is effected by both electricity and gas.

The old gas fixtures were replaced, but thus far the electric lights are being used.

They number 66 incandescent lights ar-

ranged along the heavy trusses that sup-

port the ceiling and so connected that they



J WESLEY POWELL, ESQ.

The man whose Original Method for Raising Debts is Surprising the Church World.

gold lines that make the panels stand out. The ceiling is in panel designs with heavy scroll borders and scroll center.

at the corner of Spring and Howard streets, was built in 1875; having been dedicated in July of the following year. Rev. George W. Miller, who has since become very eminent in the clergy, was the pastor and the building account. the building committee was composed of W. V. Hughes, G. W. Tate, M. W. Cowdrick, J. G. Love, D. Z. Kline, Wm. McClellan and Geo. W. Miller. The price The windows are of leaded glass and cost \$1,500. None of them are memorials. They are in set designs to harmonize with the freecoing and on the whole, the effect

is pleasing.

The Sunday school room has been refrescoed and otherwise brightened up, in addition to having new windows. The seating capacity of the church is

estimated at 450. The committee in charge of all the work was composed of Messers F. W. Crider, S. C. Hunter, W. L. Steele, and Rev. W. P.

of the lot adding about 5ft to the length Shriner. Services are being held in the church every night this week as per the program already published.

vention and people appears to be the third, which is in these words: ly our relations with them since we went to their aid do not indicate that they are not a trustworthy people. It is not to be expected that they will at once blossom forth with a perfect government and administration. We have not attained that standard for ourselves. Experience and selfinterest will train the Cubans as it has the Americans. Trust them, for one lead. which is in these words:

That the government of Cuba consents that the United States may exercise the right to intervene for the preservation of Cuban independence, the maintenance of a government adequate for the protection of life property and individual liberty, and for discharching the obligations with respect to Cuba imposed by the treaty of Paris on the United States, now to be assumed and undertaken by the government of Cuba.

If Cuba is to be free and independent, it is it of right ought to be." as we set the Americans. Trust them, for one leading cause of their objections to the Platt conditions is that they imply bad faith, which is insulting to the people honorably and earnestly aiming at self-government and independence.

'as it of right ought to be,' as we set forth in our pledge to Cubans and declaration of war with Spain, the benighted Cubans see in this clause a grant of powers that will destroy their independence. WASHINGTON, April 9.— Naval Constructor Richard P. Hobson has been assigned to special duty in the bureau of construction and repair, Navy Department. He will assume his new duties next Tuesday. They are not far wrong. It is really a greater power than Great Britain exercises in Canada or Australia. We believe the

Pietersburg Taken. nother Boer Capital Falls, but the Boers Captured 75 British Soldiers in Cape Colony.

LONDON, April 9.—Lord Kitchener, reporting to the war office under date of Pretoria, April 8th, says:

Plumer has occupied Pietersburg, with slight opposition. He captured two loco-motives and 39 trucks. He took 60 prisoners, capturing a seven-pounder and destroying 210,000 cartridges, 1,000 rounds of seven-pounder ammunition, and a considerable amount of powder and dynamite." The capture of Pietersburg is regarded here as important. The place is the terminus of the railway and has been the capital of the Boer government since the evacua-tion of Pretoria. The whole Northern

railway is now in the hands of the British. As an offset the commander-in-chief reports that a detachment of 100 men, Fifth Lancers and Imperial Yeomanry, were attacked by 400 Boers to the northward of Aberdeen, Cape Colony, and that after several hours fighting the British were surrounded except 25 who succeeded in making their escape.

Coal and Clay to be Developed.

Dubois, April 9.—The immense coal and fire clay beds owned by the Clinton Coal company along the east branch of the Susquehanna river are likely soon to be developed. The company is composed of eastern capitalists, who it is stated, will commence operations within the next sixty days. The towns of Westport, Lock Hav-Renovo and Shintown will be greatly benefited if the operations are started. The sum of \$500,000 is involved.

Her New Maid.

A young matron tells this joke of her bridal attempts at housekeeping. She had employed a greenhorn as a servant, and spent many weary hours teaching her the way things should be done in the correct

Her latest lesson related to the correct way to receive a visitor, and the maid was instructed in the mysteries of cards, cardtrays and the accepted formula to b through when opening the door for a caller. One afternoon the door bell rang, and Mrs. Gregory heard the "maid" tearing up the stairs two steps at a time. "Shure, fore, they now run along the right and left m'm, there's one of them machines outsides of the church to about the second windows, leaving all the old hall and space side with two men a-sittin' on the top of it, and a lady on the inside, an' "-looking at the card in her hand, and with a dash down the stairs again-"I've forgotten me pan !"

The Tasman Sea.

A new name has been given to a part of the Pacific ocean. A sort of a basin is formed by the east coast of Australia and Tasmania, New Zealand and the western islands of the Polynesian groups which, in the opinion of Australian geographers, should have a distinctive name. The Australian association for the advancement of science has accordingly given to this basin the name of Tasman sea, and the English admiralty has ordered that the name be inserted upon the admiralty charts.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded during the past week by the recorder N. E. Robb:

Thos. J. Bloom et ux to Wm. V. Harshbarger, March 15th, 1901, tract of land in Rush township. Consideration \$800. Andrew Fetzer's Admrs. to Jackson

Kline, June 1st. 1875, lot in Consideration \$30 U. Grant Hoover et ux to Calvin Etters,

April 1st, 1901, 102 perches of land in College Twp. Consideration \$600. Richard Lutz et ux to Hiram Lutz,

April 1st, 1901, 2 tracts of land in Spring Twp. Consideration \$6,350. Jacob Frantz et ux to Wm. E. Wiser and Hanna Wiser, March 29th, 1901, 39 acres, 55 perches in Worth Twp. Consideration

Ada Shaw to T. G. Shelow, March 28th, 1901, lot in Philipsburg Boro. Considera-

tion \$1.550

J. E. Hoy et ux to Wm. D. Custard et al, March 26th, 1901, lot in College Boro. Consideration, \$1800. Philipsburg Coal & Land Co., to Fannie M. Loraine, March 28th, 1901, lot in Phil-

ipsburg Boro. Consideration \$725. Minnie Stiner et baron to Christanna Stiner, March 28th, 1901, 44 acres, 110 perches in Taylor Twp. Consideration \$145.

J. D. Moore et ux et al to L. F. Royer, March 23rd, 1901, 2 tracts in Potter Twp. Consideration \$1,400.

— J. W. Walter to Hannah A. Steele, March 25th, 1901, lot in South Philipsburg. Consideration \$550. John W. Walter to Anna M. Fashbinder, March 21st, 1901, 2 lots in South Philipsburg. Consideration \$225.

Adam Vonada et ux to Harvey Vonada, June 3rd, 1892, 11 acres, 20 perches in Walker Twp. Consideration \$200. County commissioners to H. D. Vonada

and S. C. Hoy, June 29th, 1900. 200 acres in Walker Twp. Consideration \$50. John A. Swartz to H. D. Vonada, Jan. 1st, 1894, 24 acres in Walker Twp. Consideration \$990.

John M. Shugert et al to Frank M. Shugert, April 1st, 1901, 3 interest in property in Bellefonte. Consideration \$3,000. J. B. Irish and W. H. McCausland to J. F. Wilson, April 24th, 1900, 2 lots in Rush Twp. Consideration \$60.

Alfred R. Lee et ux to Jno. C. Bible, March 26th, 1901, 108 perches in Potter Twp. Consideration \$1,100. Amos Kauffman to Edwin K. Smith, April 1st, 1901, 2 acres in College Twp. Consideration \$1,000.

ADIDTIONAL LOCALS

-Thomas Irvin, who had been conducting the Swan hotel in Philipsburg, has moved back to Bald Eagle valley and will farm again.

-A fire at the works of the Pennsylvania Match Co. in this place aroused the town shortly after 6 o'clock Monday morning and for a while it looked as though the flames would destroy one of our principal industries. The fire originated in the match drying kiln in the centre of the great building and is supposed to have been caused by a tray of matches falling from a rack. The flames licked up the matches and dry wood like tinder, but fire proof walls kept them from spreading to other parts of the building and they were soon under control. The loss is estimated at about \$500.